MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND INVESTMENT
GENERAL STATISTICS OFFICE

THE 1/4/2014 VIET NAM INTERCENSAL POPULATION AND HOUSING SURVEY:

MAJOR FINDINGS

HA NOI, SEPTEMBER 2015

THE 1/4/2014 VIET NAM INTERCENSAL POPULATION AND HOUSING SURVEY: MAJOR FINDINGS

MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND INVESTMENT
GENERAL STATISTICS OFFICE

THE 1/4/2014 VIET NAM INTERCENSAL POPULATION AND HOUSING SURVEY:

MAJOR FINDINGS

HA NOI, SEPTEMBER 2015

INTRODUCTION

The 1 April 2014 time point Intercensal Population and Housing Survey was conducted under Decision N^0 1253/QD-TCTK issued on 22 November 2013 by the Director General of the General Statistics Office of Viet Nam. This large sample survey representing the entire country was conducted at the midpoint between the national 2009 and 2019 Population and Housing Censuses. The survey aimed to systematically collect basic information about population and housing as a basis for research, and for assessing and formulating policy mechanisms, programs, targets and plans on national socio-economic development generally, and for the population and housing sectors in particular.

In order to provide adequate and timely information from the survey for the Communist Party, Parliament, Government agencies, policy makers and other data users, the General Statistics Office would like to release this publication titled "*The 1/4/2014 Intercensal Population and Housing Survey: Major Findings"*. It follows publication of the pocketbook titled "*The 1/4/2014 Intercensal Population and Housing Survey: Some key indicators"* about the 50 most important indicators of the survey.

By analysing comprehensively and deeply Viet Nam's population and housing indicators from the survey, this publication is expected to be useful and practical, and able to meet the basic demands for population and housing information, thus serving the management, research, policy making and planning needs of internal and external agencies and readers, especially those working in the fields of management, policy making, research and investment.

The report was conducted with technical and financial assistance from the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) under the framework of UNFPA's support for the first intercensal population and housing survey in Viet Nam. The General Statistics Office would like to sincerely thank the national and international experts and staff from UNFPA in Viet Nam for their valuable contributions to the implementation of the survey, as well as to the compiling and finalizing of the report.

However, due to the huge, plentiful and diverse nature of the information of this publication, it is difficult to avoid some limitations and shortcomings. We welcome, therefore, constructive comments from the readers to improve similar publications in the future.

For all comments and further information on the 2014 IPS, please contact the General Statistics Office at the following address:

General Statistics Office, Department of Population and Labour Statistics, No 6B Hoang Dieu, Ba Dinh, Ha Noi, Viet Nam

Telephone: +84 4 38 230 100, 38 230 129, 37 333 846

Fax: +84 4 37 339 287

Email: dansolaodong@gso.gov.vn

GENERAL STATISTICS OFFICE

CONTENTS

Introduction iii

Contents v

Abbreviations xiv

PART I: DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SURVEY 1

I. SURVEY ORGANIZATION AND IMPLEMENTATION 3

1.1. General information about the survey 3

1.2. Preparation and planning for the 2014 IPS 5

1.3. Survey data collection and supervision 9

1.4. Data processing and tabulation 10

II. DESIGN, ESTIMATION AND ASSESSMENT OF SAMPLE RESULTS 10

2.1. Sample size 10

2.2. Sample distribution and sampling 11

2.3. Method of calculating sampling errors 15

III. SOME CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS 17

IV. SOME MAJOR FINDINGS 23

PART II: MAJOR FINDINGS 27

CHAPTER 1: POPULATION SIZE AND STRUCTURE 29

1.1. Household size and population size 29

1.2. Population structure 35

CHAPTER 2: MARITAL STATUS 41

2.1. Marriage trends 41

2.2. Singulate mean age at marriage 45

2.3. Adolescent marriage 47

CHAPTER 3: EDUCATION 49
3.1. School attendance 49
3.2. Gross and net attendance rates 52
3.3. Literacy 55
3.4. Educational attainment 58
CHAPTER 4: FERTILITY 63
4.1. Total fertility rate 63
4.2. Age-specific fertility rate 66
4.3. Crude birth rate 68
4.4. Sex ratio at birth 70
4.5. Rate of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births 73
CHAPTER 5: MORTALITY 75
5.1. Crude death rate 76
5.2. Age-specific death rate 78
5.3. Infant mortality rate 79
5.4. Under-5 mortality rate 84
5.5. Life expectancy at birth 84
5.6. Causes of death 86
CHAPTER 6: MIGRATION AND URBANIZATION 89
6.1. Migration five years prior to the survey 90
6.2. Migration one year prior to the survey 94
6.3. Urbanization 100
CHAPTER 7: HOUSEHOLD LIVING CONDITIONS 103
7.1. Type of housing 103
7.2. Housing status 104
7.3. Living condition 109
7.4. Amenities 111

PART III: ANNEXES

Annex 1a: Short form 119

Annex 1b: Long form 123

Annex 2a: Results of sample allocation at district level in the 2014 IPS..... 135

Annex 2b: Results of sample allocation at provincial level in the 2014 IPS..... 159

Annex 3: Population density by province/city, 2009 and 2014..... 161

Annex 4: Selected indicators about population structure..... 162

Annex 5: Selected indicators about nuptiality of the population aged 15 and over 164

Annex 6: Selected indicators about education 166

Annex 7: Selected indicators about highest training level attained within the population aged 15 and over 169

Annex 8: Selected indicators about fertility..... 172

Annex 9: Selected indicators about mortality 174

Annex 10: Selected indicators about migration 5 years prior to the survey time point..... 176

Annex 11: Selected indicators about migration 1 year prior to the survey time point..... 178

Annex 12: Selected indicators about types of housing of households 180

Annex 13: Selected indicators about living conditions of households 183

Annex 14: Year of use and ownership of house/flat..... 186

PART IV: TABULATED TABLES 189

Table 1: Population by urban/rural residence, sex, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014..... 191

Table 2: Population aged 15 and over by current marital status, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014.... 194

Table 3: Rate of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births in 12 months prior to the survey by urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014..... 203

Table 4: Number of children ever born, number of children surviving, number of child deaths of women aged 15-49 by urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 206

Table 5: Number of women aged 15-49 by number of children ever born, age group of mother, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 209

Table 6: Number of women aged 15-49 by number of children surviving, age group of mother, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 227

Table 7: Proportion of deaths in 12 months prior to the survey by causes of death, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 245

Table 8: Population aged 1 and over by place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013, sex and province/city 254

Table 9: Population aged 1 and over by province/city of usual residence on 1/4/2013 and 1/4/2014 and sex 263

Table 10: Population aged 1 and over moved-in from other place by place of usual residence 1 year prior to the survey time point, urban/rural residence, sex and province/city..... 299

Table 11: Population aged 5 and over by place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2019, sex and province/city 302

Table 12: Population aged 5 and over by province/city of usual residence on 1/4/2009 and 1/4/2014 and sex 311

Table 13: Population aged 5 and over moved-in from other place by place of usual residence 5 years prior to the survey time point, urban/rural residence, sex and province/city..... 347

Table 14: Population aged 5 and over by current school attendance, sex, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 350

Table 15: Population in the ages of primary school attending primary school by sex, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 359

Table 16: Population in the ages of lower secondary school attending lower secondary school, by sex, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 368

Table 17: Population in the ages of higher secondary school attending higher secondary school, by sex, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 377

Table 18: Population in the ages of college/university attending college/university by sex, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 386

Table 19: Population aged 15 and over by literacy, sex, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 395

Table 20: Population aged 15 and over by professional and technical qualification, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 404

Table 21: Number of households by ownership of house/flat, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 413

Table 22: Number of households with a dwelling by type, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 422

Table 23: Number of households by main type of fuel (energy) for lighting, urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 428

Table 24: Number of households using appliances by urban/rural residence, socio-economic region and province/city, 1/4/2014 437

DATA TABLES

Table 1.1: Number and growth rate of households, 1979-2014 29

Table 1.2: Distribution of households by household size, average household size, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014 30

Table 1.3: Population size and growth rate, 1979-2014 31

Table 1.4: Population size by sex and urban/rural residence, 2009 and 2014 ... 32

Table 1.5: Population and population growth rate by socio-economic region, 2009 and 2014 33

Table 1.6: Urban population share and average annual population growth rate by socio-economic region, 2009-2014 34

Table 1.7: Population proportion and density by socio-economic region, 2014 .. 35

Table 1.8: Dependency ratio, 1989-2014 38

Table 1.9: Proportion of population aged under 15, 15-64, 60 and above, 65 and above and Ageing Index in the 1989-2014 period 39

Table 2.1: Distribution of population aged 15 and above by marital status, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 1/4/2014 42

Table 2.2: Distribution of population aged 15 and above by marital status, sex and age group, 2014 43

Table 2.3: Singulate mean age at marriage by sex, 1989-2014 45

Table 2.4: Singulate mean age at marriage by sex, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014 46

Table 2.5: Singulate mean age at marriage by sex and highest education attainment, 2014 47

Table 2.6: Percentage of ever-married adolescent population aged 15-19 by singulate mean age at marriage, sex, urban/rural areas and socio-economic region, 2014 48

Table 3.1: Proportion of population 5 years and older by schooling situation, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014 50

Table 3.2: Gross attendance rate and net attendance rate by level of general education, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014..... 53

Table 3.3: Literacy rate of the population aged 15 and over by sex, 1989-2014 55

Table 3.4: Literacy rate of the population aged 15 and above by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014 56

Table 3.5: Proportion of the population 5 years and over by highest education level, sex, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014 . 59

Table 3.6: Proportion of the population aged 15 and over by technical and professional qualifications, sex, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014 60

Table 4.1: Total fertility rate in Viet Nam, 2001-2014 65

Table 4.2: Total fertility rate by socio-economic region, 2009-2014 66

Table 4.3: Age-specific fertility rate, 1999, 2009 and 2014 67

Table 4.4: Crude birth rate by urban/rural residence, 2005-2014 68

Table 4.5: Unstandardized CBR and standardized CBR by age structure of women nationally in 2009 by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 1/4/2009 and 1/4/2014 69

Table 4.6: Sex ratio at birth, 1999-2014 70

Table 4.7: Sex ratio at birth by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2009 and 2014 72

Table 4.8: Percentage of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births, 2007-2014 73

Table 4.9: Percentage of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 1/4/2014 74

Table 5.1: Standardized crude death rate, 1989-2014 77

Table 5.2: Infant mortality rate by urban/rural residence, 1989-2014 80

Table 5.3: Infant mortality rate by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2009-2014 80

Table 5.4: Under-5 mortality rate by sex, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 1/4/2014 84

Table 5.5: Viet Nam's life table by sex, 1/4/2014 85

Table 5.6: Proportion on deaths within the last 1 year preceding the time point of survey by sex and cause of death, 2009, 2013 and 2014 87

Table 5.7: Proportion on deaths within the last 1 year preceding the time point of survey by cause of death, sex and socio-economic regions, 2014 88

Table 6.1: Migration in relation to place of usual residence five years or one year prior to the survey 90

Table 6.2: Number of migrants and migration rate by migration status, 1999, 2009 and 2014 92

Table 6.3: Migration rate in 5 years prior to the census by socio-economic region, 2009 and 2014 93

Table 6.4: Number and distribution of migrants aged 5 and over, 2014 94

Table 6.5: Number of inter-regional migrants by place of usual residence at time points of 1/4/2013 and 1/4/2014, and socio-economic region.. 95

Table 6.6: Proportion of migrant 1 year prior to the survey time point (1/4/2014) by sex and educational level 99

Table 6.7: Migration rate of population aged 15 and above 1 year prior to the survey (1/4/2014) by sex and marital status 99

Table 6.8: Proportion of migrants aged 15 and over 12 months prior to the survey (1/4/2014) by sex and reason for migration 100

Table 6.9: Number and share of population in urban areas, 1979-2014 101

Table 6.10: Total population, urban population and urban share by socio-economic region, 2014..... 102

Table 6.11: Migration flows between urban and rural areas, 2014 102

Table 7.1: Methods applied in the 2014 IPS for classifying main construction materials used for housing 103

Table 7.2: Proportion of households without dwellings by urban/rural residence and by socio-economic region, 1999-2014..... 105

Table 7.3: Proportion of households with dwellings by types of dwelling, 1/4/2014……. 105

Table 7.4: Percentage distribution of households with dwelling by urban/rural residence and by type of dwelling, 2009 and 2014..... 106

Table 7.5: Percentage distribution of households with dwelling by urban/rural residence and floor area ……..... 107

Table 7.6: Distribution of households with dwelling by year the dwelling was put into use and type of dwelling ……... 107

Table 7.7: Average housing area per capita by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2009 and 2014..... 108

Table 7.8: Distribution of households with dwelling by year dwelling was put into use, urban/rural location and ownership, 1/4/2014..... 109

Table 7.9: Distribution of households by urban/rural area and selected household living conditions, 2009 and 2014..... 110

Table 7.10: Distribution of households by urban/rural residence and by use of essential amenities, 2009 and 2014 114

Table 7.11: Proportion of households using essential amenities by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014 115

Table 7.12: Percentage of households intending to buy or rent housing in next 3 years by type and housing area 116

FIGURES

Figure 1.1: Sex ratio of Viet Nam's population, 1960 - 2014 36

Figure 1.2: Sex ratio by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2009 - 2014 37

Figure 1.3: Population pyramid of Viet Nam, 2009 and 2014 37

Figure 2.1: Proportion of single population aged 15 and over by sex and age group, 2014 44

Figure 3.1: Proportion of population aged 5 years and over by school attendance, 1999 - 2014 51

Figure 3.2: Proportion of population aged 5 years and over attending school by sex, urban/rural residence and age group, 2014 52

Figure 3.3: Gross attendance rates by level of schooling and urban/rural residence, 2009 and 2014 54

Figure 3.4: Gross attendance rates by socio-economic region, 2014 55

Figure 3.5: Proportion of the illiterate population aged 15 years and older by age group and sex, 2014 57

Figure 4.1: Total fertility rate, 2001 - 2014 64

Figure 4.2: Age specific fertility rate (ASFR) by urban/rural residence, 1/4/2014 66

Figure 4.3: Age specific fertility rate (ASFR), 1999, 2009 and 2014 68

Figure 4.4: Sex ratio at birth, 2000 - 2014 71

Figure 4.5: Percentage of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births by highest educational level, 1/4/2014 74

Figure 5.1: Crude death rate by socio-economic region, 2014 78

Figure 5.2: Age- and sex-specific death rate, 2014 79

Figure 5.3: Infant mortality rate (IMR) in Southeast Asian countries, 2014 81

Map 5.1: Infant mortality rate (IMR) by province/city, 2014 83

Figure 6.1: Number of migrants aged 5 years and older by migration status, 1999, 2009 and 2014 91

Map 6.1: Inter-provincial net migration rate 1 year prior to 1/4/2014 96

Figure 6.2: Number of migrants 1 year prior to 1/4/2014 by residence and sex 98

Figure 6.3: Age and sex specific migration rates, 2014 98

Figure 7.1: Television use by urban/rural residence, 2009 and 2014 112

Figure 7.2: Internet use by urban/rural residence, 2014 113

ABBREVIATIONS

Sign/Abbreviation	Explanation/Fully written phrase/Name
2009 Census	The 2009 Population and Housing Census
2014 IPS	The 1/4/2014 Intercensal Population and Housing Survey
ASDR	Age-specific death rate
ASFR	Age-specific fertility rate
CBR	Crude birth rate
GGB	General Growth Balance
CDR	Crude death rate
EA	Enumeration area
e_0	Life expectancy at birth
GSO	General Statistics Office
IMR	In-migration rate
IMR	Infant mortality rate
NMR	Net migration rate
OMR	Out-migration rate
SMAM	Singulate mean age at marriage
PPS	Probability proportional to size
PSO	Provincial Statistical Office
SRB	Sex ratio at birth
TFR	Total fertility rate
U5MR	Under 5 mortality rate
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
WHO	World Health Organization

PART I

DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SURVEY

I. SURVEY ORGANIZATION AND IMPLEMENTATION

The 1/4/2014 time point Intercensal Population and Housing Survey (2014 IPS) was conducted in accordance with Decision Number 1253/QD-TCTK issued on 22/11/2013 by the Director General of the General Statistics Office (GSO). This is the first Intercensal Population and Housing Survey in Viet Nam.

1.1. General information about the survey

1.1.1. Purpose of the survey

Firstly, the aim was to collect information on population and housing for the entire country, as a basis for evaluating national population and housing programs and assessing socio-economic development plans in the period of 2011-2015; to support development of population and housing plans and policies to serve socio-economic development planning in the 2016-2020 period; and to help supervise progress toward the United Nations Millennium Development Goals (MDG) pledged by the Government of Viet Nam.

Secondly, the objective was to provide data on population size disaggregated to the district level 5 years after the 2009 Population and Housing Census (2009 Census), as a basis for revising and modifying the annual population dataset for the period 2010-2014; and to supplement the population and housing data warehouse of GSO in order to support research, analysis and projections of population and housing development between the two censuses for the whole country as well as the locality level, in order to meet the needs of international comparison.

Thirdly, the objective was to provide the sample frame for other statistical surveys on residential households.

1.1.2. Survey subjects

The subjects and topics of the 2014 IPS included: (i) actual usual residents of households; (ii) deaths within households; and (iii) household dwellings located within the boundaries of the selected enumeration areas. It excluded people who were usually residing in particular areas managed by the army and security forces.

The head of household (or, if the head of household was absent, another member of the household with knowledge of all household members) was assigned to answer the main questions on the questionnaire. For information that the head of household did not know well, the interviewer was required to ask the household's other usual residents directly. For questions on fertility of women aged 15-49, the respondents should have been women aged 15-49.

1.1.3. Survey coverage

In terms of geographical coverage, the 2014 IPS was a sample survey conducted throughout Viet Nam, including all quarters, districts, towns, cities in provinces, and cities belonging to the central Government, and excluding only four small island districts: Bach Long Vy (Hai Phong City), Con Co (Quang Tri Province), Hoang Sa (Da Nang City) and Truong Sa (Khanh Hoa Province). For residential households, the survey consisted of 5% of total households, selected from 20% of the total number of enumeration areas in the entire country.

1.1.4. Time point and reference period of survey

The time point of the survey was 0 hour on 1 April 2014.

The time required for fieldwork was prolonged to about 20 days (including travel time), starting from 7:00 am on 1 April 2014 and ending at the latest on 20 April 2014.

1.1.5. Survey contents

The survey utilized two types of questionnaires: a questionnaire to collect information on population and housing for district-level analysis and aggregation (the short form), and a questionnaire on population and housing for provincial-level analysis and aggregation (the long-form).

Apart from personal identification information, the survey coverage included five main parts as follows:

1. Part 1 - Information on household members: full name; relationship to household head; sex; month and year of birth or completed age by solar calendar; ethnic group; religion; place of usual residence in the 1 year (12 months) preceding the time point of survey (asked of respondents aged 1 and above); place of usual residence in the last 5 years preceding the time point of the survey; school attendance; educational level; highest technical and professional qualification attainment; highest grade of general education; total number of years of schooling relating only to all forms of occupational/professional training and tertiary education; literacy (asked for those respondents aged 5 and above); marital status; and singulate mean age at marriage (asked of respondents aged 15 and above).

2. Part 2 - Information on fertility history of women aged 15-49: number of children ever born; number of children surviving; number of children deceased by sex, month and year of birth by solar calendar; number of boys and girls in the last birth; and sex of children from last 5 births (only counting from the first child to the fifth one).

3. Part 3 - Information on household's deaths: number of deaths; sex of deceased; date (month and year) of death; age of deceased; cause of death; place where death event occurred; and maternal mortality.

4. Part 4 - Information on household's deaths occurring within the last five years preceding the time point of the survey: number of deaths within the last 5 years by sex of deceased, including number of boy and girl deaths (only counting deaths that occurred from 1/4/2009 to 31/3/2014).

5. Part 5- Information on housing and living conditions of households: housing ownership; total housing area; house structure and main materials for pillars (load-bearing walls); roof and outer walls; year that house (or flat) was occupied; plans for new house purchase or renting within next 3 years; use of living space; type of fuel/energy mainly used for lighting and cooking; main source of water used for eating/drinking; type of toilet being used; and some essential household appliances.

Compared to annual population change and family planning surveys, the 2014 IPS is larger in terms of coverage and scale. The survey was given attention and approval by local authorities, institutions, and sectors, as well as the general public. UNFPA's technical and financial support to key activities of survey also make it notable.

1.2. Preparation and planning for the 2014 IPS

Similar to the annual population change and family planning survey, preparation for the 2014 IPS basically included: developing, compiling and distributing survey documents; conducting pilot surveys; estimating and allocating a budget for the survey; developing the sampling design (including revising and updating the sample frame of the 2009 Census); issuing the decision and plan for the survey; establishing task teams at all levels; recruiting persons in charge of enumeration area (EA) mapping and listing of households; recruiting interviewers, fieldwork team leaders, and supervisors; training for the survey; and EA mapping, household listing and selecting households.

1.2.1. Survey planning

Planning for the 2014 IPS started quite early. On 18 December 2012, the GSO organized a workshop for data users in order to get an update about information that data users would like to get from the survey. Based on the workshop, draft survey indicators were developed. This new information was applied to the 2014 IPS.

1.2.2. Establishing task teams at central and provincial levels

Establishing task teams at all levels provided support for GSO leaders at all levels to conduct the 2014 IPS successfully at the national, provincial and district levels.

The Director General of GSO established the task teams at all levels: at the central level, the Director of the Population and Labour Statistics Department was assigned to be the team leader and staffs from other relevant departments of GSO were assigned as team members. Moreover, the representative leader of the Housing and Real Estate Market Management Agency (under the Ministry of Construction) also participated in this task team. The responsibility of central task team was to support the Director General of GSO in providing guidance and instruction for implementing the survey in the entire country.

Leaders of Provincial Statistics Offices established provincial-level task teams to help guide the survey work in localities. The heads of population, social and cultural statistics divisions took charge as team leaders, while heads and other staffs from provincial statistics divisions - including population divisions, social and cultural statistics divisions, industrial and constructive statistic divisions, and integrated statistic divisions - served as team members. The provincial task teams operated directly under the management of the Leader of Provincial Statistics Offices and under the supervision of the central task team.

1.2.3. EA revising, mapping and household listing

The tasks of revising and mapping the EA, and listing households, are very important to the quality of the survey. EA maps and lists of households are fundamental for the process of selecting households at the local level (30 households per EA) as well as for estimating accurately the population at district level. In addition, EA maps and lists of households are useful tools for interviewers, helping them to accurately find and assess the right selected households and providing support for team leaders in conducting fieldwork and supervising interviewers efficiently.

Persons responsible for EA mapping were selected from the group of individuals who take in charge of cadastral survey work or those with other relevant competencies at the commune level. Persons responsible for household listings were local residents sufficiently aware of the geographical characteristics and population distribution within the EA. Per the survey requirements, one person per commune was selected for EA mapping and one person was selected for listing and updating household lists for each EA.

Under the steering of Provincial Statistics Offices, EA mapping and listing of households were conducted simultaneously by village or hamlet staffs. They revised and mapped EAs and made adequate lists of households for all houses, households and residents, in order to serve the fieldwork as planned. In addition, following the survey implementation requirements, the review and collection of information on women aged 15-49 who had died within the last 12 months preceding the time point of the household listing were also implemented.

1.2.4. Survey pilot

Under the preparation activities for the 2014 IPS, in August 2013 GSO staffs conducted pilot survey for the following purposes:

- To finalize the draft survey plan, questionnaires, professional instruction materials, and procedures for collecting information and organizing the 2014 IPS survey tasks;

- To estimate the work required for updating EA maps and making household lists, and workloads for collecting information in the field (including travel time) for all questionnaires, as a basis for estimating the official budget for the 2014 IPS;

- To improve the professional capacity of statistical staff at all levels and to organize and guide them in implementation of the 2014 IPS.

Survey pilots were conducted in three provinces: Tuyen Quang, Ninh Binh and Binh Duong, with 18 EAs in total. Each province consisted of six EAs in three district/provincial towns/cities (hereafter referred to as "district"). In each district, two communes/wards/small towns (hereafter referred to as "commune") were selected and one EA was selected per commune. Similarly, two EAs were selected in each district, with one selected for the short questionnaire[1] and the other for application of the long questionnaire. Thirty households per EA were selected systematically. All selected EAs belonged to the list of EAs used in the 2009 Census. In order to select EAs for the pilot survey, the Department of Population and Labour Statistics applied a two-stage selective process. Stage 1 involved selecting EAs by the method of probability proportional to size (PPS). Stage 2 involved randomly selecting households through systematic sampling.

1.2.5. Recruiting and training the enumeration force

Interviewers (enumerators) are the workforce directly implementing the survey, and they play an important role in determining the quality of collected

1. Each province had three EAs for testing the long form, and three EAs for testing the short form (among three EAs for testing the short form, there were two EAs for option 1 and one EA for option 2 - both for the short form).

information as well as the success of the survey. Interviewers should be persons who are responsible, and have completed upper secondary education or higher (however, it was possible to recruit persons who had completed lower secondary in some remote areas) and an emphasis was placed on recruiting female interviewers. In order to ensure objectiveness in data collection, individuals who are in charge of managing civil and residential registration, population records or other population and family planning tasks were not recruited as interviewers for this survey. Interviewers who had participated in other recent surveys were mobilized and/or encouraged to participate.

For EAs in mountainous, remote or isolated areas where ethnic people reside but who are generally unable to communicate in the national language (Vietnamese), guides cum interpreters were hired to assist with the interviews during the process of information collection in the field.

Team leaders directly managed daily survey activities of interviewers, determining the adequacy and accuracy of collected information. Due to the requirement of directly managing interviewers' activities, the priority in recruitment was given to persons who were able to work in teams and those who had pledged to work full time to manage interviewers during the fieldwork period.

Supervisors were selected from among GSO staffs at central, provincial and district levels. They took charge of supervising the survey stages and checking the supervision procedures given by team larders, as well as supporting team leaders to complete their work effectively.

Survey training was implemented for staffs at two levels:

At the central level, GSO organized the conference "Launching the 2014 IPS Decision and Plan" and professionally trained leaders of Provincial Statistics Offices, provincial task teams and provincial trainers for five days, from 10 to 14 December 2013.

At the provincial level, two training workshops were organized at different times with different topics. The training period also included time in the field for practicing interviewing and recording questionnaire responses.

+ *Training workshop on EA mapping and household listing*. This was a two-day training conducted in the surveyed provinces from late December 2013 to the first half of January 2014. Participants included those who would undertake EA mapping and household listing, as well as provincial supervisors. Provincial trainers provided instruction on methods and skills for EA mapping and household listing. Depending on the number of trainees required for each district of the province/city, the training courses were conducted at either the district level or lower.

+ *Training workshop on survey interviewing*. This was a three-day training workshop conducted in March 2014 in the survey provinces. Attendees were interviewers, team leaders and supervisors. Depending on the number of interviewers required, each province/city organized the training course at district level or lower.

1.2.6. Survey publicity

Experiences from previous surveys have shown that the success of surveys depends significantly on the attention, instruction and support provided by government agencies and authorities at all levels, as well as collaboration by the public. Aware of this, the central task team strengthened the publicity for the survey in order to:

- take advantage of support and assistance from State agencies, the mass media, other organizations and the public to create sufficient awareness of the importance, significance and purposes of the 2014 IPS; and

- help people to understand the survey's benefits, be aware of their rights and obligations with regards to the survey, and be willing to cooperate and provide full, exact and timely information.

With UNFPA's support, the Department of Population and Labour Statistics of the GSO prepared and compiled the survey materials and provided the means for publicity such as a logo (the symbol of the survey) and posters to spread information about the survey. The department also produced an audio disk with questions and answers about the survey. All of these products were delivered to Provincial Statistics Offices to disseminate at local levels and for broadcasting on commune/hamlet radio systems, in order to improve the effectiveness of propaganda before, and within the first days of, the survey. As a result, the general public supported and approved of the survey and willingly provided full and exact information.

1.3. Survey data collection and supervision

The fieldwork period lasted about 20 days (including travel time), starting at 7:00 am on 1 April 2014 and ending on 20 April 2014 (at the latest). The process required, on average, for an interviewer to collect information and record questionnaires for six households per day. However, in order to minimize/prevent mistakes, especially systematic ones, within the first two days of the survey the enumerators were required to interview four households or less per day.

Enumerators conducted interviews and recorded answers to the questionnaires under the examination, supervision and direct instructions of the team leaders. Team leaders were responsible for examining and correcting any recording mistakes made

by interviewers. This was done by team leaders observing interviews, including the interview procedure and recording of responses to the questionnaire (for at least one household per day per interviewer). Team leaders could re-interview members of some households to check the accuracy of information collected. Moreover, team leaders could require checking 100% of questionnaires completed by interviewers working under his/her management before delivering the filled in questionnaires to the District Statistics Office. This could be done to ensure that all steps required for filling in the questionnaires were followed, there was no presence of logical errors, and identification information was recorded sufficiently and exactly, as required in the survey instruction handbook.

After initial checking and editing, filled in questionnaires were mailed to the Provincial Statistic Offices, where all questionnaires were reviewed, rechecked, handed over, packaged, and then sent to the regional Statistical Informatics Center for data processing and tabulation, as directed in the survey plan.

1.4. Data processing and tabulation

Scanning technology (Intelligent Recognition Character) was applied to the completed questionnaires, as well as editing, at three Statistical Informatics Centers of GSO (the Ha Noi Statistics Informatics Center zone I acted as the key center; the other two were the Ho Chi Minh City Statistics Informatics Center zone II and the Da Nang Statistics Informatics Center zone III).

Each center independently conducted data processing for questionnaires from selected provinces/cities as assigned by GSO via a linked data processing network (the Da Nang and Ho Chi Minh City centers have access to the Ha Noi Statistics Information Center's main server).

Next, the Ha Noi Statistics Informatics Center zone I re-checked and cleaned the micro dataset for all filled in questionnaires, and developed the database and data warehouse on the 2014 IPS as required by GSO. At the same time, the Statistics Informatics Center also designed the software for tabulating the data outputs and relevant statistical indicators at national, regional and provincial levels, as forms designed by the Department of Population and Labour Statistics of GSO.

II. DESIGN, ESTIMATION AND ASSESSMENT ON SAMPLE RESULTS

2.1. Sample size

In the 2014 IPS, the sample size for EAs (37,395) accounted for 20% of the total EAs throughout the country. This was determined as sufficient (within an acceptable

range of error) to estimate the population size representative at the district level, and to provide some key demographic indicators at the provincial level.

2.2. Sample distribution and sampling

2.2.1. Preparing the sampling frame and distributing sample EAs at district level

For the 2014 IPS, there was no re-division of EAs; all EAs from the 2009 Census were used for the sample frame. As a result, there were a total of about 186,697 EAs throughout the country and their boundaries were kept unchanged from the 2009 Census.

Before distributing the sample to the district level, GSO updated all administrative changes to the 186,697 EAs that had occurred since the 2009 Census. The updates included changes to: names of EAs, names of communes, commune codes, names of districts, district codes, names of provinces, provincial codes, and urban/rural codes for EAs. After omitting special EAs and inaccessible EAs out of the sample frame, GSO allocated the sample EAs to the districts proportionally to the square root of the number of households.

Using this method, large districts with many households would have samples selected at a lower rate than the average for the whole country, whereas smaller districts with fewer households would have samples selected at a higher rate than the average for the whole country. This would help not only to increase the representativeness of samples for all districts, but also to ensure statistical significance at the provincial and national levels.

Next, districts with allocated EAs of less than 24 were supplemented with additional samples to reach a total of 24. Small districts with a rate of EA allocation greater than 50% were modified to equal 50% (the number of selected EAs was still required to be at least 24). Four small island districts were excluded in the 2014 IPS: Bach Long Vy (Hai Phong), Con Co (Quang Tri), Hoang Sa (Đa Nang) and Truong Sa (Khanh Hoa). After the EA modifications, the total number of sample EAs at the district level was 37,395 (see district sample distribution results in Annex 2a).

2.2.2. Sample distribution to provincial level

Similar to the process used for the district level, in order to ensure provincial samples were representative, the method of household-size square root allocation was also applied to distribute the sample for each province. The sample size equalled 6.5% of all EAs in the country, and this was determined as sufficiently representative of the provincial indicators. With 63 provincial-level sample frames, after omitting

special EAs and in-accessible EAs, the Department of Population and Labour Statistics allocated the number of sample EAs to each province proportionally to the square root of the number of households of the province. Provinces with less than 120 distributed EAs were supplemented to reach 120. As a result, the total number of sample EAs at provincial level in the country was 12,055 (see provincial sample distribution results in Annex 2b).

2.2.3. Selecting EAs

a) Selecting EAs at the district level (for indicators representative of the district level)

The selection of EAs for the short form questionnaire (for indicators representative of the district level) was conducted using the following steps: (i). omitting special EAs in districts; (ii) sorting EAs for each district by urban, rural, commune and EA number as done in the 2009 Census (for those EAs that were revised and updated); and (iii) sampling using the method of "probability proportional to size" (PPS). As a result, EAs with large numbers of households had a higher probability of selection and vice versa. Compared with the method of systematically sampling (K constant sampling), this method contributed to minimizing the sampling errors when generalizing results.

b) Selecting EAs at the provincial level (for indicators representative of the provincial level)

After sampling for each district using the PPS method, the district sample for the short form was merged into the provincial sample frame. A total of 63 provinces had their 63 sample frames sorted by order of urban/rural residence, district, commune code and EA number, as they existed in the 2009 Census. The PPS method was also applied to select EAs for the long form. However, selection of the long form's sample size was not based on the size of the household as done for the short form. Rather, selection of the long form's sample size was based on the total number of households in a district (as determined in the 2009 Census) after dividing by the number of EAs selected for the short form. This sampling method was used to increase the probabilities of selecting EAs in districts with large number of households and vice versa for those with small number of households. This contributed to minimizing sampling errors for the long form.

2.2.4. EAs revising and mapping, and household listing and selecting

a) Revising EAs

For each selected EA, the Provincial Statistic Office reviewed and updated changes in administrative units at all levels. If inaccessible or erased EAs were

detected, the Provincial Statistic Office informed GSO so that it could replace the EAs through use of the PPS method.

b) EA mapping, household listing and selection

After the reviewing and updating EAs, Provincial Statistic Offices assigned staffs to the field for mapping of EAs and making lists of households, and counting the number of houses, number of households, and number of usual residents in selected EAs. The Provincial Statistic Offices used Microsoft Excel software to record the lists of houses, numbers of households, and numbers of usual residents. Then, the Provincial Statistic Office selected 30 households per EA for the fieldwork using the method of systematical sampling (k constant sampling).

2.2.5. Weight estimation

a) Determining the design weight (basic weight)

(1) Design weight at district level

Design weight at the district level was calculated by the formula:

$$W_{di}^{1} = \frac{M_d}{n_d \times M_{di}} \times \frac{M'_{di}}{m_{di}},$$

Of which:

W_{di}^{1}: Design weight of EAs for short form;

n_d : Number of selected EAs in district d;

M_d : Number of households to district level as shown in 2009 Census;

M_{di} : Number of households of EA i as shown in 2009 Census;

M'_{di} : Number of listed households in EA i;

m_{di} : Number of selected households ($m_{di} = 30$).

(2) Design weight at provincial level

Design weight at provincial level (long form) was calculated by the formula:

$$W_{pdi}^{1} = \frac{M_p \times M'_{di}}{n_p \times M_{di} \times m_{di}}$$

Of which:

W_{pdi}^{1}: Design weight to provincial level (long form);

n_p : Number of selected EAs to province p;

M_h : Number of households of Province p, as shown in 2009 Census;

M_{di} : Number of households of EA i as shown in 2009 Census;

M'_{di} : Number of listed households in EA i;

m_{di} : Number of selected households (m_{di} = 30).

b) Modifying design weight by number of non-response households

(1) Modified weight to district level

$$W_{di}^2 = W_{di}^1 \times \frac{m_{di}}{m'_{di}},$$

W_{di}^2: Modified weight to district level;

W_{di}^1: Design weight to district level (for short form);

m_{di} : Number of selected households (m_{di} = 30);

m'_{di}: Number of selected household of EA i.

(2) Modified weight to provincial level

$$W_{pdi}^2 = W_{pdi}^1 \times \frac{m_{di}}{m'_{di}},$$

W_{pdi}^2: Modified weight to provincial level;

W_{pdi}^1: Design weight to provincial level (long form);

m_{di} : Number of selected households (m_{di} = 30);

m'_{di}: Number of selected households of EA i.

c) Modifying general weight by population estimated from the survey

(1) Estimating population to district level was based on the formula:

$$P_{2014} = P_{2009} \text{ X } \frac{P_{2014(IPS)}}{P_{2009(IPS)}}$$

⇔

$$P_{2014} = P_{2009} \text{ X } \frac{P_{2014(IPS)}}{P_{2014(IPS)} - B_{IPS} + D_{IPS} - IM_{IPS} + OM_{IPS}}$$

Of which: P_{2014}: Population in 2014; P_{2009}: Population in 2009; B_{IPS}: Births within 5 years; D_{IPS}: Deaths within 5 years; IM_{IPS}: In-migrants within 5 years; OM_{IPS}: Out-migrants within 5 years as shown in 2014 IPS.

(2) Modifying weight by estimated population

Indirect estimated population was used to modify the weights to district and provincial levels.

** Modified weight to district level*

$$W_{di}^{3} = W_{di}^{2} \times \frac{M_d}{M_d^{'}},$$

Of which:

W_{di}^{3}: Modified weight to district level;

W_{di}^{2}: Design weight to district level;

M_d: Indirectly estimated population of province d;

$M_d^{'}$: Population of province d estimated by design weight (W_{pdi}^{2}).

** Modified weight to provincial level*

$$W_{pdi}^{3} = W_{pdi}^{2} \times \frac{M_p}{M_p^{'}},$$

Of which:

W_{pdi}^{3}: Modified weight to provincial level;

W_{pdi}^{2}: Design weight to provincial level;

M_p: Indirectly estimated population of province p;

$M_p^{'}$: Population of province p estimated by design weight (W_{pdi}^{2}).

2.3. Method of calculating sampling errors

The estimates from the sample survey are affected by two types of errors: (1) non-sampling errors, and (2) sampling errors. Non-sampling errors are the results of mistakes made in data collection and data processing, such as the failure to locate and interview the correct household, misunderstanding of questions on the part of either the interviewer or the respondent, and data entry errors. Although numerous efforts were made during the implementation of the survey to minimize this type of error, non-sampling errors are impossible to avoid and difficult to evaluate statistically.

Sampling errors, on the other hand, can be evaluated statistically. The sample of respondents selected in the 2014 IPS is only one of many samples that could have been selected from the same population, using the same design and expected size. Each of these samples would yield results that differ somewhat from the result of the actual sample selected. Sampling errors are a measure of the variability between all possible samples. Although the degree of variability is not known exactly, it can be estimated from the survey results. A sampling error is usually measured in terms of the standard error[2] for a particular statistic (mean, percentage, etc.), which is the square root of the variance.

If the sample of respondents had been selected as a simple random sample, it would have been possible to use straightforward formulas for calculating sampling errors. However, the 2009 Census is the result of a stratified design, and consequently it was necessary to use a more complex formula, combining with the Taylor linearization method to estimate the variance for sample survey estimates of means or proportions.

The Taylor linearization method treats any percentage or average as a ratio estimate, $r = y/x$, where y represents the total sample value for variable y, and x represents the total number of cases in the group or subgroup under consideration. The variance of r is computed using the formula given below, with the standard error being the square root of the variance:

$$SE^2(r) = var(r) = \frac{1-f}{x^2}\sum_{h=1}^{H}\left[\frac{m_h}{m_h-1}\left(\sum_{i=1}^{m_h} z_{hi}^2 - \frac{z_h^2}{m_h}\right)\right]$$

In which:

$$z_{hi} = y_{hi} - rx_{hi} \text{ and } z_h = y_h - rx_h$$

Where:

h - represents the stratum which varies from *1* to *H;*

m_h - is the total number of clusters selected in stratum h;

y_{hi} - is the sum of the weighted values of variable y in cluster I in stratum h;

x_{hi} - is the sum of weighted number of cases in cluster i in stratum h ;and

f - is the overall sampling fraction, which is so small that it is ignored.

2. The standard error can be used to calculate confidence intervals within which the true value for the population can reasonably be assumed to fall. For example, for any given statistic calculated from a sample survey, the true value of that statistic will fall within a range of plus or minus two times the standard error of that statistic in 95% of all possible samples of identical size and design.

The confidence interval (e.g., as calculated for sex ratio at birth) can be interpreted as follows: sex ratio at birth from the national sample is 110.5 boys/ 100 girls and its standard error is approximately 0.54. Therefore, to obtain the 95% confidence limits, one adds and subtracts twice the standard error to the sample estimate, that is, 110.5 ± 2 x 0.54. There is a high probability (95%) that the true sex ratio of birth is between 109.5 and 111.6 boys/100 girls.

III. SOME CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

3.1. Enumeration unit

The enumeration unit of the 2014 IPS is residential household (household). A household includes either one person living alone or a group of people living in the same house and sharing meals, regardless of whether they are related, married, whether they have adoption relationship, or whether they share a common budget (incomes and/or expenses). For the survey, household includes households of persons serving in the army and security forces but residing in the residential areas of selected communes, wards or towns.

3.2. Actual usual residents

Total population is the estimated population generalized from the number of respondents, defined as the actual usual residents of households at the time point of 0:00 h 1 April 2014.

Actual usual residents of households include the following individuals (regardless of whether he/she was registered as a permanent resident or not):

a) Persons who have lived permanently in the household for 6 months or longer at the time point of the survey enumeration;

b) Persons who have recently moved to live in the household within less than 6 months preceding the survey time point, and it is determined that she/he will live permanently in the household, including newborn babies; and

c) Persons who live permanently in the household but are currently absent, comprising Vietnamese persons who have been permitted by authorities to go overseas for an assigned duration of time.

3.3. Population size, growth and structure

Average annual growth rate of the population is defined as the percentage increase/decrease on average for a particular population in the observed year as compared to the previous year.

Average annual growth rate of the population in the observed period is defined as the yearly average percentage change (increase or decrease) of a particular population in the observed period.

Sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females in the population.

Sex ratio at birth is defined as the number of male births to 100 female births among total births in the defined period (usually 12 months prior to the time point of the survey).

Aging index is defined as the number of persons aged 60 and above per 100 persons aged 15 and below.

Proportion of the population aged 0-14 is defined as the percentage of the total population aged 0-14.

Proportion of population aged 65 and above is defined as the percentage of the total population aged 65 and above.

Total dependency ratio is defined as the number of persons aged 15 and below (0-14) and 65 and above per 100 persons aged 15-64.

Young dependency ratio is defined as number of persons aged 15 and below (0-14) per 100 persons aged 15-64.

Old dependency ratio is defined as the number of persons aged 65 and above per 100 persons aged 15-64.

Proportion of the urban population is defined as the percentage of the urban population in the total population. Urban area includes urban districts and wards within cities and towns. All other base administration units (communes) are considered rural areas.

Average annual growth rate of the urban population is defined as the percentage change (increase or decrease) of the urban population observed in a year compared to that of the previous year.

Average annual growth rate of the urban population in the observed period is defined as the yearly average percentage of change (increase or decrease) of the urban population in the observed period.

Population density is defined as the number of persons per square kilometer of land.

3.4. Marriage

Marital status of a person at the time point of the survey can be only one of the following categories:

1. *Single (never married)* describes a person who has never married or lived with a person of the opposite sex as a married couple or in a union.
2. *Currently married* describes a person who is recognized by the marriage laws or customs of the locality as married or self-identified as living with a person of the opposite sex as a married couple or in a union.
3. *Widow/Widower* is a person whose husband or wife has died but the person has not remarried yet.
4. *Divorced* is a person who has married at some time in the past but divorced by law and not remarried yet, for any reason.
5. *Separated* is a person who has married but is not currently living with her/his partner as husband and wife at present, for any reason.

Singulate mean age at marriage (SMAM) is the average number of years that a person of a given cohort would stay single before getting married for the first time, with the assumption that this cohort's proportion of single by age is the same as the one collected at the intercensal time point.

3.5. Fertility, mortality and migration

3.5.1. Fertility

Crude birth rate is defined as number of live births per 1000 people in the reference period (usually 12 months prior to the time point of the survey).

Total fertility rate is defined as the average number of live births that would be born to a woman by the time she ended childbearing if she were to pass through all her childbearing years conforming to the age-specific fertility rates of the reference period (usually 12 months prior to the time point of the survey).

Age-specific fertility rate is defined as the average number of live births per 1000 women of a particular age (or age group) in the reference period (usually 1 year prior to the time point of the survey).

Replacement rate is defined as the fertility level that a women cohort would have in order to result in just enough female births to "replace" themselves in the population.

3.5.2. Mortality

Crude death rate is defined as the number of deaths per 1000 people in the reference period (usually 12 months prior to the time point of the survey).

Infant mortality rate is defined as number of infants who die per 1000 live births in the reference period (usually 12 months prior to the time point of the survey).

Under-5 mortality rate is defined as the number of deaths of children under age 5 per 1000 live births in the reference period (usually 12 months prior to the time point of the survey).

Age-specific death rate is defined as the total number of deaths occurring within the reference period (usually 12 months prior to the time point of survey) at a specific age (or in a specific age group) to population at same age or age group, multiplied by 1000.

Maternal mortality ratio is defined as the number of deaths of women from causes relating to pregnancy and delivery per 100,000 live births in the reference period (usually 1 year prior to the time point of the survey). The 2014 IPS only collected relevant information for women in the reproductive age group of 15-49.

Life expectancy at birth is defined as the average number of years a newborn baby could expect to live if current mortality trends were to continue for the rest of his/her life.

3.5.3. Migration

In-migration rate is defined as the number of migrants from other territorial units arriving in a specified territorial unit during an observed period per 1000 persons living in that destination (unit).

Out-migration rate is defined as the number of migrants departing from a territorial unit and arriving in other territorial units during an observed period per 1000 persons living in the destination (unit).

Net migration rate is defined as the difference between the in-migration rate and the out-migration rate. This figure has a positive value if the number of in-migrants is greater than the number of out-migrants, and vice versa.

3.6. Educational, technical and professional levels

3.6.1. Educational level

Literacy refers to the ability to read, write and understand fully a simple statement in daily life in national, ethnic or foreign languages.

Literacy rate of population aged 15 and above is defined as the percentage of persons aged 15 and above who are able to read and write in the total population aged 15 and above.

Rate of population aged 15 and above who have never attended school is defined as the percentage of persons aged 15 and above who have never attended any school/ class in the national educational system in the total population aged 15 and above.

A person is considered as having *"never attended school"* if he/she has never attended any school/class in the national educational system.

Rate of population aged 15 and above who have graduated/completed any educational level in the national educational system is defined as the percentage of persons aged 15 and above who have ever attended schools and graduated from this educational level, including those who have ever attended any higher educational level but not completed/graduated from this level, in the total population aged 15 and above.

A person is classified as having *"not completed primary education"* if he/she has ever attended primary school but not graduated, including those who have ever attended the last grade of primary level but not graduated.

A person is classified as having *"completed/graduated from primary education"* if he/she has ever attended and graduated from primary education, including those who have ever attended lower secondary education but not graduated from this level.

A person is classified as having *"completed/graduated from lower secondary education"* if she/he has ever attended and graduated from lower secondary school, including those who have ever attended higher secondary school but not graduated.

A person classified as having *"completed/graduated higher secondary education"* if she/he has ever attended and graduated from higher secondary education or attended but not graduated from a higher educational level such as tertiary.

Net school attendance rate at any educational level is defined as the percentage of pupils/students at the right ages of enrolling in this educational level in the national educational system and attending this level in the total population group(s) of the same ages.

Gross school attendance rate at any educational level is defined as the percentage of pupils/students attending any educational level in the national educational system in the total population at the right ages of enrolling in this educational level.

3.6.2. Technical and professional levels

A person is classified as having a technical level of *"short-term training"* if the highest technical and qualification level that he/she has participated in and received certificate for was short-term training or vocational training for at least 3 months.

A person is classified as having a technical level of *"mid-term training"* if the highest technical and qualification level that he/she has participated in and granted a certificate for was mid-term training (including mid-term professional/ vocational training).

A person is classified as having a technical and qualification level of *"college"* if the highest technical and qualification level that he/she has participated in and granted a degree for was college, including professional/vocational colleges.

A person is classified as having a technical and qualification level of *"university and higher"* if the highest technical and qualification level that he/she has participated in and was granted a degree for was bachelor, master or doctor.

3.7. Housing and living conditions of households

Dwelling is defined as a construction work consisting of three main components - wall(s), roof, and floor(s) - and used for habitation (e.g., eating, sleeping, daily living activities).

In the 2014 IPS, type of dwelling is classified by three main components: *pier* (pivot or load bearing wall), *roof* and *outer walls.*

Pier is classified as *"solid"* if it was made by one of three main construction materials: concrete, brick/stone, and steel/iron/durable wood.

Roof is classified as *"solid"* if it was made by one of two main construction materials: concrete and title (cement or terra cotta).

Outer wall is classified as "solid" if it was made by one of three main construction materials: concrete, brick/stone and wood/metal.

Permanent dwelling refers to houses with all three main components classified as "solid".

Semi-permanent dwelling refers to houses with two of the three main components classified as "solid". *Less permanent dwelling* refers to houses with only one of three main components classified as "solid".

Simple dwelling refers to those houses without all three main components classified as "solid".

Source of hygienic water refers to water sources coming from an indoor/public tap, water drilled well, protected dug well or rain water.

Hygienic toilet facilities refers to flush toilets and semi-flush toilets (with septic tanks and sewage pipes).

IV. SOME MAJOR FINDINGS

According to the results of the 2014 IPS, as of 1 April 2014 the national population of Viet Nam reached 90,493,400 people, an addition of 4,646,400 people in just the 5 years since the 2009 Census. The number of females stood at 45,874,700 in 2014, accounting for 50.7% of the total population. Viet Nam's population growth rate has declined gradually, and the average annual population growth rate in the period from the 2009 Census to the 2014 IPS was the lowest as compared to previous period, at about 1.06% per year.

In 2014, the number of households in the entire country reached 24,264,990, an increase of 1,820,668 households since the 2009 Census. Compared to 1989 (25 years ago) and 1999 (15 years ago), the number of households in 2014 was double and one and half times higher, respectively. In the period 2009-2014, the average annual growth rate of households stood at 1.6%.

Compared to other countries in Asia and based on the United Nations standard population density of 35-40 persons/km^2, Viet Nam has one of the highest population densities in the region, as well as in the world. According to the results of 2014 IPS, Viet Nam's population density was 273 persons/km^2, the third highest in the Southeast Asia region (after Singapore at 6,801 persons/km^2 and the Philippines at 339 persons/km^2). Viet Nam ranks 14^{th} among 49 countries and territories in the Asia region. Compared to 1 April 2009, Viet Nam's population density was higher by 14 persons/km^2.

The results of the 2014 IPS indicate that Viet Nam's sex ratio reached 97.3 males/100 females, which was not significantly different compared to 2009. The sex ratio at birth (SRB) of Viet Nam in 2014 stood at 112.2 boys/100 girls. This was the first time since 2006 that the sex ratio has declined after increasing continuously for many years.

In 2014, the proportion of the population in working ages (15-64) accounted for 69.4%, while the dependent proportion of the population (aged under 15 and 65 and above) constituted about 30.6% of the total population. The total dependency ratio stood at 44.0% (less than 50%). This reveals that Viet Nam has entered the "dividend bonus" period, meaning there are two working-age persons supporting only one dependent person. In the other words, the working-age population is twice the size of the dependent population.

The proportion of ever-married people in the population aged 15 and above was found to be quite high, accounting for 76.1% of the population aged 15 and above. Within the ever-married group, the number of currently married people (living with a spouse) was about 67.6%. The proportion of never-married people in the population

aged 15 and above constituted just a quarter (about 23.9%) of the total population aged 15 and above. In the period 1989-2014, the singulate mean age at marriage (SMAM) increased for both sexes. However, the level of increase in the SMAM for males was higher than for females, leading to an expansion in the SMAM gap between the sexes to about 3.9 years, according to the 2014 IPS data. In 15 years since the 1999 Census, the SMAM of males increased by 1.4 years while it has remained almost unchanged for females (an increase of just 0.1 year), revealing a trend of males get married for the first time later than females.

Nationally, universal primary education has been achieved. In general, the higher the level of education, the lower the school enrolment rate. In 2014, the gross enrolment rate for lower secondary education reached 91.8% whereas the rate for upper secondary education was 67.7%. Similarly, there was a considerable difference between the net enrolment rate at lower and upper secondary education levels (approximately 88.0% and 63.1%, respectively). School attendance at lower and upper secondary education levels in urban areas was generally better compared to rural areas. The school enrolment rates in urban areas have been consistently higher than in rural areas, especially at high education levels. (the difference was 3.6 and 14.0 percentage points for the lower secondary level; 5.4 and 14.0 percentage points for the higher secondary level). The literacy rate of the population aged 15 and above reached 94.7% in 2014, 0.7% higher than the rate found in the 2009 Census.

The total fertility rate (TFR) deceased from 2.28 children per woman in 2002 to 2.03 in 2009, and then increased slightly to 2.09 children per woman in 2014. Viet Nam has maintained its fertility rate at around the replacement level[3] of 2.1 children per woman for the past 10 years, reflecting successful implementation of the Population and Reproductive Health Strategy in the period of 2011-2020 as well as the National Population Target Program in the period 2012-2015. The fact that Viet Nam's fertility rate has been around the replacement level demonstrates that it is possible to reduce the TFR to 1.9 children per woman in 2015 as planned in the National Target Program on Population in period of 2012-2015.

The crude death rate (CDR) for the entire country in the last 12 months prior to the time point of the survey was 6.85 deaths per 1000 people, with an urban rate of 6.05 deaths/1000 people and a rate in rural areas of 7.24 deaths/1000 people. The infant mortality rate (IMR) dropped rapidly from 42.3 infant deaths per 1000 live births in 1989 to 36.7 in 1999, 16.0 in 2009, and further decreased to 14.94 in 2014. The level for this indicator in 2014 had almost reached the MDG for 2015

3. "Replacement rate" refers to the fertility level that a women cohort would have in order to result in just enough female births to "replace" themselves in the population.

of 14.8 infant deaths per 1000 live births. Life expectancy at birth nationwide in 2014 was 73.2 years, or 0.4 years higher than in the 2009 Census (72.8 years). Life expectancy at birth in 2014 for males and females was 70.6 years and 76.0 years, respectively.

The results of the 2014 IPS indicate that about 5,668,800 people aged 5 and above migrated in the 5 years preceding the time point of the survey, and 59% of these were females (3,339,400). The majority of migrants moved to urban areas (59.2%), and analysis of the data by region shows that the number of migrants was greatest in the Southeast (41.3%). Disaggregating migrants by age group shows that youth aged 20-24 accounted for the largest share (24.2%), followed by age group of 25-29 (21.7% of total migrants aged 5 and above).

Comparing the 2004-2009 and 2009-2014 periods indicates a decline in migration. Movements made by people aged 5 and above among regions of the country declined most, by nearly one and a half times (that is, from 30 migrants per 1000 people in 2009 to 21 migrants per 1000 people in 2014). Inter-provincial migration dropped by about 12 per thousand, from 43 migrants per 1000 people in 2009 to 31 migrants per 1000 people in 2014. Inter-district migration declined about 2 per thousand, from 22 migrants per 1000 people in 2009 to 20 migrants per 1000 people in 2014. Migration within districts dropped about 4 per thousand, from 21 migrants per 1000 people in 2009 to 17 migrants per 1000 people in 2014.

At the time point of 1 April 2014, about 33.1% of Viet Nam's total population resided in urban areas, an increase of 3.5% compared to 2009. In the period 2009-2014, the urban population increased quite rapidly at an average annual growth rate of 3.26%, while the same rate for rural areas rose by 0.05%/year.

The survey results also indicate that there was an improvement in housing conditions for people living in residential households. The rate of households without dwellings has declined during the last 15 years. In 2014 about 4 households per 10,000 households had no dwelling, a decline of nearly 3 per 10,000 households compared to 1999, and a decline of 1 per 10,000 households compared to 2009. Moreover, there was a positive change in this indicator for urban areas. The rate of households without dwellings in urban areas decreased from 9 per 10,000 households in 1999 to 7 per 10,000 in 2009, and to nearly 4 per 10,000 in 2014.

In 2009 the average living areas per capita stood at 16.7 m^2. After 5 years, this figure reached 20.6 m^2. The level of increase was distributed evenly in both urban and rural areas. Average per capita living space for urban areas increased from about 19.2 m^2 in 2009 to 23.0 m^2 in 2014, and for rural areas it rose from 15.7 m^2 per capita in 2009 to 19.5 m^2 in 2014. This is a significant achievement reflecting the

Government's efforts in implementing the housing development strategy that aims to expand average living space for people.

The 2014 IPS results also show that the use of household appliances improved significantly compared to 5 years prior. In 2014, the percentage of households with fixed and/or mobile telephones reached 85%, the rate of households using a computer was 25.1%, the rate of households using a washing machine reached 30.9% and the rate of households using refrigerators was 59.0%. All of these were at least twice times higher than the indicators in the 2009 Census. In addition, the rate of households using air conditioning stood at 13.3%, nearly three times higher than the rate in the 2009 Census. In addition, the rate of households using a motorbike was 84.6%, amounting to a 12.3 percentage points higher than the rate found in the 2009 Census. The rate of households using modern household appliances in urban areas in 2014 was much higher than the rate in rural areas, showing that living standards of urban residents was higher than among rural residents.

PART II

MAJOR FINDINGS

CHAPTER 1: POPULATION SIZE AND STRUCTURE

1.1. Household size and population size

1.1.1. Household size

According to the results of the 2014 IPS (Table 1.1), Viet Nam had 24,264,990 households, an increase of 1,820,668 households compared to the 2009 Census. This represents a 50% increase compared to 15 years ago (1999), and a twofold increase compared to 25 years ago (1989). During the period 2009-2014, the average annual growth rate of households was 1.6%.

Table 1.1: Number and growth rate of households, 1979-2014

Census and survey date	Number of households	Growth rate (%)	Annual average growth rate (%)
1/10/1979	9 665 866	-	-
1/4/1989	12 927 297	33.7	3.6
1/4/1999	16 661 366	28.9	2.9
1/4/2009	22 444 322	34.7	3.5
1/4/2014	24 264 990	8.1	1.6

Sources:

- 1979-1999: Central Population and Housing Census Steering Committee, "The 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Major Findings", Ha Noi, June 2010, Table 3.1, page 31.

- 2009: Central Population and Housing Census Steering Committee, "The 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Completed Census Results", Statistics Publishing House, June 2010, Table 14, page 733.

Table 1.2 presents the proportion of households by household size, and average household size by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region. Compared to the 2009 Census, the average number of persons per household in 2014 was about the same (3.7 persons versus 3.8 persons in 2009). This indicates that small family size (households with four or fewer members) is very common in Viet Nam, especially in urban areas where 75.9% of households had four or fewer members.

The Red River Delta had the largest share of small-size households (77.0%); for every five households, there were four households containing four or fewer members. The Central Highlands had the lowest share (about 66.9%), followed by the Northern Midlands and Mountains and Mekong River Delta. This may be because the Central Highlands is the region with a high concentration of ethnic minority people who tend to have high fertility rates and traditions favouring multi-generational families. The results also indicate that urban areas in all regions had an average household size smaller than the average of the entire country, except for the Mekong River Delta (3.8 persons per household). The Northern Midlands and Mountains had the smallest average household size at 3.4 persons per household.

Table 1.2: Distribution of households by household size, average household size, urban/ rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014

Socio-economic region	Distribution of household by household size (%)					Average household size
	1 person	2-4 persons	1-4 persons	5-6 persons	7 + persons	
Entire country	**8.1**	**64.7**	**72.8**	**22.7**	**4.5**	**3.7**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	5.8	63.2	69.0	25.0	6.1	3.9
Red River Delta	10.1	66.9	77.0	20.5	2.5	3.5
North and South Central Coast	8.3	62.3	70.6	25.1	4.4	3.8
Central Highlands	5.4	61.5	66.9	26.2	6.9	4.0
Southeast	8.6	66.4	75.1	19.4	5.6	3.7
Mekong River Delta	7.2	65.0	72.2	23.3	4.5	3.8
Urban	**9.1**	**66.8**	**75.9**	**19.5**	**4.5**	**3.6**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	11.0	69.9	80.9	16.9	2.2	3.4
Red River Delta	9.5	68.6	78.0	19.3	2.7	3.5
North and South Central Coast	8.3	64.8	73.1	22.4	4.5	3.7
Central Highlands	7.4	67.1	74.5	21.4	4.1	3.7
Southeast	9.1	67.2	76.3	17.6	6.1	3.7
Mekong River Delta	9.0	63.7	72.7	21.7	5.6	3.8
Rural	**7.6**	**63.6**	**71.3**	**24.3**	**4.5**	**3.8**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	4.5	61.5	66.0	27.0	7.0	4.1
Red River Delta	10.4	66.0	76.4	21.1	2.5	3.5
North and South Central Coast	8.3	61.3	69.6	26.1	4.3	3.8
Central Highlands	4.4	58.9	63.3	28.5	8.2	4.2
Southeast	7.9	65.2	73.0	22.3	4.7	3.7
Mekong River Delta	6.6	65.5	72.1	23.8	4.1	3.8

Data in Table 1.2 also indicate that for the entire country and the six socio-economic regions, the number of one-person households (single households) and the number of households with seven persons or more accounted for a very small share of the total. However, there has been a change in the opposite direction for these two groups over the past five years. Whereas the proportion of households with seven persons and over has tended to decline, the proportion of households with one person has increased somewhat. The highest increase was in urban areas (an increase of 1.0% compared to 2009). The number of single households with a female head doubled compared to those with a male head, reaching 33.7% and 66.3% respectively, and the majority of these women heads of households were passed the working age and lived in rural areas.

1.1.2. Population size

According to the 2014 IPS results, the total estimated population is the number of usual residents in households at the survey time point of 0 hour on 1 April 2014. Table 1.3 shows the population size and average annual growth rate. The data indicates that the annual growth rate of the population of Viet Nam has gradually declined over time. The average annual growth rate of the population in the period between the 2009 Census and 2014 IPS was the lowest, at about 1.06% per year, for any ten -year period since 1979.

Viet Nam is the third most populous country in Southeast Asia (after Indonesia and the Philippines), the eighth most populous country in Asia, and the fourteenth most populous country in the world. The total population of Viet Nam at 0 hour on 1 April 2014 was estimated to be 90,493,352 persons, an increase of about 4.64 million persons in the past 5 years since the 2009 Census.

Table 1.3: Population size and growth rate, 1979 - 2014

Year of Census or Survey	Population (thousand persons)	Average annual growth rate of population (%)
1979	52 742	-
1989	64 376	2.10
1999	76 323	1.70
2009	85 847	1.18
2014	90 493	1.06

Sources:
- 1979, 1989, 1999: Central Census Steering Committee, "The 1999 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Preliminary results", The Gioi Publishing House, September 1999, Table 1, page 10.
- 2009: Central Census Steering Committee, "The 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Completed census results", the Statistics Publishing House, June 2010, Table 1, page 3.

The total population in urban areas was estimated to be 29,939,000 persons at the survey time point on 1 April 2014, accounting for 33.1% of the total population. The male population was estimated at 44,618,700 and the female population was 45,874,700 − accounting for 49.3% and 50.7% of the total estimated population, respectively. Compared to the 2009 Census results, the urban population had increased by about 3.45% while the male and female proportions of the population were nearly unchanged.

Table 1.4: Population size by sex, urban/rural residence, 2009 and 2014

Unit: Person

	Time point of 1/4/2009		Time point of 1/4/2014	
	Population	Percentage	Population	Percentage
Entire country	**85 846 997**	**100.00**	**90 493 352**	**100.00**
Male	42 413 143	49.41	44 618 668	49.31
Female	43 433 854	50.59	45 874 684	50.69
Urban	25 436 896	29.63	29 939 316	33.08
Rural	60 410 101	70.37	60 554 037	66.92

1.1.3. Regional population distribution and population growth

Geographic population distribution is an important aspect of development. Data in Table 1.5 indicates that Viet Nam's population is not evenly distributed, with large regional variations. This reflects somewhat the effects of regional conditions for economic development and geographic characteristics. According to the 2014 IPS, the most heavily populated region was the Red River Delta with an estimated population of 20,649,6000 persons in 2014, and the Central Highlands was the least populated region, with an estimated population of about 5,504,600 persons). About 42.2% of the nation's population live in the two regions of the Red River Delta and Mekong River Delta, the deltas of two large rivers with fertile land and conditions amenable to agricultural production. In contrast, the Northern Midlands and Mountains and the Central Highlands, regions of high mountains and hills with difficult transportation conditions and large concentrations of ethnic minority people, were found to hold under a fifth (around 19%) of the nation's population.

The data also indicate that the average annual population growth rate during 2009-2014 in the Southeast and the Central Highlands (2.23% and 1.47%, respectively) was higher than in the other four regions. This may indicate that the Southeast and the Central Highlands have experienced the highest rates of in-migration in the entire country.

In the period between 2009 and 2014, the average annual population growth rate was lowest in the Mekong River Delta and the North and South Central Coast regions (0.36% and 0.68%, respectively). These regions have the largest populations after the Red River Delta. This may be due to a larger number of out-migrants from these regions compared to the other regions.

Table 1.5: Population and population growth rate by socio-economic region, 2009-2014

Socio-economic region	Population (Persons)		Average annual population growth rate in the period 2009-2014 (%)
	2009	2014	
Entire country	**85 846 997**	**90 493 352**	**1.06**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	11 053 590	11 633 548	1.02
Red River Delta	19 584 287	20 649 605	1.06
North and South Central Coast	18 835 154	19 482 435	0.68
Central Highlands	5 115 135	5 504 560	1.47
Southeast	14 067 361	15 721 352	2.23
Mekong River Delta	17 191 470	17 501 852	0.36

Sources: *2009: "the 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Completed census results", the Statistics Publishing House, June 2010.*

1.1.4. Urban and rural population by socio-economic regions

Table 1.6 indicates that by the time point of 1 April 2014, 33.1% of Viet Nam's population lived in urban areas, compared to 29.6% in 2009. During the period 2009-2014, the average annual population growth rate in urban areas was 3.3% per year, while in rural areas it was nearly unchanged. In comparison with the 2009 Census, the estimated population of the entire country increased by 4.64 million people, and 96.9% of this increase (4.5 million people) was in urban areas.

During 2009-2014 there was no change in the ranking of socio-economic regions by proportion of urban population. The Southeast still had the highest urban population proportion (62.3%), followed by the Red River Delta (33.8%). This may be explained by the fact that the Southeast region has some of the largest urban centers and industrial zones, including Ho Chi Minh City and the provinces of Dong Nai, Ba Ria-Vung Tau, and Binh Duong. The Red River Delta region also has industrial zones and large urban centers in Ha Noi, Quang Ninh, Hai Phong, Bac Ninh, Hai Duong, Ninh Binh and other cities/provinces. The rural population growth rate in the period of 2009-2014 for some regions was negative due to an increase in the urban population. This could be due to a change in classification of some communes to wards or towns, and/or an increase in rural-to-urban migration in recent years.

Table 1.6: Urban population share and average annual population growth rate by socio-economic region, 2009-2014

Unit: Percentage

Socio-economic region	Urban population share (%)		Average annual population growth rate in 2009-2014 (%)	
	2009	2014	Urban	Rural
Entire country	**29.6**	**33.1**	**3.26**	**0.05**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	15.9	17.0	2.46	0.74
Red River Delta	29.3	33.8	3.88	-0.24
North and South Central Coast	24.0	27.1	3.06	-0.14
Central Highlands	28.2	29.1	2.05	1.23
Southeast	57.2	62.3	3.92	-0.30
Mekong River Delta	22.8	24.7	1.92	-0.13

Sources: *2009: General Statistics Office, "the 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Completed census results", the Statistics Publishing House, June 2010.*

1.1.5. Population density

According to the standard population density of the United Nations (35-40 persons per km^2), Viet Nam is one of the most densely populated countries in the region and in the world. The 2014 IPS results show that Viet Nam's population density was 273 persons per km^2. This is the third highest in Southeast Asia, after only Singapore (6,801 persons per km^2) and the Philippines (339 persons per km^2), and means Viet Nam ranks 14th out of 49 nations and territories in Asia. Viet Nam's population density in 2014 increased by about 14 persons per km^2 compared to 2009.

Table 1.7 shows more clearly the concentration of population by region. The Red River Delta, with the largest proportion of the population (22.8%) in the country, contains only 6% of the nation's land area, resulting in a population density that was the highest in the country at 981 persons per km^2. Compared to 2009, the population density of this region increased by about 51 persons per km^2. The Southeast region had the next highest population density at 594 persons per km^2. However, the population density of the Southeast region increased by 72 persons per km^2. The main cause is high in-migration. This was also the region with the largest change in population density in the nation over the past years.

The Northern Midlands and Mountains and the Central Highlands regions had the lowest population density in the nation. These regions together contained 19% of the population, yet they cover almost one half of the nation's land area (over 45%). Compared to 2009, the growth rate of these two regions was the slowest in the country (an increase of 6 persons per km^2 and 8 persons per km^2, respectively).

Table 1.7: Population proportion and density by socio-economic region, 2014

Socio-economic region	Land area (%)	Population (%)	Population density (persons/km^2)	Differential in 2009-2014 (persons)
Entire country	**100.0**	**100.0**	**273**	**14**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	28.8	12.9	122	6
Red River Delta	6.4	22.8	981	51
North and South Central Coast	44.9	21.5	203	7
Central Highlands	16.5	6.1	101	8
Southeast	7.1	17.4	666	72
Mekong River Delta	12.3	19.3	432	9

Sources: *(*) Data for area (km^2) is extracted from Statistical Yearbook of General Statistics Office of Viet Nam in 2013" the Statistics Publishing House, June 2014.*

Annex 3 presents population density by province for 2009 and 2014. Even within a region, population density varied substantially across provinces. In general, provinces with high population densities (Ha Noi, Ho Chi Minh City, Bac Ninh, Hai Phong, Binh Duong, Dong Nai, etc.) inevitably contained the main urban areas and economic zones in the country. Areas with low population density are places with difficult geographic characteristics, including remote areas, and where many ethnic minority people live (such as Lai Chau, Dien Bien, Bac Kan, Kon Tum, and Dak Nong provinces).

1.2. Population structure

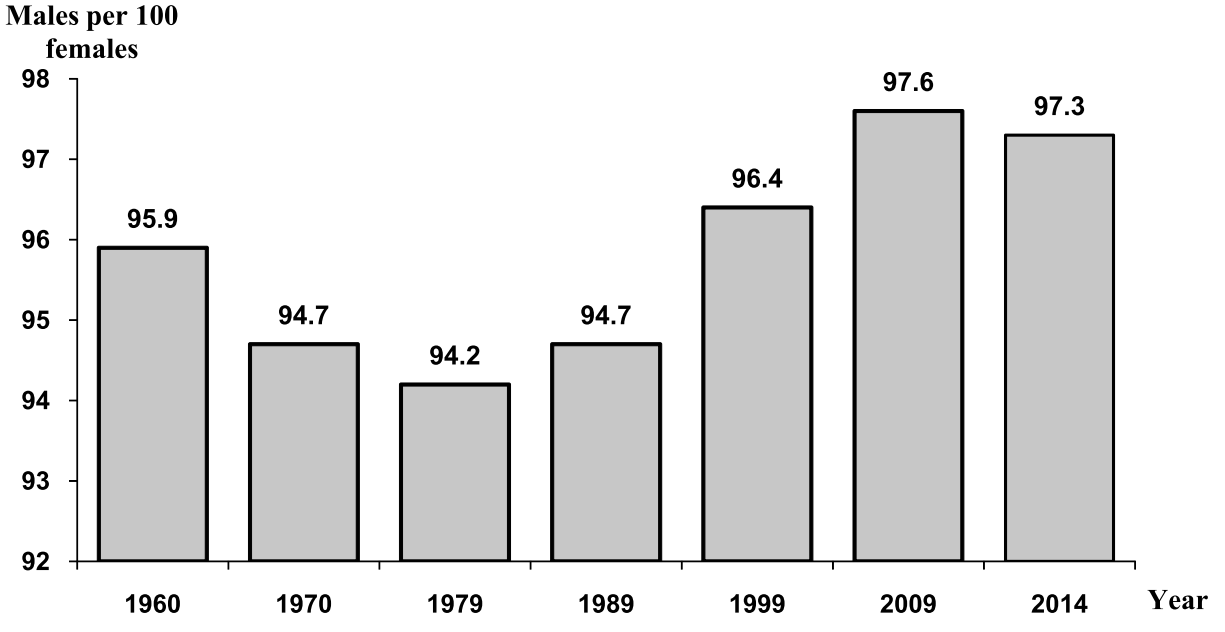
Data on the sex and age structure of a population have played an important role in analysis of population reproduction in general, and in analysis of fertility, mortality, marriage and migration, in particular. This data is also the basis for analyzing the relationship between population and other socio-economic issues, such as management and utility of labour and natural resources, social welfare, and socio-economic development planning. The shift from high fertility and mortality to low and stable fertility and mortality over a relatively long period will lead to significant changes in a population's age and sex structure.

1.2.1. Population structure by sex

As presented above, the total estimated population of Viet Nam on 1 April 2014 was approximately 90.5 million people, made up of 44.6 million males and 45.9 million females, or around 49.3% and 50.7% of the total population, respectively. Compared to 2009 Census, the sex ratio had not changed significantly.

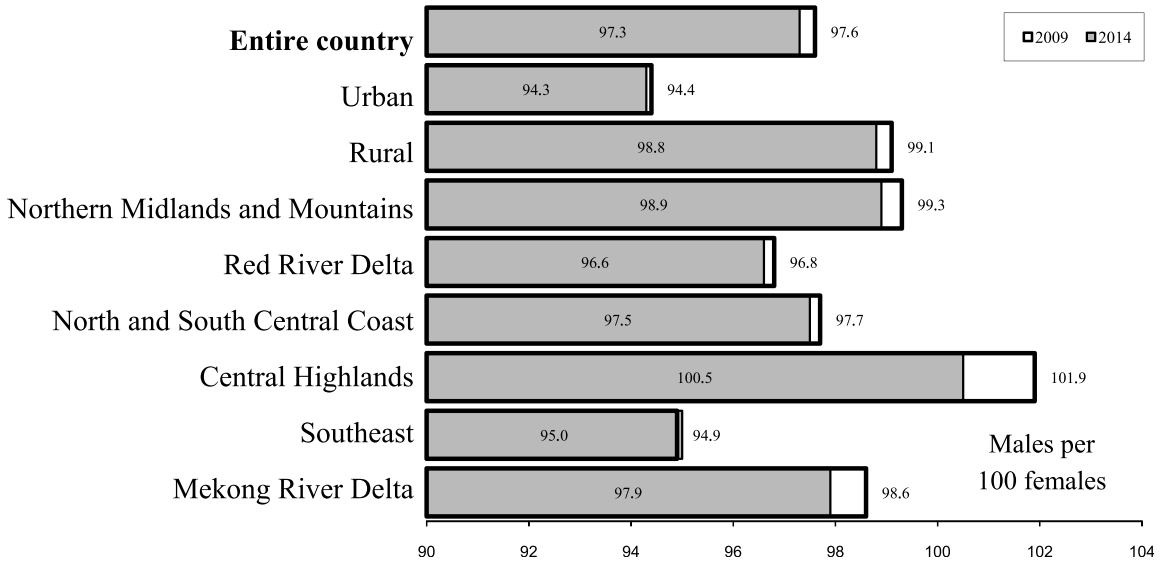
The sex ratio is an important indicator for research on a population's sex structure. In addition to demographic factors (men usually have higher mortality rates than women), the sex ratio of the population is influenced by many factors such as war, social development policy and plans, labour export policies (e.g., the industrial sector may attract different proportions of male or female labourers), customs, traditional norms and other cultural factors such as son preference (e.g., through the use of modern medical technology for prenatal sex selection). In Viet Nam, due to the great influence of war from the 1940s to the late 1970s, the sex ratio declined and remained at low levels in the period 1960-1979. After reunification in 1975, the sex ratio of Viet Nam improved and has tended to increase. The results of the 2014 IPS show that the sex ratio of Viet Nam reached 97.3%, higher by 3.1% compared to the lowest levels in the period 1960-1979. There was no significant difference in this rate compared to 2009.

Figure 1.1: Sex ratio of Viet Nam's population, 1960-2014



Comparing socio-economic regions, the sex ratio was lowest in the Southeast region (95 males/100 females), while it was highest in the Central Highlands (100.5 males/100 females). Compared to 2009, the difference in sex ratio among regions was not significant.

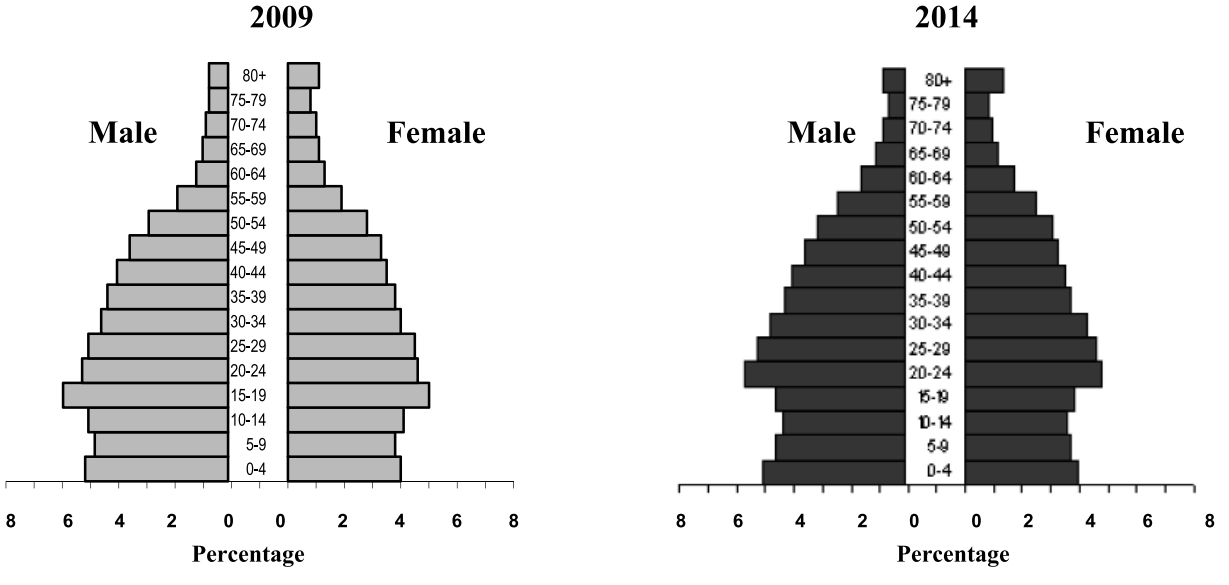
Figure 1.2: Sex ratio by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2009-2014



1.2.2. Population age structure

Similar to sex, age is also considered a very important research topic, particularly data on a population's age structure.

Figure 1.3: Population pyramid of Viet Nam, 2009 and 2014



There has been a significant decline in fertility and a continuous increase in life expectancy at birth in recent years thanks to the success of public health work, development of the medical field, and improved living standards. This has led to changes in the population age structure, including population aging. The proportion of young people in the population has declined gradually while the proportion of older population has increased. The 2014 Viet Nam population pyramid (Figure 1.3) has four narrowed bars at the bottom representing the younger age groups, and

wider bars in the middle representing the older age groups. This shape means that the working age groups are the most "crowded", and this presents an advantage for economic development of the country, particularly if labour productivity of this population group is increased. At the same time, this age structure creates pressure for the nation in terms of generating jobs for employment of the middle age groups.

The population structure by age group is also used to calculate the dependency ratio, which reflects the burden on the working age population. The dependency ratio reveals the influence of fertility and mortality on the age structure and the labour force. Table 1.8 presents the dependency ratios from the 1989, 1999, and 2009 censuses and the 2014 IPS.

Table 1.8: Dependency ratio, 1989-2014

Unit: Percentage

Dependency ratio	1989	1999	2009	2014
Young age dependency ratio (0-14)	69.8	54.2	35.4	33.8
Old age dependency ratio (65+)	8.4	9.4	9.3	10.2
Total dependency ratio	78.2	63.6	44.7	44.0

Sources:
- 1989: The 1989 Viet Nam Population Census, Completed census results, Vol. 1, Table 1.2, page 16.
- 1999: the General Statistics Office, "the 1999 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census", Completed census results, the Statistics Publishing House, August 2001, Table 1.5, page 20.
- 2009: the General Statistics Office, "the 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Completed census results", the Statistics Publishing House, June 2010.

The data shows that the total dependency ratio in Viet Nam has declined rapidly over time, dropping from 78.2% in 1989 to 63.6% in 1999, 44.7% in 2009 and 44.0% in 2014. This decline is mainly due to the effectiveness of the population and family planning programs, leading to a decline in fertility. As a result, the youth dependency ratio has decreased dramatically, from 69.8% in 1989 to 54.2% in 1999, 35.4% in 2009 and 33.8% in 2014. Improved life expectancy at birth and the fact that older persons are living longer has led to an increase in the old dependency ratio, from 8.4% in 1989 to 9.4% in 1999, 9.3% in 2009 and 10.2% in 2014.

Table 1.9: Proportion of population aged under 15, 15-64, 60 and above, 65 and above and Ageing Index in the 1989-2014 period

Unit: Percentage

	1989	1999	2009	2014
Proportion of population aged under 15	39.2	33.1	24.5	23.5
Proportion of population aged 15-64	56.1	61.1	69.1	69.4
Proportion of population aged 60 and above	7.1	8.0	8.7	10.2
Proportion of population aged 65 and above	4.7	5.8	6.4	7.1
Ageing Index	18.2	24.3	35.5	43.3

Source:
- 1989: The 1989 Viet Nam Population Census, Completed census results, Vol. 1, Table 1.2, page 16.
- 1999: General Statistics Office, "The 1999 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census", Completed census results, Statistics Publishing House, August 2001, Table 1.5, page 20.
- 2009: General Statistics Office, "The 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Completed census results", Statistics Publishing House, June 2010.

Table 1.9 shows that by 2014, the proportion of the population in working ages (15-64 years) accounted for 69.4% of the total population, while the dependent population proportion (below age 15 and from 65 years and older) accounted for 30.6%. The total dependency ratio was 44.0% (below 50%, see Table 1.8). This shows that Viet Nam is in the period of the "demographic window of opportunity", when each dependent is "supported" by two working-age persons. In other words, the proportion of the population in working ages is double the proportion in dependent ages.

The period of the "demographic window of opportunity" (also called the "population bonus") offers a great opportunity to take advantage of quality human resources for economic growth and sustainable development of the country. In addition to potentially positive impacts on the country's development, the "demographic window of opportunity" may also create pressure for increased employment, social security, etc. Therefore, taking advantage of the "demographic window" structure requires appropriate policies aimed at improving the quality of human resources to meet the needs of the labour market, enhance labour productivity growth, create jobs for young people, ensure social security for older persons and vulnerable people, and ensure gender equality.

According to the United Nations, the phenomenon of population "ageing" can be viewed through the proportion of older persons (usually aged 65 or older) in a population. The selection of the age defined as "older age" is dependent on the conditions of each country. It may be based on retirement age, views of the role of the elderly in society, life expectancy at birth, etc. Generally, a population is considered to be "ageing" if the proportion of the population aged 65 and older accounts for 7% to 10% of the total population.

Thus, if based only on the proportion of elderly (aged 65 and older) in the population, Viet Nam has almost reached an "ageing population". Table 1.9 shows that the proportion of the population aged 65 and older in 2014 was 7.1%. Life expectancy at birth of the population has been increasing, leading to an increase in the proportion of the population aged 65 and older − from 4.7% in 1989 to 5.8% in 1999, 6.4% in 2009 and 7.1% in 2014. Remarkably, the female population is considered to be "ageing" more than the male population, as the inevitable consequences of the post-war era are joined with inherent characteristics of women, such as higher life expectancy at birth compared to men. Table 1.9 also shows the proportion of the population under age 15 decreased from 39.2% in 1989 to 33.1% in 1999, 24.5% in 2009, and most recently to 23.5% in 2014.

Besides indicators such as the proportion of the population under age 15 and the proportion aged 65 and older, another important indicator reflecting population ageing is the Ageing Index. This indicator reflects the structure of the dependent population. Table 1.9 shows the Ageing Index of Viet Nam for 1989, 1999, 2009 and 2014. The Ageing Index increased from 18.2% in 1989 to 24.3% in 1999, 35.5% in 2009 and 43.3% in 2014. This suggests that the trend of population ageing in Viet Nam has increased quite rapidly over the past three decades. Increased life expectancy at birth and reduced fertility are factors that have led to the ageing of the population. It is projected that ageing in Viet Nam will continue to rise rapidly in the near future and will become a challenge if the country does not prepare in advance a comprehensive social welfare system for the elderly through reform of social protection systems, expanding coverage of pension insurance and health insurance, and encouraging employers to create jobs and working environments that are suitable with the capacity and health of older persons.

CHAPTER 2: MARITAL STATUS

Marriage is an important factor in population change, with a direct influence on fertility and migration. In the 2014 IPS, information on current marital status was collected for all persons surveyed aged 15 and above. The marital status of a person was categorized as either "ever married" or "never married". The first group of "ever married" includes people who had married at least once by the time point of the survey, including those currently married, widowed, divorced or separated. The second group of "never married" only includes people who have never been married (were single) at the time point of the survey.

2.1. Marriage trends

Table 2.1 shows the proportion of the population aged 15 and above by marital status, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region. According to the 2014 IPS results, the proportion of ever-married people aged 15 and above in the population of the entire country was quite high, accounting for 76.1%. Of these, the proportion of currently-married people was 67.6%, while the proportion of never-married people aged 15 and above was about a quarter, or approximately 23.9% of the total population aged 15 and over.

Comparing marital status in urban and rural areas, the proportion of the population aged 15 and above currently married in rural areas was 3.3% higher than the proportion in urban areas (68.7% versus 65.4%). Conversely, the proportion of the never-married population aged 15 and above living in urban areas was 3.6% higher than that in rural areas (26.3% versus 22.7%). There was no significant differential in the proportion of "widowed" people between urban and rural areas (only about 1.1%). This is similar to the findings for the "divorced" and "separated" groups.

Table 2.1: Distribution of population aged 15 and above by marital status, urban/ rural residence and socio-economic region, 1/4/2014

Unit: Percentage

Socio-economic regions	Marital status					
	Total	Never married	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated
Entire country	**100.0**	**23.9**	**67.6**	**6.6**	**1.5**	**0.4**
Urban	100.0	26.3	65.4	5.9	2.0	0.4
Rural	100.0	22.7	68.7	7.0	1.2	0.4
Socio-economic region						
Northern Midlands and Mountains	100.0	19.1	72.9	6.6	1.1	0.3
Red River Delta	100.0	21.0	70.6	7.1	1.1	0.3
North and South Central Coast	100.0	25.8	65.4	7.4	1.0	0.3
Central Highlands	100.0	25.3	67.4	5.6	1.3	0.4
Southeast	100.0	29.6	62.2	5.3	2.2	0.6
Mekong River Delta	100.0	22.8	67.9	6.6	2.1	0.5

Among socio-economic regions, the Northern Midlands and Mountains had the lowest proportion of "single" people, at 19.1%. This region also had the highest proportion of "ever-married" people in the country (80.9%), of which the proportion of currently married people accounted for 72.9% and widowed people 6.6%. Conversely, the Southeast region had the highest proportion of "single" people, at 29.6%. The Southeast also had the lowest proportions of "currently married" and "widowed" people compared to the entire country (62.2% and 5.3%, respectively). This reflects differences in customs and social and cultural norms between regions. Marriage is considered common while divorce and separation are rarely accepted in the Northern Midlands and Mountains region. Due to geographic characteristics and economic dynamics (e.g., many investment projects), the Southeast region attracts young workers who migrate to live and work in the region. People in this young population often want to postpone marriage in order to seek better job opportunities. Moreover, the phenomenon of a concentrated population and sex selectivity of the labour force in the industrial zones and export processing zones in the Southeast also reduces opportunities for findings a partner. This may explain why the proportion of "never married" people in this region was the highest in the country (29.6%).

Table 2.2: Distribution of population aged 15 and above by marital status, sex and age group, 2014

Unit: Percentage

Age group Total	Marital status					
	Total	Never married	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated
MALE						
Total 15+	**100.0**	**27.8**	**68.9**	**2.0**	**1.0**	**0.3**
15-19	100.0	97.8	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
20-24	100.0	79.2	20.5	0.0	0.2	0.1
25-29	100.0	40.6	57.9	0.1	0.9	0.4
30-34	100.0	15.7	82.1	0.2	1.6	0.4
35-39	100.0	6.6	90.9	0.4	1.7	0.4
40-44	100.0	4.2	93.2	0.6	1.6	0.5
45-49	100.0	2.7	94.5	1.0	1.4	0.5
50-54	100.0	1.8	95.1	1.5	1.2	0.4
55-59	100.0	1.2	95.1	2.4	0.9	0.4
60+	100.0	0.7	85.8	12.6	0.6	0.4
FEMALE						
Total 15+	**100.0**	**20.3**	**66.3**	**11.0**	**2.0**	**0.5**
15-19	100.0	90.8	9.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
20-24	100.0	54.3	44.4	0.2	0.8	0.3
25-29	100.0	18.9	78.4	0.5	1.8	0.5
30-34	100.0	7.9	87.9	1.3	2.4	0.5
35-39	100.0	5.1	89.2	2.5	2.7	0.5
40-44	100.0	5.4	86.8	4.2	3.1	0.6
45-49	100.0	5.7	83.7	6.9	3.0	0.7
50-54	100.0	5.6	80.0	10.9	2.8	0.7
55-59	100.0	6.4	73.6	16.4	2.9	0.7
60+	100.0	3.8	47.0	47.6	1.2	0.4

Table 2.2 presents the proportion of population aged 15 and above by marital status, sex and age group, reflecting trends in marriage and marital status of men and women. It is clear that women in Viet Nam tend to marry earlier than men; however, at older ages (after age 40) women have fewer opportunities to marry/re-marry compared to men. Data in Table 2.2 also shows that for the population aged under 40, the proportion of "never married" women was lower than that of men, meaning the proportion of "ever-married" women was higher than that of men. For example, in the age group

of 20-24, the proportion of "ever-married" women was double the proportion among men (45.7% versus 20.8%). However, from the age of 40 and older, marriage is more universal among men; the proportion of married man was higher and the proportion of single men (single/divorced/separated) was much lower than for women. In the 55-59 age group, the proportion of single men accounted for only 1.2%, while the proportion of single women was 6.4% (a difference of 5.2%).

Figure 2.1: Proportion of single population aged 15 and over by sex and age group, 2014

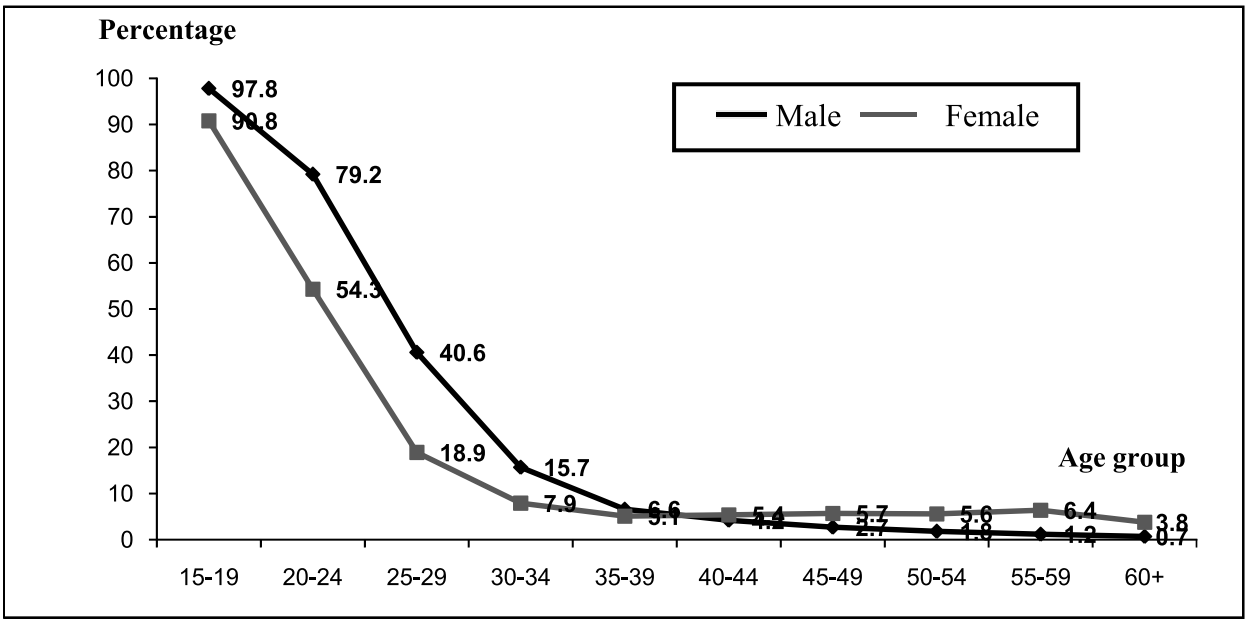


Figure 2.1 shows that a decline in the "never married" population group was most apparent in the age group of 15-29 for females and 20-34 for males. Both men and women in these groups are at the beginning of the age range when people typically marry. In the young age groups, the decline in the female proportion of "never married" was higher and faster than the decline in the male proportion. However, after age 40, this trend reversed again, though the difference between men and women was not significant. This shows that the greatest contribution to the difference in the proportion of "single" men and women in these age groups is not the "never married" groups, but other groups. In other words, "marriage" is universal in Viet Nam.

As noted above, the "widowed" group was the main source of the difference in the proportion of "single" men and women in the age groups after age 40. The "widowed" variable has a proportional correlation with age; the "widowed" proportion increases with increasing age. Table 2.2 shows that the proportion of widowed women was five times higher than the proportion among males, and the proportion increased faster by age compared to men. The reason for this difference may be that life expectancy at birth for males is usually lower than for females, or because widowed males tend to remarry more often than widowed females.

In Viet Nam, the status of "divorced" is not common, and the proportion of "divorced" people is very low. However, the divorce rate differs by sex. The divorced rate among women was found to be consistently higher than among men in all observed age groups. Similar to "divorced", being "separated" is not common in Viet Nam. There was no difference in this indicator by sex.

2.2. Singulate mean age at marriage

The singulate mean age at (first) marriage (SMAM) is most cases was calculated separately by sex. In this report, this indicator was estimated indirectly from the proportion of the never-married population aged 15 and above, among age groups from 15-19 to 50-54.

Table 2.3: Singulate mean age at marriage by sex, 1989-2014

Unit: Year

Year	SMAM (years)	Male	Female	Difference in SMAM between male and female
1989	23.8	24.4	23.2	1.2
1999	24.1	25.4	22.8	2.6
2009	24.5	26.2	22.8	3.4
2014	24.9	26.8	22.9	3.9

Sources:
- 1989: The 1989 Viet Nam Population Census: Completed Census Results, Vol. I, Table 3.1, page 233.
- 1999: General Statistics Office, "The 1999 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Completed Census Results", Statistics Publishing House, August 2001, Table 3.1, page 219.
- 2009: General Statistics Office, "the 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Major Findings", Table 3.14, page 48.

Table 2.3 shows that SMAM increased for both men and women in the period 1989-2014. But the SMAM for men increased to a higher level than for women. This leads to an expanded differential in SMAM by sex; according to the results of the 2014 IPS, the difference in SMAM between male and female was 3.9 years. In the 15 years since the 1999 Census, the SMAM of males increased 1.4 years while the SMAM of females was nearly unchanged (increased by only 0.1 year). This indicates that males are likely to marry for the first time later than females.

Table 2.4 presents SMAM for men and women by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region in 2014. There was a differential in SMAM by urban/rural residence; the SMAM in urban areas was higher than in rural areas, for both men and women. The results of the 2014 IPS show that SMAM among urban men was higher than among rural men by 1.4 years. This differential among women is 2.1 years, suggesting that urban women are likely to marry later than rural women. The difference in SMAM by sex in rural areas was 0.7 years higher than the difference in

urban areas (4.2 years versus 3.5 years). This suggests that rural males are likely to marry later than rural females. In addition, urban men have more opportunities for employment and study compared to urban women.

Table 2.4: Singulate mean age at marriage by sex, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014

Unit: Years

Socio-economic region	SMAM		Difference in SMAM between males and females
	Male	Female	
Entire country	**26.8**	**22.9**	**3.9**
Urban	27.8	24.2	3.5
Rural	26.4	22.1	4.2
Socio-economic region			
Northern Midlands and Mountains	24.5	20.9	3.6
Red River Delta	26.7	22.7	4.0
North and South Central Coast	27.6	23.0	4.5
Central Highlands	26.0	22.5	3.4
Southeast	27.8	24.3	3.6
Mekong River Delta	26.9	22.7	4.2

Table 2.4 summarizes SMAM by region based on the results of the 2014 IPS. The Southeast region had the highest SMAM at 27.8 years for men and 24.3 for women. The region with the lowest SMAM was the Northern Midlands and Mountains, at 24.5 years for men and 20.9 for women. These two regions contain a high proportion of ethnic minority groups compared to the other regions of the country. The culture, social characteristics and traditions of these regions may be factors affecting young people's decision to marriage early. In areas with higher levels of urbanization and/or better economic and social conditions (the Southeast, North and South Central Coast and the Red River Delta) people tend to marry later.

SMAM among men and women and differences in SMAM between males and females by province are shown in Annex 5. Based on the 2014 IPS results, Thua Thien Hue and Khanh Hoa had the highest male SMAM in the country (both at 28.9 years), followed by Ho Chi Minh City (28.6 years) and Da Nang (28.2). The lowest male SMAM was in Lai Chau (21.6 years), followed by Son La (22.5 years), Ha Giang and Dien Bien (both at 22.7 years). For women, the patterns across provinces were similar.

In 2009 only 17 provinces had a marital age gap of 4 years or more, while in 2014 there were 33 provinces. Differences in SMAM between males and females was highest in Quang Nam (5.6 years), followed by Binh Dinh (5.5 years). The lowest gap was found in Dien Bien at only about 2.4 years (lower than the SMAM gap for the entire country 1.5 years).

Table 2.5: Singulate mean age at marriage by sex and highest education attainment, 2014

Unit: Years

The highest education level attainment	SMAM			Difference in SMAM between male and female
	Total	Male	Female	
Entire country	**24.9**	**26.8**	**22.9**	**3.9**
Under primary	22.9	25.4	20.0	5.3
Primary	23.5	25.8	20.9	4.9
Lower secondary	24.1	26.1	21.7	4.4
Higher secondary	26.1	27.8	24.3	3.5

Reviewing SMAM by the highest education attainment shows that there is a proportional relationship between SMAM and highest education attainment: people with higher education levels are likely to have a higher SMAM, and this is true for both males and females.

In general, differences in SMAM by sex tend to decrease when education attainment levels are higher. Differences in SMAM between males and females who did not complete primary level was 5.3 years in 2014, or about 1.8 years higher than for those who graduated from higher secondary level, and around 1.4 years higher than the difference in SMAM for the national population.

2.3. Adolescent marriage

Table 2.6 presents data from the 2014 IPS on the ever-married adolescent population aged 15-19 by year of age and SMAM for the group. Data show that adolescent males and females marry early. However, the rate of "marriage at adolescent ages" was higher for young females than for young males. The proportion of ever-married women aged 18 in rural areas was 16.6%, and 27.2% at age 19. The same figures in urban areas were 9.0% and 15.3%, respectively. All indicators in the table are higher for women than for men. A significant difference in the percentage of the married adolescents by sex was found at the age of 17 and over.

There was a large differential found in adolescent marriage rates by regions. In general, the proportion of adolescent males and females who have ever married was highest in the Northern Midlands and Mountains, followed by the Central

Highlands. These two regions have large ethnic minority populations, and the rate and extent of industrialization and economic development have been slower compared than in other regions, which may be the reason that marriage among adolescents is so high. On the other hand, the lowest proportion of adolescent males who have "ever married" was found in the Red River Delta (accounting for only 0.7% of males aged 15-19). The lowest proportion of "ever married" adolescent females was in the Southeast. This is a dynamic economic region with a relatively high proportion of young people.

Table 2.6: Percentage of ever-married adolescent population aged 15-19 by singulate mean age at marriage, sex, urban/rural areas and socio-economic region, 2014

Socio-economic region	Percent ever married at age (%)						SMAM
	15	16	17	18	19	15-19	
MALE							
Entire country	**0.4**	**0.8**	**1.4**	**3.0**	**6.1**	**2.2**	**18.7**
Urban	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.4	3.8	2.1	18.7
Rural	0.5	1.0	1.7	3.5	6.9	2.6	18.7
Socio-economic region							
Northern Midlands and Mountains	1.6	3.8	5.0	8.7	16.6	7.1	18.5
Red River Delta	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.7	2.4	0.7	19.2
North and South Central Coast	0.2	0.2	0.5	1.3	3.4	1.1	19.0
Central Highlands	0.8	1.2	2.9	5.4	9.2	3.8	18.6
Southeast	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.9	4.5	1.2	18.7
Mekong River Delta	0.2	0.5	1.1	2.7	5.1	1.8	18.9
FEMALE							
Entire country	**1.3**	**2.9**	**7.5**	**14.8**	**23.1**	**9.2**	**18.4**
Urban	0.5	1.0	4.5	9.0	15.3	5.0	18.6
Rural	1.6	3.4	7.8	16.6	27.2	11.0	18.4
Socio-economic region							
Northern Midlands and Mountains	4.7	8.0	16.5	29.8	42.3	20.0	18.1
Red River Delta	0.1	0.8	3.6	9.2	17.3	6.2	18.8
North and South Central Coast	0.4	1.9	4.6	10.4	17.3	6.3	18.7
Central Highlands	1.8	4.9	10.2	16.6	20.1	11.3	18.4
Southeast	1.4	1.1	4.5	10.2	18.9	5.6	18.4
Mekong River Delta	1.1	3.4	10.6	18.7	28.0	11.3	18.3

CHAPTER 3: EDUCATION

Education plays an important role in the development of each country and ethnic group, and can have a positive impact on the lives of individuals by contributing to the elimination of hunger, reducing poverty, and enabling people to find better paying jobs. To date, through much effort, Viet Nam has made substantial achievements in the field of education, including eliminating illiteracy and completing universal primary education nationwide, and has made great progress in universalizing lower secondary education. Viet Nam has a well-established national education system that is reaching uniform standards through a system that covers different levels of education from pre-school through general education and vocational/ trade education to university and post-university training. The education system coverage is widespread throughout the entire country, and includes clear objectives for educational development along with the country's development process.

In order to obtain an overview of education in Viet Nam and education trends, and to meet the requirements of providing information on education in the country, it is necessary to collect and maintain relevant information over time. As was done in the population censuses of 1989, 1999 and 2009, the questionnaires used for the 2014 IPS included groups of questions on school attendance, literacy, highest education level attained, and technical and professional qualification levels of the surveyed population.

3.1. School attendance

The schooling situation of the population is reflected in the classifications of "currently attending", "ever attended" and "never attended" school. *"Currently attending"* means studying at one of the schools/classes under the National Education System from 3 months or more; *"ever attended"* means a person who has previously attended a school/class that belongs the national education system for 3 months or more but at the time of the survey had stopped attending school; and *"never attended"* means those who has never studied in any school/class under the national education system for 3 months or more.

Table 3.1 shows the proportion of the population aged 5 years and over by school attendance, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region in 2014. Compared to the results of the 1999 and 2009 censuses, the proportion of the population aged 5 years and older who had "never attended" school in 2014 had decreased significantly at the national level − from 9.8% in 1999 to 5.1% in 2009 and 4.4% in 2014 (see Figure 3.1). However, the decline slowed down (to 4.7 percentage point in 2009 and 0.7 in 2014). The trend is similar in urban/rural areas and socio-economic regions.

This provides evidence of the results of efforts by the Party and the State to encourage and provide opportunities for children to go to school, while also reflecting parents' awareness of the importance of schooling for their children.

However, due to the differences in socio-economic development and regional geographical characteristics, differences in educational achievement still exist between urban and rural areas and among different regions of the country. In more developed areas like the Red River Delta and the Southeast, the proportion of people who have "never attended" school was found to be very low (1.6% and 2.5%, respectively). Conversely, the more remote regions with difficult economic conditions, specifically the Northern Midlands and Mountains and Central Highlands, had a significant proportion of the population who had "never attended" school (9.0% and 7.8%, respectively). Compared with the 2009 Census, however, the decline in the proportion of the population who had "never attended" school in these two regions was the highest (1.3 and 1.1percentage points, respectively).

Table 3.1: Proportion of population 5 years and older by schooling situation, urban/ rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014

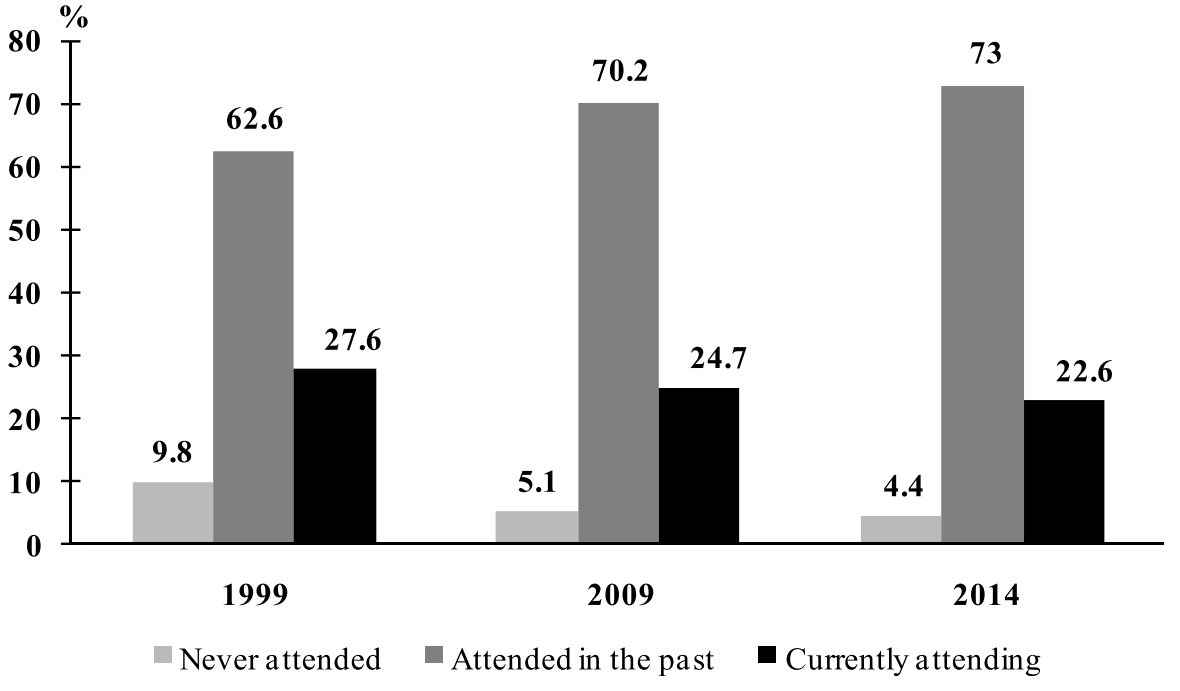
Unit: Percentage

Socio-economic region	Never attended	Ever attended	Currently attending		
			Total	General education	Vocational and university education
Entire country	**4.4**	**72.9**	**22.6**	**18.1**	**2.5**
Urban	2.2	74.6	23.2	16.7	4.5
Rural	5.5	72.1	22.3	18.8	1.6
Male	3.0	73.4	23.5	18.8	2.5
Female	5.8	72.4	21.7	17.3	2.5
Socio-economic region					
Northern Midlands and Mountains	9.0	67.6	23.0	19.3	1.4
Red River Delta	1.6	75.5	23.0	17.7	3.2
North and South Central Coast	3.9	72.3	23.7	19.2	2.6
Central Highlands	7.8	65.7	26.5	22.9	1.2
Southeast	2.5	75.8	21.6	16.1	3.6
Mekong River Delta	6.1	73.6	20.3	16.9	1.8

Figure 3.1 on the schooling situation in the period 1999-2014 shows that the proportion of the population "currently attending" school decreased from 27.6% in 1999, 24.7% in 2009 and 22.6% in 2014, while the "ever attended" proportion increased from 62.6% in 1999 to 70.2% in 2009 and 73% in 2014. In the "currently

attending" population group, 88.9% were attending general education at the time of the 2014 IPS. The proportion of the population "currently attending" school decreased partly due to changes in the age structure of the population (i.e. the reduction of the young population). This shows that the pressure on the education system has fallen, but it also means that there is growing pressure to create jobs for those leaving the education system, and this is considered a great challenge that Viet Nam has been facing in recent years.

Figure 3.1: Proportion of population aged 5 years and over by school attendance, 1999 - 2014

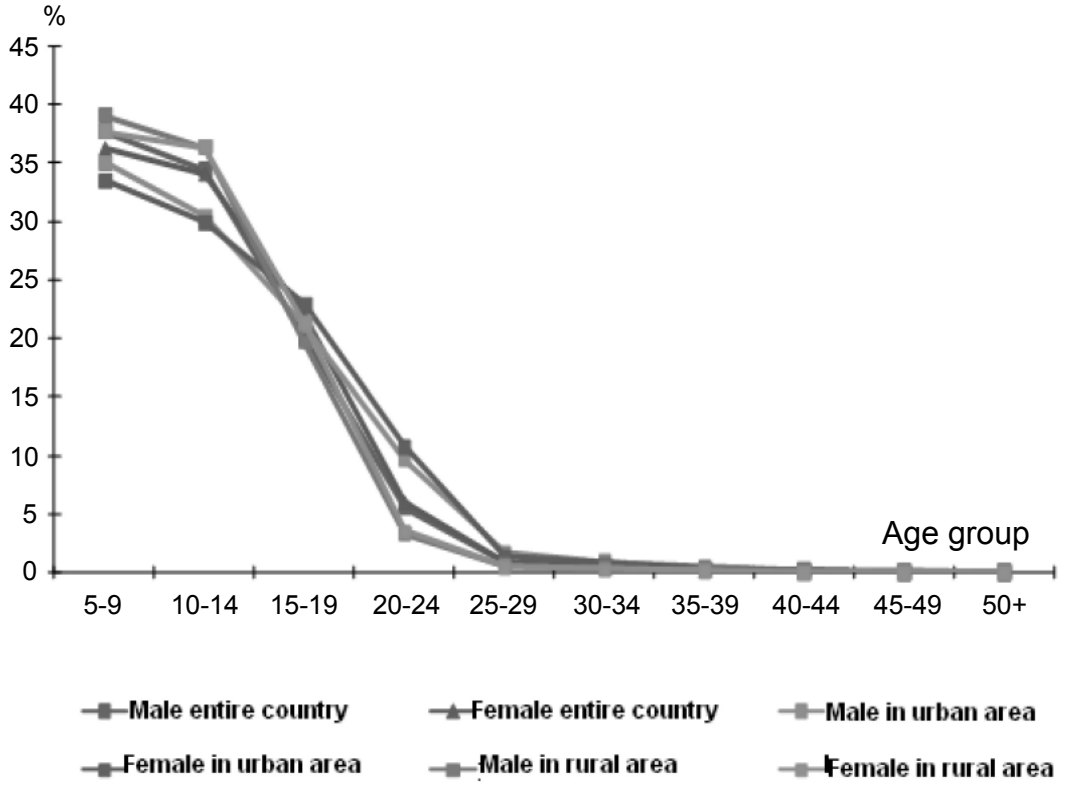


Data on school attendance for provinces/cities is in Annex 7. The proportion of the population aged 5 years and over who had "never attended" school was lowest in Ha Noi (1.5%), while the proportion was highest in some northern mountainous provinces such as Lai Chau (35.1%), Dien Bien (31.2%), and Ha Giang (28.1%). This may be due to the complex terrain of these provinces (which makes travel and walking to school difficult), economic development that lags the rest of the country, and the fact that these provinces are home to many ethnic minorities.

Figure 3.2 provides information on the proportion of the population aged 5 years and over by status of school attendance and sex. The proportion of women have never attended school was higher than the proportion of men, especially, in older age groups. This is due to gender inequalities in education that existed in the past. In other words, females faced more disadvantages than males in accessing education. However, when considering the situation of those "currently attending school", significant differences between males and females have become almost non-existent, manifested by the way the male and female graphs run very close together, except

at the beginning on the left side for the young age groups, which is due to males and females starting school at incorrect ages. The insignificant differences between male and female school attendance rates is a positive sign that reflects the achievements gained in the gradual elimination of educational inequality in the recent period.

Figure 3.2: Proportion of population aged 5 years and over attending school by sex, urban/rural residence and age group, 2014



3.2. Gross and net school attendance rates

According to Viet Nam's Education Law, the general education system in Viet Nam is divided into three levels, with varying requirements in terms of duration and ages: (1) primary school is from grade 1 to 5, with pupils starting grade 1 at 6 years of age; (2) lower secondary school is from grade 6 to 9, and pupils starting grade 6 must have completed primary school and be at least 11 years of age; and (3) upper secondary school is from grade 10 to 12, and pupils starting grade 10 must have completed lower secondary and be at least 15 years of age. In addition, the national education system also includes other forms of education such as colleges and universities, and masters and doctoral programs. However, this section only presents information on gross attendance rates and net attendance rates for the general education system.

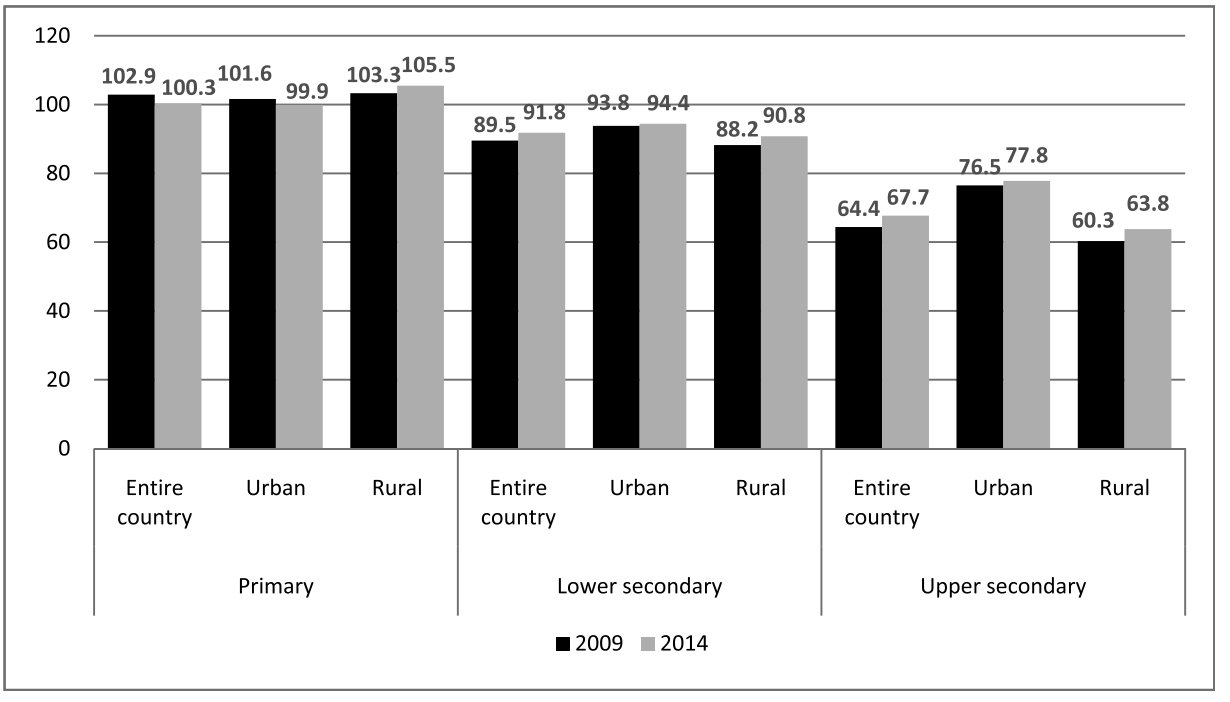
Table 3.2: Gross attendance rate and net attendance rate by level of general education, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014

Unit: Percentage

Socio-economic region	Gross attendance rate			Net attendance rate		
	Primary	Lower secondary	Upper secondary	Primary	Lower secondary	Upper secondary
Entire country	**100.3**	**91.8**	**67.7**	**96.8**	**88.0**	**63.1**
Urban	99.9	94.4	77.8	97.5	91.8	73.2
Rural	100.5	90.8	63.8	96.4	86.4	59.2
Socio-economic region						
Northern Midlands and Mountains	100.5	91.0	61.6	95.9	85.4	55.9
Red River Delta	100.1	98.5	85.2	98.6	96.2	82.2
North and South Central Coast	100.0	95.3	71.8	97.2	91.2	66.9
Central Highlands	101.7	85.4	56.4	95.5	80.2	51.4
Southeast	100.1	92.1	66.7	97.3	89.0	61.7
Mekong River Delta	100.4	84.4	53.0	94.9	80.4	48.1

Table 3.2 shows that Viet Nam has achieved universal primary education. Generally, the higher the level of education, the lower the attendance rate. In 2014, Viet Nam had achieved a 91.8% gross attendance rate at the lower secondary level and a 67.7% gross attendance rate at the upper secondary level. Similarly, net attendance rates for these two education levels were 88.0% and 63.1%, respectively. School attendance at lower and higher secondary levels were generally better in urban areas than in rural areas; the attendance rate in urban areas was always higher than in rural areas, especially at the high education levels (these rates in urban and rural areas were 3.6% and 14.0 percentage points for lower secondary, and 5.4% and 14.0% percentage points for higher secondary). These disparities are likely due to better living conditions and more opportunities to access education in urban areas (i.e. the dense network of school at all levels with better facilities), and even quality of education, and particularly the higher awareness of the importance of education among parents in urban areas compared to parents in rural areas.

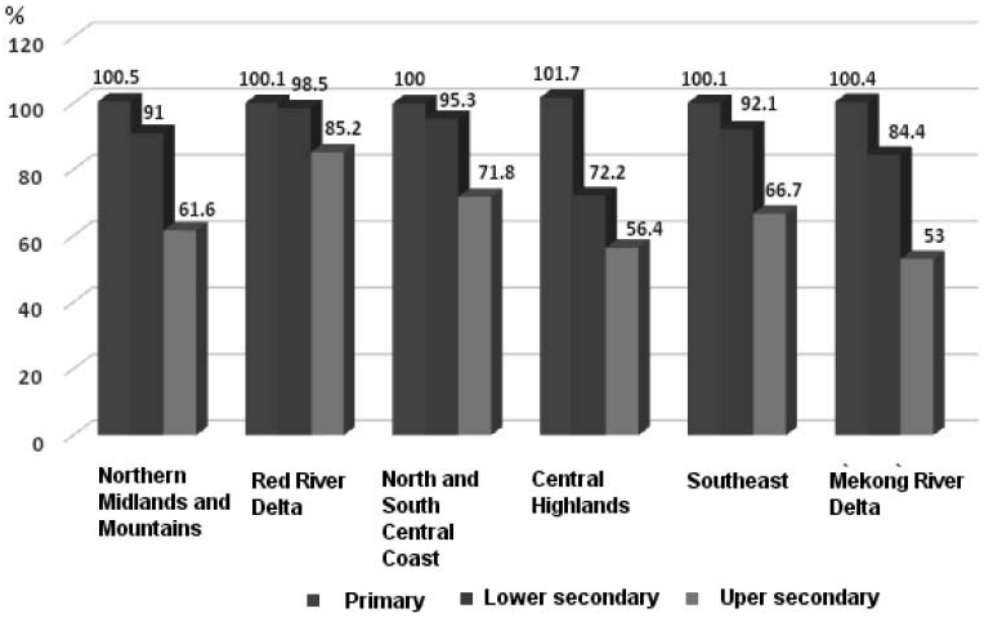
Figure 3.3: Gross attendance rates by level of schooling and urban/rural residence, 2009 and 2014



Compared to the 2009 Census, attendance rates at all levels of education had changed by 2014. After 5 years, the gross attendance rate for primary school had dropped by 2.8 percentage points. The rate for upper secondary level fell sharply as well, by 2.4 percentage point, but the rate for the lower secondary level increased slightly, by 0.2 percentage points.

The 2014 IPS data on school attendance between regions in the country is summarized in Table 3.2. The results indicate a widening gap by level of education among socio-economic regions. Figure 3.4 also shows that there are obvious differences between regions. The difference between the region with the highest gross attendance rate and the region with the lowest gross attendance rate was about 26.3percentage points for the lower secondary level, and about 32.2% percentage points for the upper secondary level. For primary education, the differences in gross attendance rates among the regions was negligible. Data in 2014 shows that the Red River Delta had the highest attendance rates in the country, while the lowest attendance rates were in the Central Highlands.

Figure 3.4: Gross attendance rates by socio-economic region, 2014



3.3. Literacy

The literacy rate is one of the most common measures reflecting education outcomes. The 2014 IPS question on literacy was asked of people who have never attended school and people who had not graduated from primary school (completed grade 5). It was assumed that all people with educational above the primary level are able to read and write.

Table 3.3: Literacy rate of the population aged 15 and over by sex, 1989-2014

Unit: Percentage

Sex	1989	1999	2009	2014
Entire country	**88.2**	**91.1**	**94.0**	**94.7**
Male	92.8	94.3	96.0	96.4
Female	84.2	88.2	92.0	93.0

***Source**: Year of 1989, 1999 and 2009: Central Population and Housing Census Steering Committee, "The 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Major Findings", Table 7.5, page 92, Statistics Publishing House, 2010.*

Results of the 2014 IPS show that the literacy rate of the population aged 15 and above stood at 94.7%, an increase of 0.7% percentage points over 5 years from compared to 5 years earlier (2009 Census). The female literacy rate was found to be higher than that of males (an increase of 1 percentage point versus 0.4%, respectively). This increase has contributed to a gradual narrowing in the gender difference for this indicator, from 4 percentage points in 2009 down to 3.4 percentage points in 2014. Overall, the gender difference in literacy in Viet Nam has been nearly abolished.

Table 3.4: Literacy rate of population aged 15 and above by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014

Unit: Percentage

Socio-economic region	Total	Urban	Rural	Urban - rural differential
Entire country	**94.7**	**97.5**	**93.3**	**4.2**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	89.0	97.1	87.3	9.8
Red River Delta	98.1	99.0	97.7	1.3
North and South Central Coast	95.2	96.9	94.6	2.3
Central Highlands	90.3	97.2	87.3	9.9
Southeast	97.2	98.2	95.5	2.7
Mekong River Delta	92.6	94.5	92.0	2.5

Table 3.4 presents literacy rates for the population aged 15 and above by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region in 2014. Compared to the 2009 Census, differences in adult literacy rates between urban and rural areas have narrowed, due to higher literacy in rural areas (the literacy rate of the population in urban areas was 97.5% in 2014, and 93.3% in rural areas).

Comparison by socio-economic regions shows that the Red River Delta was still the region with the highest adult literacy rate in the country, at 98.1%. The lowest rate belonged to the Northern Midlands and Mountains region (89.0%), although this region saw the highest increase in the literacy rate over the past 5 years (an increase of nearly 2%). Still, the Northern Midlands and Mountains had the second largest differential between urban with rural literacy rates in the country, at 9.8% in 2014, after only the Central Highlands which had a 9.9% difference. For other regions, differences between urban with rural areas was negligible, fluctuating at around only 2%. In general, the gap between urban and rural areas has narrowed in all regions across the country.

Figure 3.5: Proportion of the illiterate population aged 15 years and older by age group and sex, 2014

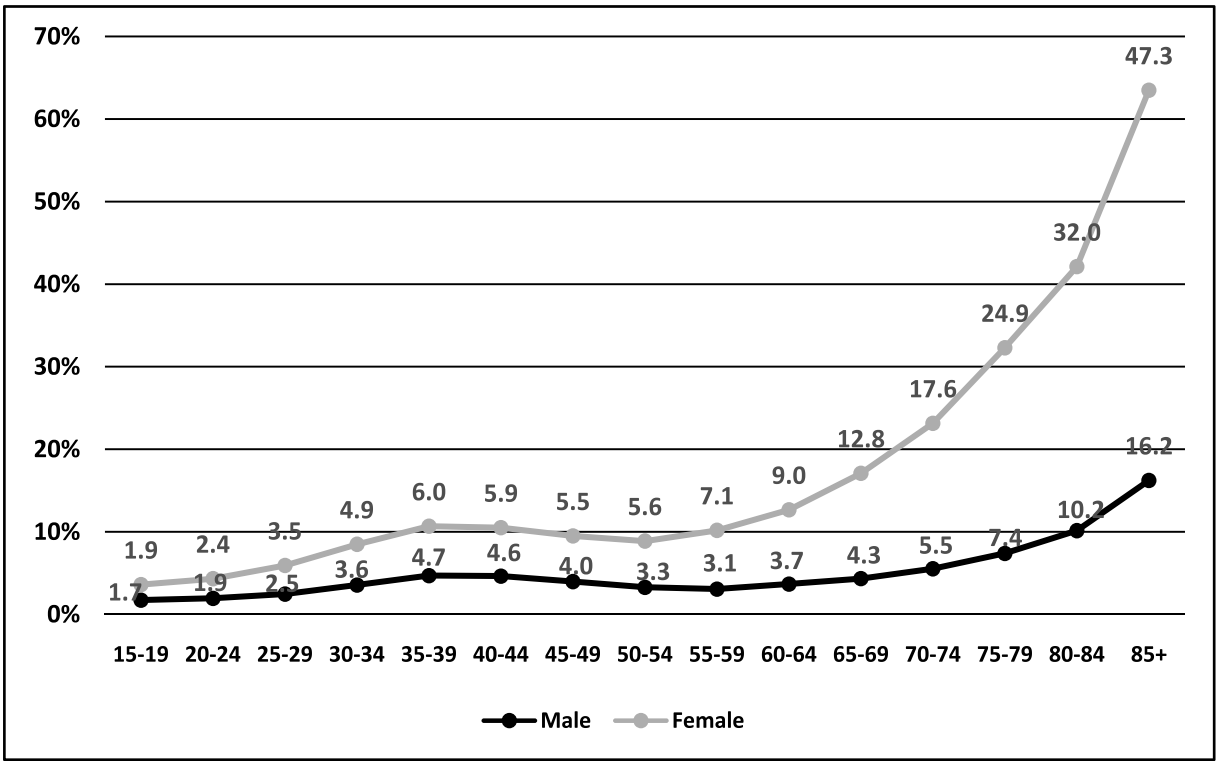


Figure 3.5 shows the proportion of illiterate population aged 15 and over by sex and age groups in 2014. The proportion of illiterate population for young age groups was very low, especially in the age group from 15-19 years, which had the lowest rate for both men and women. This shows that illiteracy has gradually been reduced among the younger generations, so that now most of Viet Nam's youth are literate.

As mentioned above, gender inequality in primary education in Viet Nam is now almost eliminated. This is clearly reflected in the curve in Figure 3.5: the lines are almost the same for males and females in the young age groups, and the lines only begin to separate significantly from the age of 60. This indicates that gender differences in the ability to read and write did exist in the past, but have almost been eliminated now. This reflects a consistently improved literacy situation, and is a testament to the effectiveness of educational policies. It also shows that the goal of gender equality is also guaranteed.

Literacy rates by provinces/cities is presented in Annex 6. Data from the 2014 IPS shows that the highest literacy rate was in Ha Noi (98.7%) and the lowest was in Lai Chau (66.6%), a gap of 32%. This is a quite large gap, and therefore more attention and greater efforts are needed by Government and stakeholders

at relevant levels and branches to minimize and eliminate this gap. Of the 63 provinces and cities across Viet Nam, 26 had higher literacy rates than the average rate for the country (94.7%). Most of these provinces are located in the Red River Delta and Southeast.

3.4. Educational attainment

3.4.1. Educational attainment

Educational attainment has always been regarded as one of the important indicators reflecting the quality of human resources of every nation and ethnic group. In addition to providing information to assess the level of development of countries, education also has an impact on employment, age at marriage, behaviours affecting fertility, and how individuals respond to the problems of life. Therefore, improving educational attainment is not only the responsibility of the community, but also of society and each person. Individuals should be responsible for improving themselves by raising their level of education, and thereby contribute to the general development of the country and society.

Data in Table 3.5 shows that in Viet Nam people who have completed lower secondary school or higher accounted for 49.9% of the population aged 5 years and older, an increase of 5.4% percentage points compared to 2009. At the same time, the proportions who have "never attended" and "not completed primary education" decreased significantly, from 5.1% and 22.7% in 2009 to 4.4% and 20.6% in 2014, respectively. This shows that the opportunity to access and complete primary education is increasing. However, there are still differences in educational attainment between males and females and between urban and rural areas, especially when looking at disaggregated data for higher education. In 2014, the proportion of the population 5 years and older who had completed upper secondary or higher in urban areas accounted for 40.4%, while the proportion in rural areas was only 18%. Similarly, the proportion of males and females who had completed upper secondary level was 27.1% and 23.8%, respectively. Compared to 2009, this gap has narrowed considerably.

Table 3.5: Proportion of the population 5 years and over by highest education level, sex, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014

Unit: Percentage

Socio-economic region	Total	Never attended	Incomplete primary	Completed primary	Completed lower secondary	Completed upper secondary and higher
Entire country	**100.0**	**4.4**	**20.6**	**25.0**	**24.5**	**25.4**
Male	100.0	3.0	19.5	25.0	25.4	27.1
Female	100.0	5.8	21.6	25.1	23.7	23.8
Urban	100.0	2.2	16.6	20.3	20.5	40.4
Rural	100.0	5.5	22.5	27.5	26.5	18.0
Socio-economic region						
Northern Midlands and Mountains	100.0	9.0	20.2	22.9	25.1	22.8
Red River Delta	100.0	1.6	14.0	15.8	32.9	35.7
North and South Central Coast	100.0	3.9	19.4	25.3	26.4	25.0
Central Highlands	100.0	7.8	23.3	29.5	22.1	17.3
Southeast	100.0	2.5	18.6	26.2	21.4	31.2
Mekong River Delta	100.0	6.1	30.7	34.4	15.8	13.0

Table 3.5 shows that there are differences in highest educational attainment among the socio-economic regions of the country. It is worth noting the difference between the two regions with the most developed economics, namely Red River Delta and Southeast, and the Central Highlands and Mekong River Delta. The proportion of the population aged 5 and over who had "completed upper secondary and higher" level accounted for 35.7% in the Red River Delta and 31.2% in the Southeast.. On the other hand, the Central Highlands and the Mekong River Delta had the lowest proportions of the population aged 5 and over who had "completed upper secondary and higher" level, at 17.3% and 13.0%, respectively. The proportions with less than a primary level education ('never attended' and 'incomplete primary') in these two provinces were also the highest in Viet Nam, at about 31.1% and 36.8% respectively - or approximately 6 and 12 percentage points above the national average. The Red River Delta and the Southeast are the two regions with high economic development, so these regions attract many qualified workers come to live and work.

3.4.2. Technical and professional qualifications

For the 2014 IPS, technical and professional qualifications were divided into five groups: short-term training, trade vocational school, secondary vocational school, trade college, vocational college, and university and higher.

The proportion of the population aged 15 and over by technical and professional qualifications is displayed in Table 3.6. In this population, approximately 82.8% did not have any technical and professional qualifications, a decrease of 3.9% compared to 2009. Although there was an increase in the proportion of the population aged 15 and over with technical and professional qualifications, this portion still accounted for only 17.2% of the total. The proportion with university and higher education accounted for only 6.9%, while the percentage with college qualifications accounted for just 2.6%.

Table 3.6: Proportion of the population aged 15 and over by technical and professional qualifications, sex, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014

Unit: Percentage

Socio-economic region	Total	No qualifications	Short-term training	vocational training	College	University and higher
Entire country	**100.0**	**82.8**	**1.8**	**5.8**	**2.6**	**6.9**
Male	100.0	81.4	2.1	6.4	2.5	7.6
Female	100.0	84.2	1.4	5.3	2.8	6.3
Urban	100.0	70.8	2.5	8.3	3.7	14.7
Rural	100.0	88.9	1.4	4.6	2.1	3.0
Socio-economic region						
Northern Midlands and Mountains	100.0	83.4	2.1	7.2	2.7	4.6
Red River Delta	100.0	75.4	2.7	8.2	3.8	10.0
North and South Central Coast	100.0	83.4	1.7	6.1	2.9	6.1
Central Highlands	100.0	87.1	1.2	4.5	2.1	5.1
Southeast	100.0	80.7	1.7	5.1	2.7	9.8
Mekong River Delta	100.0	91.4	0.8	2.9	1.2	3.7

These changes were similar for males and females, and for urban and rural areas. However, there is still a rather large gap by gender and urban/rural areas in the

share of the population with technical and professional training at all training levels, with no apparent narrowing of this gap. Specifically, the proportion of the population in urban areas with college or lower levels of education was nearly double the proportion in rural areas. And the difference between the groups with university and more than university education in urban and rural areas has decreased significantly since 2009 (by 14.7% and 3.0%, respectively).

Comparing socio-economic regions, differences in technical and professional qualifications are quite clear, with the clearest differences in the Red River Delta and Mekong River Delta. For the all groups with technical and professional qualifications, the Mekong River Delta had the lowest proportions (0.8% for short term training; 2.9% for vocational training; 1.2% for college and 3.7% for university and higher level). However, compared to 2009, the proportion of the population aged 15 and over with technical and professional qualifications at the level of college or higher has increased. The Red River Delta was still the leading region in the proportion of the reference population with technical and professional qualifications, especially at the university and higher level, followed by the Southeast. The proportions with university and higher level of education in these two regions were 10.0% and 9.8%, respectively − higher by 6.0% than the corresponding proportions in the Mekong River Delta.

Over the past several decades, the development of technical and professional training in Viet Nam has seen important improvements. However, the imbalance in the structure of technical training is really a problem that needs appropriate policy adjustments. Viet Nam will continue to need highly skilled labour, but the current supply clearly does not meet these needs. Therefore, effective solutions are needed from the Government to resolve the situation of imbalance in training in Viet Nam, and at the same time solutions are needed to better link supply and demand between the education-training system and employers, in order to satisfy the need for both the quantity and quality of labour.

CHAPTER 4: FERTILITY

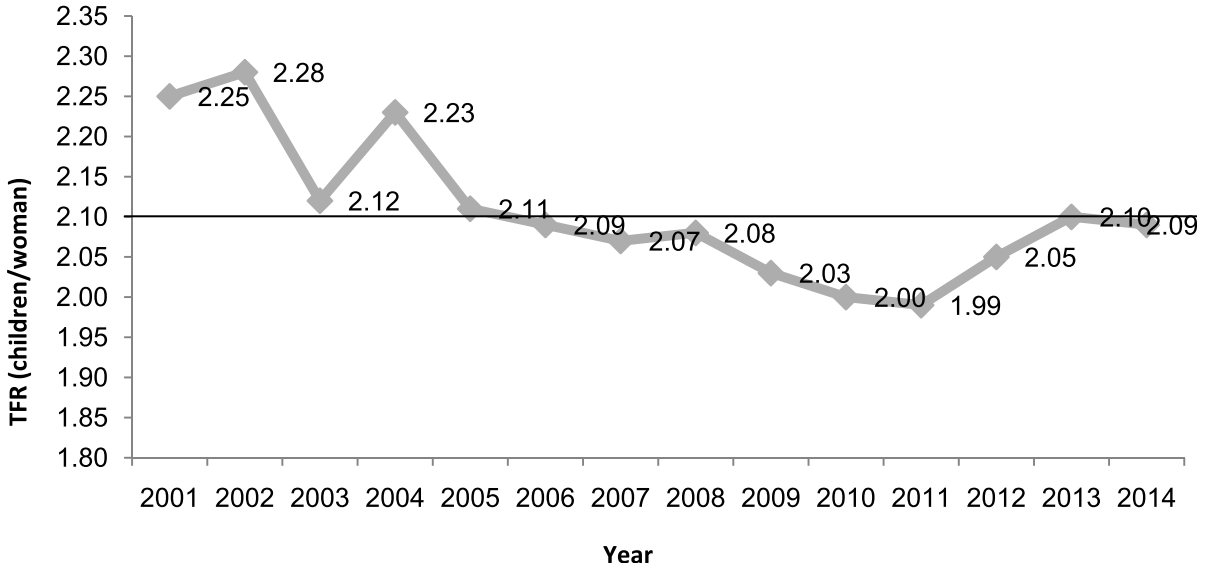
Fertility is an important indicator that provides information for development and implementation of policies, especially policies focused on population and family planning. Data related to the fertility level consistently attracts the attention of policy makers, managers and researchers. In Viet Nam, because birth registration and exploitation from births registration administration records are still incomplete, indicators reflecting fertility are still calculated and estimated using survey data. This chapter provides information about changes and trends in fertility in Viet Nam based on information collected on the number of births in the 12 months preceding the 2014 IPS for women aged 15-49. The data that was collected on births in the 12 months preceding the survey could have various types of errors, resulting in the under-estimation of fertility rates. In order to overcome this problem, indirect estimation methods were used to estimate fertility.

4.1. Total fertility rate

The total fertility rate (TFR) is one of the primary indicators for measuring fertility. TFR is not dependent on the population's age structure, so it can also be used as a tool to compare fertility levels among different population groups or fertility levels through different time periods. TFR is usually estimated indirectly using the Trussell P/F ratio technique with the assumption that the numbers of children born in the 12 months period prior to the survey among women age 15 to 49 years are underreported. This underreporting usually occurs for cases in which the infant dies or does not stay with the parents.

Figure 4.1 summarizes changes in the estimated TFR for Viet Nam over the period 2001-2014. The TFR dropped rapidly from 2.28 children per woman in 2002 to 1.99 children per woman in 2011, and then moved up in 2012 and 2013, which may be due to a preference for having babies in auspicious years (2012 was the lunar Year of the Dragon, and 2013 was the Lunar Year of the Snake). However, in 2014 the TFR declined to 2.09 children per woman, a fertility rate below the replacement level. This shows the success in implementing the goals of the Strategy of Population and Reproductive Health in the period 2011-2020 as well as the National Target Program on Population in the period 2012-2015. Fertility fluctuating when reaching below replacement level is a common phenomenon in the world. This is the basis for the expectation that the fertility rate in Viet Nam will reach 1.9 children per woman in 2015, in accordance with the National Target Program on Population in the period 2012-2015.

Figure 4.1: Total fertility rate in Viet Nam, 2001-2014



The difference in TFR between urban and rural areas in Viet Nam has been consistently large. This is because couples in urban areas have easier access to information, better understanding of the benefits of smaller families, and easier access to health facilities providing family planning services compared to couples in rural areas. This helps urban women avoid pregnancy and unwanted childbearing. However, this difference has gradually narrowed since 2001. In 2001, the TFR in rural areas was greater than the TFR in urban areas by 0.52 children per woman; in 2014 the difference was reduced to 0.36 children per woman. This improvement is due to the efforts of the population and family planning sector, which has been very effective in using the media to raise awareness among people, and in strengthening reproductive health care services around the country in recent years. Due to traditions in certain Asian countries, including Viet Nam, couples prefer to have babies in years corresponding to certain Zodiac signs, especially people in rural areas. This was most evident in 2003 (the lunar Year of the Goat), when the difference in TFR between urban and rural areas reached the highest level in recent decades, at 0.6 children per woman.

Data in Table 4.1 shows changes in the TFR in urban and rural areas in the period 2001−2014. The urban TFR over this period varied around the level of 1.8 children per woman, while the TFR in rural areas tended to decrease for most of this period, though from 2011 to 2014 it increased slightly.

Table 4.1: Total fertility rate in Viet Nam, 2001 - 2014

Unit: Children per woman

Survey year	Total fertility rate		
	Entire country	Urban	Rural
2001	2.25	1.86	2.38
2002	2.28	1.93	2.39
2003	2.12	1.70	2.30
2004	2.23	1.87	2.38
2005	2.11	1.73	2.28
2006	2.09	1.72	2.25
2007	2.07	1.70	2.22
2008	2.08	1.83	2.22
2009	2.03	1.81	2.14
2010	2.00	1.77	2.11
2011	1.99	1.70	2.12
2012	2.05	1.80	2.17
2013	2.10	1.86	2.21
2014	2.09	1.85	2.21

The data show that the TFR has been relatively stable in the last 10 years in Viet Nam. This is also the view of international demographers regarding the fertility rate of Viet Nam in recent years. From 2001 to 2014, the TFR in urban area was consistently lower than the TFR in rural areas, and was always below the replacement level during this period. On the other hand, while the TFR of rural areas has been above the replacement fertility rate, the lowest of the TFR in rural areas was asymptotic with replacement level in 2010. Because living conditions are better in urban areas than in rural areas, urban children tend to be better cared for. This has contributed to reducing the need among couples in urban areas to have additional children to replace those who do not survive. And this may be the primary reason why fertility levels in rural areas have been consistently higher than in urban areas.

Table 4.2 presents the change in TFR from 2009 to 2014 for six socio-economic regions. Despite the fact that the national fertility rate has declined compared to 2013, four regions had a higher TFR than the replacement level: the Northern Midlands and Mountains with a TFR of 2.56 children per woman; the Red River Delta at 2.3 children per woman; the North and South Central Coast at 2.31 children per woman; and the Central Highlands with a TFR of 2.30 children per woman. Two of these regions − the Northern Midlands and Mountainous and the Red River Delta − had relatively high fertility rates in 2014 compared with 2013. The Central Highlands

has consistently been the region with the highest fertility rate in Viet Nam, but in 2014 it fell to fourth highest due to a lower birth rate. The cause of this decline may be improved awareness among residents of the benefits of smaller families and better access to health and family planning services. Particularly, fertility in the two regions namely Southeast and Mekong River Delta has fallen far below the replacement level with 1.56 and 1.84 children/women respectively. The data show that the TFR may have an inverse relationship with the level of socio-economic development of regions, i.e. the differences in the level of socio-economic development among regions could be the main cause of the differences in TFR.

Table 4.2: Total fertility rate by socio-economic region, 2009-2014

Unit: Children per woman

Socio-economic region	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Entire country	**2.03**	**2.00**	**1.99**	**2.05**	**2.10**	**2.09**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	2.24	2.22	2.21	2.31	2.18	2.56
Red River Delta	2.11	2.04	2.06	2.11	2.11	2.30
North and South Central Coast	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.32	2.37	2.31
Central Highlands	2.65	2.63	2.58	2.43	2.49	2.30
Southeast	1.69	1.68	1.59	1.57	1.83	1.56
Mekong River Delta	1.84	1.80	1.80	1.92	1.92	1.84

4.2. Age-specific fertility rate

Figure 4.2: Age specific fertility rate (ASFR) by urban/rural residence, 1/4/2014

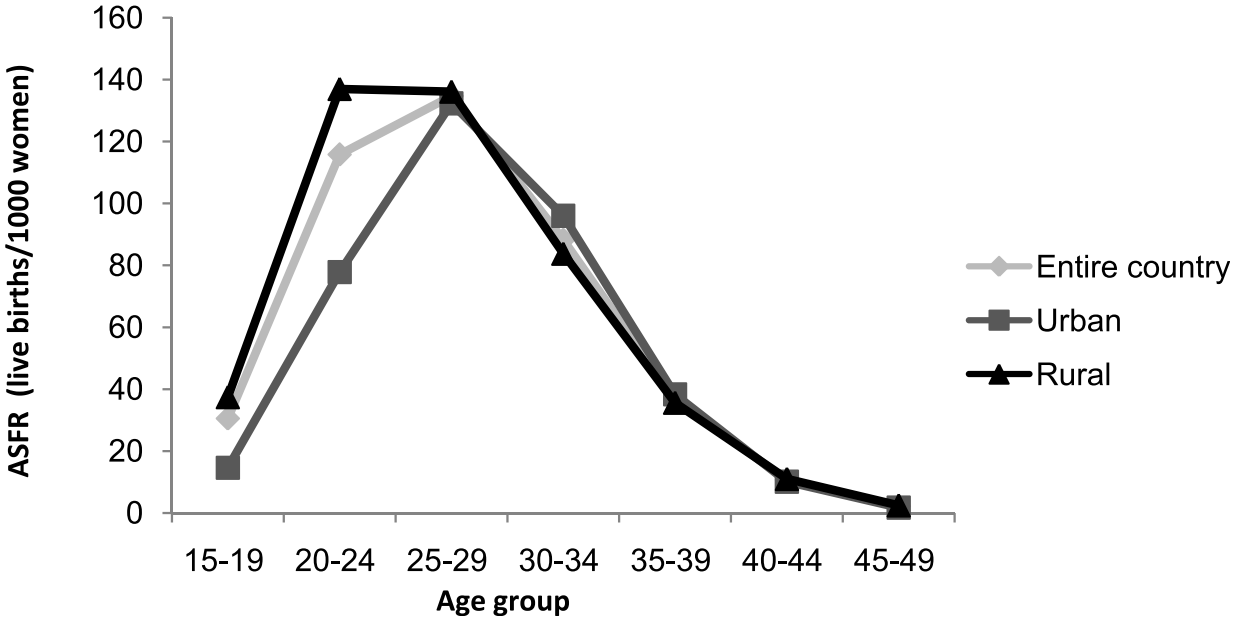


Figure 4.2 describes the age specific fertility rates (ASFRs) of Viet Nam by urban/rural residence from the 2014 IPS. Not much changed compared to previous years, as the ASFR curve for the country, as well as for urban and rural areas, still had a "bell shape". The green line, representing the urban fertility rate, is not lower on the right where it corresponds with older age groups, but the part of the line in the left half also indicates a longer delay in younger age groups compared to the line representing rural fertility. This means that urban women give birth later and have fewer children than rural women.

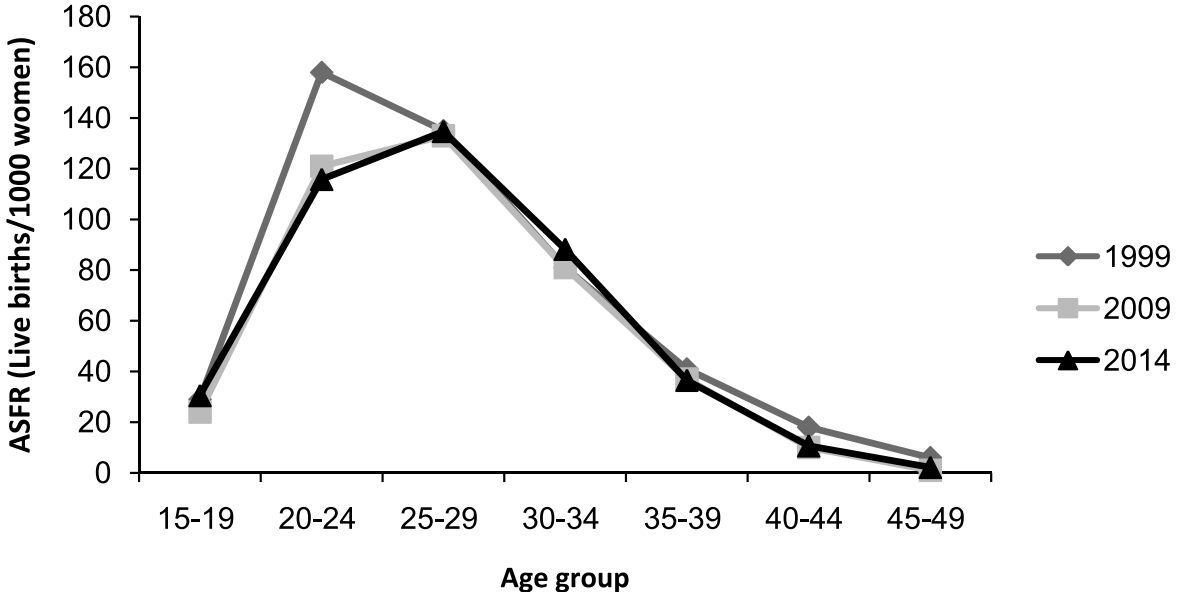
Data from the 2014 IPS show that for the entire country and for urban areas, fertility was highest among women aged 25 to 29, with 135 and 132 live births per 1000 women, respectively. In rural areas, fertility was highest in the age group 20-24 years, with 137 live births per 1000 women. There was quite a large difference between in urban and rural fertility rates for the age group of 20-24 years (78 compared to 137), whereas for all other age groups there was little or no difference. The urban/rural difference may be due to women in rural areas lacking much opportunity to attend higher levels of education compared to urban women, and therefore they tend to marry and have children earlier than urban women. Conversely, when women are more highly educated and live in more economically developed areas, they are more likely to marry later and have children later than women with lower education levels and living in less developed areas.

Table 4.3: Age-specific fertility rate, 1999, 2009 and 2014

Age group	Age-specific fertility rate (ASFR) (*Live births/1000 women*)		
	1999	2009	2014
15-19	29	24	31
20-24	158	121	116
25-29	135	133	135
30-34	81	81	88
35-39	41	37	37
40-44	18	10	11
45-49	6	1	2
Total fertility rate (TFR) *(Children/woman)*	**2.33**	**2.03**	**2.09**

The data in Table 4.3 show that the ASFR of Viet Nam has moved from an early fertility pattern (the highest fertility rate was for the age group 20-24) in 1999 to a later fertility pattern in 2009 (the highest fertility belonged to the 25-29 age group), and this was maintained until 2014. We can see this clearly in Figure 4.3.

Figure 4.3: Age specific fertility rate (ASFR), 1999, 2009 and 2014



4.3. Crude birth rate

The crude birth rate (CBR) is often used in calculating the rate of natural population increase. Similar to the TFR, because of underreporting in the number of the children ever born the CBR is usually estimated indirectly by taking the CBR from the survey and multiplying it by the Trussell P/F ratio adjustment factor.

Data in Table 4.4 shows that the CBR for Viet Nam in 2014 was 17.2 live births per 1000 persons, an increase of 0.2 live births per 1000 persons compared to 2013. Both urban and rural areas showed a slight increase to 16.7 and 17.5 live births per 1000 people, respectively.

Table 4.4: Crude birth rate by urban/rural residence, 2005-2014

Unit: Live birth/1000 persons

Year	Entire country	Urban	Rural
2005	18.6	15.6	19.9
2006	17.4	15.3	18.2
2007	16.9	15.9	17.4
2008	16.7	15.8	17.3
2009	17.6	17.3	17.8
2010	17.1	16.4	17.4
2011	16.6	15.3	17.2
2012	16.9	16.0	17.4
2013	17.0	16.2	17.5
2014	17.2	16.7	17.5

Among the six socio-economic regions, the Central Highlands has a young population, and in recent years has had the highest CBR. However, results from the 2014 IPS show that the CBR in the 1 year preceding the time point of the survey was highest in the Northern Midlands and Mountains region, at 21.1 live births per 1,000 persons. The Central Highlands was in second place, while the lowest CBR belonged to the Mekong River Delta at 14.6 live births per 1,000 population, the region with the highest out-migration rate in the country.

The advantage of CBR is calculated using a very simple method. The crude birth rate it typically calculated based on the entire population (including men). Thus, as noted above, the CBR is used to more often to calculate the rate of natural increase in a population than it is to assess changes in fertility, as is done with the TFR. In addition to the impact from the fertility rate, the CBR is also affected by the age and sex structure of the population. For two population groups with the same age-specific fertility rates, the one with the higher share of women in childbearing ages will have the higher CBR. For this reason, when comparing CBRs of two or more different groups in a population, or the same population group but for different two time periods, it is important to remove the effect of the differential in the age structure of the population by using standardization methods.

Table 4.5: Unstandardized CBR and standardized CBR by age structure of women nationally in 2009 by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 1/4/2009 and 1/4/2014

Unit: Live births per 1000 persons

Residence/ Socio-economic regions	1/4/2009		1/4/2014	
	Unstandardized CBR	Standardized CBR	Unstandardized CBR	Standardized CBR
Entire country	**17.6**	**18.1**	**17.2**	**18.6**
Urban	17.3	15.8	16.7	16.2
Rural	17.8	19.3	17.5	19.9
Socio-economic regions				
Northern Midlands and Mountains	19.6	20.5	21.1	23.4
Red River Delta	17.6	18.8	18.1	20.5
North and South Central Coast	16.9	19.6	17.5	20.4
Central Highlands	21.9	23.7	18.4	20.5
Southeast	17.8	14.7	15.4	13.6
Mekong River Delta	16.0	16.4	14.6	16.4

Table 4.5 presents standardized CBRs in urban and rural areas as well as socio-economic regions. The figures were standardized using the female reproductive age structure in 2009 (taken from 2009 Census results). The results show that after

removing the differential in age structure, the CBR in 2014 increased by about 1.4 births per thousand persons as compared to the unstandardized CBR which was 18.6 live births per 1000 persons. In urban areas, the difference between the unstandardized CBR with the standardized CBR was quite small (0.5 live births per 1,000 population). However, the difference in rural areas was quite large (2.4 live births per 1,000 population), showing that the impact age structure of population on the rural CBR was larger than in urban areas. By socio-economic region, the biggest impact was in the North and South Central Coast and the smallest was in the Southeast and the Mekong River Delta.

4.4. Sex ratio at birth

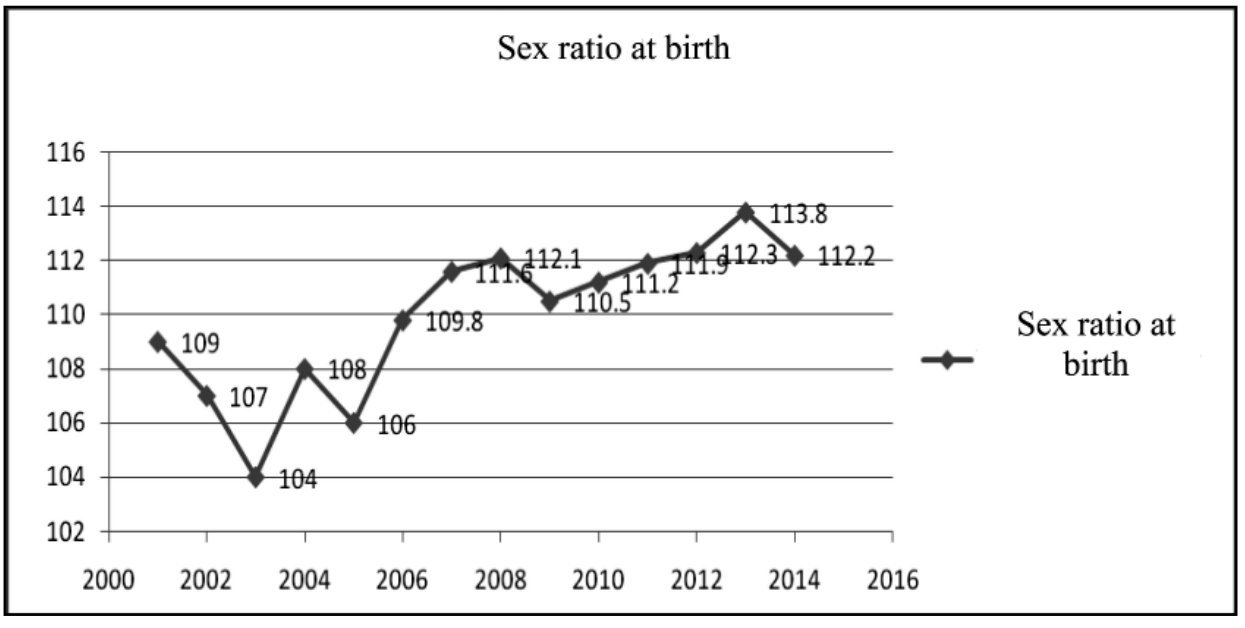
In terms of biology, the sex ratio at birth (SRB) is considered at the equilibrium when there are about 104 to 106 boys per 100 girls, and generally this ratio has been quite stable over time and locations, including among different continents, nations, regions and human races. Any remarkable change in the SRB away from the normal biological level reflects some level of intentional intervention affecting the natural balance and threatening the stability of the global population. The unusual increase in the SRB in Viet Nam in recent years has been given significant attention by many policy-makers, media agencies and researchers inside and outside of the country. The imbalance in the SRB results in an excess of males and a shortage of females in the future, which impacts not only to individuals but also families and clans. It also has a negative influence on the nation, including the sustainable development of the country.

Table 4.6: Sex ratio at birth, 1999 - 2014

Unit: Male births per 100 female births

Year	Sex ratio at birth	Year	Sex ratio at birth
1999	107.0	2007	111.6
2000	107.3	2008	112.1
2001	109.0	2009	110.5
2002	107.0	2010	111.2
2003	104.0	2011	111.9
2004	108.0	2012	112.3
2005	106.0	2013	113.8
2006	109.8	2014	112.2

Figure 4.4: Sex ratio at birth, 2000 - 2014



The change in the SRB in Viet Nam can be seen in Figure 4.4. The imbalance in the SRB in Viet Nam appeared later than some other countries in the region such as China, India, and South Korea, but it has rapidly increased in recent years. Researchers have analyzed the SRD and provided some reasons for the imbalance in Viet Nam, including son preference in the context of fertility decline. This is aided by easy access to services to diagnose foetal sex, resulting in abortions for reasons of sex selection.

In the period 2001 to 2005, the SRB fluctuated from 104 to 109 boys per 100 girls. Starting in 2006, the SRB tended to increase significantly, from 109.8 boys per 100 girls to 110.5 boys per 100 girls in 2009 and 113.8 boys per 100 girls in 2013. This period also saw the flourishing of ultrasound services, the extension of private medical services, and easy access to abortion. However, in 2014 the SRB ratio fell to 112.2 boys per 100 girls - the first decrease since 2006. This reduction in the difference in the sex ratio is an initial result of the Government program set up in 40 provinces/cities (accounting for 75% of cities/provinces) to reduce the gender imbalance at birth. The decrease in the SRB in 2014 is a good sign, but the sustainability of this reduction will be a key issue facing the program's managers.

Table 4.7: Sex ratio at birth by urban/rural residence, socio-economic region, 2009 and 2014

Unit: Male births per 100 female births

Residence/Socio-economic region	Sex ratio at birth (SRB)	
	1/4/2009	1/4/2014
Entire country	**110.5**	**112.2**
Urban	110.6	109.9
Rural	110.5	113.2
Socio-economic regions		
Northern Midlands and Mountains	108.5	116.1
Red River Delta	115.3	118.0
North and South Central Coast	109.7	105.5
Central Highlands	105.6	108.0
Southeast	109.9	108.9
Mekong River Delta	109.9	114.1

The 2014 IPS results show that the SRB in urban areas was lower than in rural areas, at 109.9 and 113.2 boys per 100 girls, respectively. The cause of this difference may be the traditional view and practice among rural people of respecting males while not providing the same respect for females. This has been the case for a long time, so the elimination of this concept will be a long process. Among the six socio-economic regions, the Red River Delta had the highest SRB in the country (118.0 boys per 100 girls), followed by the Northern Midlands and Mountainous (116.1 boys per 100 girls). The lowest SRB in 2014 was in the North and South Central Coast (105.5 boys per 100 girls), the only region ain the country with the ratio of boys per 100 girls within the normal biological range (from 104 to 106).

Prenatal sex selection reflects deeply rooted gender inequality. International and national studies have also pointed out the future implications of the current sex imbalance. It is clear that the shortage of girls observed in recent times in many countries is leading to a shortage of women in all age groups in the future. The population structure in Viet Nam in the coming decades will be defined by the current sex selection, meaning the size of the male population will exceed the size of the female population for a long time. According to social scientists, the main impact of sex imbalance is on family formation and structure, especially the marriage system. Due to the decrease of females in the same generation, some young men will become redundant. As a result, they may have to face serious difficulties looking for life partners. Delaying male age at marriage or increasing the rate of single males may occur in the future due to the lack of women of marriageable ages.

To address the above concern, controlling the gender imbalance at birth has become one of the key objectives of the Population and Reproductive Health Strategy 2011-2020. Specifically, Goal 4 on controlling the fast growth of the SBR, especially the serious imbalance in the SRB in certain localities.

The indicators of fertility from the 2014 IPS show that Viet Nam has controlled the birth rate to below replacement level. However, the birth rate is uneven among regions, so there is a need for appropriate policies to ensure reasonable fertility levels among regions. Improving the role of women in the family, gender equality propaganda and other measures can promote more effective implementation of Goal 4 and thus contribute to reducing the SRB.

4.5. Rate of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births

Table 4.8 presents the percentage of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births in Viet Nam from 2007 to 2017, classified by urban and rural residence. The data show that in this period the share of women having third and higher order birth has declined gradually by year, dropping from 16.7% in 2007 to 14.3% in 2013 and slightly increasing to 14.5% in 2014. While the percentage of urban women having third and higher order births has changed little, the share has declined rapidly among rural women, from 19.3% in 2007 (twice the urban rate for that year) to 16.9% in 2014 (1.8 times the urban rate in the same year). This trend of has contributed significantly to lowing the national rate of third and higher order births, and this has helped to stabilize the population, to reduce the young dependency burden, and has resulted in advantages for Viet Nam in implementing its sustainable economic development goals.

Table 4.8: Percentage of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births, 2007-2014

Unit: Percentage

Residence	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Entire country	**16.7**	**16.9**	**16.1**	**15.1**	**14.7**	**14.2**	**14.3**	**14.5**
Urban	9.0	9.7	9.3	9.5	9.8	9.6	9.9	9.2
Rural	19.3	19.6	18.9	17.1	16.5	16.3	16.4	16.9

In 2014, the Central Highlands was the region with the highest proportion of women having third and higher order births in the country, with up to one quarter of women (24.8%) in this region having third and higher order births. The rates in the Southeast and the Mekong River Delta were 9.7% and 9.2%, respectively, and these two regions also have the lowest TFRs in the country.

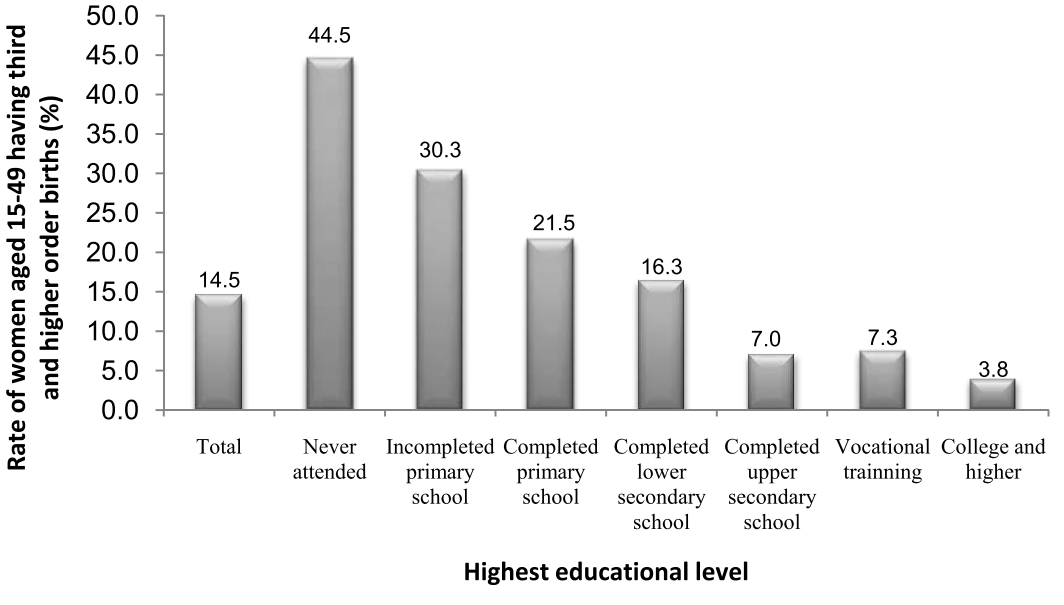
Table 4.9: Percentage of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 1/4/2014

Unit: Percentage

Residence/Socio-economic region	Rate of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births
Whole country	**14.5**
Urban	9.2
Rural	16.9
Socio-economic regions	
Northern Midlands and Mountains	15.5
Red River Delta	15.9
North and South Central Coast	16.5
Central Highlands	24.8
Southeast	9.7
Mekong River Delta	9.2

The results from the 2014 IPS also show that, generally, the higher the education level of a woman the lower the rate of third and higher order births. Women who never attended school had the highest rate of third and higher order births, at 44.5%, almost 1.5 times higher than women who had not completed primary school and nearly 12 times higher than the rate among women who had graduated from college, university or higher. This may indicate that raising the educational level of women is one of the most effective measures to reduce the rate of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births.

Figure 4.5: Percentage of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births by highest educational level, 2014



CHAPTER 5: MORTALITY

In terms of demography, fertility and mortality are regarded as the two main components of population growth. The current population size, age structure, and sex composition are outcomes of fertility and mortality levels in the past. The population size, age structure and sex composition in the future are determined by the current levels of fertility and mortality. The fertility rates in Viet Nam were analyzed in Chapter 4; this chapter will focuses on mortality.

According to the World Health Organization (WHO), mortality is defined as the permanent loss of all expressions of life at any time point, after the event of birth. In other words, the event of death only occurs after the event of live birth. A long and healthy life is a common desire among human beings and a human development goal for all countries around the world. However, declining mortality rates and increasing life expectancy at birth are not easy to achieve as they depend much on environmental, economic, cultural, and social factors, as well as progress in science, technology, health and so on. Therefore, mortality is always an important research topic for demographers, researchers and practitioners in other relevant science branches, and for policy makers.

For the long form questionnaire, the 2014 IPS had a sample size equivalent to 1.6% of all households nationwide. The long form was used to collect information on the deceased, including: age, sex, and cause of death, in order to support researchers evaluating mortality in Viet Nam. However, experience shows that mortality information is problematic as some people find it difficult to report, and it is thus easily omitted from survey results. This is because: (i) death is a sensitive event and the deceased's relatives do not want to recall these events; (ii) information about the deceased must be remembered; and (iii) death is a relatively rare event compared to other demographic events such as birth, migration, etc. Hence, mortality estimations are lower than reality if some deaths are omitted.

In order to assess the under-reporting of mortality for the whole population, the method of General Growth Balance (GGB) is recommended. The basic principle of this method is to evaluate the completeness of reporting events of death by comparing the age distribution of the (living) population to the age distribution of deaths reported. The method is based on three main assumptions, namely: (1) the population is closed, that is, it is little effected by migration; (2) the survey coverage of the population and number of deaths by age is constant; and (3) the information on age of the population and the deceased are exact. In Viet Nam, results indicate that the level of completeness in reporting of death

events for males (66%) was higher than for females (57%). This meant that 34% of male deaths and 43% of female deaths were underreported. This is also the basis for estimating the level of mortality in Viet Nam in the 12 months preceding the survey (from 1/4/2013 to 1/4/2014).

As mentioned above, in surveys collecting information on deaths there are omissions in reporting death events. Therefore, the direct calculation for indicators related to mortality are lower compared to reality. For the reason, demographers have developed indirect techniques of mortality estimation. However, to use the indirect techniques, the survey's data set must be very reliable. The pioneer of mortality research using this approach is the demographer Brass as well as other scholars such as Hill and Trussel.

Among tools for indirect estimations of infant/children mortality, their techniques are the most successful and popularly accepted. The two most necessary data inputs are number of children ever born and number of children surviving among women at reproductive ages. These are standard in all population and housing censuses, including the 2014 IPS and related sample surveys.

The above-mentioned technique was also used in the 2014 IPS to estimate the infant mortality rate and under-5 mortality rate. In addition, a combination of the GGB and the "assumed cohort of deaths" approaches was also applied to evaluate the level of completeness of mortality information for the national population. The statistics presented in this chapter were estimated using the indirect techniques mentioned above.

5.1. Crude death rate

5.1.1. Trend in the crude death rate

The crude death rate (CDR) is one of most simple and basic demographic indictors, reflecting the mortality level of a population. The CDR is affected by the age and sex distribution of the population. When the proportion of the population under age 5 (a group with a relatively high death rate) declines in the context of low fertility, the CDR may decrease. However, the growth of the elderly population (the group also suffering a high death rate) can compensate for the decline in the number of infant/children deaths. As the result, in this scenario the CDR could remain unchanged, or even increase. As mentioned above, as deaths are always under-reported, methods of indirect estimation are required.

Based on the results of estimations using 2014 IPS data, the CDR for the whole country during the last 1 year preceding the time point of the survey was 6.85 deaths per 1000 persons, with a rate of 6.05 deaths per 1000 persons in urban areas, and

7.24 deaths per 1000 persons in rural areas. Comparing the rate with prior censuses shows that the CDR declined between 1989 and 1999 and then increased to 2009, and into recent years. This could be due to under-estimation of the CDR in 1999, and/or the rapid increase in the elderly population[4] (this age group was 4.61% of the population in 2009, or 1.02% higher compared to 1999, rising to 5.02% of the population in 2014, or 0.41% higher than 2009).

The age structure of the population has impacted the CDR significantly. Given the same social and economic conditions, a young population tends to have a lower mortality level than an old population. In order to detect the impact of the age structure on the CDR, the CDR was standardized using the direct method: it was adjusted under the assumption that the age structure of population in 2014 was like the structure in 2009 and there was no change in age-specific death rates.

Table 5.1: Standardized crude death rate, 1989 - 2014

Unit: Deaths/1000 persons

	1989	1999	2009	2014
Un-standardized CDR	7.3	5.6	6.8	6.9
Standardized CDR (by age structure of population in 2009)	9.7	5.6	6.8	6.0

Source: *The 1999 and 2009 Population and Housing Censuses: Major Findings.*

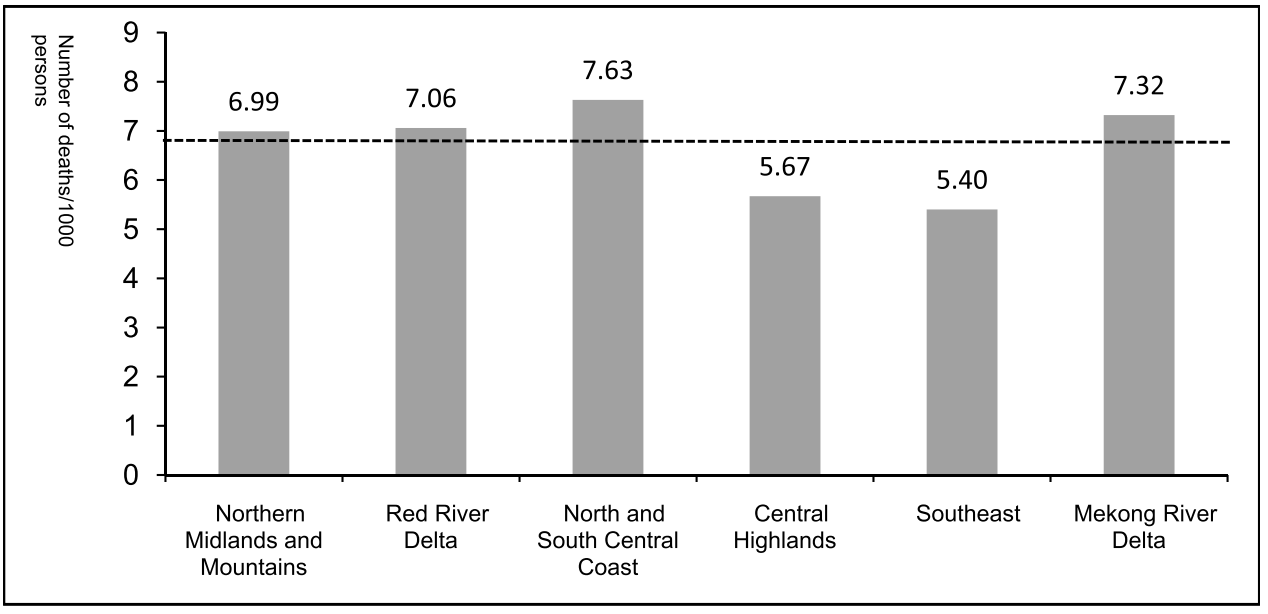
After standardizing, the CDR in 2014 was estimated at 6.0 deaths per 1000 persons, lower than that rate before standardizing. The fact that life expectancy was higher in 2014 and the proportion of the population under age 5 had declined in the context of low fertility means that the elderly population has grown, and this is the reason for the increase in the CDR in 2014. It is clear, therefore, that Viet Nam is experiencing a trend of an increasing older population.

5.1.2. Crude death rate by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region

The CDR in rural areas was 7.24 deaths per 1000 persons in 2014, a decline of $0.12^{o}/_{oo}$ compared to 2009, whereas the CDR in urban areas reached 6.05 deaths per 1000 persons, an increase of $0.54^{o}/_{oo}$ compared to 2009. Together, these trends have resulted in a slight increase in the national CDR.

4. General Statistics Office, "Fertility and Mortality in Viet Nam: patterns, trends and differentials", June 2011.

Figure 5.1: Crude death rate by socio-economic region, 2014



Note: *Dotted line presented in Figure 5.1 is the CDR for the whole country in the 1 year preceding the time point of the survey on 1/4/2014 (6.85 deaths per 1000 persons).*

Among the six social economic regions, the two with CDRs lower than the national average were the Southeast (5.40 deaths per 1000 persons) and the Central Highlands (5.67 deaths per 1000 persons). The two regions with the highest CDRs were the North and South Central Coast (7.63 deaths per 1000 persons) and Mekong River Delta (7.32 deaths per 1000 persons). The Southeast and Central Highlands regions have younger populations compared to other regions. The proportion of the population aged 65 and above in these two regions stood at 5.2% and 4.2%, respectively, in 2014 (the lowest rates in the country), while the proportion of the population aged 65 and above in the North and South Central Coast reached 8.2%, two times higher than in the Central Highlands.

5.2. Age-specific death rate

Normally, a population with a high infant mortality rate would also have a high mortality rate among the elderly group, and vice versa. Expressing the values of the age-specific death rate (ASDR) by age or age group using a curved line to reflect the level of age specific mortality is called the mortality model.

Figure 5.2: Age and sex specific death rate, 2014

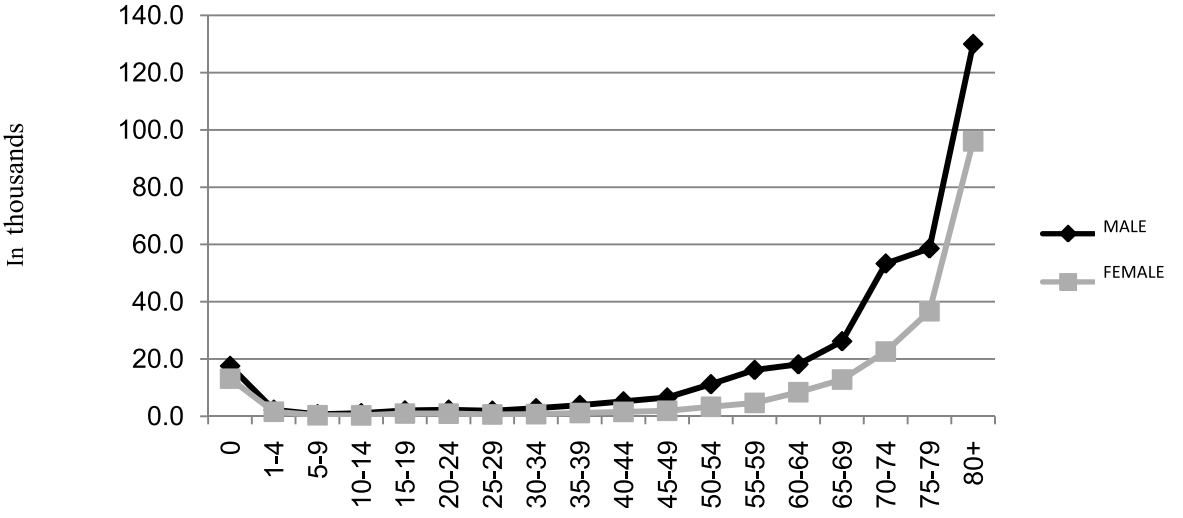


Figure 5.2 indicates that the ASDR in Viet Nam in 2014 for the age group 0 for males as higher than for females, though it rapidly declined for the age group 1-4, and from age 5 to 30 the mortality rates for both sexes were nearly similar. From age 30 and above, the mortality rates for males show a gradual increase by age group, with the mortality rate for females only starting to increase after age 49. From age 60 upwards, ASDRs have increased more rapidly for both sexes. The mortality rate of elderly people is much higher than that for the young age group. The line chart expressing the ASDRs for Viet Nam in 2014 is J-shaped. Comparing the mortality model of Viet Nam to the four sample Coal-Denemy mortality models shows that the mortality model of Viet Nam in 2014 was similar to the North Coal-Denemy model.[5]

5.3. Infant mortality rate

5.3.1. Infant mortality rate by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region

The Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) tends to reflect the socio-economic situation of a country and the quality of its health services. The IMR is regarded as an important indicator for the MDGs of Viet Nam and the world, and is also used to evaluate the level of national development.

As mentioned previously, in the 2014 IPS and other surveys death events are often omitted, especially infant deaths, due to the attitude and psychology of the deceased's relatives who "do not want to recall". Therefore, the United Nation recommends using indirect estimation methods. As in population sample surveys and censuses, calculating the IMR is estimated indirectly using the number of children ever born, number of children surviving and number of women at reproductive ages from the survey (using QFIVE software).

5. In the North Coal Denemy model, the infant mortality rate is quite low, the child mortality rate is quite high and the mortality rate of the population aged 50 and above declines (lower than the standard level). The predicted life expectancy at birth for this life table is in range of 44.5 years to 74.7 years.

Table 5.2: Infant mortality rate by urban/rural residence, 1989-2014

Unit: Infant deaths/1000 live births

Place of residence	1989	1999	2009	2014
Whole country	**42.3**	**36.7**	**16.0**	**14.9**
Urban	31.5	18.3	9.4	8.7
Rural	45.0	41.0	18.7	17.8

Source: *1989, 1999 and 2009 Population and Housing Censuses.*

Data from previous national surveys and the 2014 IPS shows that the IMR (infant deaths per 1000 live births) has declined quite rapidly, from 42.3 in 1989 to 36.7 in 1999, 16.0 in 2009 and 14.94 in 2014. This indicator has nearly approached to MDG for 2015 of 14.8 infant deaths per 1000 live births. Infant mortality in the whole country and in regions has decreased in the last five years (2009-2014). However, the level of mortality decline was low, at just 1.06 infant deaths per 1000 live births. In particular, the infant mortality level in rural areas has always been higher than the rate in urban areas, proving that there is a wide gap in living standards between urban and rural areas. However, this gap has become smaller and smaller over time.

Table 5.3: Infant mortality rate by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2009-2014

Unit: Infant deaths/1000 live births

Place of residence/Socio-economic region	2009	2014
Entire country	**16.0**	**14.9**
Urban	9.4	8.7
Rural	18.7	17.8
Socio-economic region		
Northern Midlands and Mountains	24.5	22.4
Red River Delta	12.4	11.8
North and South Central Coast	17.2	16.6
Central Highlands	27.3	25.9
Southeast	10.0	8.8
Mekong River Delta	13.3	11.6

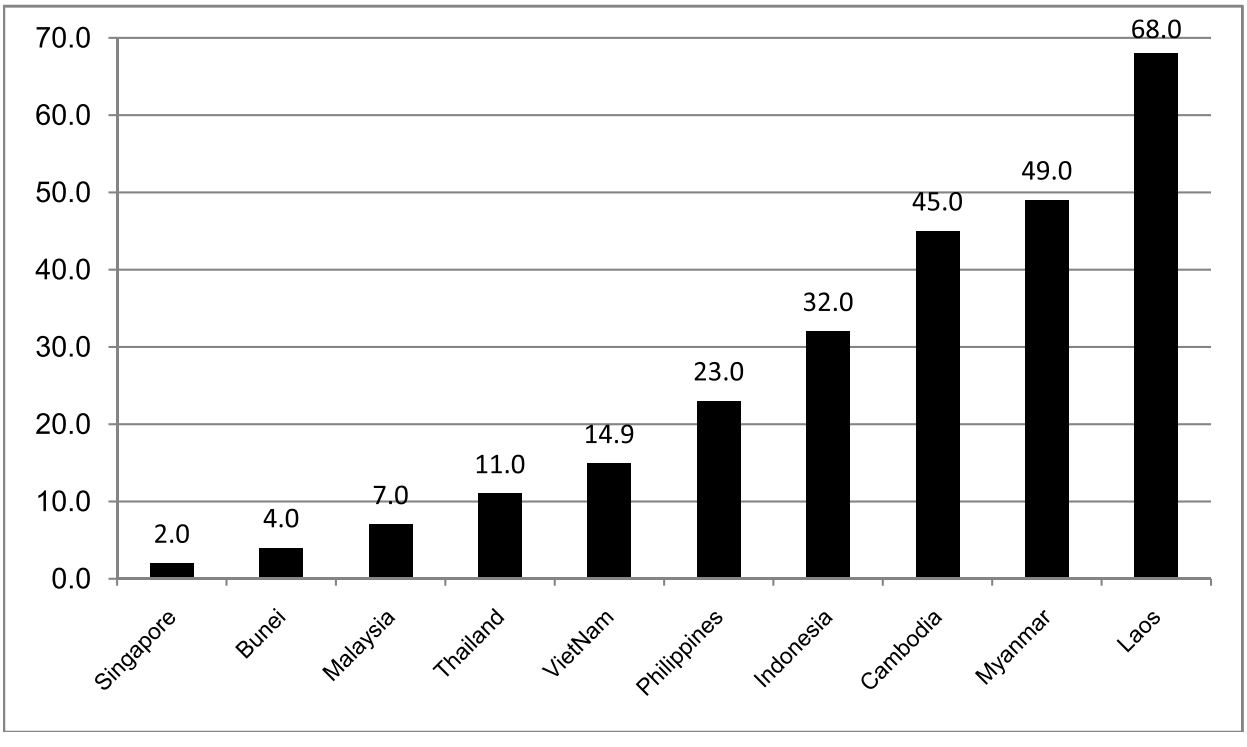
That said, the IMR was high in the "difficult" socio-economic regions, specifically the Northern Midlands and Mountains and Central Highlands. These are regarded as the two less developed regions, and had high quite IMRs of 22.4 and 25.9

infant deaths per 1000 live births, much higher than the national level. The difference in IMR reflects the gap in socio-economic development and living standards. The IMR was the lowest in the Southeast region (8.79 per thousand) and highest in the Central Highlands (25.91 per thousand). This shows that even though Viet Nam has achieved the MDG of reducing the IMR to under 16 infant deaths/1000 live births, the Government should still be investing more in "difficult" areas to improve their living standards.

Currently IMR is over 50 infant deaths/1000 live births in less developed countries and just under 7 infant deaths/1000 live births in most developed countries. The IMR of Viet Nam stands at a low average level. Compared to other countries in the Southeast Asia region, the IMR of Viet Nam is just higher than the rates in Singapore ($2^{o}/_{oo}$), Brunei ($4^{o}/_{oo}$), and Thailand ($11^{o}/_{oo}$), and much lower than in Laos ($68^{o}/_{oo}$), Myanmar ($49^{o}/_{oo}$), Cambodia ($45^{o}/_{oo}$), and the Philippines ($23^{o}/_{oo}$).

Figure 5.3: Infant mortality rate in Southeast Asian countries, 2014

Unit: Infant deaths/1000 live births



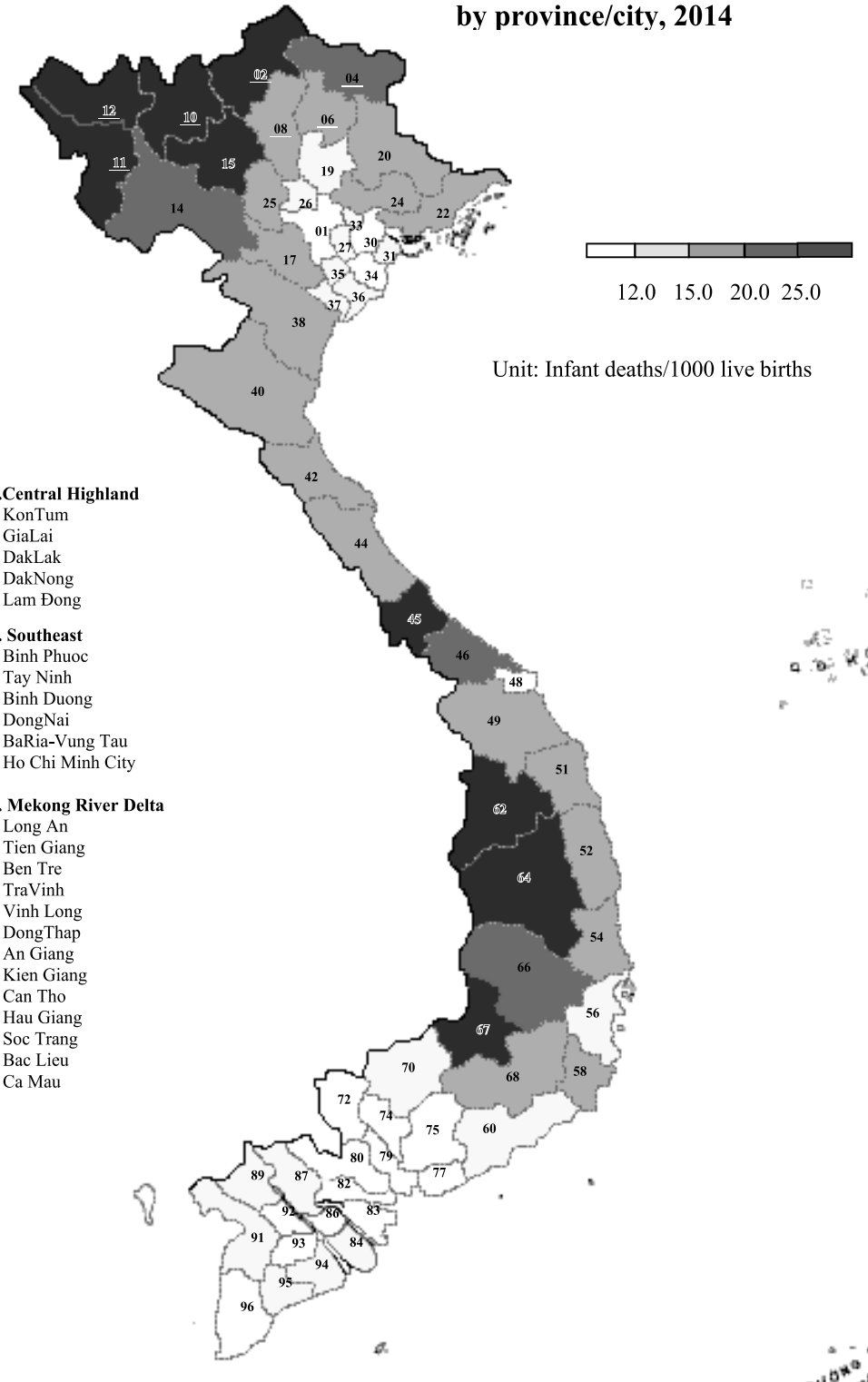
Source: *The 2014 World Population Datasheet/Population Reference Bureau.*

The IMR figures for Viet Nam reflect the achievement of health policies and programs, including Viet Nam's efforts to improve health care for mothers and children. However, as described above, Viet Nam's policies should give more priority to "difficult" areas to improve living standards and health services for mothers and children in these areas, in order to reduce the IMR gap among regions.

5.3.2. Infant mortality rate by province/city

Map 5.1 shows IMRs for provinces/cities throughout the country in 2014. The level of IMR classified by province/city is expressed by the shades of color, such as dark red for the provinces with the highest IMRs and white for those with the lowest IMRs. It is clear that the provinces with high IMRs are located mainly in the Northern Midlands and Mountains region, namely: Lai Chau (42.6$^{o}/_{oo}$), Ha Giang (34.2$^{o}/_{oo}$), Đien Bien (34.4$^{o}/_{oo}$), Lao Cai (29.2$^{o}/_{oo}$), and Yên Bai (28.3$^{o}/_{oo}$). These provinces have under-developed economies, a lack of health facilities and limited understanding of women and children's health care. Other provinces with high IMRs (above 20$^{o}/_{oo}$) in 2014 include: Cao Bang (24.3$^{o}/_{oo}$), Dak Lak (24.2$^{o}/_{oo}$), and Son La (23.2$^{o}/_{oo}$). The provinces with a high proportion of the population living in urban areas − Ho Chi Minh City, Dong Nai, Ha Noi, Đa Nang, and Binh Duong − had low IMRs (about 10$^{o}/_{oo}$). It is clear that there is a large gap in IMRs between mountainous provinces where many minor ethnic groups live and provinces in other regions.

Map 5.1: Infant mortality rate (IMR) by province/city, 2014



V1. Northern Midlands and Mountains
02. Ha Giang
04. Cao Bang
06. Bac Kan
08. Tuyen Quang
10. Lao Cai
11. Đien Bien
12. Lai Chau
14. Son La
15. Yen Bai
17. Hoa Binh
19. Thai Nguyen
20. Lang Son
24. Bac Giang
25. PhuTho

V2. Red River Delta
01. Ha Noi
22. Quang Ninh
26. Vinh Phuc
27. Bac Ninh
30. Hai Duong
31. Hai Phong
33. Hung Yen
34. Thai Binh
35. Ha Nam
36. Nam Đinh
37. Ninh Binh

V3. North and South Central Coast
38. Thanh Hoa
40. Nghe An
42. HaTinh
44. Quang Binh
45. Quang Tri
46. ThuaThien Hue
48. ĐaNang
49. Quang Nam
51. Quang Ngai
52. Binh Đinh
54. Phu Yen
56. KhanhHoa
58. Ninh Thuan
60. Binh Thuan

V4.Central Highland
62. KonTum
64. GiaLai
66. DakLak
67. DakNong
68. Lam Đong

V5. Southeast
70. Binh Phuoc
72. Tay Ninh
74. Binh Duong
75. DongNai
77. BaRia-Vung Tau
79. Ho Chi Minh City

V6. Mekong River Delta
80. Long An
82. Tien Giang
83. Ben Tre
84. TraVinh
86. Vinh Long
87. DongThap
89. An Giang
91. Kien Giang
92. Can Tho
93. Hau Giang
94. Soc Trang
95. Bac Lieu
96. Ca Mau

5.4. Under-5 mortality rate

The under-5 mortality rate (U5MR) is as significant an indicator as IMR, and is used to evaluate the development of countries all over the world. However, while the IMR refers to the obstetrical condition of the mother, the U5MR mostly reflects nutrition levels of young children and disease prevention efforts. As with the IMR, the U5MR is must be estimated indirectly using QFIVE software. Results of the estimation for Viet Nam are shown in Table 5.4.

Table 5.4: Under-5 mortality rate by sex, urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 1/4/2014

Unit: Under 5 deaths/1000 live births

Place of residence/Socio-economic region	Total	Male	Female
Entire country	**22.4**	**29.1**	**15.4**
Urban/Rural			
Urban	13.1	18.1	7.8
Rural	26.9	34.5	18.7
Socio-economic region			
Northern Midlands and Mountains	33.9	43.0	24.3
Red River Delta	17.7	23.3	11.8
North and South Central Coast	24.9	32.2	17.2
Central Highlands	39.5	49.7	28.7
Southeast	13.1	18.1	7.8
Mekong River Delta	17.4	22.9	11.5

As a middle-income country, Viet Nam has had considerable success in reducing the U5MR, from 56.9$^{o}/_{oo}$ in 1999 to 22.4$^{o}/_{oo}$ in 2014. However, as shown in Table 5.4, there is an obvious difference between urban and rural areas and among regions of the country. The U5MR in rural areas is twice the rate found in urban areas. Economically under-developed regions, such as the Northern Midlands and Mountains and Central Highlands, have quite high U5MRs (33.9$^{o}/_{oo}$ and 39.5$^{o}/_{oo}$, respectively). These gaps show that the work to reduce child mortality in Viet Nam is incomplete.

The fast decline in the IMR in Viet Nam has contributed to the decline in the U5MR. The U5MR dropped rapidly over the past two decades, from 58$^{o}/_{oo}$ in 1990 to 24$^{o}/_{oo}$ in 2009. However, the level of decline was slower in the period 2009-2014. Table 5.4 indicates that the U5MR in 2014 reached 22.4$^{o}/_{oo}$, still higher than the U5MR target of a decline of about 3.1 deaths per thousand children under age 5 by 2015.

5.5. Life expectancy at birth

Life expectancy at birth or the expectation of life at birth (e_0) is a combined indicator used for evaluating the probability of dying within a population. The indicator is estimated from the "life table", which expresses in detail the mortality model of a population by age, based on the infant mortality rate. The life table is a

useful tool for researching the mortality of a population. It can be applied to various fields, especially for projecting the population in the future. Normally, life tables are models separately for males and females. The data input is the IMR.

Life expectancy depends much on the level of socio-economic development of a country, including living standards, health achievements, completeness of the disease prevention and treatment system, etc. Therefore, it is regarded as a key indicator for evaluating national development.

Table 5.5: Viet Nam's life table by sex, 1/4/2014

Age	Lx	lx	dx	qx	px	mx	Tx	ex
Male								
0	97899	100000	1691	0.0169	0.9831	0.0173	7063892	70.6
1	389596	98309	1222	0.0124	0.9876	0.0031	6965993	70.9
5	485539	97087	217	0.0022	0.9978	0.0004	6576397	67.7
10	484500	96871	313	0.0032	0.9968	0.0006	6090858	62.9
15	483022	96558	473	0.0049	0.9951	0.0010	5606357	58.1
20	480692	96084	542	0.0056	0.9944	0.0011	5123335	53.3
25	477994	95542	579	0.0061	0.9939	0.0012	4642643	48.6
30	475160	94963	715	0.0075	0.9925	0.0015	4164649	43.9
35	471725	94248	1031	0.0109	0.9891	0.0022	3689489	39.1
40	466862	93217	1657	0.0178	0.9822	0.0035	3217764	34.5
45	459073	91560	2705	0.0295	0.9705	0.0059	2750902	30.0
50	446331	88855	4340	0.0488	0.9512	0.0097	2291829	25.8
55	425743	84515	6629	0.0784	0.9216	0.0156	1845497	21.8
60	394038	77885	9568	0.1228	0.8772	0.0243	1419754	18.2
65	347917	68317	13003	0.1903	0.8097	0.0374	1025717	15.0
70	284597	55314	16117	0.2914	0.7086	0.0566	677799	12.3
75	204340	39198	16403	0.4185	0.5815	0.0803	393202	10.0
80+	188862	22794	22794	1.0000	0.0000	0.1207	188862	8.3
FEMALE								
0	98832	100000	1287	0.0129	0.9871	0.0130	7598107	76.0
1	394394	98713	249	0.0025	0.9975	0.0006	7499275	76.0
5	492366	98465	88	0.0009	0.9991	0.0002	7104881	72.2
10	491938	98376	118	0.0012	0.9988	0.0002	6612515	67.2
15	491375	98258	178	0.0018	0.9982	0.0004	6120577	62.3
20	490517	98080	239	0.0024	0.9976	0.0005	5629202	57.4
25	489352	97841	308	0.0031	0.9969	0.0006	5138685	52.5
30	487868	97533	427	0.0044	0.9956	0.0009	4649333	47.7
35	485833	97106	646	0.0067	0.9933	0.0013	4161464	42.9
40	482791	96459	1050	0.0109	0.9891	0.0022	3675631	38.1
45	477843	95410	1680	0.0176	0.9824	0.0035	3192840	33.5
50	469892	93730	2632	0.0281	0.9719	0.0056	2714997	29.0
55	457448	91098	4163	0.0457	0.9543	0.0091	2245105	24.6
60	437866	86935	6765	0.0778	0.9222	0.0154	1787656	20.6
65	405983	80171	10776	0.1344	0.8656	0.0265	1349791	16.8
70	354701	69394	15778	0.2274	0.7726	0.0445	943808	13.6
75	277416	53617	18628	0.3474	0.6526	0.0671	589107	11.0
80+	311691	34988	34988	1.0000	0.0000	0.1123	311691	8.9

Note: x: age at 0,1, 5,...,80+; *nqx*: Probability of dying from age x to exact age x+n; n: Number of ages in group (1, 4, 5, 5, 5,....); *npx*: Probability of living from age x to exact age x+n; nLx: Number of persons-number of life years from age x to exact age x+n; *nmx*: Specific death rate from x age to exact age x+n; *lx*: Number of persons alive at exact age x; *Tx*: Number of person-number of life years from exact age x and above; ndx: Number of deaths between age x and exact age x+n; e*x*: Life expectancy at age *x*.

Viet Nam's life table classified by sex is presented in Table 5.5. Life expectancy at birth for the population was 73.2 years in 2014; 70.6 years for males and 76.0 years for females. Life expectancy at birth in 2014 had increased by 0.4 years as compared to the 2009 Census (72.8 years). The 2014 IPS shows that life expectancy for males was lower than for females. This reflects the reality of Viet Nam, and the majority of other societies, where the level of mortality at each age for males is always higher than the level for females, resulting in lower life expectancy for males.

Compared to other Southeast Asian countries, Viet Nam's life expectancy at birth is quite high, ranking third among 11 regional countries, just after Singapore (83 years), Malaysia and Thailand (75 years).[6] This is one of Viet Nam's achievements related to improving living standards for the people.

5.6. Cause of death

One of the objectives of the 2014 IPS was to collect information on household deaths in order to evaluate the causes of death. Causes of death include disease, workplace accidents, traffic accidents, other accidents, suicides and other causes.

Among these causes, deaths from disease accounted for 86.9% of all deaths in 2014. It is notable that among the causes of death by accidents, traffic accidents formed the largest share (4.4%), four times higher than deaths from workplace accidents. The rate of deaths for males was 6.1%, three times higher than the rate for females. Compared to 2009 and 2013, the proportion of deaths due to workplace accidents and "other accidents" has declined, whereas the proportion due to traffic accidents has increased (see Table 5.6).

6. Source: The 2014 World Population Datasheet/Population Reference Bureau.

Table 5.6: Proportion on deaths within the last 1 year preceding the time point of survey by sex and cause of death, 2009, 2013 and 2014

Unit: Percentage

Cause of death	Total		2014		
	2009	2013	Total	Male	Female
Total	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Disease	82.1	85.0	86.9	85.1	89.6
Working accidents	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.4	0.2
Traffic accidents	4.7	3.8	4.4	6.1	2.2
Other accidents	3.0	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.3
Suicide		1.3	1.0	1.4	0.6
Other causes	9.2	6.6	5.0	4.0	6.1

Source: *2009 Population and Housing Census: Major Findings, 1/4/2013 Population change survey; 1/4/2014 Intercensal population and housing survey.*

It is alarming is that the proportion of suicides was found to be relatively high, at 1% of deaths. The proportion of male deaths from accidents is much higher than the proportion for females. This trend is similar in urban and rural areas and in the various socio-economic regions. The Central Highlands was still the region with the highest proportion of deaths due to traffic accidents and other accidents, in spite of a strong decline in traffic accidents deaths compared to 2009.

Table 5.7: Proportion on deaths within the last 1 year preceding the time point of survey by cause of death, sex and socio-economic region, 2014

Unit: Percentage

Place of residence/ Socio-economic region		Cause of death					
	Total	Disease	Working accident	Traffic accident	Other accidents	Suicide	Other causes
Total							
Entire country	**100**	86.9	0.9	4.5	1.8	1.0	4.9
Urban	**100**	87.7	0.6	4.2	0.9	0.7	5.9
Rural	**100**	86.6	1.0	4.6	2.1	1.2	4.5
Social economic region							
Northern Midlands and Mountains	**100**	84.1	1.2	3.6	1.8	2.9	6.4
Red River Delta	**100**	89.2	0.6	3.9	1.2	0.2	4.9
North and South Central Coast	**100**	85.0	1.4	5.6	1.7	0.8	5.5
Central Highlands	**100**	82.2	1.4	7.3	2.5	2.4	4.2
Southeast	**100**	86.5	0.4	5.3	1.0	1.0	5.8
Mekong River Delta	**100**	89.8	0.5	3.2	2.7	0.8	2.8
MALE							
Entire country	**100**	85.1	1.4	6.1	2.1	1.4	4.0
Urban	**100**	87.1	1.1	5.6	0.8	0.9	4.5
Rural	**100**	84.3	1.5	6.3	2.7	1.5	3.7
Social economic regions							
Northern Midlands and Mountains	**100**	83.1	1.5	4.8	2.0	3.3	5.3
Red River Delta	**100**	87.5	0.9	5.1	1.6	0.3	4.6
North and South Central Coast	**100**	82.6	2.3	8.3	1.9	1.1	3.8
Central Highlands	**100**	79.8	2.1	10.0	3.2	2.9	2.1
Southeast	**100**	85.8	0.8	6.9	1.2	1.0	4.2
Mekong River Delta	**100**	87.6	0.9	4.0	3.5	1.3	2.7
FEMALE							
Entire country	**100**	89.6	0.2	2.2	1.3	0.6	6.2
Urban	**100**	88.6	0.0	2.2	1.0	0.5	7.8
Rural	**100**	90.0	0.2	2.2	1.4	0.7	5.5
Social economic regions							
Northern Midlands and Mountains	**100**	85.8	0.7	1.6	1.4	2.1	8.3
Red River Delta	**100**	91.9	0.0	2.0	0.7	0.2	5.3
North and South Central Coast	**100**	88.3	0.3	1.9	1.5	0.3	7.7
Central Highlands	**100**	87.0	0.0	2.3	1.3	1.3	8.2
Southeast	**100**	87.2	0.0	3.5	0.8	1.0	7.5
Mekong River Delta	**100**	92.8	0.0	2.3	1.8	0.2	3.0

CHAPTER 6: MIGRATION AND URBANIZATION

Migration is defined as a change in the place of residence of an individual from one territorial unit to another during a given time period. For thousands of years, human beings have migrated in search of a better life. Migration is the result of numerous factors: many migrants move in search of greater opportunities for jobs, to earn more income, to live in a more agreeable environment or to live near friends or relatives. There are also those who are forced to migrate due to natural disasters, floods or wars.

In this survey the General Statistics Office studied two forms of migration: by specific time of migration in the past five years, and migration in the past 1 year. The target population were 5 years old and above for 5 year migrants and 1 year and above for 1 year migrants. The survey only collected information related to internal migration (i.e. domestic migration). Data from the censuses of 1999 and 2009, and the 2014 IPS show that inter-provincial and rural-to-urban migration flows accounted for a high proportion of migrants.

The 2014 IPS collected information on internal migration through questions about place of usual residence in the five years prior to the survey for people aged 5 and older (both short form and long form), and in the one year prior to the survey for people aged 1 and older (long form). A person is considered a migrant if their current place of usual residence at the time of the survey and the place of usual residence five years or one year ago was not the same administrative unit at the commune level[7] (in this chapter this unit is called commune). At the time point of the survey, a person who still resided in a commune-level administrative unit whose name had changed (from commune to ward or district capital or vice versa) compared to five years or one year previously is not considered a migrant.

In order to facilitate presentation of the data, and effectively serve the needs of data users, defining migrants by different levels of administrative units was considered the best way. There are four types of migration: i) intra-district migration, meaning migration within the administrative boundaries of a district-level unit[8] (in this chapter it is called district); ii) inter-district migration, meaning migration between districts within one province[9] (in this chapter it is called province); iii) inter-provincial migration, meaning migration from one province to another; and iv) inter-regional migration, meaning migration between socio-economic regions. Among these, the first three migrant types are independent and exclusive; that is, an individual can only belong to one of these three migrant statuses. An inter-provincial migrant may, however, also be an inter-regional migrant, if the origin and destination provinces belong to different regions.

7. Commune-level administration units include: commune, ward, and town, and district capital.

8. District-level administrative units include: rural and urban district, and provincial-level towns.

9. Province-level administrative units include: provinces and municipalities directly under the Central level. Currently in Viet Nam there are five municipalities under the Central level, including: Ha Noi, Hai Phong, Da Nang, Ho Chi Minh City and Can Tho.

Table 6.1 summarizes the migration types as classified in the survey, based on changes in place of usual residence compared to five years or one year prior to the survey.

Table 6.1: Migration in relation to place of usual residence five years or one year prior to the survey

<table>
<tr><th colspan="3">Place of usual residence 5 years or 1 year prior to the survey</th><th>Migrant status</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">1. Same commune</td><td>Non-migration</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">2. Other commune</td><td colspan="2">2.1. Same district</td><td>Intra-district migration</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">2.2. Other district</td><td>2.2.1. Same province</td><td>Inter-district migration</td></tr>
<tr><td>2.2.2. Other province</td><td>Inter-provincial migration</td></tr>
<tr><td>2.2.3. Other region</td><td>Inter-regional migration</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">3. Overseas</td><td>International immigration</td></tr>
</table>

6.1. Migration five years prior to the survey

6.1.1. Level of five year migration by type of migration

Figure 6.1 presents data on internal migration from the 1999 and 2009 censuses and 2014 IPS. Among the different types of migration, the number of inter-provincial migrants was the largest, followed by inter-regional migrants. The number of intra-district migrants was the lowest. Data indicates that during the period 2009-2014 the number of migrants decreased compared to the period 2004-2009 among all types of migrants. Specifically, inter-provincial migration decreased by around 804,000 people, and inter-regional migration decreased by 585,000 people.

Figure 6.1: Number of migrants aged 5 years and older by migration status, 1999, 2009 and 2014

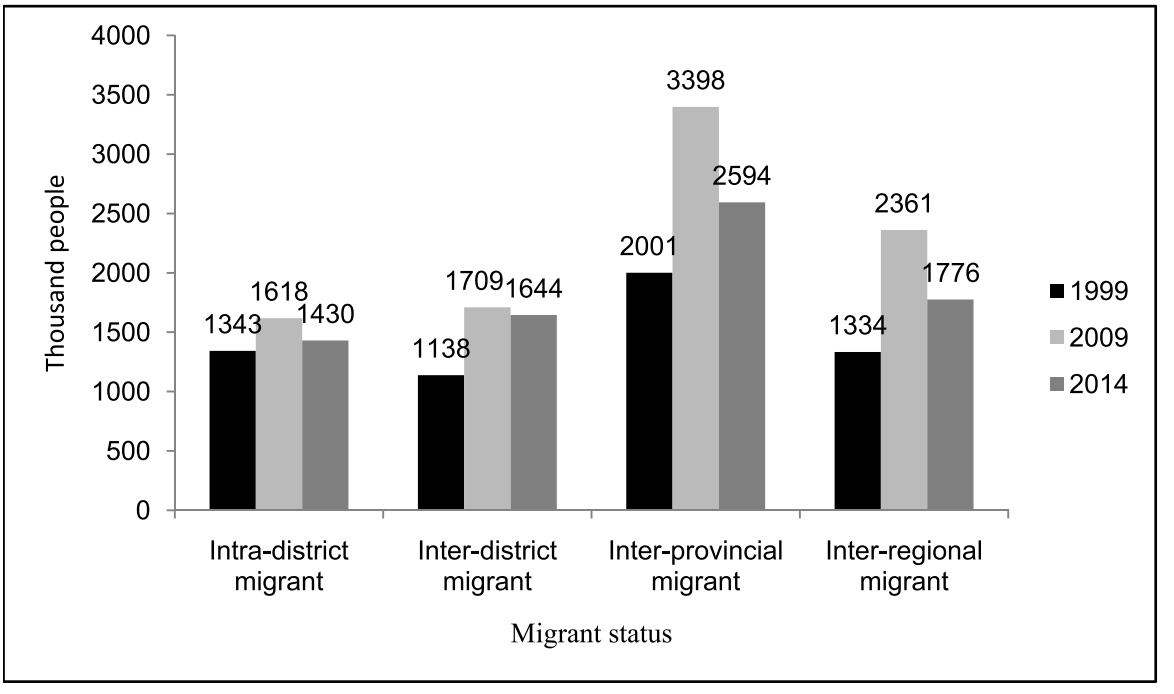


Table 6.2 presents data from the 1999 and 2009 censuses and the 2014 IPS on the number of migrants and migration rates, classified by migration status. In this table, the number of non-migrants in each migrant category can be understood to be the total population aged 5 years and older minus the number of migrants of the given type. The migration rates were calculated as the number of migrants per 1000 inhabitants aged 5 years and older at the time of the survey. The data reveal that for all migration types, the level of migration during 1999-2004 did not increase steadily, but varied. The level of migration in the period 1994-1999 was the lowest, and it then increased sharply in the period 2004-2009, followed by a decrease in the period 2009-2014.

Comparing the period 2004-2009 and 2009-2014 show that inter-regional migration decreased the most, falling from 30 per thousand in 2009 to 21 per thousand in 2014. Inter-provincial migration decreased by 12 per thousand, from 43 per thousand in 2009 to 31 per thousand in 2014. Inter-district migration decreased by 2 per thousand, from 22 per thousand in 2009 to 20 per thousand in 2014. The number of intra-district migrants decreased by 4 per thousand, from 21 per thousand in 2009 to 17 per thousand in 2014.

Data in Table 6.2 also indicates that during the period 1999-2014, inter-provincial migration accounted for the highest proportion in 1999 (34,4%), 2009 (37,4%) and 2014 (42,1%).

Table 6.2: Number of migrants and migration rate by migration status, 1999, 2009 and 2014

Type of migration	Number of migrants (Thousand persons)			Number of non-migrants (Thousand persons)			Migration rate (Per thousand)		
	1999	2009	2014	1999	2009	2014	1999	2009	2014
Intra-district migration (2.1)	1 343	1 618	1 430	67 808	76 893	81 852	19	21	17
Inter-district migration (2.2.1)	1 138	1 709	1 644	68 013	76 802	81 638	16	22	20
Inter-provincial migration (2.2.2)	2 001	3 398	2 594	67 150	75 113	80 688	29	43	31
Inter-regional migration (2.2.3)	1 334	2 361	1 776	67 817	76 150	81 507	19	30	21

Once again it is possible to see a correlation between migration and economic development. During the period 2004-2009, a large increase was seen in the number of industrial and processing zones built in numerous locations throughout the country. These production facilities require skilled labour. Furthermore, during this period people were moving in large numbers to cities and urban areas to find employment to earn a living. During 2009-2014 Viet Nam's economy faced many challenges resulting in a decrease in the number of migrants.

6.1.2. Inter-regional migration

In order to understand in more detail changes in migration over the past five years, Table 6.3 presents information on inter-regional migration based on the 2009 Census and the 2014 IPS.

The picture of inter-regional migration in 2014 IPS is different from that found in the 2009 Census. In 2009, there were only two regions with net in-migration (in-migrants exceeded out-migrants), the Central Highlands and Southeast. The four remaining regions had net out-migration (out-migrants exceeded in-migrants). In 2014, in addition to the same two regions (Central Highlands and Southeast) experiencing net in-migration, the Red River Delta also experienced net in-migration, though at a very low rate (0.3‰). In the past 5 years, the Southeast continued to attract migrants since this region includes Ho Chi Minh City, which remains a major economic "engine" and thus an attractive destination for workers throughout the country. In addition, a substantial number of migrants come to the Southeast to pursue their studies, training or obtain to improve their technical skills mainly in Ho Chi Minh City.

As for the remaining three regions with out-migration, all three have seen decreases in negative net-migration rates (in absolute value) over the past 5 years: in the North and South Central Coast the net migration rate declined by more from -38.4 per thousand in 2009 to -15.0 per thousand in 2014, and the rate declined in

the Northern Midlands and Mountains from -17.9 per thousand in 2009 to -8.1 per thousand in 2014.

Table 6.3: Migration rate in 5 years prior to the survey by socio-economic region, 2009 and 2014

Socio-economic region	In-migration rate in 5 years prior to the survey (‰)		Out-migration rate in 5 years prior to the survey (‰)		Net migration rate in 5 years prior to the survey (‰)	
	2009	2014	2009	2014	2009	2014
Entire country	**30.1**	**19.6**	**30.1**	**19.6**	**0**	**0**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	9.1	6.2	27.0	14.3	-17.9	-8.1
Red River Delta	16.1	10.4	18.5	10.1	-2.3	0.3
North and South Central Coast	6.4	10.0	44.8	24.9	-38.4	-15.0
Central Highlands	36.3	18.8	27.4	17.8	8.9	1.0
Southeast	126.7	70.8	9.7	13.9	117.0	56.9
Mekong River Delta	4.4	4.5	46.5	34.3	-42.1	-29.7

Note:

- Data in 2009 were extracted from Table A.5, page 150, Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Major Findings.

- Data in 2014: Migration rates were calculated based on total population in the denominator.

6.1.3. Some basic characteristic of migrants aged 5 and over

For this section, migrants include persons aged 5 and over if their current place of residence at the time of the survey and the place of residence five years prior to the survey were not the same administrative unit at the commune level.

There were 5,668,800 migrants in 2014, including 3,339,400 females (59%), and the majority of migrants concentrated in urban areas (59.2%). By region, the highest number of migrants was concentrated in the Southeast (41.3%). By age group, the highest proportion of migrants was youth aged 20-24 (24.2%), followed by the group aged 25-29 (21.7% of total migrants aged 5 and over).

Table 6.4: Number and distribution of migrants aged 5 and over, 2014

Residence/ Socio-economic region/ Age group	Migrants aged 5 and over *(Thousand persons)*	Proportion *(%)*			Proportion of migrants in total population aged 5 and over (%)		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Entire country	**5 668.8**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**6.8**	**5.7**	**7.9**
Urban	3 353.5	59.2	63.7	56.0	12.1	11.1	13.0
Rural	2 315.3	40.8	36.3	44.0	4.2	3.1	5.2
Socio-economic region							
Northern Midlands and Mountains	437.8	7.7	5.5	9.3	4.2	2.5	5.8
Red River Delta	1 044.1	18.4	15.9	20.2	5.5	4.0	6.9
North and South Central Coast	909.7	16.0	15.1	16.7	5.1	4.0	6.1
Central Highlands	260.2	4.6	5.2	4.1	5.2	4.9	5.5
Southeast	2 342.4	41.3	47.3	37.2	16.0	15.6	16.5
Mekong River Delta	674.6	11.9	11.0	12.6	4.1	3.2	5.1
Age group							
5-9	298.9	5.3	6.7	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2
10-14	198.9	3.5	4.3	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9
15-19	492.7	8.7	7.8	9.3	7.1	5.1	9.2
20-24	1 374.1	24.2	18.5	28.2	17.2	10.7	23.8
25-29	1 231.2	21.7	19.3	23.4	15.7	11.4	20.1
30-34	746.5	13.2	15.0	11.9	10.0	9.5	10.5
35-39	420.3	7.4	9.4	6.1	6.2	6.5	5.9
40-44	277.9	4.9	6.3	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.0
45-49	193.3	3.4	4.1	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.2
50-54	152.4	2.7	3.3	2.3	2.7	2.8	2.6
55-59	115.1	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.6	2.5	2.6
60 and over	167.5	3.0	3.0	2.9	1.8	1.8	1.8

The proportion of migrants in total population aged 5 and over accounted 6.8%, and the proportion was three times higher in urban areas compared to rural areas (12.1% as compared to 4.2%). Observing this proportion by socio-economic region, the percentage is the highest in the Southeast (16%).

6.2. Migration one year prior to the survey

For this section, migrants are considered persons aged 1 and over whose place of residence at the time of the survey and place of residence 1 year prior to the survey were not the same administrative unit at the commune level. In-migration

and out-migration flows are often uneven across provinces, these flows focus only in some localities and regions. Respondents to the question about migration in the year prior to the survey were from a sample and are therefore only representative for the provincial, regional and national levels.

6.2.1. Inter-regional migration

Table 6.5: Number of inter-regional migrants by place of usual residence at time points of 1/4/2013 and 1/4/2014, and socio-economic region

Unit: Thousands

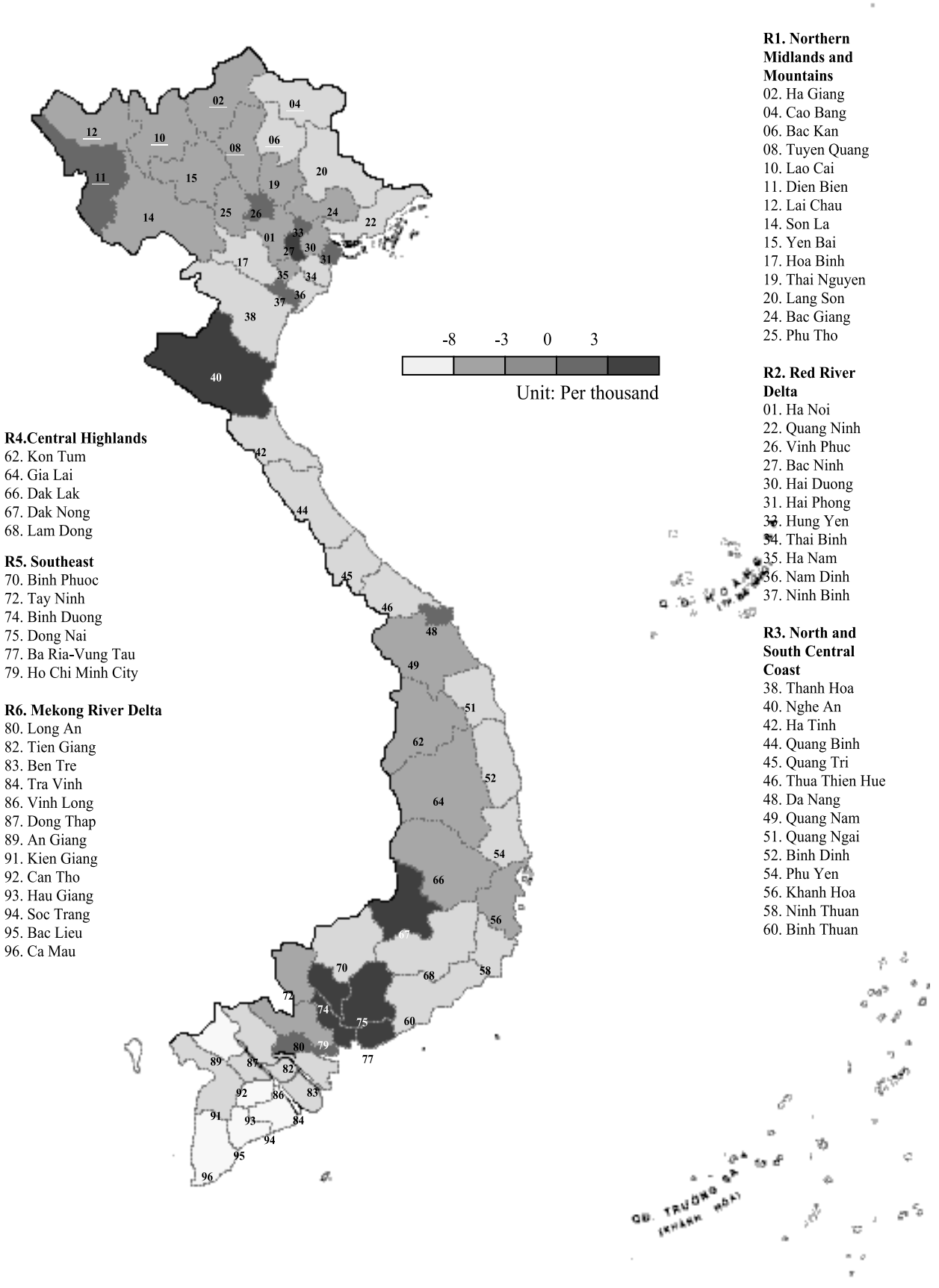
Place of usual residence at time point of 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at time point of 1/4/2013						
	Total	Northern Midlands and Mountains	Red River Delta	North and South Central Coast	Central Highlands	Southeast	Mekong River Delta
Total	**565 181**	**50 067**	**74 183**	**137 578**	**33 499**	**114 841**	**155 013**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	**26 293**	-	19 143	2 758	1 187	3 052	153
Red River Delta	**64 408**	31 164	-	18 715	2 012	10 997	1 520
North and South Central Coast	**102 651**	2 677	29 408	-	11 178	56 251	3 137
Central Highlands	**42 318**	6 313	4 662	16 936	-	11 399	3 008
Southeast	**291 374**	9 552	19 980	96 533	18 114	-	147 195
Mekong River Delta	**38 137**	361	990	2 636	1 008	33 142	-

The Mekong River Delta is still the leading region in the country in terms of number of out-migrants (155,000), followed by the North and South Central Coast (137,600) and Southeast (114,800).

Table 6.5 shows that apart from employment opportunities, distance is also a factor significantly impacting migration. Most migrants made movements to a place near their place of previous usual residence. The majority of residents from the Mekong River Delta chose the Southeast as their destination, while more than half of migrants from the Northern Midlands and Mountains moved to the Red River Delta and nearly half of migrants from the Central Highlands selected the Southeast as their destination.

6.2.2. Inter-provincial migration

Map 6.1: Inter-provincial net migration rate in 1 year prior to 1/4/2014



R1. Northern Midlands and Mountains
02. Ha Giang
04. Cao Bang
06. Bac Kan
08. Tuyen Quang
10. Lao Cai
11. Dien Bien
12. Lai Chau
14. Son La
15. Yen Bai
17. Hoa Binh
19. Thai Nguyen
20. Lang Son
24. Bac Giang
25. Phu Tho

R2. Red River Delta
01. Ha Noi
22. Quang Ninh
26. Vinh Phuc
27. Bac Ninh
30. Hai Duong
31. Hai Phong
33. Hung Yen
34. Thai Binh
35. Ha Nam
36. Nam Dinh
37. Ninh Binh

R3. North and South Central Coast
38. Thanh Hoa
40. Nghe An
42. Ha Tinh
44. Quang Binh
45. Quang Tri
46. Thua Thien Hue
48. Da Nang
49. Quang Nam
51. Quang Ngai
52. Binh Dinh
54. Phu Yen
56. Khanh Hoa
58. Ninh Thuan
60. Binh Thuan

R4.Central Highlands
62. Kon Tum
64. Gia Lai
66. Dak Lak
67. Dak Nong
68. Lam Dong

R5. Southeast
70. Binh Phuoc
72. Tay Ninh
74. Binh Duong
75. Dong Nai
77. Ba Ria-Vung Tau
79. Ho Chi Minh City

R6. Mekong River Delta
80. Long An
82. Tien Giang
83. Ben Tre
84. Tra Vinh
86. Vinh Long
87. Dong Thap
89. An Giang
91. Kien Giang
92. Can Tho
93. Hau Giang
94. Soc Trang
95. Bac Lieu
96. Ca Mau

Annex 11 shows inter-provincial migration rates in the 1 year prior to 1/4/2014.

Results of the 2014 IPS show that nearly one-fourth of all provinces (14 out of 63) had positive net migration rates (in-migrants exceeded out-migrants), while the remaining provinces has negative migration rates (out-migrants exceeded in-migrants). Binh Duong retained the top ranking for highest positive net-migration rate (52 per thousand), followed by Dak Nong (36 per thousand). Localities with high in-migration rates need to pay attention to this situation and ensure suitable and efficient methods to provide adequate living conditions for in-migrants, including housing, employment, and schools.

The provinces in the Mekong River Delta with the highest negative net migration rates were Bac Lieu (-14 per thousand), Ca Mau (-14 per thousand), Hau Giang (-14 per thousand); Soc Trang, (-9 per thousand), and An Giang (-8 per thousand).

A majority of the provinces of the Northern Midlands and Mountains had negative net migration rates, with the exception of Dien Bien. Four out of six provinces of the Southeast had positive net migration rates, with the exception of Binh Phuoc and Tay Ninh, which had negative net migration rates.

6.2.3. Some basic characteristic of migrants 1 year

Figure 6.2 presents number of migrants 1 year prior to the survey time point by residence and sex. There were over 1.8 million migrants in the entire country, with females making up a higher share than males (57.5% versus 42.5%). The number of migrants to urban areas in the year prior to the survey was 207,000 people higher than the number migrating to rural areas. In both rural and urban areas, the number of female migrants was higher than number of male migrants.

Figure 6.2: Number of migrants 1 year prior to 1/4/2014 by residence and sex

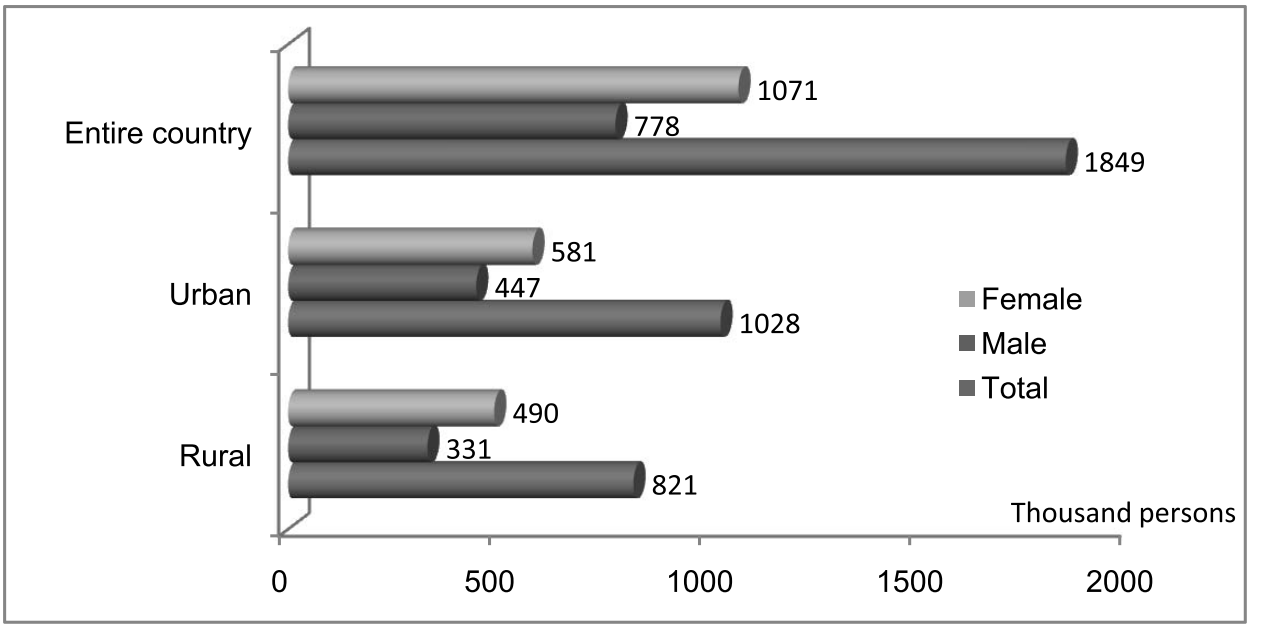
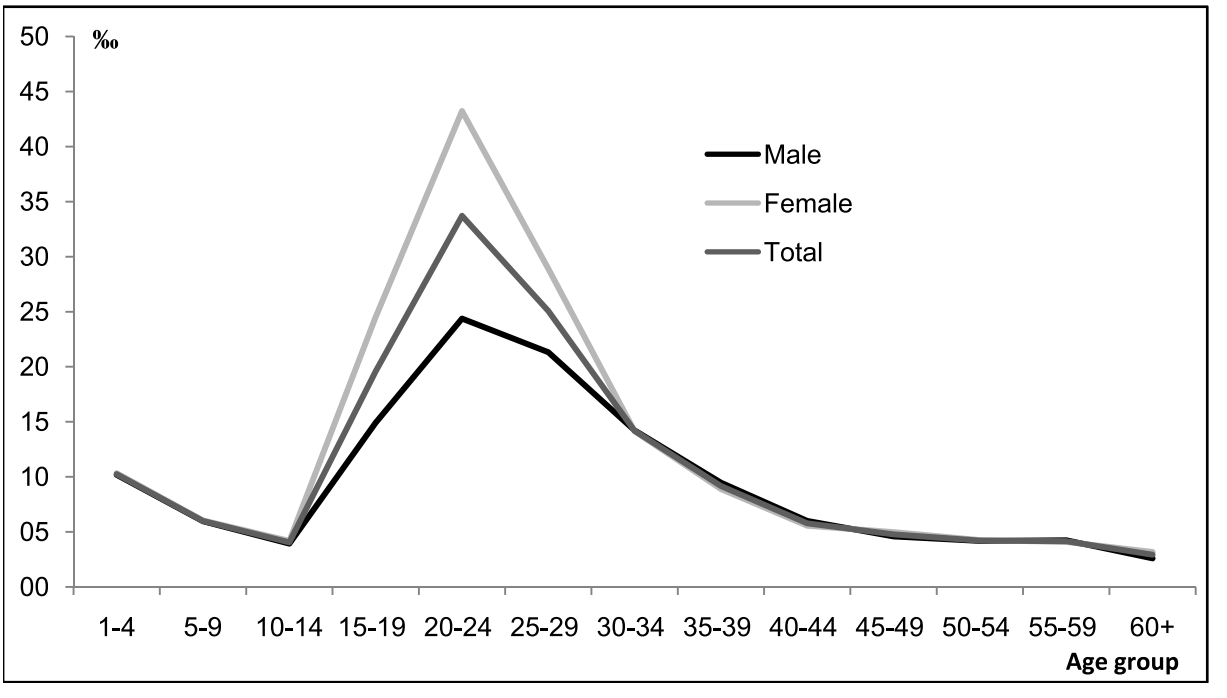


Figure 6.3 presents migration rates by age group and sex. The migration rate of youth aged 20-24 was the highest, followed by persons in the age groups 25-29 and 15-19. Results from the 2014 survey show that in almost age groups the migration rate of females was higher than the rate among males.

The migration rate was highest in the age group 20-24 among both females (43.2$^{o}/_{oo}$) and males (24.4$^{o}/_{oo}$), though this was also the age group with the largest gap between male and female migration rates (a difference of 18.9 per thousand).

Figure 6.3: Age and sex specific migration rates, 2014



The group of persons with technical and professional qualifications represented the highest proportion among migrants, followed by persons who had completed lower secondary education. Those who had never attended school presented the lowest proportion of migrants in the year prior to the survey. This pattern was true for both sexes.

Table 6.6: Proportion of migrants 1 year prior to the survey time point (1/4/2014) by sex and educational level

Unit: Percentage

Educational level	Total	Male	Female
Total	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Never attended	1.7	1.4	1.9
Not completed primary	9.3	10.5	8.5
Completed primary	16.2	16.4	16.0
Completed lower secondary	20.7	20.4	20.9
Completed upper secondary	22.6	21.4	23.4
Technical and professional qualification	29.5	29.9	29.3

Table 6.7 presents migration rate for migrants aged 15 and over during 1 year prior to the survey by sex and marital status. The highest rate belonged to the never married group (36,8$^{o}/_{oo}$). Ever-married people (included widowed) have consistently had much lower migration rates compared to never married people or those that are divorced/separated. For all groups, the migration rate of females was higher than that of males. The largest gender gap migration rates was found in the separated and divorced group (a difference of 16.1 per thousand between the male and female rates for this group), while the smallest gap was in the widowed group (1.2 per thousand).

Table 6.7: Migration rate of population aged 15 and above 1 year prior to the survey (1/4/2014) by sex

Unit: Per thousand

Marital status	Total	Male	Female
Total	**23.6**	**19.8**	**27.1**
Never married	36.8	32.8	42.0
Currently married	20.6	15.2	25.9
Widowed	6.0	5.0	6.2
Divorced	24.3	13.4	29.4
Separated	24.9	15.3	31.4

Reasons for migration reflect most important decisions leading to migration. The reasons for migration may include pull and push factors. Table 6.8 presents the main reasons leading to the moving decision of migrants. Approximately

22.6% of migrants said they moved to their destination to start a new job, and 21.4% said the reason was marriage. Migrating to start a new job was the most common reason given by males (28.3%), whereas for women the main reason given was to marry (31%).

Table 6.8: Proportion of migrants aged 15 and over 12 months prior to the survey (1/4/2014) among migrants aged 15 and over by sex and reason for migration

Unit: Percentage

Reason for migrant	Total	Male	Female
Total	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
To find work	15.5	18.4	13.5
To start a new job	22.6	28.3	18.7
Come back home due to lost job/ ended job/ could not find job	3.6	5.4	2.4
Follow family	19.0	20.3	18.1
Married	21.4	7.5	31.0
Schooling	9.4	9.7	9.2
Others	8.5	10.4	7.2

6.3. Urbanization

From the perspective of demography and economic geography, urbanization is understood as migration from rural to urban areas, and increased concentration of people living in urban areas. The level of urbanization of a nation is measured by the proportion of the people living in urban areas. In terms of society, urbanization is understood as a process of restructuring people's residential environment. Urbanization not only changes the distribution of the population and material factors, but also changes socio-economic patterns, and diffuses urban lifestyles to rural areas and to all of society. Therefore, urbanization not only occurs in qualitative terms through population growth, territorial expansion, and production development, but also in qualitative terms through improvements in living standards, and diversification of cultural patterns and needs.[10]

In Viet Nam, urban areas include inner districts and wards of municipalities and cities, and district capitals. All other remaining areas (communes) are rural. Urbanization in Viet Nam began to increase in pace towards the end of the 1980s, along with the initial period of economic transformation. Urban development depends on economic development. Currently, urbanization in the world is considered to have two main types. In developed countries, a form of diffused urbanization is occurring wherein the urban population is returning to live in urban outskirts or rural areas.

10. Source: The 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census, Migration and Urbanization in Viet Nam: Patterns, Trends and Differentials, page 60.

In contrast, in developing countries, such as Viet Nam, the rural population is being pulled into urban areas to work and live.

As of 1/4/2014, 33.1% of Viet Nam's population lived in urban areas, a 3.5 percentage points higher compared to 2009 Census. During the period 2009-2014, the urban population grew rapidly, on average 3.26% per year. However, this rate was lower compared to growth in the period 1999-2009, when the average increase was 3.4% per year. Rural population growth in Viet Nam was 0.05% per year during period 2009-2014 .

The urban share of the population in Viet Nam is low compared to Southeast Asian countries such as Brunei (76%), Malaysia (71%), Philippines (63%), Indonesia (50%), Thailand (47%) and Laos (34%); but the rate in Viet Nam is slightly higher than in Cambodia (20%), East Timor (30%) and Myanmar (31%).[11]

Table 6.9 shows that the urban population has increased continuously, from 19.2% in 1979 to 19.4% in 1989, 23.7% in 1999, 29.6% in 2009 and 33.1% in 2014. Over many years, the crude birth rate in rural areas has exceeded the rate in urban areas, while crude death rates have varied little between these two areas. This means that urban population growth in Viet Nam reflects large flows of people from rural to urban areas. It is also important to note that in addition to the flows of migrants from rural to urban areas, there have also been changes in administrative divisions (rural communes becoming district capitals or urban wards), leading to many rural areas becoming urban areas. This represents another type of urbanization.

Table 6.9: Number and share of population in urban areas, 1979-2014

Year	Urban population (Thousand persons)	Urban population share (%)
1979	10 094	19.2
1989	12 463	19.4
1999	18 077	23.7
2009	25 374	29.6
2014	29 717	33.1

Table 6.10 presents total population, urban population and urban share of the population by region. The Southeast has the largest urban population, accounting for 62.3% of total regional population (in 2009 it was 57.1%), followed by the Red River Delta, has the next highest urbanization rate, with 33.8% of its population in urban areas (in 2009 this figure was 29.2%).

11. Source: Population Reference Bureau, 2014 World Population Data Sheet.

Table 6.10: Total population, urban population, and urban share by socio-economic region, 2014

Socio-economic region	Total population (thousand persons)	Urban population (thousand persons)	Urban population share (%)
Entire country	**90 493**	**29 939**	**33.1**
Northern Midlands and Mountains	11 634	1 983	17.0
Red River Delta	20 650	6 970	33.8
North and South Central Coast	19 482	5 277	27.1
Central Highlands	5 505	1 601	29.1
Southeast	15 721	9 787	62.3
Mekong River Delta	17 502	4 321	24.7

Data in Table 6.11 shows that during the 5 years prior to the 2014 IPS, net migration from rural to urban areas was 1,837,000 people (in the 2009 Census this figure was 1,943,000 people). On average, in-migration has contributed 0.7 percentage point to annual population growth in urban areas. At the same time, this internal migration has reduced the annual growth of the rural population by 0.35percentage point.

Table 6.11: Migration flows between urban and rural areas, 2014

Migrants and direction of migration (1000 persons)			Effect of rural-to-urban migration on population growth (%)	
Rural to urban	Urban to rural	Net rural-urban migration	Rural	Urban
1 837	785	1 025	-0.35	0.7

CHAPTER 7: HOUSEHOLD LIVING CONDITIONS

In the 2014 IPS, in addition to indicators on the population, some information on basic living conditions, including information on dwellings and household facilities, was collected. Questions related to: type of housing, total floor space of the house/flat, kind of fuel (energy) used for lighting and cooking, main source of cooking/drinking water, kind of toilet facility used, and basic amenities in the household. To get this information, enumerators were asked to combine observation of the households and interviews with household heads. In particular for this survey, information on the demand for housing (purchasing or renting dwellings in approximately the next 3 years) was also collected to support policy makers in developing housing suitable policies for the country.

7.1. Type of housing

As defined in this survey, a dwelling is a constructed work for the purpose of living by household members, and consists of three parts: walls, roof and floor. In order to assess the quality of dwellings, the 2014 IPS questionnaire included questions on the main materials used for constructing the pier (or pivot or load-bearing wall), roof, and outer walls of the house/flat.

Table 7.1: Methods applied in the 2014 IPS for classifying main construction materials used for housing

	Main material of pier (supporting columns)	Main material of roof	Main material of wall
Sturdy	1. Steel-reinforced concrete 2. Brick/stone 3. Iron/steel/solid wood	1. Steel-reinforced concrete; 2. Tile (cement, terracotta)	1. Steel-reinforced concrete 2. Brick or stone masonry 3. Wood/metal
Flimsy	4. Scrap wood/bamboo 5. Soil 6. Other	3. Sheeting (fibrocement/ metal) 4. Leaves/straw/tar paper 5. Other	4. Mud/lime/straw 5. Slabs/bamboo screen/ planks 6. Other

Based on the classification of the construction materials as sturdy or flimsy, dwellings were divided into four types: permanent, semi-permanent, less-permanent, and simple. Permanent housing refers to dwellings with the three main structural elements − pier (supporting column), roof and walls − all constructed with sturdy materials. Semi-permanent housing refers to dwellings with two out of three structural elements made of sturdy materials, while semi-permanent structures have only one of the three structural elements made from sturdy materials. Simple structures are those for which all three structural elements are classified as flimsy. This method of

classification is similar to the methods used in the 2009 Census. Interviewers were requested to combine interviews with observation of the sturdiness of dwellings to best fill in the questionnaires.

Generally, permanent dwellings included villas, multi-floor dwellings, prefabricated multi-floor cement structures, and flat-roofed structures (with a reinforced concrete roof). Semi-permanent dwellings included structures with walls made with of masonry, wood planks, or wood frames and roofs made out of tiles, corrugated tin, sheeting, panels or similar materials. "Less-permanent" housing were those classified as having durable wood frames, a wooden supporting structure, the entire roof supported by wooden pillars (with an expected life of more than 15 years for these elements of the dwelling) and a roof made of thatch, bamboo, leaves or tar paper. Simple dwellings were those with simple structures constructed of crude materials, with walls made of mud, leaves and bamboo screens, and roofs usually made from thatch, bamboo, leaves or tar paper.

This classification for dwellings was applied for both the 2009 Census and the 2014 IPS in order reduce dependence on subjective opinions of respondents and enumerators, and to ensure comparison and the ability to evaluate changes in dwelling types between the 2009 Census and the 2014 IPS.

7.2. Housing status

Housing status is one of most basic indicators used to assess the living condition of households. It provides important information for policy makers. Housing status is divided into two types: "household with dwelling" and "household without any dwelling". However, collection of this information was restricted because enumerators could not interview vagrants and homeless people at the time of the survey.

Table 7.2 shows that the proportion of households without any dwellings has decreased over the last 15 years: the rate in 2014 was about 4 households per 10,000 households surveyed, a decrease of nearly 3 per 10,000 compared to 1999 and a decrease of 1 per 10,000 compared to 2009. Furthermore, there was positive change in the proportion of households with dwellings in urban areas: the proportion of households without a dwelling decreased from 9 per 10,000 in 1999 to 7 per 10,000 in 2009, and to about 4 per 10,000 in 2014. However, there was almost no change during the last 5 years in rural areas, with the proportion still around 4 households per 10,000. The data also show that the housing situation is most pressing in the Mekong River Delta, the largest granary in the country, where the proportion of households without a dwelling in 2014 was 6.2 per 10,000. The lowest proportion of households without a dwelling, on the other hand, was in Southeast, where the rate was only 1.5 per 10,000. The next lowest rate was in the Red River Delta at 1.8 households per 10,000 lacking any

dwelling. For the whole country, the proportion of households without any dwelling remained at a low level, and the level has been decreasing. This is a good indication that the living conditions of the Vietnamese people has improved.

Table 7.2: Proportion of households without dwelling by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 1999-2014

Unit: Per ten thousands

Socio-economic region	1999	2009	2014
Entire country	**6.7**	**4.7**	**3.8**
Urban	8.7	6.9	3.9
Rural	6.1	3.7	3.7
Socio-economic regions			
Northern Midlands and Mountains	5.0	3.1	5.5
Red River Delta	4.7	1.9	1.8
North and South Central Coast	5.9	8.0	5.0
Central Highlands	3.9	1.0	3.3
Southeast	6.2	5.7	1.5
Mekong River Delta	12.1	5.7	6.2

In terms of types of housing, Table 7.3 shows that almost all households, about 98.5%, had "separate dwellings". Only a very small proportion of households (0.1%) said they had a villa, and the proportion of households living in apartments also accounted for a very small portion (1.4%) in 2014.

Table 7.3: Proportion of households with dwelling by types of dwelling, 1/4/2014

Unit: Percentage

Types of dwelling	Whole country	Urban	Rural
Total	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Apartment	1.40	3.98	0.07
Separate dwelling	98.50	95.81	99.88
Villa	0.10	0.21	0.05

As described above, type of dwelling is based on the classification of the main construction materials used for the three main parts of the dwelling (see Table 7.1). Table 7.4 indicates shows changes in the proportion of households by type of dwelling based on the 2009 and 2014 surveys. The data shows that in 2014 the proportion of households living in "permanent dwellings" accounted for almost one half (46.7%) of all households with dwellings. The 2014 data also shows that the proportion of households living in "permanent dwellings" in rural areas was higher than that in urban areas (48.9% versus 42.4%). The proportion of households in urban areas living in "semi-permanent dwellings" was also quite high in 2014, at

54.1%. This proportion in rural areas was lover, at 38.4%. Over the past 5 years, the living standards of the population has significantly improved, as the proportion of households living in "semi-permanent dwellings" increased from 37.9% in 2009 to 43.7% in 2014. This is primarily due to a significant increase in the destruction of temporary dwellings and rented dwellings with flimsy roof structures (usually made of sheet metal or fibro-cement) in urban areas in recent years. This has helped migrants moving from rural areas to urban areas to have suitable housing conditions, and has increased of proportion of households living in semi-permanent dwellings in urban areas. It also means the proportion of households living in semi-permanent dwellings is higher in urban areas compared to rural areas.

In 2014, the proportion of households living in "simple dwellings" was very low, at 3.7%, though the proportion was higher in rural area than in urban areas (5.0% and 1.1%, respectively). Similarly, the number of households living in "simple dwellings" in rural areas was much higher than in urban areas.

Compared to 5 years ago, the proportion of households living in permanent dwellings increased slowly, from 46.3% in 2009 to 46.7% in 2014. Households with "less-permanent" dwellings decreased significantly, from 8.0% in 2009 to 5.9% in 2014. And the proportion of households living in simple dwelling decreased over the last 5 years from 7.8% to 3.7%. This is evidence of great achievements resulting from the program of hunger elimination and poverty reduction that the Party and Government of Viet Nam launched in recent years.

Table 7.4: Percentage distribution of households with dwelling by urban/rural residence and type of dwelling, 2009 and 2014

Unit: Percentage

Type of dwelling	2009			2014		
	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Whole country	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Permanent dwelling	46.3	41.4	49.0	46.7	42.4	48.9
Semi-permanent dwelling	37.9	52.7	31.7	43.7	54.1	38.4
Temporary dwelling	8.0	3.3	9.8	5.9	2.4	7.7
Simple dwelling	7.8	2.6	9.5	3.7	1.1	5.0

Table 7.5 represents the percentage distribution of households with a dwelling by urban/rural area and living space (floor area). Data from 1999 to 2014 shows a clear trend toward more and more the households living in dwellings with greater living space. Specifically, the proportion of dwellings/apartments with usable floor area of 60 m^2 or more increased from 24.2% in 1999 to 54.3% in 2009 and to 62.4%

in 2014. However, the proportion of households living in dwellings/apartments with little living space (less than 15 m^2) also increased, reflecting a rising disparity between rich and poor in terms of dwelling space.

Table 7.5: Percentage distribution of number of households with dwelling by urban/ rural residence and floor area

Unit: Percentage

Usable floor area	2009			2014		
	Whole country	Urban	Rural	Whole country	Urban	Rural
Total	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Less than 15m^2	1.9	3.0	1.4	2.3	5.3	0.8
From 15 - 24 m^2	5.2	6.3	4.7	4.3	7.3	2.8
From 25 - 36 m^2	11.6	9.5	12.5	8.1	7.0	8.6
From 37 - 48 m^2	14.8	11.3	16.4	12.1	9.3	13.6
From 49 - 59 m^2	12.1	9.0	13.5	10.7	7.7	12.2
From 60 m^2 and over	54.3	60.9	51.4	62.4	63.5	61.9

Table 7.6 shows that number of dwellings constructed and put into use before 1975 were very few (about 4% of all dwellings/apartments). The majority of dwellings/apartments (58.7%) were constructed and put into use after the year 2000, particularly the proportion of villas (82.4%). The number of all villas constructed before 1975 was only 2.9%. Table 7.6 also shows that the majority of apartments are in urban areas.

Table 7.6: Distribution of households with dwelling by year the dwelling was put into use and types of dwelling

Unit: Percentage

Administrative unit	Year that dwelling/apartment was put into use				Total
	Before 1975	From 1975 to 1999	From 2000 to present	Missing	
Whole country	**4.0**	**36.5**	**58.7**	**0.7**	**100.0**
Apartment/flat	17.9	38.3	42.3	1.5	100.0
Separate housing	3.9	36.5	58.9	0.7	100.0
Villas	2.9	14.6	82.4	0.2	100.0
Urban	**7.1**	**36.8**	**54.8**	**1.3**	**100.0**
Apartment/flat	18.5	38.7	41.3	1.5	100.0
Separate housing	6.6	36.7	55.3	1.3	100.0
Villas	4.1	16.9	78.8	0.2	100.0
Rural	**2.5**	**36.4**	**60.7**	**0.4**	**100.0**
Apartment/flat	3.5	25.7	70.2	0.5	100.0
Separate housing	2.5	36.4	60.7	0.4	100.0
Villas	0.3	9.6	90.1	0.0	100.0

Table 7.7 indicates average housing area per capita by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region. The data shows that in 2009 the average housing area per capita was 16.7 m^2 for the whole country, whereas after 5 years this figure rose to an average of 20.6 m^2. Average housing space per capita increased in both urban and rural areas: in urban areas it rose from 19.2 m^2 in 2009 to 23.0 m^2 in 2014, while in rural areas it increased from 15.7 m^2 in 2009 to 19.5 m^2 in 2014. This is a big success related to efforts to implement the Government's housing development strategy and increase average housing area per capita. However, the level of increase differs from region to region. The Northern Midlands and Mountains had the lowest increase at approximately 3 percentage points, while the Red River Delta had the biggest increase at 6percentage points. The average housing area per capita in the North and South Central Coast and Central Highlands increased by approximately 4 percentage points, and Southeast and Mekong River Delta saw an increase of about 3percentage points.

Table 7.7: Average housing area per capita by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2009 and 2014

Unit: Square meter

Year	Whole country	Urban	Rural	Northern Midlands and Mountains	Red River Delta	North and South Central Coast	Central Highlands	Southeast	Mekong River Delta
2009	**16.7**	19.2	15.7	16.8	16.5	16.6	14.8	17.4	17.1
2014	**20.6**	23.0	19.5	19.3	22.4	20.4	18.3	20.5	20.3

Besides type of dwelling and living area, the quality of housing can also be assessed by the year the dwelling was put into use. Table 7.8 summarizes numbers of households with a dwelling by the year the dwelling put into use, urban/rural location, and ownership. Data show that Viet Nam has more than 14 million households living in dwellings put into use from the year 2000 to the time point of the 2014 IPS, accounting for 58.7% of all households with a dwelling. If it is assumed that the year the dwelling was put into use is the same year the dwelling was constructed, then the speed of home/apartment construction has increased significantly in recent years.

The majority of Vietnamese people live in their own home: 90.8% of all households with a dwelling owned their home, according to 2014 IPS data. This figure in rural areas was approximately 15% higher than in urban areas (95.8% and 81.2%, respectively). Only 8.7% of total households lived in rented or borrowed

dwellings, and these households were mainly located in urban areas. The proportion of households living in rented or borrowed dwellings in urban areas was more than four times higher than the rate in rural areas (18.1% and 3.9%, respectively). In Viet Nam currently, especially in urban areas, most people desire to live in their own dwelling because the cost of renting is considered a financial burden. This common desire also relates to the culture of wanting "to live and work in peace and contentment". The 18.1% of households in urban areas living in rented or borrowed dwellings may be correlated to the 18.4% of households that desire to own their dwelling. This is not a small figure, and given that migration from rural to urban areas is not slowing down, it contributes to making the real estate market in urban areas generally hotter (i.e. more competitive with rising prices) than in rural areas.

Table 7.8: Distribution of households with dwelling by year the dwelling was put into use, urban/rural location, and ownership, 1/4/2014

Unit: Percentage

Ownership	The year put into use				
	Total	Before 1975	From 1975-1999	From 2000 to now	Unknown
Whole country	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Own home	90.8	91.6	93.7	89.5	47.6
Rent/borrow	8.7	6.8	5.8	10.2	51.4
Unclear ownership	0.5	1.6	0.5	0.3	0.9
Without dwelling	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urban	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Own home	81.2	88.0	87.7	77.1	33.5
Rent/borrow	18.1	9.7	11.4	22.5	65.7
Unclear ownership	0.8	2.3	0.9	0.5	0.8
Without dwelling	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rural	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Own home	95.8	96.9	96.8	95.3	72.4
Rent/borrow	3.9	2.6	2.9	4.5	26.3
Unclear ownership	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	1.2
Without dwelling	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1

7.3. Living conditions

The 2014 IPS collected information on basic living conditions of households, which is one of the main indicators used to evaluate the national development strategy. In general, living conditions and the sanitation situation of households have improved gradually compared to the 2009 Census.

In 2014, 98.6% of all households used electricity from the national network for lighting, an increase of 2.5 percentage points compared to 2009. The figure in urban areas was almost 100% of households, while the rate was 98% in rural areas (i.e. only 2% of households in rural areas said they did not use electricity from the national network for lighting). The proportion of households using electricity from the national electricity network for lighting has increased significantly in recent years, reaching almost 100%. This indicates that the population's access to the national electricity network has been strengthened and provides evidence of important achievements in development and advancement of the country towards industrialization and modernization. Access to lighting contributes to increasing the quality of life for people and promotes the urbanization and modernization of the entire nation.

Table 7.9: Distribution of households by urban/rural area and selected household living conditions, 2009 and 2014

Unit: Percentage

Selected indicators of living conditions	2009			2014		
	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Fuel for lighting	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Use national electricity network	96.1	99.6	94.6	98.6	99.8	98.0
Don't use national electricity network	3.9	0.4	5.4	1.4	0.2	2.0
Main water source for eating and drinking	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Piped water from water treatment plant	25.5	63.5	8.6	36.3	73.1	17.6
Bore-well or protected hand-dug well	49.3	30.4	57.8	43.7	23.0	54.2
Rain water	11.9	2.4	16.1	9.9	1.9	13.9
Natural spring or unprotected hand-dug well and other sources	13.3	3.7	17.5	10.1	2.0	14.3
Toilet	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Sanitary toilet	54.0	87.8	39.0	71.4	93.8	60.0
Other toilet	38.2	9.9	50.8	24.6	5.2	34.4
No toilet	7.8	2.3	10.2	4.0	1.0	5.6

Like the increase in the proportion of households using electricity for lighting, the proportion of households using sanitary water sources (including piped water from water treatment plants, rain water, or water from bore-wells or protected hand-dug wells) has increased significantly compared to 2009. Nationally 89.9% of all households used sanitary water sources in 2014, a 3% percentage points higher rise from 2009. The level of increase in both urban and rural areas was the same; sanitary water supply in urban areas increased from 96.3% in 2009 to 98% in 2014, and the level increased from 82.5% to 85.7% in rural areas. Although the proportion of households using sanitary water sources has increased, only 36.3% of households in Viet Nam used piped water from a water treatment plant in 2014, with the cor-

responding proportion in rural areas only 17.6%. In rural areas, the proportion of households using unsanitary water sources (such as natural water, unprotected hand-dug well water, and other sources) is still high, accounting for 14.3% of all households in 2014. It is urgent that the Government promote sanitary water programs in rural areas as an initial step toward the long term goal of improving the quality of life of the Vietnamese people.

In addition to the increase in access to electricity for lighting and to sanitary water, the proportion of households using sanitary toilets (flush and semi-flush toilets) has significantly increased. Nationally, 71.4% of households used sanitary toilets in 2014, an increase of 17 percentage points compared to 2009. After 5 years, the proportion of households using sanitary toilets in urban areas increased 6 percentage points, from 87.8% in 2009 up to 93.8% in 2014. In rural areas the level of increase was much more impressive, rising from 39.0% in 2009 to 60.0% in 2014, an increase of 21% over 5 years. However, the proportion of households using sanitary toilets in urban areas is still much higher than in rural areas (93.8% and 60.0%, respectively). This data shows that the hygiene conditions of people, especially those in rural areas, are improving. However, people in 28.6% of households still are not using improved toilets, and this reflects the fact that life for the people of Viet Nam, especially the rural population, can still be difficult, and sanitary conditions cannot be guaranteed.

7.4. Amenities

The 2014 IPS was designed with questions on basic facilities of households in order to assess living conditions and quality of the population to serve purpose of policy-making, planning, and national programs related to improving living standards throughout the country and in each locality. The results collected from the survey indicate that modern amenities are becoming popular in Viet Nam. Besides questions on electricity use for lighting, sanitary water sources and sanitary toilets, the 2014 IPS questionnaire also included questions on essential amenities used by households (regardless of ownership of these amenities). The essential amenities included television, air conditioning, land-line telephone/mobile phone, computers, internet connection, cars, and motorcycles.

Figure 7.1: Television use by urban/rural residence, 2009 and 2014

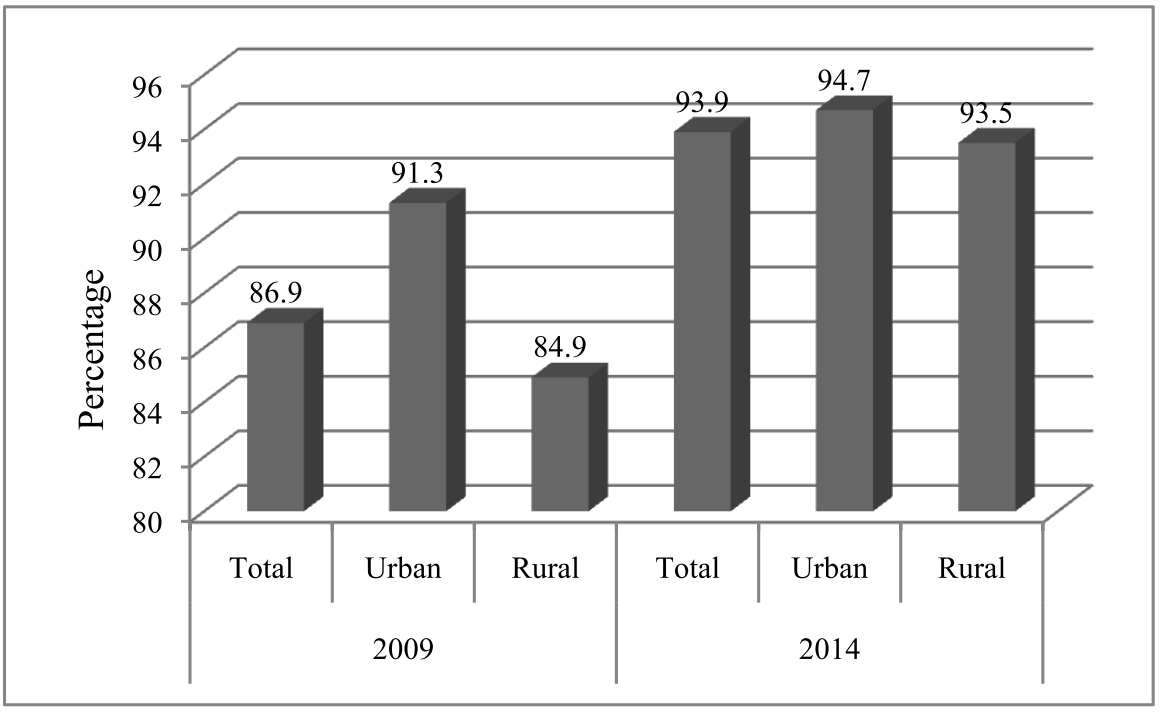


Figure 7.1 presents the proportion of households with a television based on the results of the 2009 Census and the 2014 IPS. The graph shows that 86.9% of all households in Viet Nam had a television in 2009, and this proportion increased to 93.9% in 2014. The proportion was 93.5% in rural areas and 94.7% in urban areas in 2014. Nowadays a television has become a necessary amenity in almost all households in Viet Nam, in both urban and rural areas. Nationally, 13.1% of all households did not have a television in 2009, and this figure decreased to 6.1% in 2014. The proportion in rural areas was higher than in urban areas, but the rate of decrease was more impressive: the proportion of households with a television in rural area decreased from 15.1% in 2009 down to 6.5% in 2014, while the decrease in urban areas was from 8.7% to 5.3%.

In 2014, in contrast to the fast rate of growth in television use, the proportion of households using the Internet was rather low in Viet Nam, accounting for 20.6% of all households. Figure 7.2 indicates that the proportion of households using the Internet in Viet Nam is highly concentrated in urban areas, where the proportion reached 41.7% in 2014. The proportion was only 9.8% in rural areas. Data from the 2014 IPS shows that the proportion of households that did not use the Internet was rather high, accounting for 79.4%, while the proportion in rural areas was 90.2%. The Internet is currently a very good information channel containing enormous amounts of knowledge and is commonly used in developed countries. This is an important finding related to information and communication for policy makers in Viet Nam.

Figure 7.2: Internet use by urban/rural residence, 2014

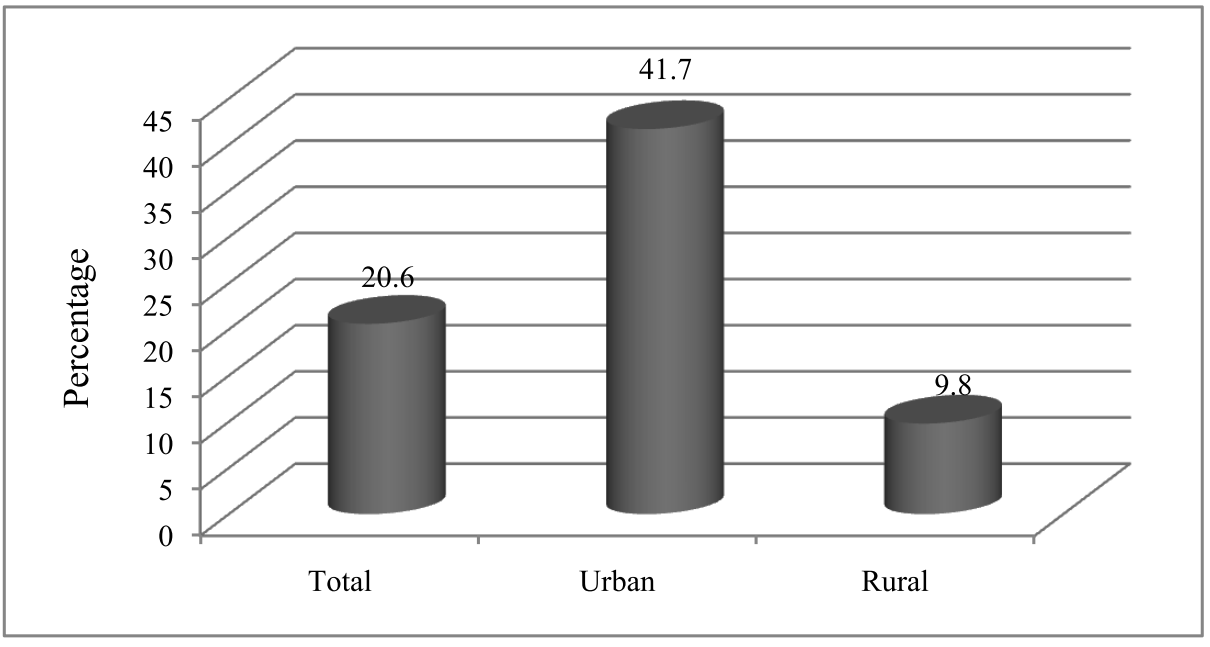


Table 7.10 presents information on the use of necessary living amenities in Vietnamese households. The data shows that living conditions are much better than last 5 years ago. In 2009, there were few modern living amenities − such as mobile phones, computers, washing machines, refrigerators, and air conditioners − in households, and these amenities were concentrated mainly in urban areas. But in 2014 these amenities become more common in both urban and rural areas of Viet Nam. In 2014, the proportions of households nationally using necessary amenities nearly doubled for several items: 85% of households used land-line telephones and/ or cell phones in 2014, up from 45.7% in 2009; use of computers rose to 25.1%, up from 13.5% in 2009; the proportion of households using a washing machine rose to 30.9% from 14.9% in 2009; and the proportion using a fridge increased to 59.0%, up from 31.6% in 2009. The proportions of households using an air condition was 13.3% in 2014, more than double the rate in 2009 of 5.9%, while the proportion of households using a motorcycle rose to 84.6%, up from 72.3% in 2009. Overall, the proportion of households using modern living amenities in urban areas as much higher than in rural areas, proving that living standards in urban areas are much higher than in rural areas.

Table 7.10: Distribution of households by urban/rural residence and use of essential amenities, 2009 and 2014

Unit: Percentage

Selected necessary living amenities	2009			2014		
	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Telephone (*)	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Use	45.7	61.7	38.6	85.0	92.7	81.1
Do not use	54.3	38.3	61.4	15.0	7.3	18.9
Computer	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Use	13.5	31.8	5.4	25.1	47.2	14.0
Do not use	86.5	68.2	94.6	74.9	52.8	86.0
Washing machine	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Use	14.9	36.1	5.5	30.9	54.9	18.7
Do not use	85.1	63.9	94.5	69.1	45.1	81.3
Refrigerator	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Use	31.6	57.4	20.2	59.0	76.8	49.9
Do not use	68.4	42.6	79.8	41.0	23.2	50.1
Air conditioner	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Use	5.9	16.2	1.3	13.3	30.3	4.7
Do not use	94.1	83.8	98.7	86.7	69.7	95.3
Motorcycle	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Use	72.3	83.2	67.5	84.6	90.1	81.8
Do not use	27.7	16.8	32.5	15.4	9.9	18.2
Car	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Use	-	-	-	3.1	5.7	1.8
Do not use	-	-	-	96.9	94.3	98.2

(*) The 2009 Population and Housing Census only included a question about land-line phone use, but the 2014 IPS included questions about both land-line phone and cell phone use.

The proportion of households using a motorcycle, according to the results of the 2014 IPS, is remarkable: in 2014, 84.6% of households in Viet Nam used a motorcycle, an increase of 12% compared to 2009. The proportion in urban areas was 90.1% and in rural areas 81.8%. This shows that the number of motorized vehicles, especially motorcycles, has increased significantly in recent years, adding to road traffic. In addition, the proportion of households using a car in 2014 was 5.7% in urban areas. This is evidence of improvement in the economy of Viet Nam but also

brings concerns for policy makers and people, especially in terms of traffic control and pollution. The density of motorized vehicles is increasing more and more and the air and noise pollution are getting worse and worse.

Table 7.11 presents the proportion of households using essential amenities by urban/rural area and socio-economic region. For this indicator there is a rather large difference between urban and rural areas and between socio-economic regions, reflecting a significant disparity in living standards. For phone use (hand-line and cell phones) and motorcycle use, the disparity between urban and rural areas was about 10% in 2014, while the disparity was much higher for use of computers, air conditioners, and refrigerators. Table 7.11 also shows that the proportion of households using essential amenities was higher in the Southeast than other regions, whereas the proportion was lowest in Northern Midlands and Mountains and Central Highlands.

Table 7.11: Proportion of households using essential amenities by urban/rural residence and socio-economic region, 2014

Unit: Percentage

Socio-economic region	The proportion of households						
	Using phone	Using computer	Using car	Using fridge	Using air condition	Using washing machine	Using motorcycle
WHOLE COUNTRY	**85.0**	**25.1**	**3.1**	**59.0**	**13.3**	**30.9**	**84.6**
Urban	92.7	47.2	5.7	76.9	30.4	55.0	90.1
Rural	81.1	14.0	1.8	49.9	4.7	18.7	81.8
Socio-economic regions							
Northern midlands and Mountains	80.1	16.2	3.3	52.0	6.0	20.0	84.2
Red river delta	86.0	29.2	3.9	72.6	22.3	43.0	81.6
North and South central coast	81.7	20.1	2.7	50.9	7.2	21.1	82.2
Central Highlands	84.8	23.5	3.4	50.0	2.1	29.9	91.6
Southeast	91.7	41.9	4.4	73.3	23.7	50.5	94.2
Mekong river Delta	84.6	16.1	1.2	44.4	7.0	15.5	80.6

To meet the needs of housing policy makers, the 2014 IPS included questions on demand for housing in the next 3 years (after 2014). Table 7.12 shows that the proportion of households who intend to buy or rent a house during the next 3 years was 2.3%, equivalent to 559,000 households. Within this group, the proportion intending to buy or rent an apartment/flat was low at 12.5%, and about half of these (54.2%) intend to buy or rent a flat of less than 70 m^2. Conversely, of the households that intend to buy or rent housing in the next 3 years, 87.5% intend to

buy or rent a detached house, and of these, the proportion that intend to buy or rent a single detached house of less than 70 m^2 accounted for 55%. Thus, the results of the survey show that most households with intentions to buy or rent housing during next three years plan to buy single detached houses, and that more than 50% of those who plan to buy or rent an apartment or a single detached house plan indicated the size would be less than 70 m^2. This shows that the demand for housing is from groups without high income and that the desire to own a single detached house is popular in Viet Nam.

Table 7.12: Percentage of households intending to buy or rent housing in next 3 years by type and housing area

Indicator	Relative number (%)	Absolute number (thousand households)
Households intending to buy/rent housing during next 3 years	**2.3**	**559**
Of which:		
1. Intend to buy/rent apartment/flat	12.5	70
- Less than 70 m^2	54.2	38
- 70 m^2 and over	45.8	32
2. Intend to buy/rent detached house	87.5	489
- Less than 70 m^2	55.0	269
- 70 m^2 and over	45.0	220

Results from the survey show that the proportion of households intending to buy or rent a house during the next 3 years was concentrated in the big cities, particularly Ho Chi Minh City (22.2%), Ha Noi (13%), Binh Duong (5.7%), Da Nang and An Giang (3.3%), and Dong Nai (2.8%).

In general, the results of the 2014 IPS paint a positive picture of household living conditions and reflect significant achievements of Viet Nam during the process of implementing innovative policies and the resolutions of the Tenth and Eleventh Party Congress and the Strategy of Socio-Economic Development in the period 2011-2020.

PART III
ANNEXES

MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND INVESTMENT
GENERAL STATISTICS OFFICE

THE INTER-CENSAL POPULATION AND HOUSING SURVEY
TIME-POINT: 00.00 AM 1 APRIL 2014

THE QUESTIONNAIRE OF COLLECTION OF INFORMATION ON POPULATION AND HOUSING

(Short Form)

The information collected in this survey is implemented by the Decision No 1253/QD-TCTK dated 22 November, 2013 of the General Statistics Office's Director General; be used and kept strictly confidential by the regulations of the Statistics Law

SAMPLE DIGITS TO FILL INTO BOX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

PLACE "X" INTO THE SMALL BOX TO INDICATE THE RESPECTIVE [X]

IDENTIFICATION

PROVINCE/CITY: _____ ☐☐

DISTRICT/QUARTER/TOWN/PROVINCIAL CITY: _____ ☐☐☐

COMMUNE/WARD/DISTRICT TOWN: _____ ☐☐☐☐☐

ENUMERATION AREA NUMBER: ..... ☐☐☐

NAME OF ENUMERATION AREA: _____

URBAN/RURAL (URBAN = 1; RURAL = 2): ..... ☐

HOUSEHOLD NUMBER: ..... ☐☐☐

FULL NAME OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD: _____

ADDRESS OF THE HOUSEHOLD: _____

HOME TELEPHONE/MOBILE PHONE: _____

RESULTS

NUMBER OF USUAL RESIDENTS IN THE HOUSEHOLD:: ..... ☐☐

NUMBER OF MALES: ..... ☐☐

NUMBER OF FEMALES: ..... ☐☐

THIS IS SET ☐ IN ☐ SETS OF THE HOUSEHOLD

CERTIFICATION

	FULL NAME	**SIGNATURE**
RESPONDENT	_____	_____
ENUMERATOR	_____	_____
TEAM LEADER	_____	_____

PART 1: INFORMATION OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS

QUESTIONS \ NUMBER	NUMBER.....	NUMBER.....
QUESTIONS 1, 2 AND 3 ARE INTERVIEWED AND RECORDED HORIZONTALLY.		
1. Please let me know the full name of each person usually residing in the household, starting at the head of household? (APPLICATION OF INTERVIEW PROCESS FOR DETERMINATION OF USUAL RESIDENTS)	_____ _____	_____ _____
2. What is [NAME]'s relationship to the head of household?	H.H HEAD..... 1 ☐ SPOUSE..... 2 ☐ NATURAL CHILD..... 3 ☐ PARENTS..... 4 ☐ OTHER FAMILY RELATION. 5 ☐ NO FAMILY RELATION..... 6 ☐	H.H HEAD.....1 ☐ SPOUSE.....2 ☐ NATURAL CHILD .....3 ☐ PARENTS.....4 ☐ OTHER FAMILY RELATION..5 ☐ NO FAMILY RELATION.....6 ☐
3. Is [NAME] male of female?	MALE...1 ☐ FEMALE.2 ☐	MALE .. 1 ☐ FEMALE 2 ☐
ASK AND RECORD FOR EACH PERSON FROM QUESTION 4 ONWARDS (BY COLUMN).		
4. In what solar calendar month and year was [NAME] born? ∟	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR ..... ☐☐☐☐ Q 12 ← NOT STATED YEAR...9998 ☐	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR ..... ☐☐☐☐ Q 12 ← NOT STATED YEAR... 9998 ☐
5. What is [NAME]'s age as of his/her last birthday? (IF AGE IS 95 YEARS OR MORE, WRITE '95')	COMPLETED AGE ☐☐	COMPLETED AGE ☐☐
12. CHECK QUESTION 4 OR QUESTION 5: ASK FOR PERSONS AGED 5 YEARS AND OVER (BORN BEFORE APRIL 2009).		
13. Where did [NAME] reside usually, five years ago (on 1/4/2009)? ∟	SAME COMMUNE/WARD... 1 ☐ ABROAD .....2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ← OTHER PLACE ..... 3 ☐ _____ ☐☐☐ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ...1 ☐ ABROAD .....2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ← OTHER PLACE ..... 3 ☐ _____ ☐☐☐ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ NAME OF PROVINCE
14. Was the above-mentioned place of usual residence of [NAME] a ward, a district town or a commune five years ago?	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN.....1 ☐ COMMUNE ..... 2 ☐	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN.....1 ☐ COMMUNE.....2 ☐

PART 4: INFORMATION ON EVENTS OF DEATH OF THE HOUSEHOLD DURING THE LAST 5 YEARS

48. During the last 5 years (from 1/4/2009 to the end of 31/3/2014), did any usual residents of your household die?	YES.....1 ☐ NO .....2 ☐ → PART 5
If yes, how many persons died during last 5 years? Including:	NUMBER OF DEATHS:..... ☐☐
a. Number of persons who were present before 0h00, April 1, 2009 but died?	NUMBER OF DEATHS:..... ☐☐
b. Numver of persons who were present after 0h00, April 1, 2009 but died?	NUMBER OF DEATHS:..... ☐☐
IF QUESTION 48b > 0, ASK QUESTION 48.1 AND QUESTION 48.2. IF QUESTION 48b = 0, ASK PART 5: HOUSING INFORMATION.	

HH N^{0}:..... SET N^{0}:.....

NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER.....	NUMBER .....
QUESTIONS 1, 2 AND 3 ARE INTERVIEWED AND RECORDED HORIZONTALLY.			
_____ _____	_____ _____	_____ _____	_____ _____
H.H HEAD ..... 1 SPOUSE ..... 2 NATURAL CHILD ..... 3 PARENTS ..... 4 OTHER FAMILY RELATION . 5 NO FAMILY RELATION 6	H.H HEAD ..... 1 SPOUSE ..... 2 NATURAL CHILD ..... 3 PARENTS ..... 4 OTHER FAMILY RELATION . 5 NO FAMILY RELATION 6	H.H HEAD..... 1 SPOUSE ..... 2 NATURAL CHILD..... 3 PARENTS ..... 4 OTHER FAMILY RELATION..5 NO FAMILY RELATION.....6	H.H HEAD..... 1 SPOUSE..... 2 NATURAL CHILD ..... 3 PARENTS..... 4 OTHER FAMILY RELATION..5 NO FAMILY RELATION.....6
MALE...1 ☐ FEMALE.2 ☐	MALE...1 ☐ FEMALE.2 ☐	MALE .. 1 ☐ FEMALE 2 ☐	MALE ...1 ☐ FEMALE 2 ☐
ASK AND RECORD FOR EACH PERSON FROM QUESTION 4 ONWARDS (BY COLUMN).			
MONTH ..... YEAR ..... Q 12 ← NOT STATED YEAR ...9998 ☐	MONTH ..... YEAR ..... Q 12 ← NOT STATED YEAR ...9998 ☐	MONTH ..... YEAR ..... Q 12 ← NOT STATED YEAR... 9998 ☐	MONTH ..... YEAR ..... Q 12 ← NOT STATED YEAR ...9998 ☐
COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE
12. CHECK QUESTION 4 OR QUESTION 5: ASK FOR PERSONS AGED 5 YEARS AND OVER (BORN BEFORE APRIL 2009).			
SAME COMMUNE/WARD... 1 ☐ ABROAD ..... 2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ← OTHER PLACE.....3 ☐ _____ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD... 1 ☐ ABROAD .....2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ← OTHER PLACE .....3 ☐ _____ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ...1 ☐ ABROAD .....2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ← OTHER PLACE ..... 3 ☐ _____ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD... 1 ☐ ABROAD..... 2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ← OTHER PLACE.....3 ☐ _____ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ NAME OF PROVINCE
WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 ☐ COMMUNE ..... 2 ☐	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN .....1 ☐ COMMUNE ..... 2 ☐	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN.....1 ☐ COMMUNE.....2 ☐	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 ☐ COMMUNE ..... 2 ☐

QUESTIONS \ NUMBER	THE DECEASED	THE DECEASED	THE DECEASED .....
48.1. Please let me know full name and completed age of each deceased who presents after 0h00, April 1, 2009 but died?	_____	_____	_____
48.2. Where did [NAME] usually reside before 0h00, April 1, 2009? ONLY ASK THE PERSONS WHO WERE BORN BEFORE 0H00, APRIL 1, 2009	_____ DISTRICT _____ PROVINCE	_____ DISTRICT _____ PROVINCE	_____ DISTRICT _____ PROVINCE

PART 5: HOUSING INFORMATION

QUESTION	ANSWER
49. To whom does this dwelling/flat that your household is residing belong? ∟	HOUSEHOLD OWNED ..... 1 ☐ RENTED/BORROWED ..... 2 ☐ UNCLEAR OWNERSHIP ..... 3 ☐ NO HOUSING ..... 4 ☐ → Q 58 ⌟
50. Is your household sharing the dwelling/flat with other household(s)?	YES ..... 1 ☐ → NUMBER OF SHARED PERSONS OF ☐☐ NO ..... 2 ☐ OTHER HOUSEHOLDS (EXCLUDE VISITORS)
51. Is the dwelling/flat of your household the apartment building, the single detached house or the villa? How many floors have this dwelling? IN THIS QUESTION, THE SINGLE DETACHED HOUSE DOES NOT INCLUDE THE VILLA.	APARTMENT BUILDING ... 1 ☐ SINGLE DETACHED HOUSE . 2 ☐ VILLA ..... 3 ☐ NUMBER OF FLOORS ... ☐☐ NUMBER OF FLOORS ... ☐☐ NUMBER OF FLOORS ... ☐☐
53. How many square meters is the total floor space of this house/flat?	FLOOR SPACE (m^2) ..... ☐☐☐
54. What is the main construction material of the pier (or the pivot or the load-bearing wall) of this house/flat? ∟	CONCRETE ..... 1 ☐ BRICK/STONE ..... 2 ☐ STEEL/IRON/DURABLE WOOD ..... 3 ☐ WOOD OF LOW QUALITY/BAMBOO ..... 4 ☐ SOIL ..... 5 ☐ OTHER _____ 6 ☐ (SPECIFY)
55. What is the main construction material of the roof of this house/flat?	CONCRETE ..... 1 ☐ TILE (CEMENT, TERRA-COTTA) ..... 2 ☐ SLAB (CEMENT, METAL) ..... 3 ☐ LEAF/STRAW/OIL PAPER ..... 4 ☐ OTHER _____ 5 ☐ (SPECIFY)
56. What is the main construction material of the outer walls of this house/flat?	CONCRETE ..... 1 ☐ BRICK/STONE ..... 2 ☐ WOOD/METAL ..... 3 ☐ CLAY/STRAW ..... 4 ☐ WATTLE/PLYWOOD ..... 5 ☐ OTHER _____ 6 ☐ (SPECIFY)
57. What year was this house/flat started using? ∟	BEFORE 1975 ..... 1 ☐ FROM 1975 TO 1999 ..... 2 ☐ FROM 2000 TO NAY ..... 3 ☐ 2 0 ☐☐ NOT STATED ..... 4 ☐
58. In the forthcoming 3 years, would your household intend to purchase or rent other dwellings? IF YES: Does your household intend to purchase or rent the apartment building or the single detached house, with the floor is less than, equal or greater than 70 m^2? What province/city under the Central is it?	YES ..... 1 ☐ ⌝ < 70 m^2 ≥ 70 m^2 APARTMENT BUILDING ..... 3 ☐ ..... 4 ☐ SINGLE DETACHED HOUSE ..... 5 ☐ ..... 6 ☐ PROVINCE/CITY_____ ☐☐ NO ..... 2 ☐

MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND INVESTMENT
GENERAL STATISTICS OFFICE

THE INTER-CENSAL POPULATION AND HOUSING SURVEY
TIME-POINT: 00.00 AM 1 APRIL 2014

THE QUESTIONNAIRE OF COLLECTION OF INFORMATION ON POPULATION AND HOUSING

(Long Form)

The information collected in this survey is implemented by the Decision No 1253/QD-TCTK dated 22 November, 2013 of the General Statistics Office's Director General; be used and kept strictly confidential by the regulations of the Statistics Law

SAMPLE DIGITS TO FILL INTO BOX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

PLACE "X" INTO THE SMALL BOX TO INDICATE THE RESPECTIVE [X]

IDENTIFICATION

PROVINCE/CITY: _____ ☐☐

DISTRICT/QUARTER/TOWN/PROVINCIAL CITY: _____ ☐☐☐

COMMUNE/WARD/DISTRICT TOWN: _____ ☐☐☐☐☐

ENUMERATION AREA NUMBER: ..... ☐☐☐

NAME OF ENUMERATION AREA: _____

URBAN/RURAL (URBAN = 1; RURAL = 2): ..... ☐

HOUSEHOLD NUMBER: ..... ☐☐☐

FULL NAME OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD: _____

ADDRESS OF THE HOUSEHOLD: _____

HOME TELEPHONE/MOBILE PHONE: _____

RESULTS

NUMBER OF USUAL RESIDENTS IN THE HOUSEHOLD:: ..... ☐☐

NUMBER OF MALES: ..... ☐☐

NUMBER OF FEMALES: ..... ☐☐

THIS IS SET ☐ IN ☐ SETS OF THE HOUSEHOLD

CERTIFICATION

	FULL NAME	**SIGNATURE**
RESPONDENT		
ENUMERATOR		
TEAM LEADER		

PART 1: INFORMATION OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS

QUESTIONS / NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER .....
QUESTIONS 1, 2 AND 3 ARE INTERVIEWED AND RECORDED HORIZONTALLY.		
1. Please let me know the full name of each person usually residing in the household, starting at the head of household? (APPLICATION OF INTERVIEW PROCESS FOR DETERMINATION OF USUAL RESIDENTS)	_____ _____	_____ _____
2. What is [NAME]'s relationship to the head of household?	H.H HEAD ..... 1 ☐ SPOUSE ..... 2 ☐ NATURAL CHILD ..... 3 ☐ PARENTS ..... 4 ☐ OTHER FAMILY RELATION .. 5 ☐ NO FAMILY RELATION ..... 6 ☐	H.H HEAD ..... 1 ☐ SPOUSE ..... 2 ☐ NATURAL CHILD ..... 3 ☐ PARENTS ..... 4 ☐ OTHER FAMILY RELATION .. 5 ☐ NO FAMILY RELATION ..... 6 ☐
3. Is [NAME] male of female?	MALE ... 1 ☐ FEMALE . 2 ☐	MALE .. 1 ☐ FEMALE 2 ☐
ASK AND RECORD FOR EACH PERSON FROM QUESTION 4 ONWARDS (BY COLUMN).		
4. In what solar calendar month and year was [NAME] born?	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR ..... ☐☐☐☐ Q 6 ← NOT STATED YEAR ... 9998 ☐	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR ..... ☐☐☐☐ Q 6 ← NOT STATED YEAR... 9998 ☐
5. What is [NAME]'s age as of his/her last birthday? (IF AGE IS 95 YEARS OR MORE, WRITE '95')	COMPLETED AGE ☐☐	COMPLETED AGE ☐☐
6. To what ethnic group does [NAME] belong?	KINH ..... 1 ☐ OTHER ETHNIC GROUP 2 ☐ _____ ☐☐ NAME OF ETHNIC GROUP	KINH ..... 1 ☐ OTHER ETHNIC GROUP 2 ☐ _____ ☐☐ NAME OF ETHNIC GROUP
7. Does [NAME] follow any faith/religion? IF YES: What is [NAME]'s faith/religion?	YES ..... 1 ☐ _____ ☐☐ NAME OF RELIGION NO ..... 2 ☐	YES ..... 1 ☐ _____ ☐☐ NAME OF RELIGION NO ..... 2 ☐
8. CHECK QUESTION 4 OR QUESTION 5: ASK FOR PERSONS AGED 1 YEAR AND OVER (BORN BEFORE APRIL 2013).		
9. Where did [NAME] reside usually, one year ago (on 1/4/2013)?	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ... 1 ☐ ABROAD ..... 2 ☐ Q 12 ← OTHER PLACE ..... 3 ☐ _____ ☐☐☐ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ... 1 ☐ ABROAD ..... 2 ☐ Q 12 ← OTHER PLACE ..... 3 ☐ _____ ☐☐☐ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ NAME OF PROVINCE
10. Was the above-mentioned place of usual residence of [NAME] a ward, a district town or a commune one year ago?	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 ☐ COMMUNE ..... 2 ☐	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 ☐ COMMUNE ..... 2 ☐

HH N^{0}:..... SET N^{0}:.....

NUMBER	NUMBER.....	NUMBER.....	NUMBER.....
QUESTIONS 1, 2 AND 3 ARE INTERVIEWED AND RECORDED HORIZONTALLY.			
_____ _____	_____ _____	_____ _____	_____ _____
H.H HEAD.....1 SPOUSE.....2 NATURAL CHILD.....3 PARENTS.....4 OTHER FAMILY RELATION..5 NO FAMILY RELATION.....6	H.H HEAD.....1 SPOUSE.....2 NATURAL CHILD.....3 PARENTS.....4 OTHER FAMILY RELATION..5 NO FAMILY RELATION.....6	H.H HEAD.....1 SPOUSE.....2 NATURAL CHILD.....3 PARENTS.....4 OTHER FAMILY RELATION..5 NO FAMILY RELATION.....6	H.H HEAD.....1 SPOUSE.....2 NATURAL CHILD.....3 PARENTS.....4 OTHER FAMILY RELATION..5 NO FAMILY RELATION.....6
MALE ...1 FEMALE 2	MALE... 1 FEMALE 2	MALE .. 1 FEMALE 2	MALE .. 1 FEMALE 2
ASK AND RECORD FOR EACH PERSON FROM QUESTION 4 ONWARDS (BY COLUMN).			
MONTH ..... YEAR ..... Q 6 NOT STATED YEAR .. 9998	MONTH ..... YEAR ..... Q 6 NOT STATED YEAR... 9998	MONTH ..... YEAR ..... Q 6 NOT STATED YEAR... 9998	MONTH ..... YEAR ..... Q 6 NOT STATED YEAR... 9998
COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE
KINH .....1 OTHER ETHNIC GROUP 2 NAME OF ETHNIC GROUP	KINH.....1 OTHER ETHNIC GROUP 2 NAME OF ETHNIC GROUP	KINH.....1 OTHER ETHNIC GROUP 2 NAME OF ETHNIC GROUP	KINH.....1 OTHER ETHNIC GROUP 2 NAME OF ETHNIC GROUP
YES.....1 NAME OF RELIGION NO.....2	YES.....1 NAME OF RELIGION NO.....2	YES.....1 NAME OF RELIGION NO.....2	YES.....1 NAME OF RELIGION NO.....2
8. CHECK QUESTION 4 OR QUESTION 5: ASK FOR PERSONS AGED 1 YEAR AND OVER (BORN BEFORE APRIL 2013).			
SAME COMMUNE/WARD ...1 ABROAD.....2 Q 12 OTHER PLACE.....3 NAME OF DISTRICT NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ...1 ABROAD.....2 Q 12 OTHER PLACE.....3 NAME OF DISTRICT NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ...1 ABROAD.....2 Q 12 OTHER PLACE.....3 NAME OF DISTRICT NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ...1 ABROAD.....2 Q 12 OTHER PLACE.....3 NAME OF DISTRICT NAME OF PROVINCE
WARD/DISTRICT TOWN.....1 COMMUNE 2	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN.....1 COMMUNE.....2	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN.....1 COMMUNE.....2	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN.....1 COMMUNE.....2

PART 1: INFORMATION OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS (CONTINUED)

QUESTIONS / NAME AND NUMBER	_____ ☐☐	_____ ☐☐
11. What was the main reason that [NAME] moved to this household?	TO FIND WORK ..... 1 ☐ TO START A NEW JOB ..... 2 ☐ COME BACK HOMELAND DUE TO LOST JOB/ENDED JOB/COULD NOT FIND JOB . 3 ☐ FOLLOW FAMILY ..... 4 ☐ MARRIAGE ..... 5 ☐ SCHOOLING ..... 6 ☐ OTHERS _____ 7 ☐ (SPECIFY)	TO FIND WORK ..... 1 ☐ TO START A NEW JOB ..... 2 ☐ COME BACK HOMELAND DUE TO LOST JOB/ENDED JOB/COULD NOT FIND JOB. 3 ☐ FOLLOW FAMILY ..... 4 ☐ MARRIAGE ..... 5 ☐ SCHOOLING ..... 6 ☐ OTHERS _____ 7 ☐ (SPECIFY)
12. CHECK QUESTION 4 OR QUESTION 5: ASK FOR PERSONS AGED 5 YEARS AND OVER (BORN BEFORE APRIL 2009).		
13. Where did [NAME] reside usually, five years ago (on 1/4/2009)?	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ... 1 ☐ ABROAD ..... 2 ☐ → Q 15 OTHER PLACE..... 3 ☐ _____ ☐☐☐ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ... 1 ☐ ABROAD ..... 2 ☐ → Q 15 OTHER PLACE ..... 3 ☐ _____ ☐☐☐ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ NAME OF PROVINCE
14. Was the above-mentioned place of usual residence of [NAME] a ward, a district town or a commune five years ago?	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 ☐ COMMUNE ..... 2 ☐	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN..... 1 ☐ COMMUNE..... 2 ☐
15. Has [NAME] ever attended any schools or classes with 3 months duration or more?	EVER ATTENDED . ..1 ☐ NEVER ATTENDED...2 ☐ → Q22	EVER ATTENDED....1 ☐ NEVER ATTENDED...2 ☐ → Q22
16. At present, is [NAME] currently attending, any schools or classes with 3 months duration or more?	YES..... 1 ☐ NO ..... 2 ☐ → Q18	YES ..... 1 ☐ NO ..... 2 ☐ → Q18
17. What is the level of education/training that [NAME] is currently attending? ***ABBREVIATION:*** VOC. - VOCATIONAL	PRE-SCHOOL ..... 01 ☐ PRIMARY..... 02 ☐ LOWER SECONDARY ..... 03 ☐ HIGHER SECONDARY..... 04 ☐ SHORT-TERM TRAINING ..... 05 ☐ TRADE VOC. SCHOOL ..... 06 ☐ SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07 ☐ TRADE COLLEGE ..... 08 ☐ VOC. COLLEGE ..... 09 ☐ UNIVERSITY..... 10 ☐ MASTER..... 11 ☐ PhD (DOCTOR) ..... 12 ☐	PRE-SCHOOL..... 01 ☐ PRIMARY ..... 02 ☐ LOWER SECONDARY ..... 03 ☐ HIGHER SECONDARY ..... 04 ☐ SHORT-TERM TRAINING..... 05 ☐ TRADE VOC. SCHOOL..... 06 ☐ SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07 ☐ TRADE COLLEGE..... 08 ☐ VOC. COLLEGE..... 09 ☐ UNIVERSITY ..... 10 ☐ MASTER..... 11 ☐ PhD (DOCTOR)..... 12 ☐

HH N^0: … SET N^0: …

_____	_____	_____	_____
TO FIND WORK ..... 1 TO START A NEW JOB ..... 2 COME BACK HOMELAND DUE TO LOST JOB/ENDED JOB/COULD NOT FIND JOB ... 3 FOLLOW FAMILY ..... 4 MARRIAGE ..... 5 SCHOOLING ..... 6 OTHERS _____ 7 (SPECIFY)	TO FIND WORK ..... 1 TO START A NEW JOB ..... 2 COME BACK HOMELAND DUE TO LOST JOB/ENDED JOB/COULD NOT FIND JOB ... 3 FOLLOW FAMILY ..... 4 MARRIAGE ..... 5 SCHOOLING ..... 6 OTHERS _____ 7 (SPECIFY)	TO FIND WORK ..... 1 TO START A NEW JOB ..... 2 COME BACK HOMELAND DUE TO LOST JOB/ENDED JOB/COULD NOT FIND JOB ... 3 FOLLOW FAMILY ..... 4 MARRIAGE ..... 5 SCHOOLING ..... 6 OTHERS _____ 7 (SPECIFY)	TO FIND WORK ..... 1 TO START A NEW JOB ..... 2 COME BACK HOMELAND DUE TO LOST JOB/ENDED JOB/COULD NOT FIND JOB ... 3 FOLLOW FAMILY ..... 4 MARRIAGE ..... 5 SCHOOLING ..... 6 OTHERS _____ 7 (SPECIFY)
12. CHECK QUESTION 4 OR QUESTION 5: ASK FOR PERSONS AGED 5 YEARS AND OVER (BORN BEFORE APRIL 2009).			
SAME COMMUNE/WARD ... 1 ABROAD ..... 2 → Q 15 OTHER PLACE ..... 3 _____ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ... 1 ABROAD ..... 2 → Q 15 OTHER PLACE ..... 3 _____ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ... 1 ABROAD ..... 2 → Q 15 OTHER PLACE ..... 3 _____ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ NAME OF PROVINCE	SAME COMMUNE/WARD ... 1 ABROAD ..... 2 → Q 15 OTHER PLACE ..... 3 _____ NAME OF DISTRICT _____ NAME OF PROVINCE
WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 COMMUNE 2	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 COMMUNE 2	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 COMMUNE 2	WARD/DISTRICT TOWN ..... 1 COMMUNE 2
EVER ATTENDED ... 1 NEVER ATTENDED ... 2 → Q22	EVER ATTENDED ... 1 NEVER ATTENDED ... 2 → Q22	EVER ATTENDED ... 1 NEVER ATTENDED ... 2 → Q22	EVER ATTENDED ... 1 NEVER ATTENDED ... 2 → Q22
YES ..... 1 NO ..... 2 → Q18	YES ..... 1 NO ..... 2 → Q18	YES ..... 1 NO ..... 2 → Q18	YES ..... 1 NO ..... 2 → Q18
PRE-SCHOOL ..... 01 PRIMARY ..... 02 LOWER SECONDARY ..... 03 HIGHER SECONDARY ..... 04 SHORT-TERM TRAINING ..... 05 TRADE VOC. SCHOOL ..... 06 SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07 TRADE COLLEGE ..... 08 VOC. COLLEGE ..... 09 UNIVERSITY ..... 10 MASTER ..... 11 PhD (DOCTOR) 12	PRE-SCHOOL ..... 01 PRIMARY ..... 02 LOWER SECONDARY ..... 03 HIGHER SECONDARY ..... 04 SHORT-TERM TRAINING ..... 05 TRADE VOC. SCHOOL ..... 06 SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07 TRADE COLLEGE ..... 08 VOC. COLLEGE ..... 09 UNIVERSITY ..... 10 MASTER ..... 11 PhD (DOCTOR) 12	PRE-SCHOOL ..... 01 PRIMARY ..... 02 LOWER SECONDARY ..... 03 HIGHER SECONDARY ..... 04 SHORT-TERM TRAINING ..... 05 TRADE VOC. SCHOOL ..... 06 SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07 TRADE COLLEGE ..... 08 VOC. COLLEGE ..... 09 UNIVERSITY ..... 10 MASTER ..... 11 PhD (DOCTOR) 12	PRE-SCHOOL ..... 01 PRIMARY ..... 02 LOWER SECONDARY ..... 03 HIGHER SECONDARY ..... 04 SHORT-TERM TRAINING ..... 05 TRADE VOC. SCHOOL ..... 06 SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07 TRADE COLLEGE ..... 08 VOC. COLLEGE ..... 09 UNIVERSITY ..... 10 MASTER ..... 11 PhD (DOCTOR) 12

PART 1: INFORMATION OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS (CONTINUED)

QUESTIONS / NAME AND NUMBER	_____ ☐☐	_____ ☐☐
18. What is the highest level of education/training that [NAME] has completed or graduated? WITH CERTIFICATE OF SHORT-TERM TRAINING, IT IS ONLY FOR THE COURSES DURING 3 MONTHS AND OVER ***ABBREVIATION:*** VOC. - VOCATIONAL	PRE-SCHOOL ..... 01 ☐ PRIMARY ..... 02 ☐ LOWER SECONDARY ..... 03 ☐ HIGHER SECONDATY ..... 04 ☐ SHORT-TERM TRAINING ..... 05 ☐ TRADE VOC. SCHOOL ..... 06 ☐ SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07 ☐ TRADE COLLEGE ..... 08 ☐ VOC. COLLEGE ..... 09 ☐ UNIVERSITY ..... 10 ☐ MASTER ..... 11 ☐ PhD (DOCTOR) ..... 12 ☐	PRE-SCHOOL ..... 01 ☐ PRIMARY ..... 02 ☐ LOWER SECONDARY ..... 03 ☐ HIGHER SECONDATY ..... 04 ☐ SHORT-TERM TRAINING ..... 05 ☐ TRADE VOC. SCHOOL ..... 06 ☐ SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07 ☐ TRADE COLLEGE ..... 08 ☐ VOC. COLLEGE ..... 09 ☐ UNIVERSITY ..... 10 ☐ MASTER ..... 11 ☐ PhD (DOCTOR) ..... 12 ☐
19. What is the highest grade of general education that [NAME] has completed? GRADE IS CONVERTED INTO 12-YEAR GENERAL EDUCATION LEVEL.	GENERAL GRADE.... ☐☐	GENERAL GRADE.... ☐☐
20 What are total years of attended all of the trade, vocational training, university, master and Phd (doctor) that [NAME] has completed (if any)? IF [NAME] HAS NOT ATTENDED ABOVE TRAINING OR ONLY ATTENDED 01 KIND OF SHORT-TERM TRAINING, RECORD "00")	NUMBER OF YEARS. ☐☐	NUMBER OF YEARS ☐☐
21. CHECK QUESTION 18: IF QUESTION 18 = 01 (SOME PRIMARY) → QUESTION 22; OTHERWISE → QUESTION 23.		
22. At present, can [NAME] read and write?	YES ..... 1 ☐ NO ..... 2 ☐	YES ..... 1 ☐ NO ..... 2 ☐
23. CHECK QUESTION 4 OR QUESTION 5: ASK FOR PERSONS AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER (BORN BEFORE APRIL 1999).		
24. What is the currently marital status of [NAME]?	NEVER MARRIED ..... 1 ☐ NEXT PERSON CURRENTLY MARRIED . 2 ☐ WIDOWED ..... 3 ☐ DIVORCED ..... 4 ☐ SEPARATED ..... 5 ☐	NEVER MARRIED ..... 1 ☐ NEXT PERSON CURRENTLY MARRIED .. 2 ☐ WIDOWED ..... 3 ☐ DIVORCED ..... 4 ☐ SEPARATED ..... 5 ☐
25. In what solar calendar month and year did [NAME] get married the first time?	MONTH .... ☐☐ YEAR ..... ☐☐☐☐ NEXT PERSON NOT STATED YEAR ... 9998 ☐	MONTH .... ☐☐ YEAR ..... ☐☐☐☐ NEXT PERSON NOT STATED YEAR... 9998 ☐
26. What was age as of the last birthday of [NAME] when he/she got married the first time?	COMPLETED AGE .... ☐☐	COMPLETED AGE .... ☐☐

HH N^{0}: ... SET N^{0}: ...

_____	_____	_____	_____
PRE-SCHOOL 01	PRE-SCHOOL 01	PRE-SCHOOL 01	PRE-SCHOOL 01
PRIMARY 02	PRIMARY 02	PRIMARY 02	PRIMARY 02
LOWER SECONDARY 03	LOWER SECONDARY 03	LOWER SECONDARY 03	LOWER SECONDARY 03
HIGHER SECONDATY 04	HIGHER SECONDATY 04	HIGHER SECONDATY 04	HIGHER SECONDATY 04
SHORT-TERM TRAINING 05	SHORT-TERM TRAINING 05	SHORT-TERM TRAINING 05	SHORT-TERM TRAINING 05
TRADE VOC. SCHOOL 06	TRADE VOC. SCHOOL 06	TRADE VOC. SCHOOL 06	TRADE VOC. SCHOOL 06
SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07	SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07	SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL 07	SECONDARY VOC. SCHOOL.07
TRADE COLLEGE 08	TRADE COLLEGE 08	TRADE COLLEGE 08	TRADE COLLEGE 08
VOC. COLLEGE 09	VOC. COLLEGE 09	VOC. COLLEGE 09	VOC. COLLEGE 09
UNIVERSITY 10	UNIVERSITY 10	UNIVERSITY 10	UNIVERSITY 10
MASTER 11	MASTER 11	MASTER 11	MASTER 11
PhD (DOCTOR) 12	PhD (DOCTOR) 12	PhD (DOCTOR) 12	PhD (DOCTOR) 12
GENERAL GRADE....	GENERAL GRADE....	GENERAL GRADE....	GENERAL GRADE....
NUMBER OF YEARS.	NUMBER OF YEARS.	NUMBER OF YEARS.	NUMBER OF YEARS.
21. CHECK QUESTION 18: IF QUESTION 18 = 01 (SOME PRIMARY) → QUESTION 22; OTHERWISE → QUESTION 23.			
YES ..... 1 NO 2	YES ..... 1 NO 2	YES ..... 1 NO 2	YES ..... 1 NO 2
23. CHECK QUESTION 4 OR QUESTION 5: ASK FOR PERSONS AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER (BORN BEFORE APRIL 1999).			
NEVER MARRIED ..... 1 → NEXT PERSON CURRENTLY MARRIED . 2 WIDOWED ..... 3 DIVORCED ..... 4 SEPARATED 5	NEVER MARRIED ..... 1 → NEXT PERSON CURRENTLY MARRIED ..2 WIDOWED ..... 3 DIVORCED ..... 4 SEPARATED 5	NEVER MARRIED ..... 1 → NEXT PERSON CURRENTLY MARRIED . 2 WIDOWED ..... 3 DIVORCED ..... 4 SEPARATED 5	NEVER MARRIED ..... 1 → NEXT PERSON CURRENTLY MARRIED ..2 WIDOWED ..... 3 DIVORCED ..... 4 SEPARATED 5
MONTH .... YEAR ..... → NEXT PERSON NOT STATED YEAR .. 9998	MONTH .... YEAR ..... → NEXT PERSON NOT STATED YEAR ... 9998	MONTH .... YEAR ..... → NEXT PERSON NOT STATED YEAR ... 9998	MONTH .... YEAR ..... → NEXT PERSON NOT STATED YEAR ... 9998
COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE	COMPLETED AGE ....

PART 2: INFORMATION ON BIRTH HISTORY OF WOMEN AGED 15 - 49

27. **CHECK QUESTIONS 3, 4 AND 5 TO DETERMINE WOMEN AGED 15-49 (BORN FROM 1/4/1964 TO 31/3/1999). IF YES, WRITE NAME AND ORDER NUMBER OF WOMEN IN PART 1 INTO SPECIFIED LINES AND 2 SPECIFIED LARGE BOXES (EACH WOMEN IS RECORDED INTO ONE COLUMN).**	YES.....1 ☐ NO.....2 ☐ → PART 3: INFORMATION ON THE DECEASED OF THE HOUSEHOLD		
NAME AND NUMBER / **QUESTIONS**	_____ ☐☐	_____ ☐☐	_____ ☐☐
28. Have you ever given birth?	GIVEN BIRTH .....1 ☐ NOT GIVEN BIRTH.....2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ←	GIVEN BIRTH .....1 ☐ NOT GIVEN BIRTH .....2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ←	GIVEN BIRTH .....1 ☐ NOT GIVEN BIRTH .....2 ☐ NEXT PERSON ←
29. Total sons and total daughters to whom you have given birth?	TOTAL OF SONS..... ☐☐ TOTAL OF DAUGHTERS ☐☐	TOTAL OF SONS..... ☐☐ TOTAL OF DAUGHTERS ☐☐	TOTAL OF SONS..... ☐☐ TOTAL OF DAUGHTERS ☐☐
30. Number of sons and number of daughters to whom you have given birth who are currently living with you?	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐
31. Number of sons and number of daughters to whom you have given birth who are currently living elsewhere?	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐
32. Have you ever given birth who were born alive but later died? IF YES: Number of dead sons and daughters?	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐
33. CHECK: Q 29 = Q 30 + Q 31 + Q 32. IF FALSE, RE-ASK FOR CONSISTENCY.			
34. In what solar calendar month and year have you given the last birth? ∟	MONTH..... ☐☐ YEAR..... ☐☐☐☐	MONTH..... ☐☐ YEAR..... ☐☐☐☐	MONTH..... ☐☐ YEAR..... ☐☐☐☐
35. How many sons and daughters did you have at the last birth?	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐	NUMBER OF SONS..... ☐☐ NUMBERL OF DAUGHTE ☐☐

36. Year of birth as solar calendar and sex of each of your children, beginning with the first child? SON = 1; DAUGHTER = 2. RECORD IN TURN FROM THE FIRST CHILD TO THE FIFTH ONE, INCLUDED THE CHILDREN WHO ARE CURRENTLY ALIVE OR DEAD. DO NOT RECORD FROM THE SIXTH CHILD AND ABOVE.	CHILD ORDER NO	YEAR OF BIRTH	SEX	YEAR OF BIRTH	SEX	YEAR OF BIRTH	SEX
	1	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐
	2	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐
	3	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐
	4	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐
	5	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐	☐☐☐☐	1 ☐ 2 ☐

HH N^0:… ☐☐☐ SET N^0:… ☐

PART 3: INFORMATION ON THE DECEASED OF THE HOUSEHOLD

37. From the 1st of 2013 Lunar New Year "Quy Ty" (10/02/2013 as solar calendar) to end of 31/3/2014, were there any usual residents of your household died (including infants)?	YES ..... 1 ☐ NO…….. ..... ☐ → PART 4: INFORMATION ON EVENTS OF DEATH OF THE HOUSEHOLD DURING THE LAST 5 YEARS		
QUESTIONS \ **NUMBER**	THE DECEASED ……. ☐	THE DECEASED ……. ☐	THE DECEASED ……. ☐
38. Please let me know the full name of each deceased?	_____	_____	_____
39. Is [NAME] male or female?	MALE ..... 1 ☐ FEMALE..... 2 ☐	MALE ..... 1 ☐ FEMALE ..... 2 ☐	MALE..... 1 ☐ FEMALE ..... 2 ☐
40. In what solar calendar month and year was [NAME] born?	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR .. ☐☐☐☐ Q 42 ← NOT STATED YEAR 9998 ☐	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR .. ☐☐☐☐ Q 42 ← NOT STATED YEAR 9998 ☐	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR .. ☐☐☐☐ Q 42 ← NOT STATED YEAR 9998 ☐
41. What was solar calendar completed age of [NAME] when he/she died? (IF AGE IS 95 YEARS OR MORE, WRITE '95')	COM. AGE ..... ☐☐	COM. AGE ..... ☐☐	COM. AGE ..... ☐☐
42. In what solar calendar month and year did [NAME] die?	MONTH..... ☐☐ YEAR ..... **2 0 1** ☐	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR ..... **2 0 1** ☐	MONTH ..... ☐☐ YEAR ..... **2 0 1** ☐
43. What was the cause of [NAME]'s death?	DISEASE ..... 1 ☐ WORKING ACCIDENT .... 2 ☐ TRAFFIC ACCIDENT..... 3 ☐ OTHER ACCIDENT ..... 4 ☐ SUICIDE ..... 5 ☐ OTHER _____ 6 ☐ (SPECIFY)	DISEASE ..... 1 ☐ WORKING ACCIDENT .... 2 ☐ TRAFFIC ACCIDENT ..... 3 ☐ OTHER ACCIDENT ..... 4 ☐ SUICIDE ..... 5 ☐ OTHER _____ 6 ☐ (SPECIFY)	DISEASE..... 1 ☐ WORKING ACCIDENT.... 2 ☐ TRAFFIC ACCIDENT ..... 3 ☐ OTHER ACCIDENT..... 4 ☐ SUICIDE ..... 5 ☐ OTHER _____ 6 ☐ (SPECIFY)
44. Where did [NAME] die? ☐	HEALTH FACILITY ..... 1 ☐ AT HOME ..... 2 ☐ OTHER HOME..... 3 ☐ PLACE OF WORK ..... 4 ☐ OTHER PLACE _____ 5 ☐ (SPECIFY)	HEALTH FACILITY..... 1 ☐ AT HOME ..... 2 ☐ OTHER HOME ..... 3 ☐ PLACE OF WORK..... 4 ☐ OTHER PLACE _____5 ☐ (SPECIFY)	HEALTH FACILITY.....1 ☐ AT HOME .....2 ☐ OTHER HOME .....3 ☐ PLACE OF WORK.....4 ☐ OTHER PLACE _____5 ☐ (SPECIFY)
45. CHECK QUESTION 39 (CODE "2"), QUESTIONS 40, 41, AND 42 (DEAD AGES FROM 15 TO 49), QUESTION 43 (CODE "1" OR "6"): FEMALES AGED 15 - 49 DIED DUE TO DISEASE OR OTHER CAUSE, ASK QUESTION 46, OTHERWISE, MOVE TO QUESTION 47.			
46. How did [NAME] die? ☐	PREGNANCY ..... 1 ☐ AFTER MISCARRIAGE/ ABORTION/STILL BIRTH 2 ☐ CHILDBIRTH ..... 3 ☐ WITHIN 42 DAYS AFTER GIVING BIRTH..... 4 ☐ OTHER_____ 5 ☐ (SPECIFY)	PREGNANCY ..... 1 ☐ AFTER MISCARRIAGE/ ABORTION/STILL BIRTH 2 ☐ CHILDBIRTH ..... 3 ☐ WITHIN 42 DAYS AFTER GIVING BIRTH ..... 4 ☐ OTHER _____ 5 ☐ (SPECIFY)	PREGNANCY.....1 ☐ AFTER MISCARRIAGE/ ABORTION/STILL BIRTH.2 ☐ CHILDBIRTH..... 3 ☐ WITHIN 42 DAYS AFTER GIVING BIRTH ..... 4 ☐ OTHER _____ 5 ☐ (SPECIFY)
47. IF THERE ARE ANY DECEASED PERSONS, ASK QUESTION 38; IF NO DECEASED, MOVE TO ASK PART 4: INFORMATION ON EVENTS OF DEATH OF THE HOUSEHOLD DURING THE LAST 5 YEARS.			

PART 4: INFORMATION ON EVENTS OF DEATH OF THE HOUSEHOLD DURING THE LAST 5 YEARS

48. During the last 5 years (from 1/4/2009 to the end of 31/3/2014), did any usual residents of your household die?	YES.....1 ☐ NO .....2 ☐ → PART 5
If yes, how many persons died during last 5 years? Including:	NUMBER OF DEATHS:..... ☐☐
a. Number of persons who were present before 0h00, April 1, 2009 but died?	NUMBER OF DEATHS:..... ☐☐
b. Numver of persons who were present after 0h00, April 1, 2009 but died?	NUMBER OF DEATHS:..... ☐☐

IF QUESTION 48b > 0, ASK QUESTION 48.1 AND QUESTION 48.2. IF QUESTION 48b = 0, ASK PART 5: HOUSING INFORMATION.

NUMBER / QUESTIONS	THE DECEASED ..... ☐	THE DECEASED ..... ☐	THE DECEASED ..... ☐
48.1. Please let me know full name and completed age of each deceased who presents after 0h00, April 1, 2009 but died?	_____ ☐☐	_____ ☐☐	_____ ☐☐
48.2. Where did [NAME] usually reside before 0h00, April 1, 2009? ONLY ASK THE PERSONS WHO WERE BORN BEFORE 0H00, APRIL 1, 2009	_____ ☐☐☐ DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ PROVINCE	_____ ☐☐☐ DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ PROVINCE	_____ ☐☐☐ DISTRICT _____ ☐☐ PROVINCE

HH N^{0}:… ☐☐☐ SET N^{0}:… ☐

PART 5: HOUSING INFORMATION

QUESTION	ANSWER
49. To whom does this dwelling/flat that your household is residing belong?	HOUSEHOLD OWNED ..... 1 ☐ RENTED/BORROWED ..... 2 ☐ UNCLEAR OWNERSHIP ..... 3 ☐ NO HOUSING ..... 4 ☐ → Q 58
50. Is your household sharing the dwelling/flat with other household(s)?	YES ..... 1 ☐ → NUMBER OF SHARED PERSONS OF OTHER HOUSEHOLDS (EXCLUDE VISITORS) ☐☐ NO ..... 2 ☐
51. Is the dwelling/flat of your household the apartment building, the single detached house or the villa? How many floors have this dwelling? IN THIS QUESTION, THE SINGLE DETACHED HOUSE DOES NOT INCLUDE THE VILLA.	APARTMENT BUILDING .. 1 ☐ NUMBER OF FLOORS ... ☐☐ SINGLE DETACHED HOUSE . 2 ☐ NUMBER OF FLOORS ... ☐☐ VILLA ..... 3 ☐ NUMBER OF FLOORS ... ☐☐
52. How many the following rooms are there in this house/flat: a) Rooms? b) Separated bedrooms, in which?	NUMBER OF ROOMS ..... ☐☐ NUMBER OF SEPARATED BEDROOMS..... ☐☐
53. How many square meters is the total floor space of this house/flat?	FLOOR SPACE (m^2) ..... ☐☐☐
54. What is the main construction material of the pier (or the pivot or the load-bearing wall) of this house/flat?	CONCRETE ..... 1 ☐ BRICK/STONE ..... 2 ☐ STEEL/IRON/DURABLE WOOD ..... 3 ☐ WOOD OF LOW QUALITY/BAMBOO ..... 4 ☐ SOIL ..... 5 ☐ OTHER _____ 6 ☐ (SPECIFY)
55. What is the main construction material of the roof of this house/flat?	CONCRETE ..... 1 ☐ TILE (CEMENT, TERRA-COTTA) ..... 2 ☐ SLAB (CEMENT, METAL) ..... 3 ☐ LEAF/STRAW/OIL PAPER ..... 4 ☐ OTHER _____ 5 ☐ (SPECIFY)
56. What is the main construction material of the outer walls of this house/flat?	CONCRETE ..... 1 ☐ BRICK/STONE ..... 2 ☐ WOOD/METAL ..... 3 ☐ CLAY/STRAW ..... 4 ☐ WATTLE/PLYWOOD ..... 5 ☐ OTHER _____ 6 ☐ (SPECIFY)
57. What year was this house/flat started using?	BEFORE 1975 ..... 1 ☐ FROM 1975 TO 1999 ..... 2 ☐ FROM 2000 TO NAY ..... 3 ☐ → 2 0 ☐☐ NOT STATED ..... 4 ☐

QUESTION	ANSWER
58. In the forthcoming 3 years, would your household intend to purchase or rent other dwellings? IF YES: Does your household intend to purchase or rent the apartment building or the single detached house, with the floor is less than, equal or greater than 70 m^2? What province/city under the Central is it?	YES ..... 1 ☐ < 70 m^2 ≥ 70 m^2 APARTMENT BUILDING ..... 3 ☐ ....4 ☐ SINGLE DETACHED HOUSE ..... 5 ☐ ....6 ☐ PROVINCE/CITY_____ ☐☐ NO ..... 2 ☐
59. What is the main kind of fuel (energy) that your household is using for lighting?	ELECTRICITY ..... 1 ☐ ELECTRIC GENERATOR ..... 2 ☐ KEROSENE ..... 3 ☐ GAS ..... 4 ☐ OTHER _____ 5 ☐ (SPECIFY)
60. What is the main kind of fuel (energy) that your household is using for cooking?	ELECTRICITY ..... 1 ☐ PARAFFIN ..... 2 ☐ GAS ..... 3 ☐ COAL ..... 4 ☐ FIREWOOD ..... 5 ☐ OTHER _____ 6 ☐ (SPECIFY) NO USE ..... 7 ☐
61. What is the main source of cooking/drinking water of your household?	INDOORS TAP WATER ..... 1 ☐ PUBLIC TAP WATER ..... 2 ☐ DRILLED WELL ..... 3 ☐ PROTECTED DIG WELL ..... 4 ☐ UN-PROTECTED DIG WELL ..... 5 ☐ PROTECTED SLOT WATER ..... 6 ☐ UN-PROTECTED SLOT WATER ..... 7 ☐ RAIN WATER ..... 8 ☐ OTHER _____ 9 ☐ (SPECIFY)
62. What kind of toilet facility is your household using most?	INDOOR FLUSH/SEMI FLUSH TOILET ..... 1 ☐ OUTDOOR FLUSH/SEMI FLUSH TOILET ..... 2 ☐ OTHER ..... 3 ☐ NO TOILET ..... 4 ☐
63. At present, does your dwelling/flat/household have any of the following appliances: Television? Computer? Internet connection (wifi, cable or 3G)? Land-line telephone/Mobile phone? Refrigerator? Washing machine? Water heater? Air condition? Motorcycle or Motorbike? Car?	YES NO TELEVISION ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ COMPUTER ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ INTERNET CONNECTION (WIFI, CABLE OR 3G) ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ LAND-LINE TELEPHONE/MOBILEPHONE ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ REFRIGERATOR ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ WASHING MACHINE ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ WATER HEATER ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ AIR CONDITION ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ MOTORCYCLE/MOTORBIKE ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐ CAR ..... 1 ☐ ...2 ☐

Annex 2a: Results of sample allocation at district level in the 2014 IPS

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**186 697**	**22 444 322**	**171 817**	**22 196 862**	**37 395**
01. Hà Nội		**12 801**	**1 749 334**	**11 863**	**1 713 684**	**2 207**
1	Quarter Ba Đình	513	61 814	484	60 416	78
2	Quarter Hoàn Kiếm	356	39 557	324	38 939	63
3	Quarter Tây Hồ	215	35 179	207	34 461	59
4	Quarter Long Biên	569	63 722	544	62 335	79
5	Quarter Cầu Giấy	434	67 263	412	64 599	81
6	Quarter Đống Đa	780	102 043	736	99 361	100
7	Quarter Hai Bà Trưng	560	77 636	537	75 772	87
8	Quarter Hoàng Mai	659	95 603	644	94 571	98
9	Quarter Thanh Xuân	447	62 926	430	60 729	78
16	District Sóc Sơn	470	69 556	434	67 980	83
17	District Đông Anh	706	92 639	679	92 020	96
18	District Gia Lâm	398	62 163	369	60 685	78
19	District Từ Liêm	685	124 141	652	120 875	110
20	District Thanh Trì	356	56 431	338	55 622	75
250	District Mê Linh	336	46 888	311	46 623	69
268	Quarter Hà Đông	422	60 904	393	58 927	77
269	Town Sơn Tây	271	34 749	237	32 624	57
271	District Ba Vì	456	61 817	420	60 307	78
272	District Phúc Thọ	304	41 043	277	40 591	64
273	District Đan Phượng	284	35 638	252	35 308	60
274	District Hoài Đức	395	50 535	358	50 063	71
275	District Quốc Oai	330	40 863	307	40 498	64
276	District Thạch Thất	348	44 121	314	43 664	66
277	District Chương Mỹ	494	70 756	429	67 965	83
278	District Thanh Oai	341	46 281	320	45 591	68
279	District Thường Tín	418	56 881	388	56 068	75
280	District Phú Xuyên	427	53 687	378	53 298	73
281	District Ứng Hòa	421	50 873	341	50 472	71
282	District Mỹ Đức	406	43 625	348	43 320	66

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
02. Hà Giang		**1 946**	**159 581**	**1 747**	**157 797**	**414**
24	Town Hà Giang	109	13 684	99	13 403	37
26	District Đồng Văn	174	13 502	155	13 337	37
27	District Mèo Vạc	168	13 543	150	13 422	37
28	District Yên Minh	237	15 029	219	14 825	39
29	District Quản Bạ	116	9 814	103	9 680	31
30	District Vị Xuyên	266	21 577	242	21 400	46
31	District Bắc Mê	115	9 387	102	9 297	31
32	District Hoàng Su Phì	177	12 372	151	12 199	35
33	District Xín Mần	196	11 907	177	11 775	34
34	District Bắc Quang	242	26 020	218	25 827	51
35	District Quang Bình	146	12 746	131	12 632	36
04. Cao Bằng		**1 523**	**123 617**	**1 313**	**121 731**	**394**
40	City Cao Bằng	166	16 821	154	16 414	41
42	District Bảo Lâm	138	10 669	123	10 577	33
43	District Bảo Lạc	125	9 936	107	9 808	31
44	District Thông Nông	75	5 121	64	5 038	24
45	District Hà Quảng	105	7 910	86	7 763	28
46	District Trà Lĩnh	67	5 469	57	5 376	24
47	District Trùng Khánh	153	11 847	131	11 703	34
48	District Hạ Lang	83	6 011	69	5 918	24
49	District Quảng Uyên	121	9 976	104	9 839	32
50	District Phục Hoà	67	5 866	58	5 792	24
51	District Hoà An	188	17 039	162	16 816	41
52	District Nguyên Bình	136	9 102	115	8 973	30
53	District Thạch An	99	7 850	83	7 714	28
06. Bắc Kạn		**949**	**74 816**	**824**	**74 025**	**243**
58	Town Bắc Kạn	95	11 409	84	11 185	34
60	District Pác Nặm	82	6 224	72	6 190	25
61	District Ba Bể	159	10 859	143	10 754	33
62	District Ngân Sơn	95	6 901	84	6 832	26
63	District Bạch Thông	122	7909	105	7843	28
64	District Chợ Đồn	155	12588	133	12461	35
65	District Chợ Mới	116	9514	100	9459	31
66	District Na Rì	125	9412	103	9301	31

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
08. Tuyên Quang		**1 995**	**185 403**	**1 845**	**183 332**	**345**
70	City Tuyên Quang	267	26 397	249	26 119	51
71	District Lâm Bình	72	6 386	72	6 386	25
72	District Nà Hang	142	9 648	123	9 529	31
73	District Chiêm Hóa	352	30 785	323	30 636	56
74	District Hàm Yên	312	27 250	294	27 117	52
75	District Yên Sơn	411	41 349	378	40 201	64
76	District Sơn Dương	439	43 588	406	43 344	66
10. Lào Cai		**1 701**	**141 958**	**1 524**	**140 630**	**349**
80	City Lào Cai	289	28 381	263	27 964	53
82	District Bát Xát	204	14 856	181	14 726	39
83	District Mường Khương	135	11 181	119	11 069	33
84	District Si Ma Cai	82	6 171	68	6 087	25
85	District Bắc Hà	155	11 193	134	11 093	33
86	District Bảo Thắng	260	25 587	244	25 429	51
87	District Bảo Yên	231	17 637	213	17 495	42
88	District Sa Pa	124	10 464	104	10 375	32
89	District Văn Bàn	221	16 488	198	16 392	41
11. Điện Biên		**1 497**	**105 252**	**1 389**	**104 095**	**320**
94	City Điện Biên Phủ	147	14 926	137	14 451	38
95	Town Mường Lay	53	3 258	50	3 226	24
96	District Mường Nhé	82	5 320	75	5 186	24
97	District Mường Chà	130	7 233	114	7 021	27
98	District Tủa Chùa	149	9 109	137	9 028	30
99	District Tuần Giáo	222	14 810	208	14 702	39
100	District Điện Biên	324	25 080	305	24 943	50
101	District Điện Biên Đông	167	10 240	153	10 142	32
102	District Mường ảng	114	8 327	104	8 290	29
103	District Nậm Pồ	109	6 949	106	7 106	27
12. Lai Châu		**1 146**	**76 980**	**1 043**	**75 833**	**248**
105	Town Lai Châu	77	8 167	67	7 958	28
106	District Tam Đường	149	9609	135	9462	31
107	District Mường Tè	139	7696	123	7527	28
108	District Sìn Hồ	222	13302	199	13085	36

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
109	District Phong Thổ	197	13 571	179	13 372	37
110	District Than Uyên	161	11 465	149	11 327	34
111	District Tân Uyên	141	9 272	131	9 204	30
112	District Nậm Nhùn	60	3 898	60	3 898	24
14. Sơn La		**2 700**	**243 157**	**2 450**	**240 008**	**529**
116	City Sơn La	209	27 194	190	26 579	52
118	District Quỳnh Nhai	182	12 307	168	12 158	35
119	District Thuận Châu	339	29 995	309	29 817	55
120	District Mường La	280	19 404	232	18 240	43
121	District Bắc Yên	116	11 311	100	11 219	34
122	District Phù Yên	259	24 034	231	23 899	49
123	District Mộc Châu	249	25 546	221	25 386	51
124	District Yên Châu	165	16 264	150	16 152	40
125	District Mai Sơn	376	31 113	352	30 824	56
126	District Sông Mã	285	25 888	266	25 734	51
127	District Sốp Cộp	108	7 910	99	7 809	28
128	District Vân Hồ	132	12 191	132	12 191	35
15. Yên Bái		**2 001**	**186 463**	**1 813**	**184 959**	**395**
132	City Yên Bái	255	28 392	231	27 867	53
133	Town Nghĩa Lộ	71	7 207	64	7 156	27
135	District Lục Yên	257	24 779	233	24 676	50
136	District Văn Yên	320	28 779	293	28 654	54
137	District Mù Căng Chải	114	8 453	100	8 385	29
138	District Trấn Yên	249	22 225	227	21 944	47
139	District Trạm Tấu	69	4 898	57	4 842	24
140	District Văn Chấn	380	35 324	349	35 202	60
141	District Yên Bình	286	26 406	259	26 233	51
17. Hoà Bình		**1 916**	**195 562**	**1 705**	**193 369**	**453**
148	City Hòa Bình	199	26 235	183	25 725	51
150	District Đà Bắc	151	12 498	130	12 413	35
151	District Kỳ Sơn	85	7 747	75	7 635	28
152	District Lương Sơn	206	22 774	192	22 662	48
153	District Kim Bôi	241	24 349	204	24 095	49
154	District Cao Phong	122	9 824	109	9 676	31

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
155	District Tân Lạc	212	18 985	188	18 719	43
156	District Mai Châu	151	12 566	130	12 458	35
157	District Lạc Sơn	275	29 865	246	29 667	55
158	District Yên Thủy	117	15 210	104	15 055	39
159	District Lạc Thủy	157	15 509	144	15 264	39
19. Thái Nguyên		**3 271**	**325 680**	**3 065**	**320 498**	**518**
164	City Thái Nguyên	676	95 286	628	92 200	96
165	Town Sông Công	142	14 862	131	14 715	39
167	District Định Hóa	459	24 120	435	23 974	49
168	District Phú Lương	298	29 733	279	29 475	55
169	District Đồng Hỷ	300	28 729	282	28 293	53
170	District Võ Nhai	188	16 370	173	16 243	40
171	District Đại Từ	512	44 823	481	44 542	67
172	District Phổ Yên	346	36 560	327	36 095	60
173	District Phú Bình	350	35 197	329	34 961	59
20. Lạng Sơn		**2 011**	**179 738**	**1 778**	**178 119**	**438**
178	City Lạng Sơn	194	24 627	182	24 228	49
180	District Tràng Định	201	14 868	177	14 753	39
181	District Bình Gia	159	12 143	139	12 033	35
182	District Văn Lãng	156	12 618	136	12 530	36
183	District Cao Lộc	179	16 681	156	16 500	41
184	District Văn Quan	163	13 017	139	12 945	36
185	District Bắc Sơn	193	15 908	172	15 800	40
186	District Hữũ L?ng	256	27 851	230	27 593	53
187	District Chi Lăng	213	17 077	192	16 971	41
188	District Lộc Bình	208	18 492	178	18 375	43
189	District Đình Lập	89	6 456	77	6 391	25
22. Quảng Ninh		**3 018**	**316 732**	**2 809**	**312 865**	**600**
193	City Hạ Long	527	65 347	503	64 639	81
194	City Móng Cái	219	23 360	201	23 202	48
195	City Cẩm Phả	445	51 681	428	51 260	72
196	City Uông Bí	264	29 326	248	28 738	54
198	District Bình Liêu	87	6 091	79	6 011	25

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
199	District Tiên Yên	130	10 555	118	10 446	32
200	District Đầm Hà	86	8 309	76	8 241	29
201	District Hải Hà	148	13 003	132	12 878	36
202	District Ba Chẽ	62	4 310	54	4 233	24
203	District Vân Đồn	98	10 416	86	10 293	32
204	District Hoành Bồ	122	11 568	106	11 172	34
205	District Đông Triều	473	45 818	452	45 245	68
206	Town Quảng Yên	342	35 584	314	35 171	60
207	District Cô Tô	15	1 364	12	1 336	5
24. Bắc Giang		**3 365**	**410 452**	**3 123**	**406 537**	**633**
213	City Bắc Giang	264	39 841	248	39 373	63
215	District Yên Thế	240	26 202	218	25 966	51
216	District Tân Yên	403	44 261	378	43 843	67
217	District Lạng Giang	322	51 771	297	51 261	72
218	District Lục Nam	479	51 634	451	51 297	72
219	District Lục Ngạn	472	48 566	442	48 235	70
220	District Sơn Động	200	16 530	177	16 332	41
221	District Yên Dũng	290	35 201	265	34 847	59
222	District Việt Yên	286	42 492	267	41 939	65
223	District Hiệp Hòa	409	53 954	380	53 444	73
25. Phú Thọ		**3 049**	**362 098**	**2 755**	**356 779**	**678**
227	City Việt Trì	348	53 379	319	52 329	73
228	Town Phú Thọ	129	20 942	114	20 076	45
230	District Đoan Hùng	264	29 241	233	28 747	54
231	District Hạ Hoà	287	30 181	254	29 841	55
232	District Thanh Ba	274	31 012	245	30 554	56
233	District Phù Ninh	222	25 675	203	25 287	51
234	District Yên Lập	216	21 235	199	21 072	46
235	District Cẩm Khê	305	33 069	274	32 759	57
236	District Tam Nông	196	20 140	176	19 866	45
237	District Lâm Thao	210	29 578	195	29 149	54
238	District Thanh Sơn	260	29 667	237	29 406	54

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
239	District Thanh Thuỷ	160	19 835	145	19 655	45
240	District Tân Sơn	178	18 144	161	18 038	43
26. Vĩnh Phúc		**1 903**	**265 803**	**1 735**	**261 425**	**483**
243	City Vĩnh Yên	173	28 378	153	27 358	53
244	Town Phúc Yên	186	28 388	164	27 630	53
246	District Lập Thạch	245	31 742	225	31 173	56
247	District Tam Dương	187	24 852	171	24 490	50
248	District Tam Đảo	134	17 447	125	17 213	42
249	District Bình Xuyên	198	27 563	185	27 189	52
251	District Yên Lạc	236	35 327	219	34 957	59
252	District Vĩnh Tường	344	49 206	310	48 743	70
253	District Sông Lô	200	22 900	183	22 672	48
27. Bắc Ninh		**1 910**	**284 072**	**1 719**	**280 831**	**474**
256	City Bắc Ninh	341	46 374	304	45 421	68
258	District Yên Phong	231	31 585	217	31 314	56
259	District Quế Võ	230	36 137	199	35 768	60
260	District Tiên Du	195	35 158	175	34 890	59
261	Town Từ Sơn	253	38 845	218	38 370	62
262	District Thuận Thành	281	38 459	259	38 081	62
263	District Gia Bình	191	27 785	177	27 565	53
264	District Lương Tài	188	29 729	170	29 422	54
30. Hải Dương		**3 659**	**509 613**	**3 343**	**504 169**	**776**
288	City Hải Dương	503	66 285	475	65 459	81
290	Town Chí Linh	327	46 258	298	45 390	68
291	District Nam Sách	242	32 846	220	32 525	57
292	District Kinh Môn	332	46 739	305	46 384	68
293	District Kim Thành	277	36 963	254	36 670	61
294	District Thanh Hà	346	46 421	314	45 932	68
295	District Cẩm Giàng	257	35 537	228	35 208	60
296	District Bình Giang	211	29 533	188	29 191	54
297	District Gia Lộc	254	41 323	227	40 969	64
298	District Tứ Kỳ	383	49 599	355	49 132	70
299	District Ninh Giang	268	41 128	240	40 653	64
300	District Thanh Miện	259	36 981	239	36 656	61

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
31. Hải Phòng		**4 128**	**529 548**	**3 880**	**522 389**	**827**
303	Quarter Hồng Bàng	234	29 115	223	28 668	54
304	Quarter Ngô Quyền	362	48 187	344	47 494	69
305	Quarter Lê Chân	476	60 298	459	59 388	77
306	Quarter Hải An	226	29 935	215	29 133	54
307	Quarter Kiến An	202	28 864	186	27 946	53
308	Quarter Đồ Sơn	110	12 919	100	12 670	36
309	Quarter Dương Kinh	105	14 385	99	14 277	38
311	District Thuỷ Nguyên	667	82 724	629	81 947	91
312	District An Dương	319	45 403	303	45 018	67
313	District An Lão	312	39 104	295	38 752	63
314	District Kiến Thuỵ	276	36 370	258	36 186	60
315	District Tiên Lãng	322	39 486	298	39 100	63
316	District Vĩnh Bảo	410	53 791	380	53 250	73
317	District Cát Hải	103	8 645	91	8 560	29
318	District Bạch Long Vĩ	4	322			
33. Hưng Yên		**2 330**	**326 238**	**1 971**	**322 633**	**568**
323	City Hưng Yên	214	29 959	181	29 553	55
325	District Văn Lâm	212	33 341	180	32 968	58
326	District Văn Giang	203	27 260	174	27 017	52
327	District Yên Mỹ	280	37 124	223	36 788	61
328	District Mỹ Hào	184	26 605	154	26 343	52
329	District Ân Thi	266	37 055	229	36 679	61
330	District Khoái Châu	364	52 127	317	51 444	72
331	District Kim Động	238	31 543	189	31 177	56
332	District Tiên Lữ	202	26 568	175	26 276	51
333	District Phù Cừ	167	24 656	149	24 388	50
34. Thái Bình		**3 644**	**547 727**	**3 210**	**542 693**	**660**
336	City Thái Bình	399	55 603	367	54 681	74
338	District Quỳnh Phụ	457	72 409	407	71 845	85
339	District Hưng Hà	479	74 598	435	74 069	86
340	District Đông Hưng	490	73 872	426	73 184	86
341	District Thái Thụy	496	76 473	444	75 740	87

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
342	District Tiền Hải	413	60 922	358	60 464	78
343	District Kiến Xương	455	68 236	379	67 673	83
344	District Vũ Thư	455	65 614	394	65 037	81
35. Hà Nam		**1 834**	**235 044**	**1 612**	**232 588**	**373**
347	City Phủ Lý	227	24 122	200	23 621	49
349	District Duy Tiên	301	39 331	261	38 881	63
350	District Kim Bảng	277	37 850	241	37 452	61
351	District Thanh Liêm	296	38 709	259	38 298	62
352	District Bình Lục	334	43 036	294	42 691	66
353	District Lý Nhân	399	51 996	357	51 645	72
36. Nam Định		**4 256**	**555 605**	**3 926**	**550 370**	**736**
356	City Nam Định	661	78 864	610	77 879	89
358	District Mỹ Lộc	152	20 357	141	20 204	45
359	District Vụ Bản	271	38 120	247	37 625	62
360	District ý Yên	512	66 019	479	65 313	81
361	District Nghĩa Hưng	400	54 391	375	53 943	74
362	District Nam Trực	410	58 324	390	57 874	76
363	District Trực Ninh	418	54 949	397	54 558	74
364	District Xuân Trường	383	48 460	327	47 933	70
365	District Giao Thủy	453	55 846	399	55 420	75
366	District Hải Hậu	596	80 275	561	79 621	90
37. Ninh Bình		**2 003**	**257 088**	**1 733**	**253 586**	**448**
369	City Ninh Bình	231	33 484	191	32 903	58
370	Town Tam Điệp	125	17 006	113	16 245	40
372	District Nho Quan	342	38 754	315	38 295	62
373	District Gia Viễn	241	32 735	217	32 390	57
374	District Hoa Lư	168	20 139	140	19 946	45
375	District Yên Khánh	310	37 878	257	37 508	62
376	District Kim Sơn	336	44 755	284	44 334	67
377	District Yên Mô	250	32 337	216	31 965	57
38. Thanh Hoá		**7 340**	**893 549**	**6 671**	**883 022**	**1 479**
380	City Thanh Hóa	588	94 444	538	92 948	97
381	Town Bỉm Sơn	110	16 160	102	15 907	40

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
382	Town Sầm Sơn	92	14 347	85	14 129	38
384	District Mường Lát	100	6 708	92	6 627	26
385	District Quan Hóa	141	10 347	123	10 266	32
386	District Bá Thước	247	23 851	224	23 756	49
387	District Quan Sơn	111	7 968	99	7 885	28
388	District Lang Chánh	113	10 375	102	10 295	32
389	District Ngọc Lặc	380	31 425	356	31 204	56
390	District Cẩm Thủy	247	25 747	227	25 637	51
391	District Thạch Thành	281	33 090	251	32 911	58
392	District Hà Trung	254	30 945	229	30 675	56
393	District Vĩnh Lộc	159	22 042	134	21 841	47
394	District Yên Định	323	42 466	292	41 044	64
395	District Thọ Xuân	470	57 861	427	57 253	76
396	District Thường Xuân	215	20 336	198	20 192	45
397	District Triệu Sơn	423	53 384	387	52 949	73
398	District Thiệu Hoá	314	41 160	286	40 791	64
399	District Hoằng Hóa	429	56 022	386	55 561	75
400	District Hậu Lộc	318	42 216	290	41 904	65
401	District Nga Sơn	285	35 875	258	35 622	60
402	District Như Xuân	201	15 382	183	14 661	38
403	District Như Thanh	215	20 594	198	20 449	45
404	District Nông Cống	364	45 871	330	44 666	67
405	District Đông Sơn	163	20 973	147	20 821	46
406	District Quảng Xương	412	57 560	376	56 957	76
407	District Tĩnh Gia	385	56 400	351	56 071	75
40. Nghệ An		**6 568**	**752 898**	**6 049**	**743 691**	**1 200**
412	City Vinh	587	94 309	547	92 317	97
413	Town Cửa Lò	88	13 103	80	12 963	36
414	Town Thái Hoà	140	17 093	130	16 841	41
415	District Quế Phong	200	13 279	185	13 197	36
416	District Quỳ Châu	146	12 378	134	12 334	35
417	District Kỳ Sơn	204	13 704	182	13 530	37
418	District Tương Dương	188	17 200	164	16 758	41

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
419	District Nghĩa Đàn	332	30 118	308	29 883	55
420	District Quỳ Hợp	302	28 727	279	28 514	54
421	District Quỳnh Lưu	464	61 944	421	61 378	79
422	District Con Cuông	141	15 883	129	15 764	40
423	District Tân Kỳ	290	32 088	267	31 384	56
424	District Anh Sơn	268	27 608	246	27 371	53
425	District Diễn Châu	515	68 693	476	68 135	83
426	District Yên Thành	554	66 318	512	65 826	82
427	District Đô Lương	395	49 205	362	48 522	70
428	District Thanh Chương	546	55 304	508	54 392	74
429	District Nghi Lộc	477	46 356	440	45 820	68
430	District Nam Đàn	321	39 281	292	38 715	63
431	District Hưng Nguyên	270	27 988	247	27 728	53
432	Town Hoàng Mai	140	22 319	140	22 319	47
42. Hà Tĩnh		**3 039**	**344 316**	**2 777**	**341 211**	**629**
436	City Hà Tĩnh	173	26 369	157	25 849	51
437	Town Hồng Lĩnh	71	10 606	65	10 482	33
439	District Hương Sơn	425	33 693	393	33 425	58
440	District Đức Thọ	273	31 220	245	30 857	56
441	District Vũ Quang	113	9 097	101	9 012	30
442	District Nghi Xuân	222	26 427	203	26 126	51
443	District Can Lộc	267	34 824	244	34 536	59
444	District Hương Khê	325	27 836	303	27 631	53
445	District Thạch Hà	315	35 399	284	35 061	59
446	District Cẩm Xuyên	338	40 486	311	40 225	64
447	District Kỳ Anh	349	47 329	316	47 096	69
448	District Lộc Hà	168	21 030	155	20 911	46
44. Quảng Bình		**2 057**	**211 908**	**1 898**	**209 585**	**375**
450	City Đồng Hới	214	30 417	198	29 767	55
452	District Minh Hóa	123	10 575	107	10 464	32
453	District Tuyên Hóa	194	19 214	174	18 957	44
454	District Quảng Trạch	508	50 669	474	50 114	71
455	District Bố Trạch	431	42 764	401	42 489	65

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
456	District Quảng Ninh	214	22 807	199	22 635	48
457	District Lệ Thủy	373	35 462	345	35 159	60
45. Quảng Trị		**1 390**	**149 671**	**1 242**	**148 088**	**359**
461	City Đông Hà	146	21 157	134	20 829	46
462	Town Quảng Trị	60	5 898	54	5 766	24
464	District Vĩnh Linh	217	23 801	194	23 547	49
465	District Hướng Hóa	177	16 580	155	16 405	41
466	District Gio Linh	168	17 575	146	17 438	42
467	District Đa Krông	106	7 759	92	7 620	28
468	District Cam Lộ	106	11 584	97	11 465	34
469	District Triệu Phong	222	23 193	203	23 049	48
470	District Hải Lăng	187	22 096	167	21 969	47
471	District Cồn Cỏ	1	28			
46. Thừa Thiên Huế		**1 936**	**268 422**	**1 784**	**265 202**	**461**
474	City Huế	468	87 299	441	85 864	93
476	District Phong Điền	229	22 488	213	22 399	48
477	District Quảng Điền	168	21 121	157	21 044	46
478	District Phú Vang	275	39 414	255	39 275	63
479	Town Hương Thủy	177	23 384	165	23 143	48
480	Town Hương Trà	181	26 937	165	26 050	51
481	District A Lưới	142	9 954	121	9 825	31
482	District Phú Lộc	227	32 525	209	32 374	57
483	District Nam Đông	69	5 300	58	5 228	24
48. Đà Nẵng		**1 496**	**227 150**	**1 427**	**221 935**	**392**
490	Quarter Liên Chiểu	192	34 996	182	33 766	58
491	Quarter Thanh Khê	268	43 784	256	43 016	66
492	Quarter Hải Châu	330	48 179	316	47 020	69
493	Quarter Sơn Trà	197	30 460	188	29 719	55
494	Quarter Ngũ Hành Sơn	124	16 985	118	16 466	41
495	Quarter Cẩm Lệ	155	22 825	149	22 469	48
497	District Hoà Vang	230	29 921	218	29 479	55
498	District Hoàng Sa	-	-			

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
49. Quảng Nam		**3 459**	**378 088**	**3 220**	**375 035**	**772**
502	City Tam Kỳ	234	31 334	221	30 940	56
503	City Hội An	154	22 286	141	21 821	47
504	District Tây Giang	71	3 685	61	3 626	24
505	District Đông Giang	85	5 755	74	5 690	24
506	District Đại Lộc	336	38 849	318	38 587	62
507	District Điện Bàn	440	52 417	420	52 214	73
508	District Duy Xuyên	299	32 689	285	32 577	57
509	District Quế Sơn	209	24 421	195	24 260	49
510	District Nam Giang	69	5 016	60	4 941	24
511	District Phước Sơn	76	5 475	64	5 350	24
512	District Hiệp Đức	91	9 463	79	9 390	31
513	District Thăng Bình	448	47 346	426	47 141	69
514	District Tiên Phước	175	17 229	160	17 135	42
515	District Bắc Trà My	114	8 967	102	8 581	29
516	District Nam Trà My	66	5 638	56	5 569	24
517	District Núi Thành	299	39 175	282	38 971	63
518	District Phú Ninh	202	20 798	192	20 732	46
519	District Nông Sơn	91	7 545	84	7 510	28
51. Quảng Ngãi		**2 692**	**324 069**	**2 512**	**321 930**	**632**
522	City Quảng Ngãi	205	30 773	195	30 220	55
524	District Bình Sơn	351	49 982	326	49 725	71
525	District Trà Bồng	81	7 473	71	7 406	27
526	District Tây Trà	47	4 282	38	4 231	24
527	District Sơn Tịnh	388	48 415	367	48 221	70
528	District Tư Nghĩa	340	44 108	322	43 743	66
529	District Sơn Hà	175	17 805	161	17 717	42
530	District Sơn Tây	49	4 746	43	4 695	24
531	District Minh Long	42	4 109	37	4 080	24
532	District Nghĩa Hành	201	23 457	189	23 376	49
533	District Mộ Đức	287	33 454	274	33 316	58
534	District Đức Phổ	316	36 714	301	36 590	61
535	District Ba Tơ	164	13 637	145	13 518	37
536	District Lý Sơn	46	5 114	43	5 092	24

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
52. Bình Định		**3 363**	**396 013**	**3 197**	**392 866**	**620**
540	City Qui Nhơn	584	75 282	555	73 979	86
542	District An Lão	83	6 456	74	6 391	25
543	District Hoài Nhơn	479	54 733	462	54 480	74
544	District Hoài Ân	209	22 953	194	22 721	48
545	District Phù Mỹ	369	43 280	350	43 066	66
546	District Vĩnh Thạnh	91	7 637	82	7 565	28
547	District Tây Sơn	288	34 862	273	34 719	59
548	District Phù Cát	397	48 148	379	47 827	69
549	Town An Nhơn	422	47 868	407	47 611	69
550	District Tuy Phước	370	48 154	357	47 924	70
551	District Vân Canh	71	6 640	64	6 583	26
54. Phú Yên		**1 985**	**227 913**	**1 876**	**226 385**	**443**
555	City Tuy Hoà	328	41 648	312	41 064	64
557	Town Sông Cầu	190	24 252	179	24 157	49
558	District Đồng Xuân	145	15 709	134	15 516	40
559	District Tuy An	292	33 181	276	33 046	58
560	District Sơn Hòa	160	13 710	146	13 616	37
561	District Sông Hinh	129	10 960	118	10 878	33
562	District Tây Hoà	259	30 521	248	30 376	55
563	District Phú Hoà	220	27 325	211	27 253	52
564	District Đông Hoà	262	30 607	252	30 479	55
56. Khánh Hoà		**1 991**	**286 240**	**1 848**	**281 459**	**444**
568	City Nha Trang	623	98 931	596	96 320	99
569	City Cam Ranh	238	31 327	223	30 838	56
570	District Cam Lâm	177	25 726	163	25 445	51
571	District Vạn Ninh	195	30 071	182	29 948	55
572	Town Ninh Hòa	410	54 921	383	54 610	74
573	District Khánh Vĩnh	88	7 597	74	7 497	28
574	District Diên Khánh	206	32 524	187	31 784	57
575	District Khánh Sơn	48	5 079	40	5 017	24
576	District Trường Sa	6	64			

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
58. Ninh Thuận		**1 152**	**135 987**	**1 089**	**134 674**	**295**
582	City Phan Rang-Tháp Chàm	329	41 689	313	41 162	64
584	District Bác Ái	59	5 152	50	5 055	24
585	District Ninh Sơn	163	17 688	155	17 494	42
586	District Ninh Hải	177	21 674	168	21 463	47
587	District Ninh Phước	248	29 194	237	29 023	54
588	District Thuận Bắc	76	8 557	70	8 490	29
589	District Thuận Nam	100	12 033	96	11 987	35
60. Bình Thuận		**2 407**	**280 569**	**2 062**	**278 165**	**513**
593	City Phan Thiết	347	53 670	297	53 141	73
594	Town La Gi	218	25 107	141	24 828	50
595	District Tuy Phong	239	31 655	217	31 528	56
596	District Bắc Bình	281	27 841	254	27 637	53
597	District Hàm Thuận Bắc	367	41 582	324	41 119	64
598	District Hàm Thuận Nam	191	23 059	158	22 889	48
599	District Tánh Linh	222	24 436	204	24 250	49
600	District Đức Linh	283	30 622	251	30 432	55
601	District Hàm Tân	190	16 965	150	16 750	41
602	District Phú Quí	69	5 632	66	5 591	24
62. Kon Tum		**1 015**	**101 659**	**918**	**99 607**	**291**
608	City Kon Tum	272	34 428	251	33 518	58
610	District Đắk Glei	131	9 171	119	9 022	30
611	District Ngọc Hồi	87	10 257	79	10 069	32
612	District Đắk Tô	81	8 970	72	8 830	30
613	District Kon Plông	92	4 681	83	4 594	24
614	District Kon Rẫy	52	5 303	45	5 192	24
615	District Đắk Hà	122	14 136	113	13 975	38
616	District Sa Thầy	88	9 877	77	9 682	31
617	District Tu Mơ Rông	90	4 836	79	4 725	24
64. Gia Lai		**2 737**	**295 595**	**2 512**	**291 683**	**688**
622	City Pleiku	463	54 242	434	52 667	73
623	Town An Khê	109	15 621	99	15 428	39
624	Town Ayun Pa	69	7 921	61	7 842	28

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
625	District KBang	157	14 886	143	14 791	39
626	District Đăk Đoa	219	22 730	202	22 596	48
627	District Chư Păh	151	16 101	136	15 996	40
628	District Ia Grai	192	21 681	179	21 261	46
629	District Mang Yang	127	11 968	115	11 831	35
630	District Kông Chro	100	8 799	86	8 734	30
631	District Đức Cơ	120	14 580	110	14 072	38
632	District Chư Prông	224	22 846	203	22 686	48
633	District Chư Sê	223	23 738	202	23 602	49
634	District Đăk Pơ	86	8 930	78	8 832	30
635	District Ia Pa	105	9 915	96	9 853	32
637	District Krông Pa	151	14 783	137	14 690	39
638	District Phú Thiện	142	14 855	132	14 803	39
639	District Chư Pưh	99	11 999	99	11 999	35
66. Đắk Lắk		**3 395**	**404 307**	**3 204**	**400 697**	**748**
643	City Buôn Ma Thuột	585	82 295	559	81 026	90
644	Town Buôn Hồ	190	21 463	178	21 299	46
645	District Ea H'leo	235	28 328	223	28 179	53
646	District Ea Súp	138	14 112	128	13 950	38
647	District Buôn Đôn	122	13 790	115	13 600	37
648	District Cư M'gar	288	35 547	271	35 274	60
649	District Krông Búk	120	13 213	113	13 124	36
650	District Krông Năng	233	27 279	221	27 116	52
651	District Ea Kar	278	34 558	261	34 334	59
652	District M'Đrắk	159	14 912	146	14 777	39
653	District Krông Bông	152	18 606	138	18 451	43
654	District Krông Pắc	395	45 818	379	45 554	68
655	District Krông A Na	182	18 677	173	18 556	43
656	District Lắk	123	13 499	112	13 356	37
657	District Cư Kuin	195	22 210	187	22 101	47
67. Đắk Nông		**1 052**	**117 256**	**979**	**115 998**	**301**
660	Town Gia Nghĩa	81	11 380	73	11 119	33
661	District Đăk Glong	75	8 426	68	8 364	29

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
662	District Cư Jút	212	20 523	203	20 390	45
663	District Đắk Mil	161	20 083	150	19 910	45
664	District Krông Nô	134	14 729	122	14 616	38
665	District Đắk Song	131	13 923	122	13 829	37
666	District Đắk R'Lấp	174	18 666	163	18 504	43
667	District Tuy Đức	84	9 526	78	9 266	31
68. Lâm Đồng		**2 703**	**305 527**	**2 456**	**301 820**	**571**
672	City Đà Lạt	444	61 656	405	60 388	78
673	City Bảo Lộc	345	39 606	318	39 095	63
674	District Đam Rông	88	8 316	78	8 271	29
675	District Lạc Dương	47	4 030	40	3 980	24
676	District Lâm Hà	290	34 025	267	33 699	58
677	District Đơn Dương	235	23 166	213	22 889	48
678	District Đức Trọng	353	41 034	327	40 548	64
679	District Di Linh	319	37 067	287	36 739	61
680	District Bảo Lâm	246	27 415	224	27 286	52
681	District Đạ Huoai	99	8 770	86	8 674	30
682	District Đạ Tẻh	123	10 997	110	10 893	33
683	District Cát Tiên	114	9 445	101	9 358	31
70. Bình Phước		**2 097**	**218 590**	**1 927**	**215 763**	**460**
688	Town Phước Long	95	11 703	93	11 663	34
689	Town Đồng Xoài	163	21 398	154	20 915	46
690	Town Bình Long	126	14 474	126	14 474	38
691	District Bù Gia Mập	410	36 761	366	36 313	61
692	District Lộc Ninh	305	28 318	273	27 974	53
693	District Bù Đốp	87	12 956	79	12 720	36
694	District Hớn Quản	222	22 996	193	22 502	48
695	District Đồng Phù	190	20 758	178	20 527	46
696	District Bù Đăng	363	31 636	348	31 327	56
697	District Chơn Thành	136	17 590	117	17 348	42
72. Tây Ninh		**1 874**	**280 775**	**1 765**	**279 009**	**501**
703	Town Tây Ninh	216	33 503	203	33 232	58
705	District Tân Biên	173	23 831	163	23 503	49

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
706	District Tân Châu	209	31 413	197	31 262	56
707	District Dương Minh Châu	166	27 751	155	27 623	53
708	District Châu Thành	242	34 237	225	33 949	59
709	District Hòa Thành	253	35 351	241	35 170	60
710	District Gò Dầu	276	36 395	265	36 219	60
711	District Bến Cầu	95	16 655	85	16 560	41
712	District Trảng Bàng	244	41 639	231	41 491	65
74. Bình Dương		**3 194**	**470 098**	**3 096**	**465 378**	**550**
718	City Thủ Dầu Một	470	66 721	458	66 175	82
720	District Dầu Tiếng	198	28 294	186	28 160	53
721	District Bến Cát	413	61 081	398	60 808	78
722	District Phú Giáo	131	21 619	119	20 092	45
723	District Tân Uyên	474	61 006	452	60 765	78
724	Town Dĩ An	608	95 654	596	94 184	97
725	Town Thuận An	900	135 723	887	135 194	117
75. Đồng Nai		**4 855**	**642 772**	**4 683**	**633 838**	**791**
731	City Biên Hòa	1 382	220 443	1 356	217 235	148
732	Town Long Khánh	267	33 031	252	32 670	57
734	District Tân Phú	397	37 701	379	37 469	61
735	District Vĩnh Cửu	205	32 608	193	32 424	57
736	District Định Quán	459	46 875	445	46 559	69
737	District Trảng Bom	367	61 465	350	60 925	78
738	District Thống Nhất	225	33 670	215	33 519	58
739	District Cẩm Mỹ	348	32 257	335	32 040	57
740	District Long Thành	314	50 569	295	48 730	70
741	District Xuân Lộc	508	50 069	492	48 461	70
742	District Nhơn Trạch	383	44 084	371	43 806	66
77. Bà Rịa Vũng Tàu		**1 996**	**256 336**	**1 744**	**252 266**	**411**
747	City Vũng Tàu	581	80 022	529	79 115	89
748	City Bà Rịa	218	25 070	183	24 624	50
750	District Châu Đức	260	34 594	221	34 354	59
751	District Xuyên Mộc	256	33 293	229	33 096	58
752	District Long Điền	240	30 983	221	30 846	56

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
753	District Đất Đỏ	135	18 024	115	17 882	42
754	District Tân Thành	289	32 843	246	32 349	57
755	District Côn Đảo	17	1 507			
79. Tp Hồ Chí Minh		**13 183**	**1 824 822**	**12 485**	**1 806 081**	**2 021**
760	Quarter 1	418	45 272	387	44 604	67
761	Quarter 12	601	109 542	572	108 636	105
762	Quarter Thủ Đức	1 033	126 970	968	124 815	112
763	Quarter 9	459	70 503	436	69 208	84
764	Quarter Gò Vấp	866	134 843	829	133 090	116
765	Quarter Bình Thạnh	818	112 453	746	111 276	106
766	Quarter Tân Bình	715	103 420	664	101 255	101
767	Quarter Tân Phú	779	102 965	757	102 143	102
768	Quarter Phú Nhuận	399	40 553	362	40 070	64
769	Quarter 2	340	37 864	314	37 305	61
770	Quarter 3	431	45 290	377	44 902	67
771	Quarter 10	436	55 133	411	54 304	74
772	Quarter 11	416	50 818	394	50 350	71
773	Quarter 4	320	37 891	299	37 582	62
774	Quarter 5	378	40 568	356	39 443	63
775	Quarter 6	437	56 693	421	56 403	75
776	Quarter 8	691	97 927	663	97 435	99
777	Quarter Bình Tân	1 026	158 651	993	158 106	126
778	Quarter 7	477	59 668	464	59 115	77
783	District Củ Chi	626	94 867	605	94 128	97
784	District Hóc Môn	504	87 993	491	87 592	94
785	District Bình Chánh	693	112 929	670	112 547	107
786	District Nhà Bè	185	24 902	178	24 784	50
787	District Cần Giờ	135	17 107	128	16 988	41
80. Long An		**2 955**	**373 012**	**2 761**	**370 791**	**719**
794	City Tân An	222	36 329	208	35 982	60
795	Town Kiến Tường	77	10 460	77	10 460	32
796	District Tân Hưng	117	11 867	105	11 818	35
797	District Vĩnh Hưng	130	12 634	117	12 539	36

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
798	District Mộc Hóa	72	7 161	59	7 066	27
799	District Tân Thạnh	184	18 848	171	18 761	44
800	District Thạnh Hóa	138	13 508	127	12 883	36
801	District Đức Huệ	157	16 341	146	16 277	41
802	District Đức Hòa	415	57 349	395	57 174	76
803	District Bến Lức	281	38 167	265	37 967	62
804	District Thủ Thừa	194	22 729	181	22 649	48
805	District Tân Trụ	121	16 063	110	16 002	40
806	District Cần Đước	329	42 326	312	42 216	65
807	District Cần Giuộc	332	42 967	315	42 843	66
808	District Châu Thành	186	26 263	173	26 154	51
82. Tiền Giang		**3 873**	**441 766**	**3 691**	**439 889**	**640**
815	City Mỹ Tho	531	60 808	502	60 096	78
816	Town Gò Công	189	23 780	177	23 700	49
818	District Tân Phước	143	14 897	130	14 816	39
819	District Cái Bè	673	71 789	648	71 620	85
820	District Cai Lậy	682	81 578	654	81 401	91
821	District Châu Thành	511	62 231	487	61 925	79
822	District Chợ Gạo	409	47 619	390	47 485	69
823	District Gò Công Tây	286	33 716	273	33 630	58
824	District Gò Công Đông	315	34 420	302	34 312	59
825	District Tân Phú Đông	134	10 928	128	10 904	33
83. Bến Tre		**2 955**	**360 414**	**2 663**	**358 737**	**569**
829	City Bến Tre	291	35 825	261	35 500	60
831	District Châu Thành	374	45 471	336	45 209	68
832	District Chợ Lách	282	31 811	259	31 702	57
833	District Mỏ Cày Nam	394	45 358	334	45 070	67
834	District Giồng Trôm	375	50 533	334	50 323	71
835	District Bình Đại	300	37 133	278	36 996	61
836	District Ba Tri	423	49 568	374	49 355	71

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
837	District Thạnh Phú	293	34 367	264	34 234	59
838	District Mỏ Cày Bắc	223	30 348	223	30 348	55
84. Trà Vinh		**2 108**	**249 670**	**1 939**	**247 508**	**444**
842	City Trà Vinh	197	25 896	175	25 573	51
844	District Càng Long	303	37 109	288	36 886	61
845	District Cầu Kè	259	28 167	240	27 932	53
846	District Tiểu Cần	212	26 210	196	26 067	51
847	District Châu Thành	294	34 567	272	34 277	59
848	District Cầu Ngang	289	31 877	268	31 577	56
849	District Trà Cú	364	41 497	321	40 990	64
850	District Duyên Hải	190	24 347	179	24 206	49
86. Vĩnh Long		**2 347**	**272 181**	**2 040**	**270 238**	**462**
855	Town Vĩnh Long	360	37 851	283	37 110	61
857	District Long Hồ	355	43 515	308	43 298	66
858	District Mang Thít	203	26 054	180	25 961	51
859	District Vũng Liêm	364	43 626	324	43 421	66
860	District Tam Bình	340	39 310	303	39 026	63
861	Town Bình Minh	198	22 452	175	22 342	47
862	District Trà Ôn	332	36 471	286	36 247	60
863	District Bình Tân	195	22 902	181	22 833	48
87. Đồng Tháp		**3 587**	**418 073**	**3 193**	**415 918**	**705**
866	City Cao Lãnh	337	42 740	301	42 311	65
867	Town Sa Đéc	276	27 460	212	27 185	52
868	Town Hồng Ngự	142	19 709	132	19 648	45
869	District Tân Hồng	213	23 330	200	23 235	48
870	District Hồng Ngự	290	36 934	271	36 798	61
871	District Tam Nông	237	26 583	218	26 458	52
872	District Tháp Mười	258	33 012	239	32 897	58
873	District Cao Lãnh	427	48 427	402	48 219	70
874	District Thanh Bình	330	39 235	304	39 106	63
875	District Lấp Vò	441	42 910	349	42 632	66
876	District Lai Vung	306	39 044	283	38 938	63
877	District Châu Thành	330	38 689	282	38 491	62

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
89. An Giang		**5 323**	**524 759**	**4 852**	**522 018**	**751**
883	City Long Xuyên	669	68 429	635	67 883	83
884	Town Châu Đốc	268	28 384	234	28 139	53
886	District An Phú	394	42 763	380	42 665	66
887	Town Tân Châu	416	41 867	395	41 724	65
888	District Phú Tân	482	54 636	454	54 484	74
889	District Châu Phú	549	58 203	528	58 051	77
890	District Tịnh Biên	409	29 978	324	29 601	55
891	District Tri Tôn	422	33 033	347	32 686	57
892	District Châu Thành	424	40 847	388	40 714	64
893	District Chợ Mới	839	84 449	779	84 073	92
894	District Thoại Sơn	451	42 170	388	41 998	65
91. Kiên Giang		**3 573**	**394 080**	**3 317**	**391 859**	**742**
899	City Rạch Giá	392	50 040	366	49 410	71
900	Town Hà Tiên	104	11 041	85	10 925	33
902	District Kiên Lương	172	19 325	155	19 255	44
903	District Hòn Đất	377	39 316	361	39 070	63
904	District Tân Hiệp	312	31 331	260	31 203	56
905	District Châu Thành	291	34 060	270	33 908	58
906	District Giồng Riềng	497	49 008	465	48 806	70
907	District Gò Quao	317	32 505	306	32 405	57
908	District An Biên	228	28 670	218	28 601	54
909	District An Minh	225	26 669	212	26 591	52
910	District Vĩnh Thuận	171	20 938	164	20 860	46
911	District Phú Quốc	193	22 873	177	22 626	48
912	District Kiên Hải	58	5 227	54	5 205	24
913	District U Minh Thượng	164	16 157	157	16 113	40
914	District Giang Thành	72	6 920	67	6 881	26
92. Cần Thơ		**2 273**	**289 509**	**2 183**	**286 125**	**504**
916	Quarter Ninh Kiều	410	61 083	392	59 590	78
917	Quarter Ô Môn	269	31 656	262	31 440	56
918	Quarter Bình Thuỷ	220	29 733	212	28 833	54
919	Quarter Cái Răng	155	21 964	148	21 840	47

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
923	Quarter Thốt Nốt	297	37 276	288	37 163	61
924	District Vĩnh Thạnh	206	26 434	195	26 249	51
925	District Cờ Đỏ	258	28 794	248	28 681	54
926	District Phong Điền	198	23 831	191	23 714	49
927	District Thới Lai	260	28 738	247	28 615	54
93. Hậu Giang		**1 549**	**188 567**	**1 468**	**187 790**	**357**
930	City Vị Thanh	161	18 534	145	18 402	43
931	Town Ngã Bảy	120	14 431	113	14 320	38
932	District Châu Thành A	215	25 127	204	25 022	50
933	District Châu Thành	168	20 203	160	20 135	45
934	District Phụng Hiệp	386	47 508	372	47 366	69
935	District Vị Thuỷ	187	23 886	177	23 814	49
936	District Long Mỹ	312	38 878	297	38 731	63
94. Sóc Trăng		**2 570**	**310 558**	**2 292**	**308 544**	**581**
941	City Sóc Trăng	267	35 470	228	35 005	59
942	District Châu Thành	185	23 753	168	23 627	49
943	District Kế Sách	332	40 238	295	40 057	64
944	District Mỹ Tú	198	25 545	177	25 382	51
945	District Cù Lao Dung	121	15 622	111	15 509	40
946	District Long Phú	237	27 612	214	27 474	53
947	District Mỹ Xuyên	409	49 826	377	49 578	61
948	District Ngã Năm	160	18 482	137	18 390	43
949	District Thạnh Trị	173	19 963	155	19 840	45
950	Town Vĩnh Châu	339	36 095	299	35 853	60
951	District Trần Đề	149	17 952	131	17 829	56
95. Bạc Liêu		**1 710**	**192 511**	**1 613**	**191 625**	**366**
954	City Bạc Liêu	283	33 481	268	33 195	58
956	District Hồng Dân	290	23 938	279	23 856	49
957	District Phước Long	249	26 980	241	26 886	52
958	District Vĩnh Lợi	182	21 389	168	21 292	46
959	District Giá Rai	280	30 554	257	30 445	55
960	District Đông Hải	239	32 056	226	31 940	57
961	District Hoà Bình	187	24 113	174	24 011	49

New district code	District name	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results (updated new administration units)		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
		Total of EAs	Total of households	Total of EAs	Total of households	
(A)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
96. Cà Mau		**2 342**	**287 131**	**2 209**	**285 487**	**499**
964	City Cà Mau	418	53 413	375	53 057	73
966	District U Minh	187	23 660	179	23 284	48
967	District Thới Bình	220	31 486	208	31 372	56
968	District Trần Văn Thời	365	44 576	352	44 439	67
969	District Cái Nước	283	32 077	265	31 812	57
970	District Đầm Dơi	347	41 383	331	41 200	64
971	District Năm Căn	122	16 731	114	16 674	41
972	District Phú Tân	207	24 102	198	24 037	49
973	District Ngọc Hiển	193	19 703	187	19 612	44

Annex 2b: Results of sample allocation at provincial level in the 2014 IPS

Province	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
(A)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ENTIRE COUNTRY	**186 697**	**22 444 322**	**171 817**	**22 196 862**	**12 055**
01. Ha Noi	12 801	1 749 334	11 863	1 713 684	443
02. Ha Giang	1 946	159 581	1 747	157 797	134
04. Cao Bang	1 523	123 617	1 313	121 731	120
06. Bac Kan	949	74 816	824	74 025	120
08. Tuyen Quang	1 995	185 403	1 845	183 332	145
10. Lao Cai	1 701	141 958	1 524	140 630	127
11. Dien Bien	1 497	105 252	1 389	104 095	120
12. Lai Chau	1 146	76 980	1 043	75 833	120
14. Son La	2 700	243 157	2 450	240 008	166
15. Yen Bai	2 001	186 463	1 813	184 959	146
17. Hoa Binh	1 916	195 562	1 705	193 369	149
19. Thai Nguyen	3271	325 680	3 065	320 498	192
20. Lang Son	2 011	179 738	1 778	178 119	143
22. Quang Ninh	3 018	316 732	2 809	312 865	189
24. Bac Giang	3 365	410 452	3 123	406 537	216
25. Phu Tho	3 049	362 098	2 755	356 779	202
26. Vinh Phuc	1 903	265 803	1 735	261 425	173
27. Bac Ninh	1 910	284 072	1 719	280 831	179
30. Hai Duong	3 659	509 613	3 343	504 169	240
31. Hai Phong	4 128	529 548	3 880	522 389	245
33. Hung Yen	2 330	326 238	1 971	322 633	192
34. Thai Binh	3 644	547 727	3 210	542 693	249
35. Ha Nam	1 834	235 044	1 612	232 588	163
36. Nam Dinh	4 256	555 605	3 926	550 370	251
37. Ninh Binh	2 003	257 088	1 733	253 586	170
38. Thanh Hoa	7 340	893 549	6 671	883 022	318
40. Nghe An	6 568	752 898	6 049	743 691	292
42. Ha Tinh	3 039	344 316	2 777	341 211	198
44. Quang Binh	2 057	211 908	1 898	209 585	155
45. Quang Tri	1 390	149 671	1 242	148 088	130
46. Thua Thien Hue	1 936	268 422	1 784	265 202	174
48. Da Nang	1 496	227 150	1 427	221 935	159
49. Quang Nam	3 459	378 088	3 220	375 035	207

Province	Number of EAs, households as of the 2009 Census results		Number of EAs, households after eliminating the specific EAs		Number of EAs enumerated
(A)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
51. Quang Ngai	2 692	324 069	2 512	321 930	192
52. Binh Dinh	3 363	396 013	3 197	392 866	212
54. Phu Yen	1 985	227 913	1 876	226 385	161
56. Khanh Hoa	1 991	286 240	1 848	281 459	180
58. Ninh Thuan	1 152	135 987	1 089	134 674	124
60. Binh Thuan	2 407	280 569	2 062	278 165	178
62. Kon Tum	1 015	101 659	918	99 607	120
64. Gia Lai	2 737	295 595	2 512	291 683	183
66. Dak Lak	3 395	404 307	3 204	400 697	214
67. Dak Nong	1 052	117 256	979	115 998	120
68. Lam Dong	2 703	305 527	2 456	301 820	186
70. Binh Phuoc	2 097	218 590	1 927	215 763	157
72. Tay Ninh	1 874	280 775	1 765	279 009	179
74. Binh Duong	3 194	470 098	3 096	465 378	231
75. Dong Nai	4 855	642 772	4 683	633 838	269
77. Ba Ria Vung Tau	1 996	256 336	1 744	252 266	170
79. Ho Chi Minh City	13 183	1 824 822	12 485	1 806 081	455
80. Long An	2 955	373 012	2 761	370 791	206
82. Tien Giang	3 873	441 766	3 691	439 889	224
83. Ben Tre	2 955	360 414	2 663	358 737	203
84. Tra Vinh	2 108	249 670	1 939	247 508	168
86. Vinh Long	2 347	272 181	2 040	270 238	176
87. Dong Thap	3 587	418 073	3 193	415 918	218
89. An Giang	5 323	524 759	4 852	522 018	245
91. Kien Giang	3 573	394 080	3 317	391 859	212
92. Can Tho	2 273	289 509	2 183	286 125	181
93. Hau Giang	1 549	188 567	1 468	187 790	147
94. Soc Trang	2 570	310 558	2 292	308 544	188
95. Bac Lieu	1 710	192 511	1 613	191 625	148
96. Ca Mau	2 342	287 131	2 209	285 487	181

Annex 3: Population density by province/city, 2009 and 2014

Province/city	Population density (persons/km²)		Province/city	Population density (persons/km²)	
	2009	2014		2009	2014
ENTIRE COUNTRY	**259**	**273**			
I. Northern Midlands and Mountains	**116**	**122**	**III. North and South Central Coast**		
02. Ha Giang	91	99	49. Quang Nam	136	141
04. Cao Bang	76	77	51. Quang Ngai	236	241
06. Bac Kan	61	63	52. Binh Dinh	246	250
08. Tuyen Quang	124	128	54. Phu Yen	170	175
10. Lao Cai	96	104	56. Khanh Hoa	222	229
11. Dien Bien	51	56	58. Ninh Thuan	168	175
12. Lai Chau	41	46	60. Binh Thuan	150	154
14. Son La	76	82	**IV. Central Highlands**	**93**	**101**
15. Yen Bai	107	113	62. Kon Tum	44	50
17. Hoa Binh	171	177	64. Gia Lai	82	88
19. Thai Nguyen	318	331	66. Dak Lak	132	139
20. Lang Son	88	90	67. Dak Nong	75	87
24. Bac Giang	406	421	68. Lam Dong	121	129
25. Phu Tho	372	384	**V. Southeast**	**594**	**666**
II. Red River Delta	**930**	**981**	70. Binh Phuoc	127	135
01. Ha Noi	1 926	2126	72. Tay Ninh	263	273
22. Quang Ninh	188	196	74. Binh Duong	550	689
26. Vinh Phuc	813	840	75. Dong Nai	421	478
27. Bac Ninh	1 245	1367	77. Ba Ria-Vung Tau	501	530
30. Hai Duong	1 030	1063	79. Ho Chi Minh City	3 399	3796
31. Hai Phong	1 207	1274	**VI. Mekong River Delta**	**423**	**432**
33. Hung Yen	1 222	1249	80. Long An	320	328
34. Thai Binh	1 142	1139	82. Tien Giang	672	683
35. Ha Nam	913	928	83. Ben Tre	532	535
36. Nam Dinh	1 105	1117	84. Tra Vinh	436	439
37. Ninh Binh	647	678	86. Vinh Long	695	692
III. North and South Central Coast	**196**	**203**	87. Dong Thap	493	498
38. Thanh Hoa	305	314	89. An Giang	606	609
40. Nghe An	177	183	91. Kien Giang	265	275
42. Ha Tinh	204	209	92. Can Tho	847	877
44. Quang Binh	105	107	93. Hau Giang	473	479
45. Quang Tri	126	130	94. Soc Trang	389	395
46. Thua Thien Hue	215	225	95. Bac Lieu	331	355
48. Da Nang	691	781	96. Ca Mau	226	230

Data source 2009: *The Central Census Steering Committee, "The 2009 Viet Nam Population and Housing Census: Completed Results", The World Publishing House, 6-2010.*

Annex 4

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT POPULATION STRUCTURE

Code	Administration	Urban share of population *(%)*	Sex ratio *(males/ 100 females)*	Total dependency ratio *(%)*	Ageing index *(%)*	Proportion of population aged 15–64 *(%)*
ENTIRE COUNTRY			**97.3**	**44.0**	**43.3**	**69.4**
	Urban	33.1	94.3	39.9	45.0	71.5
	Rural		98.8	46.1	42.5	68.4
Socio-economic regions						
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	17.0	98.9	48.5	32.6	67.4
R2	Red River Delta	33.8	96.6	46.3	55.1	68.3
R3	North and South Central Coast	27.1	97.5	33.8	83.7	72.8
R4	Central Highlands	29.1	100.5	50.3	22.9	66.5
R5	Southeast	62.3	95.0	35.9	36.8	73.6
R6	Mekong River Delta	24.7	97.9	41.7	45.4	70.6
Provinces/cities						
01	Ha Noi	48.6	97.6	45.6	49.0	68.7
02	Ha Giang	14.7	100.3	57.3	21.6	63.6
04	Cao Bang	20.4	95.9	47.0	37.4	68.0
06	Bac Kan	16.4	100.5	40.9	37.0	71.0
08	Tuyen Quang	12.2	98.7	46.2	34.5	68.4
10	Lao Cai	22.0	102.5	51.5	21.6	66.0
11	Dien Bien	14.4	100.3	62.8	16.6	61.4
12	Lai Chau	17.0	101.1	65.7	13.5	60.3
14	Son La	13.5	100.1	54.5	20.0	64.7
15	Yen Bai	20.2	99.8	50.1	33.1	66.6
17	Hoa Binh	14.5	98.2	42.7	36.1	70.1
19	Thai Nguyen	27.9	95.6	43.8	46.2	69.5
20	Lang Son	19.5	100.7	41.6	37.2	70.6
22	Quang Ninh	61.2	100.3	45.0	45.3	69.0
24	Bac Giang	11.2	98.7	44.3	40.6	69.3
25	Phu Tho	17.6	97.1	46.7	50.4	68.2
26	Vinh Phuc	23.3	96.8	48.5	43.3	67.3
27	Bac Ninh	27.6	95.6	49.4	43.2	67.0
30	Hai Duong	23.1	95.6	43.8	63.2	69.6
31	Hai Phong	46.3	97.0	44.8	54.2	69.1
33	Hung Yen	11.9	97.3	46.5	58.1	68.3
34	Thai Binh	9.8	92.3	47.8	82.8	67.7
35	Ha Nam	15.6	96.5	46.4	60.8	68.3
36	Nam Dinh	17.6	95.3	48.5	62.3	67.4
37	Ninh Binh	19.7	96.2	48.6	62.5	67.3
38	Thanh Hoa	13.2	97.6	43.8	55.6	69.5

Annex 4 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Urban share of population *(%)*	Sex ratio *(males/ 100 females)*	Total dependency ratio *(%)*	Ageing index *(%)*	Proportion of population aged 15–64 *(%)*
40	Nghe An	15.4	99.5	44.5	46.1	69.2
42	Ha Tinh	15.5	96.1	54.8	61.0	64.6
44	Quang Binh	20.3	98.5	49.6	43.9	66.8
45	Quang Tri	29.0	95.5	57.5	43.8	63.5
46	Thua Thien Hue	48.6	97.2	48.8	49.1	67.2
48	Da Nang	87.3	95.6	42.5	37.3	70.2
49	Quang Nam	18.9	95.4	47.7	53.6	67.7
51	Quang Ngai	15.6	96.7	46.7	57.3	68.1
52	Binh Dinh	30.6	95.7	49.2	50.0	67.0
54	Phu Yen	28.0	99.7	46.4	44.3	68.3
56	Khanh Hoa	43.0	97.1	42.6	41.9	70.1
58	Ninh Thuan	35.5	98.9	47.7	30.0	67.7
60	Binh Thuan	39.2	99.7	42.4	36.4	70.2
62	Kon Tum	33.3	100.3	58.5	18.2	63.1
64	Gia Lai	29.5	99.2	54.6	20.1	64.7
66	Dak Lak	24.7	100.7	46.5	25.3	68.3
67	Dak Nong	15.3	104.2	54.1	16.0	64.9
68	Lam Dong	39.5	100.0	46.9	28.9	68.1
70	Binh Phuoc	19.3	99.0	47.0	25.0	68.0
72	Tay Ninh	18.7	97.5	38.9	42.9	72.0
74	Binh Duong	77.0	95.0	30.3	23.8	76.7
75	Dong Nai	32.1	98.8	38.5	34.8	72.2
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	50.6	99.9	41.2	33.1	70.8
79	Ho Chi Minh City	82.1	92.2	34.2	42.3	74.5
80	Long An	17.8	96.9	41.5	46.6	70.7
82	Tien Giang	14.8	94.8	42.6	48.8	70.1
83	Ben Tre	10.2	95.6	42.9	58.7	70.0
84	Tra Vinh	15.7	95.8	42.2	46.5	70.3
86	Vinh Long	16.6	96.5	41.4	54.5	70.7
87	Dong Thap	17.8	99.2	40.7	46.1	71.1
89	An Giang	30.2	97.5	43.8	42.6	69.5
91	Kien Giang	26.6	100.0	43.3	36.3	69.8
92	Can Tho	66.7	97.6	38.9	44.4	72.0
93	Hau Giang	24.1	99.0	38.7	48.2	72.1
94	Soc Trang	31.8	99.7	41.2	42.3	70.8
95	Bac Lieu	26.3	100.9	38.2	45.9	72.4
96	Ca Mau	22.5	100.0	42.4	39.4	70.2

Annex 5

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT NUPTIALITY OF THE POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

Code	Administration	Singulate mean age at marriage-SMAM *(Year)*			Difference in SMAM between male and female	Proportion of population aged 15 and over by (%)		
		Total	Male	Female		Single	Currently married	Widowed/ divorced/ separated
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**24.9**	**26.8**	**22.9**	**3.9**	**23.9**	**67.6**	**8.5**
	Urban	26.0	27.8	24.2	3.5	26.3	65.4	8.3
	Rural	24.3	26.4	22.1	4.2	22.7	68.7	8.6
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	22.7	24.5	20.9	3.6	19.1	72.9	8.1
R2	Red River Delta	24.7	26.7	22.7	4.0	21.0	70.6	8.4
R3	North and South Central Coast	25.4	27.6	23.0	4.5	25.8	65.4	8.8
R4	Central Highlands	24.3	26.0	22.5	3.4	25.3	67.4	7.3
R5	Southeast	26.0	27.8	24.3	3.6	29.6	62.2	8.1
R6	Mekong River Delta	24.9	26.9	22.7	4.2	22.8	67.9	9.3
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	25.1	26.8	23.4	3.4	22.7	69.6	7.7
02	Ha Giang	21.5	22.7	20.2	2.5	18.0	74.7	7.2
04	Cao Bang	22.6	24.1	20.9	3.2	19.1	72.0	8.9
06	Bac Kan	23.3	25.3	21.1	4.2	19.5	72.2	8.3
08	Tuyen Quang	22.8	24.9	20.5	4.4	18.9	72.8	8.3
10	Lao Cai	22.1	23.7	20.4	3.3	20.4	72.1	7.5
11	Dien Bien	21.6	22.7	20.4	2.4	19.6	74.0	6.4
12	Lai Chau	20.4	21.6	19.1	2.5	17.8	75.7	6.6
14	Son La	21.2	22.5	19.7	2.8	17.3	76.4	6.3
15	Yen Bai	22.1	24.3	19.7	4.6	18.2	73.9	7.9
17	Hoa Binh	23.4	25.3	21.5	3.8	19.3	72.4	8.3
19	Thai Nguyen	23.9	26.0	21.7	4.4	19.2	71.7	9.1
20	Lang Son	23.7	25.4	21.6	3.8	20.3	71.2	8.5
22	Quang Ninh	25.1	27.3	22.8	4.5	20.4	71.4	8.2
24	Bac Giang	23.7	25.5	21.8	3.7	19.7	72.0	8.3
25	Phu Tho	24.0	25.9	22.0	3.9	19.3	71.6	9.2
26	Vinh Phuc	23.6	25.3	21.8	3.4	19.9	71.9	8.2
27	Bac Ninh	23.5	25.0	22.0	3.1	18.8	73.1	8.1
30	Hai Duong	24.9	27.0	22.9	4.1	20.5	70.7	8.8
31	Hai Phong	24.9	26.9	22.8	4.1	20.1	70.2	9.7
33	Hung Yen	23.9	25.8	21.9	3.9	19.7	71.6	8.7
34	Thai Binh	25.3	27.9	22.6	5.3	19.9	70.7	9.3
35	Ha Nam	25.4	27.7	22.7	4.9	24.3	66.6	9.1
36	Nam Dinh	23.8	26.4	21.2	5.2	18.6	72.9	8.5
37	Ninh Binh	24.5	26.9	21.7	5.2	20.1	71.2	8.8
38	Thanh Hoa	24.5	26.4	22.4	4.0	21.9	69.7	8.4

Annex 5 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Singulate mean age at marriage-SMAM *(Year)*			Difference in SMAM between male and female	Proportion of population aged 15 and over by (%)		
		Total	Male	Female		Single	Currently married	Widowed/divorced/ separated
40	Nghe An	25.2	27.2	23.0	4.2	26.5	65.9	7.6
42	Ha Tinh	25.2	27.6	22.5	5.1	22.1	68.5	9.4
44	Quang Binh	25.7	28.0	23.2	4.8	26.9	65.0	8.2
45	Quang Tri	25.0	27.6	22.3	5.3	23.4	66.8	9.8
46	Thua Thien Hue	26.6	28.9	24.2	4.7	30.8	60.9	8.3
48	Da Nang	26.1	28.2	24.0	4.2	30.3	61.7	8.0
49	Quang Nam	25.2	27.9	22.2	5.6	27.0	63.2	9.8
51	Quang Ngai	25.4	27.7	23.0	4.7	25.8	65.1	9.2
52	Binh Dinh	25.0	27.6	22.2	5.5	23.7	66.5	9.9
54	Phu Yen	25.4	27.8	22.6	5.2	25.1	66.3	8.6
56	Khanh Hoa	26.6	28.9	24.3	4.6	28.6	62.0	9.4
58	Ninh Thuan	25.2	27.2	23.1	4.1	28.0	62.8	9.2
60	Binh Thuan	26.2	27.9	24.3	3.6	29.8	61.2	9.0
62	Kon Tum	23.5	24.9	22.1	2.8	24.5	68.1	7.4
64	Gia Lai	23.6	25.1	22.1	3.1	23.9	68.5	7.6
66	Dak Lak	24.7	26.4	23.0	3.5	26.7	66.3	7.0
67	Dak Nong	24.0	25.6	22.3	3.3	24.4	69.3	6.3
68	Lam Dong	24.9	26.9	22.8	4.1	25.3	66.8	7.9
70	Binh Phuoc	24.2	26.0	22.4	3.6	23.1	68.8	8.0
72	Tay Ninh	25.0	27.3	22.5	4.8	24.2	64.5	11.3
74	Binh Duong	24.2	25.5	23.0	2.5	27.4	66.7	5.9
75	Dong Nai	26.4	28.1	24.7	3.4	29.8	62.8	7.4
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	26.0	28.1	23.8	4.4	26.5	65.0	8.5
79	Ho Chi Minh City	26.8	28.6	25.0	3.6	32.0	59.7	8.4
80	Long An	24.7	26.6	22.9	3.7	22.0	68.6	9.4
82	Tien Giang	24.4	26.7	22.0	4.7	21.2	67.8	11.0
83	Ben Tre	25.0	27.4	22.4	5.0	19.6	69.3	11.1
84	Tra Vinh	24.5	26.6	22.3	4.3	21.1	68.8	10.2
86	Vinh Long	25.5	27.7	22.9	4.9	22.2	68.4	9.5
87	Dong Thap	25.2	27.0	23.2	3.7	23.3	67.5	9.1
89	An Giang	24.3	26.2	22.3	3.9	22.0	67.8	10.2
91	Kien Giang	24.5	26.6	22.2	4.5	23.8	67.9	8.3
92	Can Tho	25.7	27.6	23.6	4.0	25.7	65.6	8.7
93	Hau Giang	25.9	27.9	23.6	4.3	25.1	66.9	8.0
94	Soc Trang	25.0	27.1	22.6	4.5	24.5	67.0	8.5
95	Bac Lieu	26.0	27.7	23.9	3.8	27.0	65.4	7.7
96	Ca Mau	24.5	26.3	22.4	3.9	21.6	70.7	7.7

Annex 6

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT EDUCATION

Code	Administration	Literacy rate of population aged 15 and over (%)			Gross attendance rate (%)				Net attendance rate (%)			
		Total	Male	Female	Primary	Lower-secondary	Higher-secondary	College and University	Primary	Lower-secondary	Higher-secondary	College and University
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**94.7**	**96.4**	**93.0**	**100.3**	**91.8**	**67.7**	**0.3**	**96.8**	**88.0**	**63.1**	**20.9**
	Urban	97.5	98.3	96.8	99.9	94.4	77.8	54.3	97.5	91.8	73.2	39.5
	Rural	93.3	95.6	91.1	100.5	90.8	63.8	17.6	96.4	86.4	59.2	11.7
Socio-economic regions												
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	89.0	92.9	85.2	100.5	91.0	61.6	0.2	95.9	85.4	55.9	8.3
R2	Red River Delta	98.1	99.2	97.2	100.1	98.5	85.2	0.4	98.6	96.2	82.2	32.6
R3	North and South Central Coast	95.2	97.0	93.5	100.0	95.3	71.8	0.3	97.2	91.2	66.9	20.3
R4	Central Highlands	90.3	93.4	87.3	101.7	85.4	56.4	0.1	95.5	80.2	51.4	7.7
R5	Southeast	97.2	97.8	96.7	100.1	92.1	66.7	0.4	97.3	89.0	61.7	28.9
R6	Mekong River Delta	92.6	94.6	90.6	100.4	84.4	53.0	0.2	94.9	80.4	48.1	13.9
Provinces/cities												
01	Ha Noi	98.7	99.5	97.9	100.3	98.5	89.8	0.6	98.8	96.2	86.7	49.1
02	Ha Giang	73.2	80.8	65.6	99.3	79.8	39.4	0.1	92.7	73.2	33.6	2.4
04	Cao Bang	81.6	85.8	77.6	102.0	77.0	51.1	0.1	92.6	67.5	44.1	2.0
06	Bac Kan	92.7	94.8	90.6	104.0	99.9	65.4	0.2	95.6	86.5	58.1	6.8
08	Tuyen Quang	94.8	97.1	92.5	99.8	96.1	69.4	0.1	97.7	91.9	64.4	4.9
10	Lao Cai	78.6	84.2	72.9	99.2	87.6	46.8	0.1	96.0	84.1	42.5	3.5
11	Dien Bien	70.2	82.7	57.9	99.4	83.9	45.3	0.1	94.5	78.6	38.2	3.4
12	Lai Chau	66.6	77.3	56.3	98.9	74.1	33.5	0.1	91.6	66.8	26.4	0.8
14	Son La	75.8	87.2	64.6	100.9	87.7	51.0	0.1	92.5	76.7	42.2	3.8
15	Yen Bai	87.6	92.2	83.1	100.0	92.5	59.7	0.1	97.1	89.1	55.6	4.4
17	Hoa Binh	96.7	97.8	95.6	101.2	97.8	76.0	0.1	98.0	94.7	71.7	6.1
19	Thai Nguyen	97.8	98.7	97.0	101.4	97.9	77.7	0.5	98.2	93.1	72.0	37.5
20	Lang Son	95.1	96.9	93.4	102.9	96.4	71.1	0.1	97.5	89.5	63.3	4.9

Annex 6 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Literacy rate of population aged 15 and over (%)			Gross attendance rate (%)				Net attendance rate (%)			
		Total	Male	Female	Primary	Lower-secondary	Higher-secondary	College and University	Primary	Lower-secondary	Higher-secondary	College and University
22	Quang Ninh	97.2	98.4	96.0	99.8	98.0	81.6	0.3	96.9	94.1	78.1	17.7
24	Bac Giang	97.8	99.0	96.7	100.0	98.2	76.9	0.1	98.0	95.0	73.2	5.3
25	Phu Tho	97.6	98.5	96.7	100.4	95.3	71.7	0.2	98.3	92.5	67.7	14.0
26	Vinh Phuc	97.7	98.8	96.6	100.0	98.0	83.8	0.3	99.0	96.3	80.6	23.2
27	Bac Ninh	97.8	98.8	96.9	99.7	98.6	84.5	0.3	99.1	96.6	82.3	23.9
30	Hai Duong	98.0	99.2	97.0	101.0	98.2	80.8	0.3	98.6	95.3	77.0	24.4
31	Hai Phong	98.1	99.1	97.2	99.6	98.7	87.4	0.5	98.6	97.1	84.9	35.9
33	Hung Yen	98.1	99.1	97.1	99.6	98.5	78.5	0.4	97.9	94.9	75.2	27.6
34	Thai Binh	98.5	99.3	97.7	99.6	98.5	88.5	0.2	98.8	97.1	86.3	16.5
35	Ha Nam	98.1	99.3	97.0	100.4	98.2	81.7	0.3	98.6	96.4	78.9	21.1
36	Nam Dinh	97.6	98.9	96.4	99.4	99.7	81.2	0.2	98.5	97.9	78.9	12.4
37	Ninh Binh	97.3	98.9	95.8	101.4	96.6	79.7	0.2	98.7	93.8	75.6	9.6
38	Thanh Hoa	95.9	97.3	94.5	100.5	96.2	75.7	0.2	96.3	91.2	69.7	10.5
40	Nghe An	97.2	98.3	96.1	100.0	97.7	67.6	0.3	96.6	92.4	62.5	22.3
42	Ha Tinh	97.5	98.7	96.3	99.7	98.1	80.6	0.2	97.3	94.1	76.6	9.0
44	Quang Binh	97.6	98.9	96.4	100.2	97.2	70.1	0.2	98.0	93.6	66.5	9.1
45	Quang Tri	92.7	95.7	90.0	100.1	94.2	82.3	0.2	97.9	91.4	76.4	5.5
46	Thua Thien Hue	92.5	96.1	89.3	100.2	93.4	72.2	0.5	98.0	90.8	67.4	40.2
48	Da Nang	97.8	98.9	96.9	99.8	98.2	85.2	0.7	98.9	96.8	81.5	53.9
49	Quang Nam	94.5	97.0	92.2	98.9	98.7	77.7	0.3	97.2	94.7	73.4	23.5
51	Quang Ngai	92.6	95.6	89.7	100.6	94.2	71.8	0.3	96.3	88.5	65.0	20.6
52	Binh Dinh	95.7	97.8	93.8	99.9	96.3	73.4	0.2	97.7	91.7	67.6	17.0
54	Phu Yen	93.5	95.9	91.2	99.9	93.4	69.7	0.2	97.5	89.7	65.7	17.2
56	Khanh Hoa	95.6	97.1	94.2	99.7	93.9	67.5	0.3	98.1	91.6	64.3	22.4
58	Ninh Thuan	87.5	89.9	85.1	98.2	82.6	54.8	0.1	94.6	77.0	48.2	6.3

Annex 6 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Literacy rate of population aged 15 and over (%)			Gross attendance rate (%)				Net attendance rate (%)			
		Total	Male	Female	Primary	Lower-secondary	Higher-secondary	College and University	Primary	Lower-secondary	Higher-secondary	College and University
60	Binh Thuan	93.0	93.9	92.1	100.7	90.3	56.1	0.2	98.0	87.5	52.3	11.3
62	Kon Tum	86.8	91.2	82.7	100.6	85.5	45.0	0.1	95.7	80.2	40.6	6.4
64	Gia Lai	85.6	89.8	81.5	100.0	75.6	45.4	0.1	93.0	70.9	41.4	2.3
66	Dak Lak	91.4	94.1	88.7	102.3	89.2	60.7	0.1	95.9	83.2	55.4	9.5
67	Dak Nong	92.3	94.8	89.7	106.7	87.6	60.2	0.1	97.1	81.0	52.6	1.8
68	Lam Dong	94.0	96.1	92.0	101.0	90.2	64.3	0.2	97.5	86.6	59.7	14.4
70	Binh Phuoc	92.7	94.7	90.9	100.3	87.8	59.3	0.2	96.8	83.9	53.3	11.3
72	Tay Ninh	93.1	94.3	92.0	99.5	85.1	49.8	0.1	97.1	82.9	46.8	6.3
74	Binh Duong	97.2	97.6	96.9	97.0	83.7	44.3	0.2	94.9	80.5	40.4	15.9
75	Dong Nai	97.3	98.3	96.3	102.1	94.0	69.6	0.3	97.2	89.6	63.6	22.4
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	96.2	96.9	95.5	100.2	93.9	72.2	0.3	97.4	90.2	67.1	22.6
79	Ho Chi Minh City	98.4	98.7	98.1	100.0	94.4	73.5	0.6	97.9	92.0	68.6	40.4
80	Long An	95.6	97.2	94.0	99.9	91.0	62.6	0.2	97.1	87.4	58.7	14.0
82	Tien Giang	94.5	96.3	92.9	100.4	91.0	62.4	0.2	98.2	89.0	57.9	13.1
83	Ben Tre	95.1	96.8	93.4	101.0	91.6	69.5	0.2	97.4	89.5	64.3	7.4
84	Tra Vinh	87.1	91.4	83.1	100.9	86.1	54.5	0.2	94.8	81.4	50.6	12.9
86	Vinh Long	93.9	96.4	91.5	99.7	92.3	68.4	0.4	98.2	90.8	64.9	32.0
87	Dong Thap	92.0	93.9	90.2	102.4	88.2	54.2	0.2	96.5	84.1	50.7	14.9
89	An Giang	89.5	91.8	87.3	98.6	80.5	45.3	0.2	93.8	77.1	41.9	10.7
91	Kien Giang	91.9	93.8	90.2	99.7	77.4	44.5	0.2	93.4	72.5	38.7	9.2
92	Can Tho	94.2	95.8	92.7	97.4	85.4	49.8	0.4	95.5	83.0	47.3	29.5
93	Hau Giang	94.3	96.3	92.3	103.3	82.1	51.3	0.2	94.6	75.6	43.8	12.0
94	Soc Trang	87.1	90.1	84.1	98.3	76.6	41.3	0.2	89.4	71.4	35.6	9.8
95	Bac Lieu	94.3	95.6	93.1	105.8	82.3	48.2	0.2	94.7	74.8	39.6	10.8
96	Ca Mau	96.0	97.1	94.9	101.7	77.8	44.6	0.2	92.0	71.9	36.4	7.9

Annex 7

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT HIGHEST TRAINING LEVEL ATTAINED WITHIN THE POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

Code	Administration	Proportion of population by education level *(%)*					Proportion of population by professional and technical qualifications *(%)*			
		Never attended	Not completed primary	Completed primary	Completed lower-secondary	Completed higher-secondary	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational	Completed college	Completed bachelor and higher
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**5.3**	**11.7**	**23.2**	**29.5**	**13.5**	**1.8**	**0.1**	**2.6**	**6.9**
	Urban	2.0	7.5	18.0	24.2	18.7	2.5	8.3	3.7	14.7
	Rural	5.1	13.8	25.8	32.1	10.9	1.4	4.6	2.1	3.0
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	11.1	9.8	20.7	30.6	11.3	2.1	0.1	2.7	4.6
R2	Red River Delta	1.9	4.4	12.5	39.0	17.7	2.7	0.1	3.8	10.0
R3	North and South Central Coast	4.7	10.6	23.1	31.7	13.5	1.7	0.1	2.9	6.1
R4	Central Highlands	10.0	12.0	28.2	28.3	9.4	1.2	0.0	2.1	5.1
R5	Southeast	3.0	10.2	24.9	25.3	17.7	1.7	0.1	2.7	9.8
R6	Mekong River Delta	7.3	24.0	34.5	19.1	7.1	0.8	0.0	1.2	3.7
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	1.5	3.7	10.8	28.9	21.4	3.2	0.1	4.1	17.2
02	Ha Giang	28.1	10.5	21.4	21.1	7.3	0.9	0.1	2.0	4.0
04	Cao Bang	18.7	12.0	19.5	19.9	10.0	2.6	0.1	2.9	5.0
06	Bac Kan	6.8	10.4	23.7	30.0	11.8	1.9	0.1	2.6	5.2
08	Tuyen Quang	5.1	11.4	20.7	31.4	14.2	2.9	0.1	2.3	3.7
10	Lao Cai	21.1	11.2	18.6	28.5	6.8	1.4	0.1	1.9	4.8
11	Dien Bien	31.2	11.0	20.1	19.7	4.5	1.4	0.1	2.6	5.2
12	Lai Chau	35.1	11.8	15.9	15.3	2.3	0.7	0.0	2.1	3.2
14	Son La	24.8	12.9	20.5	23.3	7.9	1.4	0.1	2.2	3.2
15	Yen Bai	12.0	10.2	20.0	31.5	9.6	2.4	0.1	2.6	4.6
17	Hoa Binh	2.4	9.9	24.6	33.5	12.4	2.5	0.1	2.9	4.4
19	Thai Nguyen	2.3	6.8	19.4	34.6	15.0	3.0	0.1	3.6	6.9
20	Lang Son	4.1	14.5	26.7	27.1	11.8	2.2	0.1	2.8	4.2

Annex 7 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Proportion of population by education level *(%)*					Proportion of population by professional and technical qualifications *(%)*			
		Never attended	Not completed primary	Completed primary	Completed lower-secondary	Completed higher-secondary	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational	Completed college	Completed bachelor and higher
22	Quang Ninh	2.9	6.1	13.7	28.7	15.4	5.5	0.1	4.9	10.0
24	Bac Giang	2.2	7.5	22.8	38.5	13.5	1.7	0.1	3.1	4.3
25	Phu Tho	2.5	5.8	16.3	40.4	15.7	2.8	0.1	2.8	5.0
26	Vinh Phuc	2.0	6.2	17.9	40.2	17.5	2.2	0.1	3.2	5.1
27	Bac Ninh	1.8	6.8	18.0	38.2	14.2	2.4	0.1	3.7	7.7
30	Hai Duong	1.8	3.8	9.1	49.0	18.9	2.2	0.1	3.1	5.5
31	Hai Phong	2.0	4.3	12.3	36.4	19.5	2.7	0.1	3.7	9.8
33	Hung Yen	1.8	4.8	11.0	48.2	17.5	2.2	0.1	3.7	4.5
34	Thai Binh	1.6	2.8	13.2	52.1	14.3	2.0	0.1	3.6	4.2
35	Ha Nam	2.1	4.0	14.1	47.9	16.3	2.0	0.1	3.9	4.1
36	Nam Dinh	2.3	5.9	14.9	50.5	10.8	1.7	0.1	3.3	4.8
37	Ninh Binh	2.6	5.2	13.0	45.9	13.4	2.3	0.1	3.4	5.8
38	Thanh Hoa	3.8	7.1	19.3	37.2	15.9	2.3	0.1	2.7	4.4
40	Nghe An	2.4	5.3	15.7	39.1	18.7	2.6	0.1	3.2	5.9
42	Ha Tinh	2.7	5.7	15.8	42.6	14.8	2.1	0.1	3.2	5.5
44	Quang Binh	2.4	7.9	21.0	40.0	12.0	1.8	0.1	2.2	5.9
45	Quang Tri	7.5	10.7	22.9	30.5	10.1	2.1	0.1	2.8	7.0
46	Thua Thien Hue	7.6	14.0	25.7	22.9	13.3	0.8	0.0	2.5	8.6
48	Da Nang	2.4	6.3	14.9	23.9	20.8	2.2	0.1	4.9	16.6
49	Quang Nam	5.1	14.0	26.0	28.9	11.7	1.1	0.0	3.2	5.2
51	Quang Ngai	7.5	13.1	26.1	28.0	10.8	0.9	0.1	3.3	5.2
52	Binh Dinh	4.0	14.7	32.0	27.5	8.8	1.2	0.0	1.9	5.9
54	Phu Yen	6.4	14.9	30.0	26.7	9.3	1.0	0.0	2.8	4.9
56	Khanh Hoa	4.3	11.7	29.4	27.8	12.6	1.0	0.0	2.8	6.4
58	Ninh Thuan	12.8	22.6	29.9	17.7	6.0	0.7	0.0	2.0	4.7

Annex 7 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Proportion of population by education level *(%)*					Proportion of population by professional and technical qualifications *(%)*			
		Never attended	Not completed primary	Completed primary	Completed lower-secondary	Completed higher-secondary	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational	Completed college	Completed bachelor and higher
60	Binh Thuan	7.4	19.1	34.2	22.5	7.4	0.7	0.0	1.8	3.6
62	Kon Tum	13.7	11.7	25.3	28.7	8.0	1.2	0.0	2.0	6.0
64	Gia Lai	15.8	13.2	27.7	25.4	6.9	1.3	0.0	1.9	5.0
66	Dak Lak	8.2	12.2	28.1	28.1	10.1	1.2	0.1	2.1	5.4
67	Dak Nong	7.8	11.7	30.5	32.5	8.6	0.9	0.0	1.5	2.9
68	Lam Dong	6.3	10.7	28.9	29.6	11.7	1.1	0.0	2.3	5.5
70	Binh Phuoc	7.6	14.9	32.3	26.1	8.7	0.8	0.0	1.7	4.3
72	Tay Ninh	6.9	20.9	35.2	21.0	7.4	0.9	0.0	1.5	3.8
74	Binh Duong	2.9	11.6	29.4	28.5	15.0	1.9	0.0	2.0	4.3
75	Dong Nai	3.1	10.8	26.3	28.1	17.0	1.7	0.1	2.4	5.8
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	3.9	11.8	28.1	23.9	13.3	1.5	0.1	3.2	8.4
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1.9	7.5	20.7	24.3	21.4	1.9	0.1	3.1	14.1
80	Long An	4.3	21.4	35.9	21.7	7.8	0.6	0.0	1.6	3.9
82	Tien Giang	5.0	22.6	34.6	21.8	7.0	0.9	0.0	1.6	3.2
83	Ben Tre	4.8	25.4	34.8	19.3	6.5	0.9	0.0	1.8	3.5
84	Tra Vinh	11.8	25.6	31.7	17.0	6.1	0.7	0.0	1.0	3.8
86	Vinh Long	5.5	22.7	31.8	19.6	10.5	1.1	0.0	1.8	4.0
87	Dong Thap	7.5	22.9	35.2	19.4	7.3	0.7	0.0	1.2	3.9
89	An Giang	10.8	28.3	31.1	16.0	6.1	0.8	0.0	0.9	4.1
91	Kien Giang	8.6	25.0	34.8	18.8	6.0	0.8	0.0	1.0	3.5
92	Can Tho	5.8	20.9	31.0	18.7	11.5	0.9	0.0	1.7	6.2
93	Hau Giang	5.6	22.9	38.1	20.5	7.0	0.6	0.0	0.9	2.9
94	Soc Trang	12.9	26.2	32.8	16.4	6.1	0.5	0.0	1.0	2.5
95	Bac Lieu	5.4	23.1	41.0	19.9	5.7	0.4	0.0	0.5	2.8
96	Ca Mau	4.9	22.4	40.4	20.0	5.9	0.6	0.0	0.7	3.6

Annex 8

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT FERTILITY

Code	Administration	Total fertility rate *(Children/ woman)*	Crude birth rate *(Live births/ 1000 persons)*	Rate of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births *(%)*		
				Total	Urban	Rural
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**2.09**	**17.23**	**14.48**	**9.18**	**16.86**
	Urban	1.85	16.71		9.18	
	Rural	2.21	17.48			16.86
Socio-economic regions						
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2.56	21.07	15.46	6.01	17.09
R2	Red River Delta	2.30	18.11	15.89	9.47	19.16
R3	North and South Central Coast	2.31	17.51	16.49	11.17	18.31
R4	Central Highlands	2.30	18.44	24.79	16.69	27.38
R5	Southeast	1.56	15.39	9.73	7.50	12.99
R6	Mekong River Delta	1.84	14.59	9.22	8.58	9.44
Provinces/cities						
01	Ha Noi	2.18	18.86	15.22	7.24	21.87
02	Ha Giang	2.51	20.67	26.74	10.55	28.20
04	Cao Bang	2.53	20.48	13.49	6.86	15.28
06	Bac Kan	2.07	17.01	5.44	6.34	5.19
08	Tuyen Quang	2.73	22.17	9.01	8.34	9.08
10	Lao Cai	2.36	19.98	21.03	6.24	24.57
11	Dien Bien	3.11	27.16	30.00	6.54	32.56
12	Lai Chau	3.20	26.81	26.72	8.37	30.72
14	Son La	2.57	23.31	18.83	5.46	20.41
15	Yen Bai	2.77	21.99	12.29	1.74	14.10
17	Hoa Binh	2.30	19.49	6.77	5.09	6.96
19	Thai Nguyen	2.45	20.04	6.76	0.33	8.70
20	Lang Son	2.26	18.65	7.44	9.20	6.99
22	Quang Ninh	2.49	18.79	11.05	11.38	10.51
24	Bac Giang	2.57	20.99	17.07	8.79	17.88
25	Phu Tho	2.51	19.08	13.60	7.72	15.03
26	Vinh Phuc	2.44	20.28	15.65	12.57	16.69
27	Bac Ninh	2.72	22.30	18.65	14.60	20.24
30	Hai Duong	2.06	16.01	14.66	6.28	17.13
31	Hai Phong	2.35	18.41	7.76	7.45	8.03
33	Hung Yen	2.29	17.15	16.70	22.97	15.97
34	Thai Binh	1.87	12.56	16.69	14.16	16.95
35	Ha Nam	1.99	15.02	22.63	26.41	21.95
36	Nam Dinh	2.73	18.89	23.93	14.67	26.00
37	Ninh Binh	2.87	20.48	19.19	11.08	21.23
38	Thanh Hoa	2.43	18.47	13.00	11.30	13.27

Annex 8 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Total fertility rate *(Children/ woman)*	Crude birth rate *(Live births/ 1000 persons)*	Rate of women aged 15-49 having third and higher order births *(%)*		
				Total	Urban	Rural
40	Nghe An	2.70	21.70	17.59	14.02	18.19
42	Ha Tinh	3.12	19.50	28.37	11.74	31.57
44	Quang Binh	2.49	17.86	23.03	8.17	27.19
45	Quang Tri	2.75	18.83	21.93	13.26	26.92
46	Thua Thien Hue	2.33	16.45	19.81	15.87	23.49
48	Da Nang	2.03	17.71	8.88	8.41	11.18
49	Quang Nam	2.27	16.68	19.98	13.85	21.46
51	Quang Ngai	2.01	15.62	13.44	15.81	12.90
52	Binh Dinh	2.29	16.27	9.94	4.16	12.32
54	Phu Yen	2.15	15.73	14.68	8.96	16.18
56	Khanh Hoa	1.65	12.83	11.23	7.05	14.13
58	Ninh Thuan	2.18	17.39	21.80	11.38	26.78
60	Binh Thuan	1.57	12.73	13.70	15.22	12.88
62	Kon Tum	3.04	25.24	30.57	21.93	33.21
64	Gia Lai	2.27	18.61	23.38	16.71	25.76
66	Dak Lak	2.25	17.89	21.16	14.58	22.90
67	Dak Nong	2.46	18.97	36.53	27.43	37.80
68	Lam Dong	2.09	16.24	22.86	14.56	27.07
70	Binh Phuoc	2.30	19.10	16.05	7.98	18.19
72	Tay Ninh	1.76	14.28	8.60	13.51	7.79
74	Binh Duong	1.44	18.46	5.64	5.45	6.36
75	Dong Nai	1.75	16.04	16.04	12.06	17.81
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	1.97	16.55	11.98	7.67	16.91
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1.39	14.02	7.24	7.22	7.31
80	Long An	1.66	13.81	4.94	2.66	5.39
82	Tien Giang	1.75	13.14	7.44	11.91	6.73
83	Ben Tre	1.89	13.04	7.88	5.94	8.16
84	Tra Vinh	1.94	14.99	8.24	8.02	8.28
86	Vinh Long	1.98	14.45	4.94	2.45	5.34
87	Dong Thap	1.84	14.47	7.07	5.05	7.50
89	An Giang	2.10	16.67	11.66	11.02	12.00
91	Kien Giang	1.96	16.23	14.04	12.26	14.65
92	Can Tho	1.89	16.22	8.25	6.77	11.07
93	Hau Giang	1.61	13.13	8.88	4.08	10.38
94	Soc Trang	1.65	12.99	11.44	10.96	11.65
95	Bac Lieu	1.82	15.09	8.83	7.27	9.40
96	Ca Mau	1.65	13.81	11.97	12.87	11.73

Annex 9

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT MORTALITY

Code	Administration	Crude death rate *(Deaths/ 1000 persons)*	Infant mortality rate *(Infant deaths/ 1000 live births)*	Under five mortality rate *(Under five deaths/ 1000 live births)*	Life expectancy at birth *(Year)*		
					Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**6.85**	**14.94**	**22.44**	**73.2**	**70.6**	**76.0**
	Urban	6.05	8.71	13.13	75.9	73.3	78.7
	Rural	7.24	17.85	26.87	72.2	69.5	74.9
Socio-economic regions							
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	6.99	22.38	33.93	70.7	67.9	73.6
R2	Red River Delta	7.06	11.85	17.73	74.5	72.0	77.1
R3	North and South Central Coast	7.63	16.57	24.92	72.6	70.0	75.4
R4	Central Highlands	5.67	25.91	39.46	69.5	66.7	72.5
R5	Southeast	5.40	8.79	13.13	75.9	73.3	78.7
R6	Mekong River Delta	7.32	11.62	17.38	74.6	72.1	77.2
Provinces/cities							
01	Ha Noi	6.59	10.21	15.24	75.2	72.8	77.7
02	Ha Giang	8.13	34.16	52.72	67.2	64.4	70.3
04	Cao Bang	10.25	24.30	36.95	70.0	67.2	73.0
06	Bac Kan	7.24	17.91	26.96	72.1	69.5	74.9
08	Tuyen Quang	7.63	18.24	27.48	72.0	69.4	74.8
10	Lao Cai	4.72	29.25	44.80	68.6	65.7	71.6
11	Dien Bien	7.39	34.35	53.03	67.2	64.3	70.2
12	Lai Chau	8.12	42.56	67.09	65.1	62.1	68.2
14	Son La	6.35	23.24	35.28	70.4	67.6	73.3
15	Yen Bai	5.20	28.29	43.26	68.8	65.9	71.9
17	Hoa Binh	6.92	17.10	25.73	72.4	69.8	75.2
19	Thai Nguyen	6.35	14.97	22.49	73.2	70.6	76.0
20	Lang Son	7.84	18.61	28.05	71.9	69.2	74.7
22	Quang Ninh	5.59	15.34	23.05	73.1	70.5	75.8
24	Bac Giang	6.94	15.29	22.98	73.1	70.5	75.9
25	Phu Tho	7.00	15.32	23.03	73.1	70.5	75.8
26	Vinh Phuc	6.71	13.11	19.66	73.9	71.4	76.6
27	Bac Ninh	7.44	13.05	19.57	74.0	71.4	76.7
30	Hai Duong	7.01	11.92	17.84	74.4	72.0	77.1
31	Hai Phong	8.35	12.20	18.27	74.3	71.8	77.0
33	Hung Yen	6.74	12.45	18.65	74.2	71.7	76.9
34	Thai Binh	8.81	10.44	15.60	75.1	72.7	77.6
35	Ha Nam	8.46	12.23	18.31	74.3	71.8	76.9
36	Nam Dinh	6.15	12.76	19.13	74.1	71.6	76.8
37	Ninh Binh	7.54	14.58	21.90	73.4	70.8	76.1
38	Thanh Hoa	7.85	15.51	23.31	73.0	70.4	75.8

Annex 9 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Crude death rate *(Deaths/ 1000 persons)*	Infant mortality rate *(Infant deaths/ 1000 live births)*	Under five mortality rate *(Under five deaths/ 1000 live births)*	Life expectancy at birth *(Year)*		
					Total	Male	Female
40	Nghe An	8.03	16.85	25.35	72.5	69.9	75.3
42	Ha Tinh	11.13	17.41	26.19	72.3	69.7	75.1
44	Quang Binh	8.12	17.26	25.97	72.4	69.7	75.1
45	Quang Tri	7.74	32.42	49.91	67.7	64.8	70.7
46	Thua Thien Hue	7.37	20.33	30.73	71.3	68.6	74.2
48	Da Nang	5.05	8.98	13.42	75.8	73.4	78.3
49	Quang Nam	7.61	16.92	25.45	72.5	69.9	75.3
51	Quang Ngai	6.21	18.16	27.35	72.0	69.4	74.9
52	Binh Dinh	8.94	15.38	23.11	73.1	70.5	75.8
54	Phu Yen	6.63	15.42	23.18	73.1	70.5	75.8
56	Khanh Hoa	6.88	14.23	21.37	73.5	70.9	76.2
58	Ninh Thuan	7.49	16.65	25.04	72.6	70.0	75.4
60	Binh Thuan	5.77	12.75	19.10	74.1	71.6	76.8
62	Kon Tum	6.03	38.71	60.42	66.0	63.1	69.1
64	Gia Lai	5.86	28.89	44.23	68.7	65.8	71.7
66	Dak Lak	5.31	24.23	36.83	70.1	67.3	73.0
67	Dak Nong	5.62	27.09	41.34	69.2	66.3	72.2
68	Lam Dong	5.85	16.62	24.99	72.6	70.0	75.4
70	Binh Phuoc	5.18	14.28	21.45	73.5	70.9	76.2
72	Tay Ninh	7.31	11.97	17.91	74.4	71.9	77.0
74	Binh Duong	3.82	9.11	13.61	75.7	73.3	78.3
75	Dong Nai	5.26	7.79	11.75	76.4	73.8	79.1
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	5.05	8.28	12.49	76.1	73.5	78.9
79	Ho Chi Minh City	5.62	7.86	12.49	76.1	73.5	78.9
80	Long An	6.88	9.71	14.51	75.4	73.0	78.0
82	Tien Giang	8.28	9.28	13.87	75.6	73.2	78.2
83	Ben Tre	8.45	9.97	14.89	75.3	72.9	77.8
84	Tra Vinh	6.59	12.50	18.73	74.2	71.7	76.9
86	Vinh Long	7.98	10.29	15.37	75.1	72.8	77.7
87	Dong Thap	7.10	12.07	18.06	74.4	71.9	77.0
89	An Giang	8.79	14.61	21.94	73.4	70.8	76.1
91	Kien Giang	5.24	12.58	18.84	74.2	71.6	76.8
92	Can Tho	6.70	9.45	14.12	75.6	73.2	78.1
93	Hau Giang	6.80	10.24	15.30	75.2	72.8	77.7
94	Soc Trang	7.07	13.32	19.98	73.8	71.3	76.6
95	Bac Lieu	7.06	12.33	18.46	74.3	71.8	76.9
96	Ca Mau	7.43	11.49	17.18	74.6	72.2	77.2

Annex 10

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT MIGRATION 5 YEARS PRIOR TO THE SURVEY TIME POINT

Code	Administration	In-migration rate *(In-migrants per 1000 persons)*			Out-migration rate *(Out-migrants per 1000 persons)*			Net-migration rate *(Net-migrants per thousand persons)*		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Socio-economic regions		**19.6**	**18.6**	**20.6**	**19.6**	**18.6**	**20.6**	**0.0**	**0.0**	**0.0**
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	6.2	5.5	7.0	14.3	11.2	17.4	-8.1	-5.7	-10.4
R2	Red River Delta	10.4	7.9	12.7	10.1	10.4	9.8	0.3	-2.4	2.9
R3	North and South Central Coast	10.0	11.2	8.8	24.9	22.1	27.6	-15.0	-11.0	-18.9
R4	Central Highlands	18.8	17.9	19.7	17.8	16.6	19.0	1.0	1.4	0.7
R5	Southeast	70.8	68.8	72.7	13.9	15.2	12.6	56.9	53.6	60.0
R6	Mekong River Delta	4.5	4.1	4.9	34.3	33.1	35.4	-29.7	-29.0	-30.5
Provinces/cities		**28.7**	**26.4**	**30.9**	**28.7**	**26.4**	**30.9**	**0.0**	**0.0**	**0.0**
01	Ha Noi	31.2	25.8	36.5	16.3	17.4	15.1	14.9	8.3	21.3
02	Ha Giang	5.1	4.6	5.6	8.7	6.0	11.4	-3.6	-1.4	-5.8
04	Cao Bang	12.4	12.8	12.0	22.6	17.5	27.4	-10.2	-4.7	-15.4
06	Bac Kan	14.3	10.1	18.6	23.7	15.7	31.7	-9.4	-5.6	-13.2
08	Tuyen Quang	10.6	6.5	14.7	22.4	16.9	27.9	-11.8	-10.4	-13.2
10	Lao Cai	8.8	7.8	9.8	12.3	10.5	14.1	-3.5	-2.7	-4.3
11	Dien Bien	14.2	13.0	15.4	10.5	8.4	12.5	3.7	4.6	2.9
12	Lai Chau	14.2	11.6	16.9	10.3	9.2	11.5	3.9	2.5	5.4
14	Son La	5.2	4.6	5.8	9.8	8.3	11.3	-4.6	-3.7	-5.4
15	Yen Bai	9.1	7.3	11.0	17.5	11.0	24.0	-8.3	-3.7	-13.0
17	Hoa Binh	10.4	8.4	12.4	20.6	14.2	26.9	-10.2	-5.9	-14.5
19	Thai Nguyen	22.8	17.9	27.6	25.4	22.3	28.3	-2.5	-4.4	-0.8
20	Lang Son	7.3	6.1	8.5	23.3	13.0	33.7	-16.0	-7.0	-25.2
22	Quang Ninh	11.9	8.4	15.3	15.0	14.2	15.8	-3.2	-5.8	-0.5
24	Bac Giang	10.6	6.8	14.4	24.7	19.0	30.3	-14.1	-12.2	-15.9
25	Phu Tho	12.8	9.5	16.0	25.6	19.3	31.7	-12.7	-9.8	-15.6
26	Vinh Phuc	15.5	10.5	20.3	22.0	19.6	24.3	-6.5	-9.0	-4.0
27	Bac Ninh	44.1	34.1	53.7	21.0	17.0	24.9	23.1	17.1	28.8
30	Hai Duong	10.8	7.6	13.9	20.6	19.0	22.2	-9.8	-11.5	-8.2
31	Hai Phong	16.3	13.2	19.4	10.9	10.7	11.2	5.4	2.5	8.2
33	Hung Yen	19.5	16.1	22.8	21.8	17.9	25.7	-2.4	-1.8	-2.9
34	Thai Binh	11.3	10.3	12.2	29.7	26.6	32.7	-18.5	-16.3	-20.5
35	Ha Nam	11.2	7.8	14.4	32.6	27.5	37.5	-21.4	-19.6	-23.1
36	Nam Dinh	11.1	9.7	12.4	34.1	31.8	36.2	-23.0	-22.1	-23.8
37	Ninh Binh	16.7	14.5	18.8	30.3	25.2	35.1	-13.6	-10.7	-16.3
38	Thanh Hoa	8.2	8.2	8.1	41.7	36.0	47.3	-33.6	-27.8	-39.2

Annex 10 (Continued)

Code	Administration	In-migration rate *(In-migrants per 1000 persons)*			Out-migration rate *(Out-migrants per 1000 persons)*			Net-migration rate *(Net-migrants per thousand persons)*		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
40	Nghe An	40.0	45.3	34.6	32.4	25.7	39.2	7.5	19.7	-4.6
42	Ha Tinh	17.8	18.5	17.1	41.9	33.8	49.7	-24.1	-15.2	-32.6
44	Quang Binh	10.5	10.3	10.7	30.7	27.1	34.2	-20.2	-16.8	-23.5
45	Quang Tri	13.6	11.9	15.3	33.0	29.8	36.2	-19.4	-17.9	-20.9
46	Thua Thien Hue	19.5	16.3	22.7	28.2	25.9	30.4	-8.6	-9.6	-7.7
48	Da Nang	58.8	51.8	65.4	23.3	26.1	20.6	35.5	25.7	44.8
49	Quang Nam	9.9	9.0	10.8	32.2	27.3	36.8	-22.3	-18.3	-26.0
51	Quang Ngai	5.6	4.8	6.5	33.6	31.3	35.9	-28.0	-26.5	-29.4
52	Binh Dinh	9.2	8.9	9.5	32.0	29.5	34.4	-22.8	-20.7	-24.9
54	Phu Yen	7.0	6.5	7.4	25.9	22.6	29.1	-18.9	-16.1	-21.7
56	Khanh Hoa	8.0	6.8	9.1	19.7	19.1	20.2	-11.7	-12.2	-11.1
58	Ninh Thuan	11.3	9.9	12.7	26.5	24.7	28.2	-15.1	-14.8	-15.5
60	Binh Thuan	6.5	5.6	7.3	24.3	20.8	27.8	-17.9	-15.2	-20.5
62	Kon Tum	35.2	35.6	34.8	13.2	13.7	12.7	22.0	21.9	22.1
64	Gia Lai	17.1	16.6	17.5	16.5	16.3	16.7	0.6	0.3	0.8
66	Dak Lak	15.8	14.5	17.1	24.8	22.1	27.6	-9.1	-7.6	-10.6
67	Dak Nong	55.5	54.0	57.0	25.9	23.9	28.0	29.6	30.1	29.0
68	Lam Dong	21.6	20.0	23.2	26.3	25.5	27.1	-4.7	-5.4	-3.9
70	Binh Phuoc	32.4	30.6	34.2	29.5	28.2	30.9	2.9	2.5	3.3
72	Tay Ninh	17.1	13.7	20.5	21.4	20.4	22.4	-4.3	-6.7	-1.9
74	Binh Duong	239.7	235.7	243.5	34.3	37.0	31.8	205.3	198.6	211.7
75	Dong Nai	59.5	59.3	59.6	29.0	29.1	29.0	30.4	30.2	30.7
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	35.5	35.6	35.3	30.0	30.9	29.0	5.5	4.7	6.3
79	Ho Chi Minh City	78.0	76.5	79.5	24.7	27.0	22.7	53.3	49.4	56.8
80	Long An	24.2	20.9	27.4	31.5	28.9	34.0	-7.3	-8.0	-6.7
82	Tien Giang	19.9	15.9	23.7	33.3	30.5	35.9	-13.4	-14.6	-12.2
83	Ben Tre	15.8	12.5	18.8	51.7	48.1	55.2	-36.0	-35.6	-36.4
84	Tra Vinh	13.1	12.0	14.2	39.6	38.3	40.9	-26.5	-26.3	-26.7
86	Vinh Long	18.1	16.5	19.6	43.1	38.4	47.7	-25.0	-21.9	-28.1
87	Dong Thap	8.8	6.3	11.3	47.0	41.6	52.5	-38.2	-35.2	-41.1
89	An Giang	9.4	7.1	11.7	52.2	48.8	55.4	-42.8	-41.7	-43.8
91	Kien Giang	9.1	7.6	10.6	34.7	31.4	38.0	-25.6	-23.8	-27.3
92	Can Tho	30.8	25.2	36.3	32.6	30.9	34.2	-1.7	-5.7	2.1
93	Hau Giang	10.0	6.2	13.7	56.4	50.8	61.9	-46.4	-44.6	-48.3
94	Soc Trang	7.9	6.3	9.5	49.4	45.7	53.1	-41.5	-39.5	-43.6
95	Bac Lieu	5.7	3.7	7.7	47.9	43.9	51.9	-42.2	-40.2	-44.2
96	Ca Mau	6.5	5.1	7.9	54.3	51.2	57.4	-47.8	-46.1	-49.5

Annex 11

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT MIGRATION 1 YEAR PRIOR TO THE SURVEY TIME POINT

Code	Administration	In-migration rate *(In-migrants per 1000 persons)*			Out-migration rate *(Out-migrants per 1000 persons)*			Net-migration rate *(Net-migrants per thousand persons)*		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Socio-economic regions		**6.2**	**6.0**	**6.4**	**6.2**	**6.0**	**6.4**	**0.0**	**0.0**	**0.0**
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2.3	2.2	2.4	4.3	3.6	5.0	-2.0	-1.4	-2.7
R2	Red River Delta	3.1	2.5	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.4	-0.5	-1.3	0.3
R3	North and South Central Coast	5.3	5.8	4.7	7.1	6.1	8.0	-1.8	-0.3	-3.3
R4	Central Highlands	7.7	7.3	8.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	1.6	1.2	2.0
R5	Southeast	18.5	18.0	19.0	7.3	7.7	6.9	11.2	10.3	12.2
R6	Mekong River Delta	2.2	2.1	2.2	8.9	8.7	9.0	-6.7	-6.6	-6.7
Provinces/cities		**9.2**	**8.7**	**9.6**	**9.2**	**8.7**	**9.6**	**0.0**	**0.0**	**0.0**
01	Ha Noi	7.5	5.7	9.2	7.8	8.3	7.4	-0.4	-2.6	1.8
02	Ha Giang	1.4	1.0	1.9	2.1	1.4	2.8	-0.6	-0.4	-0.9
04	Cao Bang	3.3	3.4	3.2	8.2	6.9	9.5	-5.0	-3.6	-6.3
06	Bac Kan	4.0	3.3	4.8	10.1	8.1	12.0	-6.0	-4.9	-7.2
08	Tuyen Quang	3.9	3.2	4.6	6.4	3.9	8.8	-2.4	-0.7	-4.2
10	Lao Cai	2.0	1.5	2.5	4.1	3.4	4.8	-2.0	-1.8	-2.3
11	Dien Bien	4.4	3.4	5.4	2.7	2.1	3.2	1.7	1.3	2.1
12	Lai Chau	3.8	4.3	3.2	3.8	3.7	3.9	0.0	0.6	-0.7
14	Son La	2.0	1.4	2.5	3.0	1.9	4.0	-1.0	-0.6	-1.5
15	Yen Bai	4.4	4.1	4.7	5.7	4.1	7.3	-1.4	0.0	-2.6
17	Hoa Binh	3.4	3.5	3.4	8.4	7.3	9.5	-5.0	-3.9	-6.2
19	Thai Nguyen	6.5	5.8	7.2	7.8	7.5	8.1	-1.3	-1.8	-0.9
20	Lang Son	2.0	1.7	2.3	7.1	6.2	8.0	-5.1	-4.4	-5.8
22	Quang Ninh	3.8	2.3	5.4	7.8	9.8	5.7	-3.9	-7.4	-0.4
24	Bac Giang	4.8	3.8	5.8	5.8	4.4	7.1	-0.9	-0.6	-1.2
25	Phu Tho	5.2	4.3	6.1	7.7	5.9	9.6	-2.5	-1.5	-3.4
26	Vinh Phuc	4.9	3.5	6.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	0.4	-1.0	1.8
27	Bac Ninh	15.4	13.2	17.6	5.4	4.3	6.5	10.1	8.9	11.1
30	Hai Duong	4.0	3.3	4.7	5.6	5.3	5.8	-1.6	-2.0	-1.1
31	Hai Phong	4.0	3.6	4.3	3.4	3.0	3.7	0.6	0.6	0.6
33	Hung Yen	7.4	6.4	8.4	5.2	4.8	5.6	2.2	1.6	2.7
34	Thai Binh	4.7	5.8	3.6	8.6	7.6	9.5	-3.9	-1.8	-5.9
35	Ha Nam	6.7	6.7	6.7	8.7	8.9	8.6	-2.0	-2.2	-1.9
36	Nam Dinh	4.6	4.2	5.0	8.3	7.0	9.5	-3.7	-2.8	-4.5
37	Ninh Binh	7.9	9.9	6.0	7.5	7.4	7.6	0.4	2.5	-1.6
38	Thanh Hoa	5.7	7.1	4.3	10.1	7.6	12.5	-4.4	-0.5	-8.2

Annex 11 (Continued)

Code	Administration	In-migration rate *(In-migrants per 1000 persons)*			Out-migration rate *(Out-migrants per 1000 persons)*			Net-migration rate *(Net-migrants per thousand persons)*		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
40	Nghe An	19.4	21.9	17.0	10.1	8.9	11.3	9.3	13.0	5.6
42	Ha Tinh	10.9	12.1	9.8	14.9	14.0	15.8	-4.0	-1.9	-6.0
44	Quang Binh	5.8	4.2	7.3	11.4	9.5	13.4	-5.7	-5.2	-6.1
45	Quang Tri	6.2	6.8	5.7	10.9	9.0	12.8	-4.7	-2.3	-7.1
46	Thua Thien Hue	7.1	6.7	7.6	11.6	12.2	10.9	-4.5	-5.6	-3.4
48	Da Nang	14.0	11.6	16.3	13.8	13.6	14.0	0.2	-2.0	2.3
49	Quang Nam	4.6	3.8	5.3	6.7	5.0	8.2	-2.1	-1.2	-3.0
51	Quang Ngai	3.6	3.4	3.7	8.4	7.9	9.0	-4.9	-4.5	-5.2
52	Binh Dinh	4.4	4.5	4.3	8.2	6.6	9.8	-3.9	-2.0	-5.6
54	Phu Yen	3.9	4.6	3.2	7.7	8.5	7.0	-3.8	-3.8	-3.8
56	Khanh Hoa	3.5	3.0	4.1	7.4	9.2	5.6	-3.8	-6.2	-1.5
58	Ninh Thuan	4.0	3.8	4.3	6.8	5.9	7.7	-2.8	-2.1	-3.4
60	Binh Thuan	2.4	2.4	2.4	6.9	6.0	7.8	-4.5	-3.6	-5.4
62	Kon Tum	6.7	6.3	7.2	7.6	7.9	7.4	-0.9	-1.6	-0.1
64	Gia Lai	5.2	4.2	6.2	7.1	8.5	5.7	-1.8	-4.2	0.6
66	Dak Lak	3.7	4.0	3.4	6.1	4.9	7.3	-2.4	-1.0	-3.9
67	Dak Nong	42.7	43.0	42.4	7.1	4.5	9.7	35.6	38.5	32.7
68	Lam Dong	6.0	5.5	6.5	9.1	11.1	7.1	-3.1	-5.7	-0.6
70	Binh Phuoc	8.0	7.7	8.3	12.0	11.0	13.0	-4.0	-3.3	-4.6
72	Tay Ninh	5.7	4.2	7.1	6.5	7.1	6.0	-0.8	-2.9	1.1
74	Binh Duong	70.2	70.7	69.8	18.2	19.6	16.9	52.0	51.1	52.9
75	Dong Nai	23.6	24.5	22.8	11.7	12.7	10.7	11.9	11.8	12.1
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	15.0	16.6	13.5	7.8	8.5	7.2	7.2	8.1	6.3
79	Ho Chi Minh City	16.9	15.9	17.7	11.4	12.1	10.8	5.5	3.8	7.0
80	Long An	6.2	5.2	7.2	8.8	8.4	9.2	-2.7	-3.3	-2.1
82	Tien Giang	7.6	5.3	9.8	7.3	8.2	6.5	0.3	-2.8	3.3
83	Ben Tre	7.4	6.8	7.9	13.9	12.7	15.0	-6.5	-5.9	-7.1
84	Tra Vinh	7.4	7.1	7.7	12.4	11.5	13.3	-5.0	-4.4	-5.7
86	Vinh Long	5.6	5.1	6.1	10.6	9.0	12.0	-4.9	-3.9	-5.9
87	Dong Thap	3.2	3.1	3.2	9.6	7.8	11.3	-6.4	-4.6	-8.1
89	An Giang	4.3	3.9	4.7	12.7	13.6	11.8	-8.4	-9.7	-7.1
91	Kien Giang	3.0	2.3	3.6	9.6	9.1	10.2	-6.7	-6.8	-6.6
92	Can Tho	8.2	8.2	8.2	11.4	9.9	12.9	-3.2	-1.7	-4.7
93	Hau Giang	4.5	3.4	5.7	18.0	17.3	18.7	-13.5	-13.9	-13.0
94	Soc Trang	3.4	2.2	4.6	12.0	9.6	14.5	-8.6	-7.3	-9.9
95	Bac Lieu	2.5	1.2	3.7	16.6	15.7	17.5	-14.1	-14.5	-13.7
96	Ca Mau	2.8	2.7	2.9	16.4	14.5	18.3	-13.6	-11.8	-15.4

Annex 12

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT TYPES OF HOUSING OF HOUSEHOLDS

Code	Administration	Floor space per capita (m^2)	Proportion of households by type of housing *(%)*						
			Housing permanent	Housing semi-permanent	Housing less-permanent	Housing simple-permanent	Apartment Building	Single Detached House	Villa
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**20.6**	**46.7**	**43.7**	**5.9**	**3.7**	**1.4**	**98.5**	**0.1**
	Urban	23.0	42.4	54.1	2.4	1.1	4.0	95.8	0.2
	Rural	19.5	48.9	38.4	7.7	5.0	0.1	99.9	0.1
Socio-economic regions									
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	19.3	47.2	33.2	11.9	7.7	0.3	99.7	0.0
R2	Red River Delta	22.4	90.2	9.5	0.2	0.1	3.1	96.8	0.1
R3	North and South Central Coast	20.4	65.3	31.3	1.8	1.6	0.3	99.6	0.0
R4	Central Highlands	18.3	15.5	77.4	5.7	1.4	0.1	99.8	0.1
R5	Southeast	20.5	16.0	81.2	1.6	1.3	3	96.7	0.3
R6	Mekong River Delta	20.3	7.6	63.5	17.9	11.1	0.1	99.9	0.0
Provinces/cities									
01	Ha Noi	23.6	88.3	11.5	0.1	0.0	8.5	91.3	0.2
02	Ha Giang	17.6	17.2	29.9	26.9	26.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
04	Cao Bang	21.6	37.8	48.4	9.8	4.0	0.4	99.6	0.0
06	Bac Kan	22.3	29.1	41.6	20.1	9.1	0.1	99.9	0.0
08	Tuyen Quang	19.6	39.5	27.8	17.7	15.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
10	Lao Cai	19.9	26.8	40.1	29.3	3.7	0.0	99.9	0.1
11	Dien Bien	14.8	24.3	54.2	9.7	11.7	0.0	100.0	0.0
12	Lai Chau	14.1	18.8	53.6	18.7	8.9	0.0	100.0	0.0
14	Son La	15.8	33.6	44.4	15.4	6.6	0.0	100.0	0.0
15	Yen Bai	19.2	19.7	38.2	21.0	21.1	0.1	99.9	0.0
17	Hoa Binh	16.1	61.3	29.0	6.8	2.9	1.0	99.0	0.0
19	Thai Nguyen	21.4	64.7	30.0	2.3	3.0	0.6	99.3	0.1
20	Lang Son	19.4	47.8	31.2	16.6	4.4	0.0	99.9	0.1

Annex 12 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Floor space per capita (m^2)	Proportion of households by type of housing *(%)*						
			Housing permanent	Housing semi-permanent	Housing less-permanent	Housing simple-permanent	Apartment Building	Single Detached House	Villa
22	Quang Ninh	22.5	90.8	7.1	1.3	0.7	0.8	98.6	0.5
24	Bac Giang	21.2	79.1	17.7	2.7	0.5	0.4	99.6	0.0
25	Phu Tho	22.8	60.1	29.2	4.5	6.2	0.4	99.6	0.0
26	Vinh Phuc	23.6	88.3	11.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	99.5	0.1
27	Bac Ninh	25.4	84.8	15.1	0.1	0.0	0.7	99.3	0.0
30	Hai Duong	22.7	92.1	7.7	0.1	0.0	0.4	99.5	0.1
31	Hai Phong	18.7	78.3	21.6	0.1	0.0	2.2	97.6	0.2
33	Hung Yen	22.2	92.2	7.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	99.9	0.1
34	Thai Binh	22.4	98.0	2.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	99.7	0.1
35	Ha Nam	21.1	95.9	3.9	0.2	0.1	0.2	99.8	0.1
36	Nam Dinh	20.5	96.2	3.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	99.8	0.2
37	Ninh Binh	21.5	95.0	4.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	99.9	0.0
38	Thanh Hoa	18.1	83.4	11.3	2.7	2.6	0.0	100.0	0.0
40	Nghe An	18.5	83.3	12.1	2.4	2.2	0.4	99.6	0.0
42	Ha Tinh	22.2	86.2	10.3	2.4	1.1	0.2	99.8	0.0
44	Quang Binh	22.1	84.5	12.8	2.1	0.6	0.1	99.9	0.0
45	Quang Tri	20.2	59.7	35.6	3.0	1.8	0.0	100.0	0.0
46	Thua Thien Hue	21.4	53.0	45.2	0.9	0.9	0.0	100.0	0.0
48	Da Nang	26.0	34.9	64.8	0.2	0.1	0.7	99.2	0.1
49	Quang Nam	21.0	53.7	42.8	2.2	1.4	2.8	97.0	0.1
51	Quang Ngai	22.0	75.0	22.8	1.5	0.6	0.0	100.0	0.0
52	Binh Dinh	23.2	57.3	42.2	0.3	0.3	0.0	99.9	0.0
54	Phu Yen	21.0	76.2	21.9	1.0	0.8	0.0	100.0	0.0
56	Khanh Hoa	20.2	46.8	50.2	1.4	1.6	0.0	99.9	0.0
58	Ninh Thuan	17.1	16.6	79.0	1.7	2.8	0.5	99.4	0.1

Annex 12 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Floor space per capita (m^2)	Proportion of households by type of housing *(%)*						
			Housing permanent	Housing semi-permanent	Housing less-permanent	Housing simple-permanent	Apartment Building	Single Detached House	Villa
60	Binh Thuan	19.2	12.5	82.7	2.2	2.6	0.0	99.9	0.0
62	Kon Tum	16.7	25.3	66.6	6.0	2.2	0.0	100.0	0.0
64	Gia Lai	17.0	11.5	82.4	4.8	1.2	0.0	99.9	0.0
66	Dak Lak	18.5	21.1	74.5	3.3	1.1	0.0	100.0	0.0
67	Dak Nong	17.4	15.6	69.6	12.4	2.4	0.2	99.8	0.0
68	Lam Dong	20.6	8.2	83.7	6.8	1.2	0.3	99.5	0.2
70	Binh Phuoc	20.9	6.9	80.8	7.6	4.7	0.0	99.9	0.0
72	Tay Ninh	23.8	7.5	80.7	5.3	6.6	0.0	99.9	0.1
74	Binh Duong	17.8	10.2	89.2	0.3	0.3	1.8	98.0	0.2
75	Dong Nai	20.4	7.2	89.5	1.7	1.6	0.4	99.4	0.1
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	23.4	15.8	82.3	0.9	0.9	2.0	97.8	0.2
79	Ho Chi Minh City	20.3	23.1	75.8	0.7	0.4	5.2	94.4	0.4
80	Long An	23.4	16.3	68.7	7.6	7.4	0.0	99.9	0.1
82	Tien Giang	25.3	11.7	73.6	10.0	4.7	0.1	99.9	0.0
83	Ben Tre	25.9	8.8	70.9	13.7	6.5	0.0	100.0	0.0
84	Tra Vinh	21.2	3.3	54.0	24.4	18.4	0.1	99.8	0.1
86	Vinh Long	22.8	5.6	76.7	10.1	7.6	0.0	100.0	0.0
87	Dong Thap	18.4	9.4	60.7	22.5	7.3	0.0	99.9	0.0
89	An Giang	17.5	9.0	56.1	30.9	4.0	0.0	99.9	0.0
91	Kien Giang	17.6	3.7	54.3	20.0	21.9	0.0	100.0	0.0
92	Can Tho	19.1	6.8	72.1	13.3	7.8	0.4	99.5	0.1
93	Hau Giang	19.2	2.4	63.6	13.6	20.4	0.0	99.9	0.1
94	Soc Trang	17.9	2.5	63.5	19.7	14.3	0.0	100.0	0.0
95	Bac Lieu	17.4	4.9	66.5	14.7	13.9	0.2	99.7	0.1
96	Ca Mau	19.0	5.6	47.1	24.2	23.0	0.0	99.9	0.0

Annex 13

SELECTED INDICATORS ABOUT LIVING CONDITIONS OF HOUSEHOLDS

Code	Administration	Percentage of households using:								
		Safe water	Hygienic toilet facilities	Network electricity for lighting	Land-line telephones	Computer	Car	Refrige-rator	Air condition	Motorcycle or motorbike
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**89.9**	**71.4**	**98.6**	**85.0**	**25.1**	**3.1**	**59.0**	**13.3**	**84.6**
	Urban	98.0	93.8	99.8	92.7	47.2	5.7	76.9	30.4	90.1
	Rural	85.7	60.1	98.0	81.1	14.0	1.8	49.9	4.7	81.8
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	64.0	43.8	93.9	80.1	16.2	3.9	52.0	6.0	84.2
R2	Red River Delta	98.9	83.5	99.8	86.0	29.2	3.3	72.6	22.3	81.6
R3	North and South Central Coast	90.9	66.1	98.8	81.7	20.1	2.7	50.9	7.2	82.2
R4	Central Highlands	81.8	59.3	98.9	84.8	23.5	3.4	50.0	2.1	91.6
R5	Southeast	98.7	95.6	99.6	91.7	41.9	4.4	73.3	23.7	94.2
R6	Mekong River Delta	88.0	60.8	98.8	84.6	16.1	1.2	44.4	7.0	80.6
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	99.4	92.3	99.9	91.1	48.1	6.3	83.9	42.5	88.7
02	Ha Giang	31.7	37.5	83.7	70.7	13.7	1.8	26.7	3.8	76.0
04	Cao Bang	35.8	32.0	82.4	73.7	15.5	2.9	44.3	3.4	79.0
06	Bac Kan	45.8	40.4	93.5	83.9	16.1	4.1	43.9	4.4	87.7
08	Tuyen Quang	74.7	38.9	98.9	83.6	13.6	2.9	54.9	7.1	87.4
10	Lao Cai	41.2	53.1	92.4	70.4	16.7	3.4	40.0	5.9	84.5
11	Dien Bien	31.8	28.6	79.1	57.0	15.5	2.2	28.2	1.6	81.5
12	Lai Chau	22.6	30.0	79.2	62.8	11.4	1.9	22.0	1.1	75.6
14	Son La	36.3	35.4	85.3	75.1	12.0	2.7	35.6	1.4	85.3
15	Yen Bai	59.6	53.6	96.0	81.6	17.6	2.6	49.2	6.3	83.0
17	Hoa Binh	60.0	42.6	99.7	86.6	14.6	2.8	47.7	6.8	85.0
19	Thai Nguyen	86.9	50.7	99.9	87.8	24.5	4.8	67.3	9.8	84.0
20	Lang Son	55.8	34.8	94.0	79.5	14.3	4.0	49.1	4.6	88.1

Annex 13 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Percentage of households using:								
		Safe water	Hygienic toilet facilities	Network electricity for lighting	Land-line telephones	Computer	Car	Refrige-rator	Air condition	Motorcycle or motorbike
22	Quang Ninh	92.5	76.8	99.2	87.3	29.6	5.7	76.9	26.4	82.4
24	Bac Giang	94.9	46.7	99.9	87.7	17.0	3.9	69.7	6.1	88.2
25	Phu Tho	90.2	54.7	98.5	84.0	16.0	3.5	69.6	10.2	83.2
26	Vinh Phuc	94.9	63.6	99.8	87.4	19.5	4.4	71.2	10.2	84.6
27	Bac Ninh	99.1	81.1	99.9	89.8	27.7	4.1	73.8	16.5	83.8
30	Hai Duong	99.7	76.2	99.8	80.3	20.9	3.0	71.7	12.5	78.2
31	Hai Phong	99.8	88.2	99.9	87.9	31.8	2.5	75.4	21.9	80.5
33	Hung Yen	99.9	78.6	99.9	81.3	17.0	2.1	64.8	8.4	76.8
34	Thai Binh	99.7	78.9	100.0	82.7	13.9	1.6	60.3	7.1	73.1
35	Ha Nam	99.6	74.6	99.9	74.4	13.0	1.7	59.8	4.9	74.3
36	Nam Dinh	99.9	86.5	99.9	82.2	13.9	2.2	60.8	8.6	77.0
37	Ninh Binh	97.4	75.6	99.8	81.1	16.2	2.6	58.4	11.1	76.1
38	Thanh Hoa	88.5	56.4	98.9	75.4	12.0	2.1	44.5	5.0	79.0
40	Nghe An	86.5	41.3	97.2	83.9	18.6	3.5	43.5	8.9	81.1
42	Ha Tinh	93.8	45.0	99.2	86.4	17.3	3.8	41.6	7.6	74.7
44	Quang Binh	89.1	57.1	99.7	79.7	17.2	2.4	45.3	5.2	78.1
45	Quang Tri	87.6	71.4	98.5	82.8	23.2	3.5	46.7	5.6	81.8
46	Thua Thien Hue	97.3	88.2	99.8	85.7	30.6	2.8	53.5	7.1	82.4
48	Da Nang	99.3	98.6	99.9	93.5	52.2	6.2	82.3	27.7	94.0
49	Quang Nam	86.1	82.5	97.7	77.1	18.6	1.9	42.4	3.0	78.0
51	Quang Ngai	86.5	70.4	97.7	73.8	15.4	1.4	47.3	3.4	81.1
52	Binh Dinh	96.1	69.7	99.3	83.7	18.7	1.4	54.9	6.5	85.2
54	Phu Yen	93.0	62.9	99.7	83.2	17.7	1.6	53.0	3.6	84.6
56	Khanh Hoa	91.8	87.8	99.8	85.8	29.0	3.2	74.5	10.5	89.9
58	Ninh Thuan	92.4	81.2	99.2	79.3	16.8	1.6	50.7	5.7	86.6

Annex 13 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Percentage of households using:								
		Safe water	Hygienic toilet facilities	Network electricity for lighting	Land-line telephones	Computer	Car	Refrige-rator	Air condition	Motorcycle or motorbike
60	Binh Thuan	96.0	82.5	99.6	84.3	20.7	2.6	63.7	6.0	87.8
62	Kon Tum	69.7	53.2	98.1	68.4	20.1	2.3	40.6	1.9	86.5
64	Gia Lai	83.8	55.6	99.2	84.8	19.6	4.1	50.3	2.2	92.3
66	Dak Lak	79.4	48.0	99.3	87.1	24.0	3.1	50.2	2.3	91.1
67	Dak Nong	89.3	58.4	97.3	86.2	18.0	1.9	46.5	0.9	94.3
68	Lam Dong	84.1	80.8	99.2	86.8	30.3	4.1	54.3	2.3	92.1
70	Binh Phuoc	90.8	73.7	96.6	90.4	21.4	4.1	65.8	6.3	94.3
72	Tay Ninh	99.2	79.5	99.7	88.5	18.3	4.4	60.9	10.4	93.9
74	Binh Duong	99.8	98.7	99.8	93.0	23.1	4.5	52.4	10.1	91.0
75	Dong Nai	97.8	95.8	99.8	90.6	32.9	3.9	72.3	12.4	92.6
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	99.0	96.7	99.8	92.1	35.1	5.0	77.9	18.6	93.4
79	Ho Chi Minh City	99.4	99.3	99.8	92.4	57.3	4.4	81.9	36.4	95.8
80	Long An	96.5	71.1	99.3	82.6	18.4	1.8	59.1	6.6	88.8
82	Tien Giang	97.5	71.0	99.9	87.6	15.6	1.3	53.5	7.1	85.3
83	Ben Tre	80.0	57.5	99.5	88.8	15.8	1.0	47.4	5.0	80.9
84	Tra Vinh	97.3	43.8	97.7	77.9	12.2	1.1	29.3	4.4	79.7
86	Vinh Long	70.0	57.3	99.3	88.3	19.8	0.9	46.9	7.1	80.5
87	Dong Thap	69.0	60.5	99.7	85.7	16.3	0.7	41.1	5.8	86.4
89	An Giang	82.6	77.6	98.2	82.9	17.3	1.4	37.9	8.6	82.2
91	Kien Giang	91.9	48.4	96.0	88.4	14.4	0.9	42.5	7.6	74.0
92	Can Tho	86.5	69.0	99.7	89.1	26.8	2.0	52.0	12.9	86.6
93	Hau Giang	87.0	44.6	99.5	79.9	13.1	1.0	45.5	4.7	79.8
94	Soc Trang	94.5	51.4	97.7	76.5	12.8	1.0	28.9	5.3	73.5
95	Bac Lieu	99.7	54.0	99.6	72.2	8.7	0.6	40.5	6.3	81.8
96	Ca Mau	99.3	59.2	99.4	91.5	14.2	0.9	49.0	7.5	61.8

Annex 14

YEAR OF USE AND OWNERSHIP OF HOUSE/FLAT

Code	Administration	Year of using the house/flat:				Proportion of households by the ownership: *(%)*			
		Before 1975	From 1975 to 1999	From 2000 up to now	Not stated	Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	Not stated
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**4.0**	**36.5**	**58.7**	**0.7**	**90.8**	**8.7**	**0.5**	**0.0**
	Urban	7.1	36.8	54.8	1.3	81.1	18.1	0.8	0.0
	Rural	2.5	36.4	60.7	0.4	95.7	3.9	0.3	0.0
Socio-economic regions									
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	1.7	36.1	61.7	0.5	96.3	3.5	0.2	0.1
R2	Red River Delta	4.0	46.1	49.3	0.6	92.2	7.2	0.6	0.0
R3	North and South Central Coast	4.2	42.2	53.3	0.4	95.0	4.4	0.5	0.1
R4	Central Highlands	1.2	28.0	70.2	0.6	94.5	5.1	0.3	0.0
R5	Southeast	7.5	29.3	61.5	1.7	73.8	25.6	0.6	0.0
R6	Mekong River Delta	3.1	27.5	69.0	0.4	95.3	4.3	0.3	0.1
Provinces/cities									
01	Ha Noi	6.2	41.6	51.2	1.0	88.3	10.8	0.9	0.0
02	Ha Giang	0.7	32.7	65.6	0.9	95.5	4.5	0.0	0.0
04	Cao Bang	7.5	35.2	56.9	0.4	94.5	5.1	0.3	0.1
06	Bac Kan	1.0	30.7	66.8	1.4	95.7	4.1	0.1	0.1
08	Tuyen Quang	1.1	34.0	64.7	0.2	98.0	1.7	0.1	0.1
10	Lao Cai	1.4	31.9	66.1	0.6	96.7	3.0	0.3	0.1
11	Dien Bien	0.5	22.7	75.5	1.4	94.8	5.1	0.1	0.0
12	Lai Chau	0.2	21.4	77.0	1.5	96.2	3.7	0.0	0.1
14	Son La	0.3	27.3	72.2	0.3	97.6	2.3	0.1	0.1
15	Yen Bai	1.6	35.4	62.6	0.4	97.6	2.0	0.3	0.0
17	Hoa Binh	0.5	36.1	63.1	0.2	97.8	2.1	0.1	0.0
19	Thai Nguyen	1.2	42.3	55.9	0.6	92.1	7.6	0.1	0.1
20	Lang Son	2.9	38.7	57.7	0.8	96.6	3.0	0.3	0.0

Annex 14 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Year of using the house/flat:				Proportion of households by the ownership: *(%)*			
		Before 1975	From 1975 to 1999	From 2000 up to now	Not stated	Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	Not stated
22	Quang Ninh	2.6	41.3	55.6	0.4	95.4	4.0	0.5	0.1
24	Bac Giang	2.2	44.1	53.5	0.2	97.8	2.0	0.2	0.0
25	Phu Tho	2.3	40.9	56.6	0.2	96.3	3.4	0.2	0.1
26	Vinh Phuc	2.7	40.6	56.6	0.1	93.5	6.1	0.4	0.0
27	Bac Ninh	3.4	39.6	56.8	0.2	89.0	10.8	0.2	0.0
30	Hai Duong	1.7	49.0	49.1	0.3	95.4	4.3	0.4	0.0
31	Hai Phong	4.1	45.7	49.1	1.1	93.3	6.0	0.6	0.0
33	Hung Yen	4.2	45.4	50.1	0.4	93.3	6.1	0.5	0.0
34	Thai Binh	1.9	57.0	40.9	0.3	98.2	1.3	0.6	0.0
35	Ha Nam	3.4	48.1	48.2	0.3	94.6	4.6	0.7	0.1
36	Nam Dinh	3.7	54.9	41.2	0.2	93.2	6.6	0.2	0.0
37	Ninh Binh	3.3	47.4	49.0	0.3	91.1	8.6	0.4	0.0
38	Thanh Hoa	3.4	44.9	51.3	0.4	97.3	2.5	0.2	0.0
40	Nghe An	2.9	42.9	53.8	0.4	96.1	3.5	0.4	0.1
42	Ha Tinh	4.4	41.8	53.6	0.2	96.4	3.2	0.3	0.1
44	Quang Binh	1.7	44.5	53.7	0.1	95.1	4.5	0.3	0.1
45	Quang Tri	0.8	42.4	56.5	0.3	96.0	3.8	0.2	0.1
46	Thua Thien Hue	7.2	43.6	49.1	0.0	90.6	8.4	1.0	0.1
48	Da Nang	5.8	28.9	62.7	2.5	85.0	13.6	1.3	0.1
49	Quang Nam	3.7	42.6	53.6	0.1	95.8	3.5	0.6	0.1
51	Quang Ngai	2.8	42.1	54.7	0.4	95.4	4.1	0.5	0.0
52	Binh Dinh	6.7	46.2	46.7	0.4	94.6	4.4	0.9	0.0
54	Phu Yen	4.4	44.8	50.6	0.1	95.2	4.3	0.5	0.0
56	Khanh Hoa	7.1	43.7	49.0	0.2	93.1	5.9	0.9	0.0
58	Ninh Thuan	5.1	31.1	62.8	1.0	93.6	5.8	0.6	0.1

Annex 14 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Year of using the house/flat:				Proportion of households by the ownership: *(%)*			
		Before 1975	From 1975 to 1999	From 2000 up to now	Not stated	Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	Not stated
60	Binh Thuan	3.7	35.6	60.4	0.3	96.7	2.8	0.5	0.0
62	Kon Tum	0.5	25.1	74.0	0.3	94.0	5.6	0.4	0.0
64	Gia Lai	0.6	24.7	74.1	0.5	95.9	3.7	0.3	0.1
66	Dak Lak	0.5	31.0	67.7	0.7	95.4	4.3	0.3	0.0
67	Dak Nong	0.2	22.0	77.5	0.3	95.5	4.3	0.2	0.0
68	Lam Dong	3.4	30.8	65.3	0.5	91.9	7.8	0.3	0.0
70	Binh Phuoc	0.3	21.8	75.8	2.1	93.0	6.6	0.4	0.0
72	Tay Ninh	2.7	24.6	72.2	0.5	95.5	4.1	0.3	0.0
74	Binh Duong	1.5	15.8	81.1	1.6	46.9	52.9	0.2	0.0
75	Dong Nai	3.7	32.0	62.7	1.6	83.0	16.6	0.4	0.0
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	2.4	35.8	60.6	1.2	86.1	13.5	0.4	0.0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	12.9	32.9	52.1	2.1	71.3	27.7	1.0	0.0
80	Long An	3.8	26.5	69.2	0.5	94.7	4.9	0.4	0.1
82	Tien Giang	4.4	32.1	63.4	0.1	94.5	5.3	0.1	0.0
83	Ben Tre	2.5	28.3	69.0	0.2	96.4	3.5	0.1	0.0
84	Tra Vinh	1.9	20.6	77.2	0.3	94.8	4.7	0.4	0.0
86	Vinh Long	2.1	30.2	67.6	0.1	94.5	5.3	0.2	0.0
87	Dong Thap	2.6	28.6	68.4	0.3	95.9	3.9	0.1	0.1
89	An Giang	5.7	34.9	59.0	0.4	95.7	3.5	0.6	0.2
91	Kien Giang	2.4	25.4	71.7	0.6	96.1	3.6	0.3	0.0
92	Can Tho	5.3	28.3	65.1	1.3	90.1	9.4	0.4	0.1
93	Hau Giang	0.9	26.1	72.9	0.1	98.4	1.6	0.0	0.0
94	Soc Trang	2.6	21.1	75.8	0.6	96.5	3.1	0.4	0.0
95	Bac Lieu	0.9	27.6	70.9	0.7	97.9	1.7	0.2	0.1
96	Ca Mau	0.6	19.1	79.8	0.4	95.3	4.5	0.2	0.0

PART IV
TABULATED TABLES

Table 1

POPULATION BY URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SEX, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total			Urban			Rural		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**90 493 352**	**44 618 668**	**45 874 684**	**29 939 316**	**14 530 103**	**15 409 213**	**60 554 037**	**30 088 566**	**30 465 471**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	11 633 548	5 784 715	5 848 833	1 983 172	961 532	1 021 639	9 650 377	4 823 183	4 827 194
R2	Red River Delta	20 649 605	10 143 715	10 505 889	6 969 571	3 407 538	3 562 033	13 680 033	6 736 177	6 943 856
R3	North and South Central Coast	19 482 435	9 617 384	9 865 051	5 277 317	2 574 688	2 702 629	14 205 118	7 042 696	7 162 422
R4	Central Highlands	5 504 560	2 758 991	2 745 569	1 600 589	795 313	805 276	3 903 971	1 963 678	1 940 293
R5	Southeast	15 721 352	7 657 085	8 064 268	9 787 342	4 699 024	5 088 319	5 934 010	2 958 061	2 975 949
R6	Mekong River Delta	17 501 852	8 656 779	8 845 074	4 321 325	2 092 008	2 229 317	13 180 528	6 564 771	6 615 757
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	7 067 456	3 489 927	3 577 529	3 435 166	1 680 354	1 754 813	3 632 289	1 809 573	1 822 717
02	Ha Giang	786 564	393 904	392 660	115 248	56 474	58 773	671 316	337 430	333 887
04	Cao Bang	519 548	254 299	265 249	105 821	49 905	55 916	413 727	204 394	209 333
06	Bac Kan	307 027	153 890	153 137	50 419	24 540	25 879	256 608	129 350	127 258
08	Tuyen Quang	751 580	373 303	378 277	91 415	43 015	48 400	660 165	330 288	329 877
10	Lao Cai	663 037	335 547	327 490	146 017	72 172	73 845	517 020	263 375	253 645
11	Dien Bien	536 069	268 373	267 696	77 428	38 688	38 740	458 641	229 684	228 956
12	Lai Chau	413 420	207 804	205 616	70 362	34 950	35 412	343 058	172 854	170 204
14	Son La	1 162 376	581 598	580 778	156 982	77 270	79 712	1 005 394	504 328	501 066
15	Yen Bai	780 611	389 966	390 645	157 879	77 858	80 021	622 732	312 108	310 624
17	Hoa Binh	815 907	404 341	411 566	118 364	56 370	61 994	697 544	347 971	349 572
19	Thai Nguyen	1 168 707	571 181	597 526	326 636	155 580	171 056	842 071	415 601	426 470
20	Lang Son	752 241	377 450	374 791	146 532	71 324	75 208	605 709	306 126	299 583

Table 1 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total			Urban			Rural		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
22	Quang Ninh	1 196 763	599 225	597 538	731 901	363 667	368 234	464 862	235 558	229 304
24	Bac Giang	1 619 327	804 390	814 937	181 799	88 509	93 289	1 437 528	715 881	721 648
25	Phu Tho	1 357 134	668 669	688 465	238 272	114 877	123 395	1 118 862	553 792	565 070
26	Vinh Phuc	1 038 420	510 788	527 632	242 144	115 950	126 193	796 276	394 837	401 439
27	Bac Ninh	1 124 342	549 594	574 748	310 442	151 783	158 659	813 900	397 811	416 089
30	Hai Duong	1 760 148	860 138	900 011	406 093	196 227	209 866	1 354 055	663 911	690 144
31	Hai Phong	1 941 084	955 875	985 208	898 776	442 005	456 771	1 042 307	513 870	528 437
33	Hung Yen	1 156 200	570 104	586 096	137 855	67 074	70 781	1 018 345	503 030	515 316
34	Thai Binh	1 788 426	858 352	930 074	174 863	83 703	91 160	1 613 563	774 648	838 914
35	Ha Nam	798 572	392 123	406 449	124 948	60 344	64 604	673 624	331 780	341 845
36	Nam Dinh	1 845 388	900 261	945 127	324 065	157 184	166 881	1 521 323	743 077	778 246
37	Ninh Binh	932 806	457 330	475 476	183 318	89 247	94 072	749 488	368 083	381 405
38	Thanh Hoa	3 491 079	1 724 060	1 767 019	460 305	223 896	236 409	3 030 774	1 500 164	1 530 610
40	Nghe An	3 020 407	1 506 731	1 513 676	463 639	226 460	237 179	2 556 768	1 280 271	1 276 497
42	Ha Tinh	1 254 035	614 424	639 611	194 736	93 473	101 263	1 059 299	520 951	538 348
44	Quang Binh	866 626	429 980	436 646	175 682	86 097	89 585	690 944	343 883	347 061
45	Quang Tri	615 387	300 656	314 731	178 250	86 055	92 195	437 137	214 601	222 535
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 130 101	556 963	573 138	549 263	268 589	280 674	580 838	288 374	292 465
48	Da Nang	1 004 313	490 780	513 533	876 710	429 342	447 368	127 603	61 439	66 164
49	Quang Nam	1 469 426	717 463	751 964	278 081	135 505	142 576	1 191 346	581 958	609 387
51	Quang Ngai	1 239 824	609 570	630 254	192 862	93 844	99 018	1 046 962	515 726	531 235
52	Binh Dinh	1 513 350	740 069	773 281	463 450	224 521	238 929	1 049 900	515 548	534 352
54	Phu Yen	885 630	442 160	443 470	247 701	122 777	124 923	637 929	319 383	318 546
56	Khanh Hoa	1 196 403	589 259	607 144	514 176	249 075	265 101	682 227	340 184	342 043
58	Ninh Thuan	589 050	292 850	296 200	209 374	103 403	105 971	379 676	189 447	190 229

Table 1 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total			Urban			Rural		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
60	Binh Thuan	1 206 804	602 418	604 386	473 089	231 651	241 438	733 715	370 767	362 948
62	Kon Tum	481 549	241 080	240 469	160 211	80 303	79 908	321 338	160 777	160 561
64	Gia Lai	1 373 704	684 136	689 568	405 782	201 689	204 093	967 922	482 448	485 474
66	Dak Lak	1 828 823	917 641	911 182	451 704	225 863	225 841	1 377 119	691 778	685 341
67	Dak Nong	564 380	288 043	276 336	86 581	43 361	43 220	477 799	244 683	233 116
68	Lam Dong	1 256 104	628 090	628 014	496 311	244 097	252 213	759 793	383 993	375 801
70	Binh Phuoc	929 641	462 510	467 131	179 632	88 255	91 377	750 009	374 254	375 754
72	Tay Ninh	1 103 207	544 649	558 557	205 885	99 059	106 826	897 322	445 590	451 732
74	Binh Duong	1 855 788	903 874	951 914	1 428 898	690 592	738 306	426 890	213 282	213 609
75	Dong Nai	2 822 705	1 402 740	1 419 965	905 666	440 489	465 176	1 917 039	962 251	954 789
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	1 054 730	527 210	527 520	533 555	265 080	268 475	521 175	262 130	259 045
79	Ho Chi Minh City	7 955 282	3 816 102	4 139 180	6 533 707	3 115 548	3 418 159	1 421 575	700 554	721 021
80	Long An	1 475 404	726 133	749 271	262 754	124 872	137 882	1 212 650	601 261	611 389
82	Tien Giang	1 712 201	833 212	878 989	253 286	117 670	135 616	1 458 916	715 542	743 373
83	Ben Tre	1 262 051	616 935	645 116	128 766	60 158	68 608	1 133 285	556 777	576 508
84	Tra Vinh	1 028 550	503 353	525 197	161 604	77 244	84 360	866 946	426 108	440 837
86	Vinh Long	1 041 175	511 291	529 884	172 420	83 687	88 732	868 756	427 604	441 152
87	Dong Thap	1 681 112	837 155	843 957	300 049	144 600	155 449	1 381 063	692 555	688 507
89	An Giang	2 155 381	1 064 095	1 091 286	650 214	313 057	337 158	1 505 167	751 038	754 129
91	Kien Giang	1 742 935	871 381	871 554	463 156	227 931	235 225	1 279 780	643 451	636 329
92	Can Tho	1 235 450	610 137	625 313	823 528	401 175	422 354	411 922	208 963	202 959
93	Hau Giang	767 913	382 046	385 867	185 426	90 919	94 507	582 487	291 127	291 360
94	Soc Trang	1 307 186	652 774	654 412	416 234	204 459	211 776	890 952	448 315	442 637
95	Bac Lieu	876 418	440 092	436 326	230 514	112 463	118 051	645 904	327 629	318 275
96	Ca Mau	1 216 076	608 174	607 902	273 373	133 774	139 599	942 703	474 399	468 303

Table 2

POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER BY CURRENT MARITAL STATUS, URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**68 819 816**	**16 467 862**	**46 492 633**	**4 549 293**	**1 021 958**	**284 286**	**3 784**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	8 510 701	1 621 155	6 200 809	564 752	96 834	25 850	1 303
R2	Red River Delta	15 889 040	3 330 002	11 216 656	1 123 269	166 936	50 980	1 197
R3	North and South Central Coast	14 833 879	3 832 647	9 702 055	1 103 918	143 522	50 804	934
R4	Central Highlands	3 888 197	983 241	2 620 406	218 869	50 906	14 618	156
R5	Southeast	12 261 975	3 635 055	7 631 351	649 718	275 707	70 080	63
R6	Mekong River Delta	13 436 025	3 065 763	9 121 358	888 766	288 053	71 954	131
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	5 395 622	1 225 015	3 752 338	337 690	63 428	16 611	541
02	Ha Giang	541 306	97 642	404 464	33 454	4 115	1 494	136
04	Cao Bang	383 618	73 221	276 018	30 652	2 463	1 157	107
06	Bac Kan	237 702	46 302	171 672	15 746	2 881	1 080	21
08	Tuyen Quang	560 647	105 851	407 964	37 614	6 967	2 158	94
10	Lao Cai	462 645	94 309	333 569	27 020	6 137	1 475	135
11	Dien Bien	347 051	67 969	256 709	16 155	5 766	452	
12	Lai Chau	258 590	45 934	195 610	14 881	1 794	269	102
14	Son La	804 123	138 739	614 440	41 384	7 946	1 614	
15	Yen Bai	570 206	103 596	421 413	36 092	7 670	1 342	94
17	Hoa Binh	619 386	119 482	448 362	41 511	8 174	1 809	47
19	Thai Nguyen	891 179	171 266	638 871	66 995	10 469	3 578	
20	Lang Son	572 485	115 970	407 535	42 484	4 047	2 279	170

Table 2 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
22	Quang Ninh	920 229	187 791	657 128	58 796	13 316	3 077	122
24	Bac Giang	1 223 591	241 008	881 393	83 457	13 836	3 700	196
25	Phu Tho	1 038 172	199 866	742 789	77 306	14 566	3 444	200
26	Vinh Phuc	776 463	154 690	557 910	54 094	7 364	2 405	
27	Bac Ninh	840 041	158 247	613 947	56 493	9 152	2 095	107
30	Hai Duong	1 387 498	284 635	981 212	103 340	14 910	3 234	167
31	Hai Phong	1 503 186	302 517	1 054 632	115 716	22 260	7 959	103
33	Hung Yen	895 010	176 013	641 133	67 746	6 934	3 122	62
34	Thai Binh	1 420 418	283 148	1 004 548	119 516	9 558	3 647	
35	Ha Nam	622 824	151 199	414 992	50 475	3 921	2 237	
36	Nam Dinh	1 407 947	262 091	1 026 669	103 660	11 370	4 062	96
37	Ninh Binh	719 802	144 657	512 147	55 743	4 723	2 531	
38	Thanh Hoa	2 702 931	592 069	1 882 823	202 880	17 836	6 732	592
40	Nghe An	2 314 168	612 890	1 524 608	152 851	18 442	5 285	92
42	Ha Tinh	939 587	207 853	643 156	79 493	5 349	3 675	61
44	Quang Binh	643 287	172 775	417 997	44 084	6 266	2 114	50
45	Quang Tri	446 650	104 606	298 164	37 194	5 381	1 268	36
46	Thua Thien Hue	859 644	265 031	523 599	62 498	5 544	2 972	
48	Da Nang	765 167	232 100	472 191	46 899	11 107	2 870	
49	Quang Nam	1 125 729	304 003	711 095	98 755	9 020	2 856	
51	Quang Ngai	950 685	245 136	618 517	75 545	7 400	4 088	
52	Binh Dinh	1 153 666	273 055	766 650	97 102	11 988	4 808	64
54	Phu Yen	675 122	169 236	447 617	47 763	7 692	2 815	
56	Khanh Hoa	915 727	261 954	568 135	65 777	17 160	2 700	
58	Ninh Thuan	430 413	120 470	270 290	30 237	7 378	2 001	38

Table 2 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
60	Binh Thuan	911 103	271 467	557 214	62 840	12 960	6 622	
62	Kon Tum	319 492	78 210	217 629	19 505	3 220	897	31
64	Gia Lai	939 681	224 840	643 648	53 811	14 659	2 723	
66	Dak Lak	1 324 268	353 947	877 684	72 478	15 627	4 533	
67	Dak Nong	383 209	93 475	265 456	19 379	3 691	1 147	61
68	Lam Dong	921 546	232 770	615 989	53 696	13 709	5 318	64
70	Binh Phuoc	671 271	155 267	461 946	36 379	13 387	4 229	63
72	Tay Ninh	855 175	207 174	551 294	60 831	29 087	6 789	
74	Binh Duong	1 463 298	400 525	975 949	52 878	27 363	6 582	
75	Dong Nai	2 166 417	645 253	1 359 884	114 029	37 134	10 117	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	796 049	210 658	517 446	48 099	14 128	5 719	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	6 309 766	2 016 178	3 764 833	337 503	154 608	36 646	
80	Long An	1 135 438	249 696	779 271	74 009	26 801	5 661	
82	Tien Giang	1 327 661	281 640	900 541	102 217	33 261	10 000	
83	Ben Tre	991 671	194 391	687 570	80 099	23 800	5 746	65
84	Tra Vinh	784 881	165 526	539 617	56 705	18 222	4 812	
86	Vinh Long	814 056	180 659	556 415	55 102	16 966	4 914	
87	Dong Thap	1 291 714	301 459	872 504	84 231	25 895	7 558	66
89	An Giang	1 629 689	358 488	1 105 315	114 932	42 369	8 585	
91	Kien Giang	1 303 076	309 502	885 027	76 803	26 350	5 393	
92	Can Tho	962 967	247 786	631 843	58 902	20 151	4 285	
93	Hau Giang	599 978	150 655	401 596	35 842	9 033	2 852	
94	Soc Trang	993 303	242 963	666 007	63 185	16 773	4 375	
95	Bac Lieu	683 119	184 176	446 487	37 161	11 697	3 598	
96	Ca Mau	918 472	198 823	649 164	49 578	16 733	4 175	

Table 2 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
URBAN		**23 076 106**	**6 075 889**	**15 089 757**	**1 357 672**	**454 242**	**97 958**	**587**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	1 472 228	261 955	1 073 661	102 294	29 779	4 539	
R2	Red River Delta	5 358 002	1 162 729	3 773 369	322 745	79 788	18 845	526
R3	North and South Central Coast	4 021 932	1 070 842	2 614 711	264 582	57 621	14 176	
R4	Central Highlands	1 175 036	300 697	783 253	67 714	19 045	4 266	61
R5	Southeast	7 714 191	2 438 601	4 674 058	384 066	177 886	39 580	
R6	Mekong River Delta	3 334 716	841 064	2 170 705	216 272	90 124	16 552	
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	2 609 446	620 802	1 795 835	144 859	39 145	8 546	260
02	Ha Giang	79 476	13 520	59 697	4 271	1 606	381	
04	Cao Bang	81 279	13 299	59 582	7 033	1 140	225	
06	Bac Kan	40 466	7 255	29 627	2 467	914	203	
08	Tuyen Quang	72 715	10 812	53 785	6 026	1 690	401	
10	Lao Cai	97 831	16 338	72 741	5 787	2 514	452	
11	Dien Bien	59 275	11 814	42 957	2 763	1 741		
12	Lai Chau	50 176	8 950	37 135	3 379	587	125	
14	Son La	116 294	19 817	86 560	7 215	2 563	139	
15	Yen Bai	117 198	18 913	87 596	7 815	2 550	323	
17	Hoa Binh	87 207	12 699	66 029	5 531	2 635	312	
19	Thai Nguyen	242 022	54 716	162 731	19 884	4 154	537	
20	Lang Son	109 614	19 339	79 372	8 024	2 102	777	
22	Quang Ninh	578 537	108 836	421 284	36 463	9 645	2 189	122
24	Bac Giang	134 499	22 462	100 686	9 113	2 057	181	

Table 2 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
25	Phu Tho	184 176	32 022	135 161	12 987	3 523	482	
26	Vinh Phuc	183 259	41 601	127 794	11 252	2 290	323	
27	Bac Ninh	230 480	47 257	166 156	14 009	2 480	578	
30	Hai Duong	317 456	66 709	227 040	18 525	4 053	1 046	83
31	Hai Phong	690 464	142 788	485 439	45 149	13 113	3 975	
33	Hung Yen	113 083	22 456	82 337	7 368	618	242	62
34	Thai Binh	136 307	21 584	102 465	9 935	1 610	713	
35	Ha Nam	98 602	21 333	68 803	7 452	824	190	
36	Nam Dinh	257 629	45 861	188 348	17 944	4 921	555	
37	Ninh Binh	142 740	23 503	107 871	9 788	1 091	487	
38	Thanh Hoa	321 409	55 276	242 236	19 947	3 312	638	
40	Nghe An	342 662	84 538	233 098	20 487	3 684	855	
42	Ha Tinh	143 765	27 386	105 648	9 881	757	92	
44	Quang Binh	137 384	32 792	93 011	8 746	2 308	527	
45	Quang Tri	134 495	29 361	93 288	9 543	1 770	534	
46	Thua Thien Hue	437 748	144 465	260 480	27 678	3 768	1 357	
48	Da Nang	667 122	203 786	411 381	38 813	10 372	2 770	
49	Quang Nam	211 889	54 158	139 454	15 294	2 852	130	
51	Quang Ngai	146 126	34 061	100 463	9 327	1 757	517	
52	Binh Dinh	360 915	85 621	241 923	27 023	4 951	1 398	
54	Phu Yen	192 199	48 349	127 537	12 900	2 571	842	
56	Khanh Hoa	403 076	116 816	246 424	29 831	8 849	1 157	
58	Ninh Thuan	158 410	43 040	99 591	10 849	3 888	1 041	
60	Binh Thuan	364 733	111 192	220 178	24 262	6 784	2 317	

Table 2 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
62	Kon Tum	113 414	28 062	76 556	6 670	1 704	422	
64	Gia Lai	292 441	69 177	201 069	16 435	4 941	820	
66	Dak Lak	331 836	90 165	219 173	17 226	4 155	1 116	
67	Dak Nong	59 135	14 056	41 323	2 822	812	60	61
68	Lam Dong	378 209	99 237	245 132	24 560	7 433	1 848	
70	Binh Phuoc	131 509	33 903	85 387	7 939	3 506	775	
72	Tay Ninh	165 384	41 990	103 606	11 846	6 922	1 021	
74	Binh Duong	1 165 423	330 524	775 277	34 897	19 798	4 927	
75	Dong Nai	706 853	217 285	440 337	35 021	11 776	2 434	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	400 655	100 240	266 526	23 514	7 673	2 702	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	5 144 368	1 714 660	3 002 924	270 850	128 212	27 721	
80	Long An	202 961	48 451	133 961	13 585	5 805	1 160	
82	Tien Giang	201 881	49 868	126 475	16 010	7 187	2 342	
83	Ben Tre	104 725	23 328	70 408	7 984	2 764	241	
84	Tra Vinh	123 619	31 133	79 136	8 537	3 789	1 025	
86	Vinh Long	133 335	42 366	76 561	9 232	4 595	582	
87	Dong Thap	232 623	58 441	148 630	17 243	6 769	1 541	
89	An Giang	516 430	119 888	342 303	36 262	15 773	2 204	
91	Kien Giang	343 430	86 796	226 493	20 107	8 777	1 257	
92	Can Tho	647 696	173 210	418 271	38 887	14 663	2 665	
93	Hau Giang	143 316	37 461	93 153	9 486	2 644	571	
94	Soc Trang	307 461	76 878	203 702	18 425	7 353	1 103	
95	Bac Lieu	173 923	49 085	110 409	9 495	4 178	756	
96	Ca Mau	203 316	44 160	141 202	11 019	5 828	1 107	

Table 2 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
RURAL		**45 743 710**	**10 391 973**	**31 402 877**	**3 191 621**	**567 716**	**186 328**	**3 197**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	7 038 473	1 359 199	5 127 148	462 458	67 055	21 311	1 303
R2	Red River Delta	10 531 038	2 167 273	7 443 287	800 524	87 148	32 135	671
R3	North and South Central Coast	10 811 947	2 761 804	7 087 344	839 336	85 901	36 628	934
R4	Central Highlands	2 713 161	682 544	1 837 152	151 155	31 862	10 352	95
R5	Southeast	4 547 783	1 196 453	2 957 293	265 652	97 821	30 501	63
R6	Mekong River Delta	10 101 308	2 224 699	6 950 653	672 495	197 929	55 402	131
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	2 786 175	604 213	1 956 503	192 831	24 283	8 065	281
02	Ha Giang	461 830	84 122	344 766	29 183	2 509	1 112	136
04	Cao Bang	302 338	59 922	216 436	23 619	1 323	932	107
06	Bac Kan	197 236	39 047	142 045	13 279	1 967	877	21
08	Tuyen Quang	487 932	95 038	354 179	31 588	5 277	1 756	94
10	Lao Cai	364 814	77 971	260 829	21 233	3 624	1 023	135
11	Dien Bien	287 776	56 155	213 752	13 392	4 025	452	
12	Lai Chau	208 414	36 984	158 475	11 503	1 207	144	102
14	Son La	687 829	118 922	527 880	34 169	5 383	1 475	
15	Yen Bai	453 008	84 683	333 816	28 277	5 120	1 018	94
17	Hoa Binh	532 180	106 784	382 333	35 981	5 539	1 497	47
19	Thai Nguyen	649 157	116 551	476 140	47 110	6 315	3 040	
20	Lang Son	462 871	96 631	328 162	34 461	1 945	1 502	170
22	Quang Ninh	341 692	78 955	235 844	22 333	3 671	888	
24	Bac Giang	1 089 092	218 546	780 707	74 344	11 779	3 519	196

Table 2 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
25	Phu Tho	853 996	167 844	607 628	64 319	11 043	2 962	200
26	Vinh Phuc	593 204	113 088	430 116	42 843	5 075	2 082	
27	Bac Ninh	609 561	110 990	447 791	42 484	6 671	1 517	107
30	Hai Duong	1 070 042	217 926	754 172	84 814	10 857	2 188	85
31	Hai Phong	812 722	159 729	569 193	70 567	9 147	3 984	103
33	Hung Yen	781 928	153 557	558 796	60 378	6 316	2 880	
34	Thai Binh	1 284 111	261 564	902 083	109 581	7 949	2 933	
35	Ha Nam	524 223	129 866	346 190	43 023	3 098	2 047	
36	Nam Dinh	1 150 318	216 230	838 321	85 716	6 449	3 506	96
37	Ninh Binh	577 062	121 154	404 277	45 956	3 633	2 044	
38	Thanh Hoa	2 381 523	536 793	1 640 587	182 933	14 524	6 094	592
40	Nghe An	1 971 506	528 352	1 291 510	132 364	14 758	4 430	92
42	Ha Tinh	795 822	180 467	537 507	69 612	4 592	3 582	61
44	Quang Binh	505 903	139 983	324 986	35 339	3 958	1 586	50
45	Quang Tri	312 154	75 246	204 876	27 651	3 611	734	36
46	Thua Thien Hue	421 896	120 566	263 119	34 820	1 776	1 615	
48	Da Nang	98 045	28 313	60 810	8 086	735	100	
49	Quang Nam	913 840	249 845	571 641	83 461	6 168	2 725	
51	Quang Ngai	804 559	211 075	518 054	66 217	5 643	3 570	
52	Binh Dinh	792 752	187 434	524 727	70 079	7 037	3 410	64
54	Phu Yen	482 923	120 887	320 080	34 863	5 121	1 972	
56	Khanh Hoa	512 651	145 138	321 711	35 946	8 311	1 544	
58	Ninh Thuan	272 003	77 430	170 699	19 388	3 490	960	38
60	Binh Thuan	546 369	160 274	337 036	38 577	6 176	4 305	

Table 2 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Marital status					
			Single	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Not stated
62	Kon Tum	206 078	50 149	141 073	12 835	1 515	475	31
64	Gia Lai	647 240	155 663	442 579	37 376	9 718	1 904	
66	Dak Lak	992 432	263 781	658 510	55 251	11 472	3 416	
67	Dak Nong	324 074	79 419	224 133	16 556	2 879	1 087	
68	Lam Dong	543 337	133 533	370 857	29 136	6 276	3 470	64
70	Binh Phuoc	539 762	121 365	376 559	28 440	9 881	3 454	63
72	Tay Ninh	689 791	165 184	447 688	48 985	22 165	5 769	
74	Binh Duong	297 875	70 001	200 672	17 981	7 566	1 655	
75	Dong Nai	1 459 564	427 968	919 547	79 008	25 358	7 683	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	395 393	110 418	250 919	24 585	6 455	3 016	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 165 399	301 518	761 909	66 653	26 396	8 924	
80	Long An	932 477	201 245	645 310	60 425	20 997	4 502	
82	Tien Giang	1 125 779	231 772	774 066	86 208	26 075	7 659	
83	Ben Tre	886 945	171 063	617 162	72 115	21 035	5 505	65
84	Tra Vinh	661 263	134 393	460 481	48 168	14 433	3 787	
86	Vinh Long	680 722	138 293	479 855	45 870	12 372	4 333	
87	Dong Thap	1 059 091	243 019	723 874	66 987	19 127	6 017	66
89	An Giang	1 113 259	238 600	763 012	78 671	26 596	6 381	
91	Kien Giang	959 645	222 706	658 533	56 696	17 573	4 136	
92	Can Tho	315 271	74 576	213 573	20 014	5 488	1 620	
93	Hau Giang	456 662	113 194	308 443	26 356	6 389	2 281	
94	Soc Trang	685 842	166 084	462 304	44 760	9 421	3 272	
95	Bac Lieu	509 196	135 091	336 078	27 666	7 519	2 842	
96	Ca Mau	715 157	154 664	507 961	38 559	10 905	3 068	

Table 3

RATE OF WOMEN AGED 15-49 HAVING THIRD AND HIGHER ORDER BIRTHS IN 12 MONTHS PRIOR TO THE SURVEY BY URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Code	Administration	Total females aged 15-49 have given the birth in 12 months prior to the survey			Total females aged 15-49 having third and higher order births in 12 months prior to the survey			Rate of females aged 15-49 having third and higher order births (%)		
		Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**1 499 797**	**463 820**	**1 035 976**	**217 242**	**42 586**	**174 656**	**14.5**	**9.2**	**16.9**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	236 030	34 588	201 442	36 497	2 079	34 418	15.5	6.0	17.1
R2	Red River Delta	358 837	120 911	237 926	57 028	11 446	45 582	15.9	9.5	19.2
R3	North and South Central Coast	328 450	84 006	244 444	54 146	9 381	44 765	16.5	11.2	18.3
R4	Central Highlands	97 856	23 739	74 117	24 257	3 961	20 296	24.8	16.7	27.4
R5	Southeast	232 752	138 351	94 401	22 642	10 376	12 266	9.7	7.5	13.0
R6	Mekong River Delta	245 873	62 226	183 647	22 672	5 342	17 330	9.2	8.6	9.4
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	127 544	57 919	69 626	19 418	4 191	15 227	15.2	7.2	21.9
02	Ha Giang	15 625	1 298	14 327	4 178	137	4 040	26.7	10.6	28.2
04	Cao Bang	10 188	2 171	8 017	1 374	149	1 225	13.5	6.9	15.3
06	Bac Kan	5 033	1 120	3 913	274	71	203	5.4	6.3	5.2
08	Tuyen Quang	16 083	1 642	14 442	1 449	137	1 312	9.0	8.3	9.1
10	Lao Cai	12 695	2 452	10 243	2 670	153	2 517	21.0	6.2	24.6
11	Dien Bien	13 987	1 377	12 610	4 196	90	4 106	30.0	6.5	32.6
12	Lai Chau	10 734	1 923	8 811	2 868	161	2 707	26.7	8.4	30.7
14	Son La	26 130	2 764	23 366	4 920	151	4 769	18.8	5.5	20.4
15	Yen Bai	16 536	2 417	14 119	2 033	42	1 991	12.3	1.7	14.1
17	Hoa Binh	15 402	1 689	13 713	1 042	87	955	6.8	5.1	7.0
19	Thai Nguyen	22 524	5 205	17 319	1 523	17	1 506	6.8	0.3	8.7
20	Lang Son	13 508	2 749	10 759	1 005	253	752	7.4	9.2	7.0

Table 3 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Total females aged 15-49 have given the birth in 12 months prior to the survey			Total females aged 15-49 having third and higher order births in 12 months prior to the survey			Rate of females aged 15-49 having third and higher order births (%)		
		Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
22	Quang Ninh	21 584	13 309	8 274	2 384	1 514	870	11.0	11.4	10.5
24	Bac Giang	32 725	2 913	29 812	5 585	256	5 329	17.1	8.8	17.9
25	Phu Tho	24 861	4 869	19 992	3 381	376	3 005	13.6	7.7	15.0
26	Vinh Phuc	20 346	5 082	15 265	3 185	639	2 547	15.7	12.6	16.7
27	Bac Ninh	24 116	6 829	17 286	4 497	997	3 499	18.6	14.6	20.2
30	Hai Duong	27 146	6 177	20 969	3 979	388	3 591	14.7	6.3	17.1
31	Hai Phong	34 112	15 946	18 166	2 646	1 188	1 458	7.8	7.4	8.0
33	Hung Yen	19 150	2 029	17 122	3 199	466	2 734	16.7	22.9	16.0
34	Thai Binh	21 674	2 091	19 582	3 617	296	3 320	16.7	14.2	17.0
35	Ha Nam	11 566	1 768	9 799	2 617	467	2 151	22.6	26.4	21.9
36	Nam Dinh	33 437	6 114	27 322	8 001	897	7 104	23.9	14.7	26.0
37	Ninh Binh	18 162	3 647	14 515	3 485	404	3 081	19.2	11.1	21.2
38	Thanh Hoa	61 950	8 689	53 261	8 052	982	7 070	13.0	11.3	13.3
40	Nghe An	63 204	9 109	54 095	11 116	1 277	9 839	17.6	14.0	18.2
42	Ha Tinh	23 476	3 782	19 694	6 661	444	6 217	28.4	11.7	31.6
44	Quang Binh	14 941	3 269	11 672	3 441	267	3 174	23.0	8.2	27.2
45	Quang Tri	11 181	4 086	7 095	2 452	542	1 910	21.9	13.3	26.9
46	Thua Thien Hue	17 848	8 624	9 224	3 536	1 369	2 167	19.8	15.9	23.5
48	Da Nang	17 125	14 264	2 862	1 521	1 200	320	8.9	8.4	11.2
49	Quang Nam	23 532	4 598	18 935	4 701	637	4 063	20.0	13.9	21.5
51	Quang Ngai	18 641	3 467	15 175	2 506	548	1 958	13.4	15.8	12.9
52	Binh Dinh	23 841	6 929	16 912	2 370	288	2 083	9.9	4.2	12.3
54	Phu Yen	13 431	2 790	10 641	1 972	250	1 722	14.7	8.9	16.2
56	Khanh Hoa	14 694	6 016	8 678	1 650	424	1 226	11.2	7.1	14.1
58	Ninh Thuan	9 879	3 191	6 687	2 154	363	1 791	21.8	11.4	26.8

Table 3 (Continued)

Code	Administration	Total females aged 15-49 have given the birth in 12 months prior to the survey			Total females aged 15-49 having third and higher order births in 12 months prior to the survey			Rate of females aged 15-49 having third and higher order births (%)		
		Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
60	Binh Thuan	14 705	5 192	9 513	2 015	790	1 225	13.7	15.2	12.9
62	Kon Tum	11 742	2 754	8 988	3 589	604	2 985	30.6	21.9	33.2
64	Gia Lai	24 699	6 511	18 188	5 774	1 088	4 686	23.4	16.7	25.8
66	Dak Lak	31 534	6 597	24 937	6 672	962	5 710	21.2	14.6	22.9
67	Dak Nong	10 183	1 243	8 940	3 720	341	3 379	36.5	27.5	37.8
68	Lam Dong	19 698	6 634	13 063	4 502	966	3 536	22.9	14.6	27.1
70	Binh Phuoc	16 994	3 570	13 424	2 727	285	2 442	16.0	8.0	18.2
72	Tay Ninh	15 131	2 132	13 000	1 302	288	1 013	8.6	13.5	7.8
74	Binh Duong	33 017	25 976	7 041	1 863	1 415	448	5.6	5.4	6.4
75	Dong Nai	43 414	13 318	30 096	6 965	1 606	5 359	16.0	12.1	17.8
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	16 738	8 919	7 819	2 006	684	1 322	12.0	7.7	16.9
79	Ho Chi Minh City	107 458	84 437	23 021	7 779	6 098	1 682	7.2	7.2	7.3
80	Long An	19 403	3 190	16 213	959	85	874	4.9	2.7	5.4
82	Tien Giang	21 597	2 930	18 667	1 606	349	1 257	7.4	11.9	6.7
83	Ben Tre	15 875	2 037	13 839	1 251	121	1 129	7.9	6.0	8.2
84	Tra Vinh	14 886	2 595	12 291	1 226	208	1 018	8.2	8.0	8.3
86	Vinh Long	14 466	1 961	12 505	715	48	668	4.9	2.4	5.3
87	Dong Thap	23 493	4 141	19 352	1 661	209	1 452	7.1	5.0	7.5
89	An Giang	34 651	11 610	23 041	4 042	1 279	2 764	11.7	11.0	12.0
91	Kien Giang	27 308	7 016	20 292	3 834	860	2 973	14.0	12.3	14.7
92	Can Tho	19 303	12 636	6 668	1 593	855	738	8.3	6.8	11.1
93	Hau Giang	9 571	2 279	7 291	850	93	757	8.9	4.1	10.4
94	Soc Trang	16 307	5 153	11 155	1 865	565	1 300	11.4	11.0	11.7
95	Bac Lieu	12 806	3 368	9 438	1 131	245	887	8.8	7.3	9.4
96	Ca Mau	16 205	3 310	12 895	1 939	426	1 513	12.0	12.9	11.7

Table 4

NUMBER OF CHILDREN EVER BORN, NUMBER OF CHILDREN SURVIVING, NUMBER OF CHILD DEATHS OF WOMEN AGED 15-49 BY URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Number of children ever born			Number of children surviving			Number of child deaths		
		Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**33 668 168**	**9 749 531**	**23 918 637**	**33 229 195**	**9 677 803**	**23 551 392**	**438 973**	**71 729**	**367 245**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	4 922 209	674 539	4 247 671	4 814 532	665 991	4 148 541	107 678	8 548	99 130
R2	Red River Delta	7 384 224	2 225 294	5 158 930	7 314 603	2 211 667	5 102 936	69 621	13 627	55 994
R3	North and South Central Coast	7 578 609	1 882 595	5 696 013	7 459 343	1 862 512	5 596 831	119 266	20 084	99 182
R4	Central Highlands	2 472 002	622 167	1 849 835	2 422 650	614 414	1 808 236	49 352	7 753	41 600
R5	Southeast	5 197 867	2 952 419	2 245 449	5 167 773	2 942 457	2 225 317	30 094	9 962	20 132
R6	Mekong River Delta	6 113 257	1 392 518	4 720 739	6 050 294	1 380 763	4 669 532	62 963	11 755	51 207
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	2 438 496	1 016 873	1 421 623	2 421 681	1 013 152	1 408 530	16 815	3 722	13 093
02	Ha Giang	358 330	40 871	317 459	347 926	40 465	307 461	10 404	405	9 998
04	Cao Bang	216 063	35 873	180 189	210 332	35 373	174 959	5 731	501	5 231
06	Bac Kan	120 583	18 775	101 808	118 724	18 627	100 097	1 859	148	1 711
08	Tuyen Quang	306 877	30 762	276 115	301 159	30 454	270 705	5 719	308	5 410
10	Lao Cai	298 833	49 056	249 777	292 203	48 141	244 062	6 630	915	5 715
11	Dien Bien	273 103	29 060	244 043	262 145	28 492	233 653	10 958	568	10 390
12	Lai Chau	219 145	31 693	187 452	209 088	30 705	178 383	10 057	988	9 070
14	Son La	560 637	60 283	500 354	545 794	59 176	486 618	14 843	1 107	13 736
15	Yen Bai	334 397	50 911	283 485	326 249	50 107	276 143	8 147	805	7 343
17	Hoa Binh	319 768	37 900	281 868	313 385	37 586	275 799	6 383	314	6 070
19	Thai Nguyen	444 556	95 222	349 334	436 857	94 292	342 565	7 699	929	6 770
20	Lang Son	295 267	49 593	245 674	290 403	49 154	241 249	4 863	439	4 424

Table 4 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Number of children ever born			Number of children surviving			Number of child deaths		
		Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
22	Quang Ninh	433 390	255 195	178 195	429 876	252 998	176 878	3 514	2 197	1 317
24	Bac Giang	652 500	67 548	584 952	646 536	67 164	579 372	5 964	384	5 580
25	Phu Tho	522 151	76 992	445 159	513 729	76 253	437 476	8 422	739	7 683
26	Vinh Phuc	420 720	91 550	329 170	416 522	90 903	325 619	4 197	647	3 551
27	Bac Ninh	466 345	123 092	343 252	457 493	121 866	335 627	8 852	1 227	7 625
30	Hai Duong	613 349	130 269	483 080	608 214	129 464	478 750	5 135	805	4 330
31	Hai Phong	647 690	279 743	367 948	640 453	277 678	362 775	7 237	2 065	5 172
33	Hung Yen	433 263	54 128	379 135	428 680	53 697	374 983	4 583	431	4 152
34	Thai Binh	598 269	55 932	542 337	593 983	55 289	538 693	4 287	643	3 644
35	Ha Nam	286 391	43 904	242 487	284 359	43 718	240 641	2 032	187	1 846
36	Nam Dinh	701 365	109 965	591 400	692 662	108 970	583 692	8 703	995	7 708
37	Ninh Binh	344 946	64 642	280 304	340 680	63 932	276 748	4 265	710	3 556
38	Thanh Hoa	1 301 830	141 550	1 160 280	1 286 792	140 658	1 146 134	15 038	891	14 146
40	Nghe An	1 170 325	152 358	1 017 967	1 148 893	150 579	998 314	21 432	1 779	19 653
42	Ha Tinh	501 641	72 130	429 511	492 707	71 232	421 476	8 934	898	8 035
44	Quang Binh	358 581	68 461	290 120	353 059	67 878	285 182	5 522	584	4 938
45	Quang Tri	267 235	72 905	194 330	261 603	71 845	189 759	5 631	1 060	4 571
46	Thua Thien Hue	449 700	199 678	250 022	440 909	196 652	244 257	8 790	3 026	5 764
48	Da Nang	348 156	298 847	49 310	344 972	296 379	48 593	3 185	2 468	717
49	Quang Nam	552 674	96 359	456 314	542 449	94 942	447 507	10 225	1 417	8 808
51	Quang Ngai	463 501	67 945	395 556	454 354	67 534	386 820	9 147	411	8 736
52	Binh Dinh	603 794	167 749	436 044	592 958	165 496	427 462	10 836	2 254	8 582
54	Phu Yen	355 876	99 789	256 087	351 164	98 818	252 346	4 712	971	3 741
56	Khanh Hoa	447 424	176 515	270 909	441 597	174 961	266 636	5 827	1 554	4 273
58	Ninh Thuan	260 644	88 085	172 559	255 353	86 800	168 553	5 291	1 285	4 006

Table 4 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Number of children ever born			Number of children surviving			Number of child deaths		
		Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
60	Binh Thuan	497 229	180 225	317 005	492 532	178 738	313 794	4 697	1 487	3 210
62	Kon Tum	224 254	65 426	158 828	217 494	64 393	153 101	6 761	1 033	5 727
64	Gia Lai	634 119	165 225	468 894	618 507	162 643	455 864	15 612	2 582	13 030
66	Dak Lak	827 431	180 971	646 460	812 664	179 183	633 481	14 767	1 788	12 979
67	Dak Nong	271 826	36 178	235 649	266 105	35 692	230 413	5 722	486	5 236
68	Lam Dong	514 372	174 367	340 005	507 881	172 503	335 378	6 491	1 864	4 627
70	Binh Phuoc	398 511	68 959	329 552	391 983	68 073	323 910	6 528	886	5 641
72	Tay Ninh	392 053	66 552	325 501	388 426	66 209	322 217	3 627	343	3 284
74	Binh Duong	648 101	494 896	153 204	645 367	492 694	152 673	2 734	2 202	532
75	Dong Nai	1 007 616	299 520	708 096	1 000 047	298 937	701 110	7 568	583	6 985
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	394 896	182 464	212 432	392 807	181 692	211 116	2 088	772	1 316
79	Ho Chi Minh City	2 356 691	1 840 027	516 664	2 349 142	1 834 851	514 291	7 549	5 176	2 374
80	Long An	522 035	82 540	439 495	518 665	82 400	436 264	3 370	140	3 230
82	Tien Giang	599 567	81 666	517 901	591 269	80 935	510 334	8 298	731	7 567
83	Ben Tre	429 823	39 301	390 522	424 308	38 821	385 487	5 515	479	5 035
84	Tra Vinh	351 181	47 446	303 735	346 734	47 195	299 539	4 447	251	4 196
86	Vinh Long	331 232	43 799	287 433	328 569	43 343	285 226	2 663	456	2 207
87	Dong Thap	602 185	101 983	500 202	595 004	100 798	494 207	7 181	1 185	5 996
89	An Giang	765 344	222 456	542 888	755 688	219 522	536 166	9 656	2 934	6 722
91	Kien Giang	664 820	160 277	504 544	656 982	158 979	498 003	7 838	1 297	6 541
92	Can Tho	400 212	249 647	150 565	396 486	247 689	148 796	3 726	1 957	1 768
93	Hau Giang	255 937	62 320	193 617	254 699	61 922	192 776	1 238	398	840
94	Soc Trang	458 610	135 444	323 166	454 514	134 450	320 064	4 096	994	3 102
95	Bac Lieu	292 721	68 119	224 601	291 504	67 823	223 681	1 217	296	921
96	Ca Mau	439 591	97 520	342 071	435 873	96 885	338 988	3 718	636	3 082

Table 5

NUMBER OF WOMEN AGED 15-49 BY NUMBER OF CHILDREN EVER BORN, AGE GROUP OF MOTHER, URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
ENTIRE COUNTRY							
	Total	**16 605 355**	**4 783 301**	**8 176 942**	**2 574 137**	**742 035**	**328 940**
	15-19	169 530	154 720	14 172	618		21
	20-24	1 343 874	1 016 223	303 275	22 237	1 876	262
	25-29	2 758 532	1 408 328	1 167 503	155 463	22 263	4 975
	30-34	3 304 988	934 163	1 888 055	390 740	69 924	22 107
	35-39	3 189 549	513 994	1 881 447	598 409	146 211	49 488
	40-44	3 044 855	413 341	1 637 865	692 856	208 270	92 523
	45-49	2 794 026	342 532	1 284 625	713 814	293 491	159 564
URBAN							
	Total	**5 339 047**	**1 865 259**	**2 757 930**	**554 549**	**121 094**	**40 215**
	15-19	27 066	25 613	1 377	76		
	20-24	300 312	248 879	49 623	1 573	237	
	25-29	862 088	545 481	289 922	23 911	2 556	218
	30-34	1 149 515	443 607	623 056	71 700	9 389	1 763
	35-39	1 074 786	246 581	673 621	130 210	19 682	4 692
	40-44	1 017 806	198 446	608 466	162 147	37 141	11 606
	45-49	907 473	156 651	511 864	164 933	52 089	21 936
RURAL							
	Total	**11 266 308**	**2 918 043**	**5 419 012**	**2 019 587**	**620 941**	**288 725**
	15-19	142 464	129 106	12 794	542		21
	20-24	1 043 562	767 344	253 652	20 664	1 639	262
	25-29	1 896 444	862 847	877 581	131 552	19 707	4 757
	30-34	2 155 473	490 557	1 264 999	319 039	60 535	20 344
	35-39	2 114 763	267 413	1 207 826	468 199	126 529	44 796
	40-44	2 027 049	214 895	1 029 399	530 710	171 129	80 916
	45-49	1 886 554	185 881	772 761	548 881	241 402	137 629
Socio-economic regions							
R1	**Northern Midlands and Mountains**						
	Total	**2 351 388**	**608 429**	**1 215 694**	**346 056**	**112 710**	**68 499**
	15-19	48 886	41 278	7 362	226		21
	20-24	271 742	177 452	82 390	10 580	1 137	182
	25-29	437 296	183 092	207 043	35 111	8 876	3 174
	30-34	444 287	88 809	272 737	57 736	16 066	8 939
	35-39	421 523	50 000	261 042	74 894	22 494	13 093
	40-44	373 435	36 402	218 292	75 800	26 489	16 452
	45-49	354 218	31 397	166 827	91 708	37 648	26 639

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
R2	**Red River Delta**						
	Total	**3 708 850**	**902 105**	**2 103 625**	**570 227**	**107 847**	**25 046**
	15-19	23 270	21 785	1 433	52		
	20-24	287 206	216 881	67 475	2 770		80
	25-29	652 684	299 112	312 797	37 167	3 473	136
	30-34	760 625	160 864	487 535	99 711	11 199	1 316
	35-39	694 563	72 726	460 643	133 439	24 678	3 078
	40-44	674 402	68 902	423 555	144 114	29 972	7 859
	45-49	616 101	61 836	350 188	152 975	38 525	12 578
R3	**North and South Central Coast**						
	Total	**3 423 453**	**831 878**	**1 543 238**	**691 510**	**250 955**	**105 873**
	15-19	30 709	28 592	1 910	207		
	20-24	264 691	207 635	53 393	3 484	179	
	25-29	523 725	266 583	223 556	29 214	4 092	280
	30-34	622 823	147 714	359 518	93 532	18 178	3 880
	35-39	663 282	71 006	362 941	165 058	49 636	14 640
	40-44	689 813	57 987	315 783	208 225	75 767	32 051
	45-49	628 411	52 360	226 136	191 789	103 103	55 023
R4	**Central Highlands**						
	Total	**1 028 545**	**234 868**	**418 480**	**219 995**	**90 419**	**64 783**
	15-19	18 234	17 277	956			
	20-24	101 501	74 616	23 939	2 597	349	
	25-29	169 631	67 411	80 075	18 069	3 092	985
	30-34	199 542	35 974	103 318	43 005	11 607	5 637
	35-39	199 190	17 530	91 271	56 713	21 474	12 203
	40-44	177 074	11 880	67 295	54 231	24 261	19 407
	45-49	163 374	10 180	51 626	45 381	29 636	26 551
R5	**Southeast**						
	Total	**2 858 375**	**1 098 316**	**1 333 825**	**317 892**	**79 204**	**29 138**
	15-19	16 214	15 078	1 084	52		
	20-24	172 033	142 852	28 238	891	52	
	25-29	477 924	307 729	152 017	16 390	1 434	354
	30-34	625 398	264 635	312 593	41 414	5 315	1 441
	35-39	577 182	155 124	329 524	75 170	14 084	3 279
	40-44	526 731	119 946	284 159	90 449	24 288	7 889
	45-49	462 892	92 951	226 210	93 526	34 031	16 175

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
R6	**Mekong River Delta**						
	Total	**3 234 744**	**1 107 705**	**1 562 080**	**428 458**	**100 901**	**35 601**
	15-19	32 217	30 709	1 427	81		
	20-24	246 702	196 787	47 840	1 915	160	
	25-29	497 273	284 401	192 016	19 512	1 296	47
	30-34	652 313	236 166	352 352	55 342	7 559	893
	35-39	633 810	147 608	376 026	93 134	13 844	3 197
	40-44	603 400	118 224	328 780	120 038	27 494	8 864
	45-49	569 030	93 809	263 638	138 435	50 548	22 600
01	**Ha Noi**						
	Total	**1 260 419**	**339 437**	**711 514**	**169 758**	**33 415**	**6 295**
	15-19	8 025	7 458	567			
	20-24	95 003	73 584	20 258	1 161		
	25-29	228 633	114 166	99 517	13 176	1 639	136
	30-34	283 817	68 612	177 196	33 015	4 358	636
	35-39	238 326	27 917	161 942	41 186	6 832	449
	40-44	211 937	26 032	134 213	40 114	9 369	2 209
	45-49	194 676	21 667	117 821	41 106	11 217	2 866
02	**Ha Giang**						
	Total	**156 056**	**37 195**	**71 447**	**26 879**	**11 978**	**8 558**
	15-19	4 612	3 883	687	41		
	20-24	20 241	11 778	7 138	1 276	49	
	25-29	29 930	10 396	13 117	4 213	1 786	418
	30-34	27 683	4 651	14 787	4 918	2 189	1 138
	35-39	27 632	2 780	14 861	4 880	2 784	2 326
	40-44	24 318	2 045	12 378	5 236	2 286	2 373
	45-49	21 640	1 660	8 479	6 314	2 884	2 303
04	**Cao Bang**						
	Total	**102 862**	**32 710**	**46 424**	**13 404**	**5 657**	**4 667**
	15-19	2 547	1 944	603			
	20-24	11 695	7 706	3 449	467	72	
	25-29	17 557	9 717	5 405	1 715	427	294
	30-34	18 206	5 955	8 468	2 159	1 052	572
	35-39	18 999	3 453	10 427	2 716	1 315	1 088
	40-44	16 761	1 986	9 573	2 671	1 227	1 303
	45-49	17 098	1 950	8 498	3 677	1 563	1 410

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
06	**Bac Kan**						
	Total	**65 821**	**23 692**	**32 828**	**6 943**	**1 578**	**779**
	15-19	1 592	1 410	138	24		21
	20-24	6 284	5 102	1 088	73	21	
	25-29	11 584	7 430	3 643	372	72	69
	30-34	10 888	3 876	6 302	533	136	43
	35-39	12 707	2 397	8 945	1 036	218	112
	40-44	11 027	1 787	6 678	1 933	459	170
	45-49	11 738	1 692	6 035	2 973	673	365
08	**Tuyen Quang**						
	Total	**156 318**	**45 670**	**82 375**	**19 879**	**5 731**	**2 662**
	15-19	3 206	2 824	383			
	20-24	18 759	13 463	5 115	180		
	25-29	29 220	14 474	13 228	1 427	91	
	30-34	28 579	6 410	19 255	2 397	332	184
	35-39	27 431	3 069	18 463	4 802	757	341
	40-44	24 867	2 906	14 477	4 928	1 819	737
	45-49	24 255	2 525	11 454	6 145	2 732	1 399
10	**Lao Cai**						
	Total	**130 875**	**31 000**	**59 939**	**23 075**	**10 486**	**6 375**
	15-19	3 923	3 335	588			
	20-24	18 007	9 938	6 966	950	153	
	25-29	23 721	8 643	10 928	2 942	1 126	82
	30-34	26 530	3 920	14 229	5 477	1 745	1 159
	35-39	21 165	2 145	11 289	4 534	2 223	975
	40-44	20 962	1 767	9 640	4 925	2 782	1 848
	45-49	16 568	1 253	6 300	4 247	2 457	2 312
11	**Dien Bien**						
	Total	**105 390**	**23 861**	**41 937**	**17 751**	**9 694**	**12 146**
	15-19	4 370	3 425	843	102		
	20-24	16 586	7 772	6 383	1 976	351	104
	25-29	21 749	6 793	8 550	3 543	1 805	1 059
	30-34	20 944	3 298	10 162	3 495	1 913	2 076
	35-39	16 422	1 007	7 336	3 456	1 867	2 755
	40-44	12 928	858	5 030	2 842	1 683	2 514
	45-49	12 390	708	3 633	2 336	2 075	3 639

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
12	**Lai Chau**						
	Total	**81 138**	**16 272**	**28 896**	**16 112**	**10 169**	**9 689**
	15-19	4 370	3 383	988			
	20-24	12 226	5 177	5 292	1 474	205	79
	25-29	17 505	5 099	7 283	3 274	1 249	600
	30-34	15 516	1 498	6 589	3 387	2 384	1 659
	35-39	13 247	645	4 482	3 675	2 284	2 160
	40-44	9 916	300	2 480	2 484	2 272	2 380
	45-49	8 358	171	1 782	1 819	1 776	2 810
14	**Son La**						
	Total	**246 680**	**50 993**	**122 664**	**44 943**	**18 184**	**9 896**
	15-19	9 122	7 024	2 098			
	20-24	37 932	18 722	16 188	2 795	227	
	25-29	51 998	13 214	30 505	6 590	1 195	494
	30-34	45 119	5 205	27 198	8 785	2 932	1 001
	35-39	40 478	3 069	21 413	10 776	3 569	1 651
	40-44	31 883	1 760	15 805	7 907	4 528	1 883
	45-49	30 148	2 000	9 457	8 091	5 734	4 866
15	**Yen Bai**						
	Total	**161 796**	**45 979**	**79 801**	**22 664**	**8 301**	**5 051**
	15-19	5 069	4 559	453	58		
	20-24	19 961	14 008	5 440	455	58	
	25-29	28 525	12 483	13 430	1 931	522	159
	30-34	29 178	6 319	16 946	4 422	872	621
	35-39	30 056	3 224	19 419	5 066	1 737	611
	40-44	25 318	3 295	14 103	5 098	1 585	1 238
	45-49	23 688	2 092	10 010	5 635	3 528	2 423
17	**Hoa Binh**						
	Total	**170 646**	**51 325**	**94 743**	**20 299**	**3 536**	**743**
	15-19	2 337	2 209	128			
	20-24	17 660	14 597	2 967	96		
	25-29	32 940	15 780	15 992	1 079	89	
	30-34	33 054	8 492	21 972	2 346	244	
	35-39	29 983	4 141	21 232	3 872	630	109
	40-44	27 999	3 104	19 221	4 859	573	241
	45-49	26 673	3 001	13 233	8 047	2 000	393

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
19	**Thai Nguyen**						
	Total	**236 572**	**68 538**	**136 265**	**24 934**	**5 862**	**975**
	15-19	1 982	1 922	59			
	20-24	21 878	17 354	4 256	269		
	25-29	43 438	20 824	20 723	1 768	123	
	30-34	44 256	10 638	30 717	2 574	327	
	35-39	45 251	7 386	31 098	5 479	1 165	122
	40-44	39 594	5 668	26 742	5 766	1 234	184
	45-49	40 173	4 746	22 669	9 077	3 013	668
20	**Lang Son**						
	Total	**152 804**	**48 914**	**75 970**	**19 872**	**6 151**	**1 896**
	15-19	1 619	1 451	168			
	20-24	15 969	12 714	3 120	135		
	25-29	27 914	15 249	11 671	901	93	
	30-34	29 347	9 529	16 513	2 981	325	
	35-39	27 446	4 766	16 511	4 460	1 348	362
	40-44	24 724	2 746	15 275	4 679	1 795	229
	45-49	25 785	2 459	12 713	6 717	2 590	1 306
22	**Quang Ninh**						
	Total	**225 364**	**59 914**	**132 469**	**25 785**	**5 411**	**1 784**
	15-19	2 209	2 088	121			
	20-24	16 218	13 434	2 671	114		
	25-29	39 319	20 049	17 680	1 466	124	
	30-34	41 130	10 227	26 755	3 781	309	58
	35-39	43 714	4 965	31 193	5 914	1 264	378
	40-44	43 600	5 013	28 825	8 105	1 219	438
	45-49	39 174	4 138	25 225	6 405	2 495	911
24	**Bac Giang**						
	Total	**323 434**	**71 725**	**189 403**	**50 744**	**9 171**	**2 391**
	15-19	2 047	1 983	64			
	20-24	32 647	22 819	9 434	394		
	25-29	55 323	22 072	29 842	3 339	70	
	30-34	63 854	9 920	44 385	8 400	957	193
	35-39	62 589	6 384	41 601	12 302	1 967	335
	40-44	54 744	4 403	35 424	11 786	2 674	457
	45-49	52 229	4 143	28 652	14 524	3 503	1 406

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
25	**Phu Tho**						
	Total	**260 996**	**60 556**	**153 001**	**38 557**	**6 210**	**2 672**
	15-19	2 090	1 926	163			
	20-24	21 898	16 302	5 553	43		
	25-29	45 891	20 919	22 725	2 017	229	
	30-34	51 132	9 100	35 215	5 864	659	294
	35-39	48 115	5 535	33 966	7 840	629	146
	40-44	48 396	3 777	31 467	10 686	1 572	894
	45-49	43 475	2 997	23 912	12 106	3 120	1 339
26	**Vinh Phuc**						
	Total	**201 412**	**42 880**	**109 534**	**39 029**	**8 406**	**1 562**
	15-19	2 027	1 868	159			
	20-24	22 246	15 114	7 076	57		
	25-29	38 158	12 098	22 339	3 563	158	
	30-34	39 625	5 916	26 275	6 698	736	
	35-39	32 832	2 371	20 381	7 713	1 794	572
	40-44	31 925	2 930	18 584	8 639	1 547	225
	45-49	34 599	2 583	14 720	12 360	4 172	765
27	**Bac Ninh**						
	Total	**217 305**	**43 509**	**114 734**	**45 930**	**10 516**	**2 617**
	15-19	2 157	1 933	224			
	20-24	21 030	15 185	5 374	471		
	25-29	39 374	13 502	21 264	4 335	274	
	30-34	41 756	5 905	26 092	8 385	1 323	51
	35-39	39 508	2 675	23 744	10 490	2 312	287
	40-44	38 026	2 285	20 793	11 309	2 819	821
	45-49	35 453	2 025	17 241	10 940	3 789	1 458
30	**Hai Duong**						
	Total	**315 377**	**74 617**	**190 731**	**43 744**	**5 570**	**715**
	15-19	1 073	999	74			
	20-24	22 442	17 116	5 112	214		
	25-29	53 996	25 068	26 415	2 338	176	
	30-34	59 735	12 685	40 628	6 027	394	
	35-39	60 977	6 453	42 526	10 670	1 328	
	40-44	62 293	5 907	42 365	12 153	1 682	186
	45-49	54 860	6 390	33 611	12 341	1 990	529

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
31	**Hai Phong**						
	Total	**348 378**	**99 252**	**206 287**	**36 365**	**5 602**	**872**
	15-19	1 903	1 903				
	20-24	24 583	18 877	5 541	165		
	25-29	64 255	34 562	27 935	1 717	41	
	30-34	73 603	20 228	47 315	5 673	387	
	35-39	65 060	9 079	45 675	8 986	1 320	
	40-44	63 501	8 525	43 761	9 148	1 593	474
	45-49	55 474	6 078	36 059	10 677	2 261	398
33	**Hung Yen**						
	Total	**210 396**	**40 232**	**125 620**	**37 737**	**5 828**	**979**
	15-19	1 330	1 330				
	20-24	17 257	11 897	5 360			
	25-29	33 852	12 542	19 578	1 497	235	
	30-34	41 523	6 131	28 280	6 568	487	59
	35-39	41 325	2 568	28 055	9 255	1 322	125
	40-44	41 621	3 167	26 432	9 862	1 845	314
	45-49	33 489	2 597	17 916	10 555	1 940	481
34	**Thai Binh**						
	Total	**303 688**	**70 334**	**181 311**	**44 712**	**5 976**	**1 355**
	15-19	1 091	1 091				
	20-24	18 637	15 682	2 955			
	25-29	44 670	22 792	19 851	1 786	240	
	30-34	59 324	11 997	40 306	6 227	627	168
	35-39	58 954	5 951	40 021	11 152	1 753	77
	40-44	62 796	6 066	42 009	12 519	1 501	700
	45-49	58 217	6 755	36 170	13 028	1 855	409
35	**Ha Nam**						
	Total	**137 369**	**27 622**	**78 014**	**25 683**	**4 847**	**1 203**
	15-19	770	677	93			
	20-24	10 179	7 660	2 468	51		
	25-29	21 473	8 684	11 608	1 182		
	30-34	27 483	4 281	18 010	4 590	501	101
	35-39	25 156	2 402	16 397	5 452	814	91
	40-44	26 781	2 187	16 163	6 519	1 484	428
	45-49	25 527	1 731	13 276	7 889	2 049	583

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
36	**Nam Dinh**						
	Total	**327 351**	**69 422**	**170 120**	**66 723**	**15 784**	**5 302**
	15-19	1 812	1 672	139			
	20-24	26 413	18 307	7 543	483		80
	25-29	59 811	22 931	32 401	4 004	475	
	30-34	61 431	9 814	36 883	13 118	1 371	245
	35-39	60 266	5 520	34 080	15 431	4 464	771
	40-44	61 608	5 262	32 890	16 816	5 198	1 443
	45-49	56 011	5 916	26 184	16 870	4 276	2 764
37	**Ninh Binh**						
	Total	**161 790**	**34 885**	**83 291**	**34 760**	**6 491**	**2 362**
	15-19	874	766	55	52		
	20-24	13 196	10 024	3 118	54		
	25-29	29 143	12 718	14 210	2 102	112	
	30-34	31 198	5 067	19 795	5 629	707	
	35-39	28 444	2 826	16 628	7 190	1 473	327
	40-44	30 314	1 528	17 520	8 929	1 717	620
	45-49	28 621	1 956	11 965	10 804	2 482	1 414
38	**Thanh Hoa**						
	Total	**633 758**	**159 007**	**330 002**	**107 861**	**27 386**	**9 502**
	15-19	6 224	5 489	631	104		
	20-24	58 514	46 578	11 501	435		
	25-29	104 003	51 749	47 164	4 680	410	
	30-34	117 269	24 742	76 384	13 633	2 198	312
	35-39	112 864	11 409	74 414	21 933	3 404	1 704
	40-44	123 086	9 802	70 301	32 524	7 836	2 623
	45-49	111 797	9 238	49 607	34 552	13 538	4 863
40	**Nghe An**						
	Total	**529 063**	**131 341**	**229 919**	**113 872**	**38 802**	**15 129**
	15-19	6 041	5 581	461			
	20-24	51 061	39 293	11 334	434		
	25-29	93 442	45 301	41 020	6 060	1 062	
	30-34	89 276	18 581	50 766	16 451	2 848	630
	35-39	102 631	9 927	53 092	27 716	9 645	2 252
	40-44	99 462	7 082	45 723	32 009	9 428	5 219
	45-49	87 148	5 577	27 523	31 202	15 818	7 028

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
42	**Ha Tinh**						
	Total	**205 010**	**41 404**	**76 308**	**56 132**	**21 310**	**9 856**
	15-19	605	605				
	20-24	14 155	11 464	2 367	263	61	
	25-29	29 650	14 080	13 007	2 497	66	
	30-34	39 502	7 024	20 973	9 117	2 051	337
	35-39	39 546	3 069	16 042	14 662	4 390	1 382
	40-44	42 212	2 798	12 943	17 027	6 590	2 854
	45-49	39 340	2 364	10 977	12 565	8 151	5 283
44	**Quang Binh**						
	Total	**151 444**	**32 639**	**61 479**	**35 101**	**15 811**	**6 415**
	15-19	1 404	1 352	51			
	20-24	10 345	8 035	2 164	147		
	25-29	22 273	11 079	9 801	1 189	203	
	30-34	27 292	5 807	15 291	5 120	924	150
	35-39	32 916	2 436	16 252	9 821	3 406	1 001
	40-44	31 416	2 006	11 423	10 604	5 235	2 146
	45-49	25 800	1 923	6 497	8 220	6 042	3 118
45	**Quang Tri**						
	Total	**108 929**	**22 766**	**43 110**	**24 758**	**11 711**	**6 584**
	15-19	976	797	135	44		
	20-24	5 982	4 628	1 085	269		
	25-29	17 372	8 977	6 172	1 569	508	146
	30-34	18 813	3 985	10 069	3 043	1 195	522
	35-39	23 879	1 614	11 373	6 578	3 126	1 187
	40-44	22 239	1 585	8 176	7 256	2 819	2 404
	45-49	19 667	1 179	6 100	6 000	4 064	2 324
46	**Thua Thien Hue**						
	Total	**179 892**	**38 922**	**67 630**	**37 753**	**22 700**	**12 888**
	15-19	1 355	1 248	106			
	20-24	10 597	8 471	2 127			
	25-29	23 517	13 721	8 477	1 211	108	
	30-34	30 102	7 053	16 375	4 979	1 317	379
	35-39	35 366	3 591	16 253	9 936	4 148	1 438
	40-44	39 850	2 630	13 916	12 109	7 515	3 680
	45-49	39 105	2 208	10 376	9 518	9 611	7 392

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
48	**Da Nang**						
	Total	**177 207**	**51 243**	**91 853**	**25 750**	**6 108**	**2 252**
	15-19	760	721	40			
	20-24	10 010	8 205	1 583	104	118	
	25-29	27 581	17 127	9 904	491	59	
	30-34	34 413	11 081	20 287	2 753	225	68
	35-39	34 450	4 558	22 464	6 268	842	318
	40-44	36 127	5 428	20 539	7 457	2 116	586
	45-49	33 865	4 124	17 037	8 677	2 748	1 280
49	**Quang Nam**						
	Total	**250 604**	**62 344**	**108 070**	**55 523**	**19 154**	**5 514**
	15-19	2 604	2 604				
	20-24	19 306	15 190	3 621	495		
	25-29	38 199	19 415	15 485	3 091	209	
	30-34	42 176	10 759	23 651	6 106	1 372	288
	35-39	45 474	4 397	24 178	12 020	3 770	1 109
	40-44	49 179	4 150	21 575	15 980	6 409	1 065
	45-49	53 667	5 831	19 560	17 832	7 393	3 051
51	**Quang Ngai**						
	Total	**215 155**	**56 073**	**96 784**	**43 333**	**14 069**	**4 895**
	15-19	2 282	1 907	315	59		
	20-24	16 127	12 542	3 268	316		
	25-29	35 546	18 641	15 176	1 595	72	62
	30-34	40 106	10 640	22 453	5 878	1 076	59
	35-39	39 765	4 386	23 078	9 250	2 542	509
	40-44	39 767	3 856	16 846	13 266	4 586	1 213
	45-49	41 562	4 101	15 648	12 968	5 793	3 053
52	**Binh Dinh**						
	Total	**275 090**	**66 076**	**124 415**	**58 800**	**19 252**	**6 548**
	15-19	1 292	1 227	65			
	20-24	20 125	16 102	3 800	223		
	25-29	37 249	19 305	16 556	1 186	202	
	30-34	51 324	13 141	29 276	7 520	1 252	135
	35-39	54 408	6 515	29 849	13 628	3 865	550
	40-44	59 013	4 764	26 785	19 714	5 629	2 122
	45-49	51 679	5 023	18 083	16 529	8 303	3 741

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
54	**Phu Yen**						
	Total	**164 185**	**38 810**	**78 208**	**33 218**	**10 252**	**3 697**
	15-19	1 922	1 922				
	20-24	12 098	9 574	2 306	218		
	25-29	21 684	10 738	9 705	1 183	58	
	30-34	30 793	7 279	18 675	4 239	600	
	35-39	33 466	4 240	19 608	7 440	1 582	596
	40-44	35 690	2 650	17 822	10 787	3 409	1 023
	45-49	28 533	2 407	10 092	9 351	4 604	2 078
56	**Khanh Hoa**						
	Total	**210 686**	**54 503**	**102 909**	**34 852**	**13 175**	**5 246**
	15-19	1 737	1 737				
	20-24	11 374	8 871	2 312	191		
	25-29	25 870	13 572	10 676	1 375	175	72
	30-34	39 776	12 631	21 158	4 742	958	287
	35-39	44 842	7 875	25 842	8 322	2 162	641
	40-44	46 374	5 612	24 384	10 528	3 986	1 864
	45-49	40 712	4 204	18 537	9 695	5 893	2 382
58	**Ninh Thuan**						
	Total	**107 443**	**26 905**	**41 615**	**20 258**	**10 294**	**8 372**
	15-19	1 582	1 582				
	20-24	10 190	7 515	2 557	117		
	25-29	16 287	8 213	6 325	1 408	341	
	30-34	20 302	4 896	10 454	3 564	903	486
	35-39	19 898	1 846	9 074	5 334	2 775	869
	40-44	21 000	1 750	8 177	5 810	2 856	2 406
	45-49	18 184	1 103	5 027	4 025	3 418	4 610
60	**Binh Thuan**						
	Total	**214 987**	**49 845**	**90 935**	**44 300**	**20 933**	**8 974**
	15-19	1 925	1 820	104			
	20-24	14 808	11 167	3 369	271		
	25-29	31 051	14 665	14 088	1 679	619	
	30-34	41 678	10 095	23 708	6 388	1 259	228
	35-39	43 775	5 143	21 422	12 151	3 977	1 082
	40-44	44 399	3 874	17 173	13 155	7 352	2 845
	45-49	37 351	3 079	11 070	10 656	7 726	4 820

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
62	**Kon Tum**						
	Total	**89 882**	**22 288**	**35 559**	**16 340**	**7 193**	**8 502**
	15-19	2 753	2 654	99			
	20-24	11 229	7 719	2 844	561	104	
	25-29	16 141	5 999	7 072	1 985	889	196
	30-34	18 544	2 791	9 217	3 496	1 867	1 173
	35-39	15 670	1 411	7 273	3 499	1 422	2 066
	40-44	13 755	819	5 293	3 809	1 213	2 620
	45-49	11 790	895	3 760	2 989	1 699	2 446
64	**Gia Lai**						
	Total	**261 156**	**59 132**	**105 668**	**54 141**	**24 355**	**17 859**
	15-19	6 108	5 801	307			
	20-24	27 180	19 216	7 136	718	110	
	25-29	47 149	16 550	24 419	5 210	784	185
	30-34	53 391	8 568	26 566	12 132	4 167	1 958
	35-39	49 778	4 036	21 156	14 332	6 205	4 048
	40-44	42 071	2 727	15 143	12 772	6 224	5 204
	45-49	35 479	2 233	10 940	8 977	6 865	6 463
66	**Dak Lak**						
	Total	**340 042**	**75 021**	**133 631**	**77 875**	**31 675**	**21 840**
	15-19	4 755	4 607	148			
	20-24	31 985	24 514	7 044	371	57	
	25-29	54 981	23 851	24 611	5 581	548	388
	30-34	60 416	10 325	31 652	14 686	2 365	1 388
	35-39	68 315	4 823	31 151	21 019	7 992	3 330
	40-44	60 051	3 512	21 179	19 128	9 313	6 919
	45-49	59 538	3 389	17 847	17 090	11 399	9 814
67	**Dak Nong**						
	Total	**108 359**	**20 488**	**43 785**	**26 624**	**10 243**	**7 219**
	15-19	1 839	1 635	204			
	20-24	10 121	6 720	2 836	487	78	
	25-29	16 949	5 353	8 283	2 569	587	158
	30-34	23 138	3 172	11 473	6 185	1 693	615
	35-39	21 567	1 818	9 241	6 723	2 518	1 268
	40-44	18 062	998	7 012	5 619	2 436	1 997
	45-49	16 683	793	4 736	5 042	2 931	3 181

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
68	**Lam Dong**						
	Total	**229 106**	**57 939**	**99 837**	**45 014**	**16 952**	**9 363**
	15-19	2 779	2 581	197			
	20-24	20 986	16 447	4 080	459		
	25-29	34 411	15 658	15 689	2 725	283	57
	30-34	44 052	11 119	24 411	6 505	1 515	502
	35-39	43 859	5 442	22 451	11 140	3 337	1 490
	40-44	43 134	3 824	18 667	12 902	5 074	2 668
	45-49	39 885	2 869	14 343	11 283	6 743	4 647
70	**Binh Phuoc**						
	Total	**183 781**	**48 690**	**83 473**	**33 690**	**12 168**	**5 760**
	15-19	2 419	2 179	189	52		
	20-24	16 541	13 529	2 762	199	52	
	25-29	31 752	14 477	15 335	1 766	48	126
	30-34	36 167	7 805	21 156	5 458	1 226	523
	35-39	36 115	5 103	19 067	8 853	2 446	645
	40-44	32 134	2 990	14 898	8 920	3 624	1 702
	45-49	28 652	2 609	10 065	8 443	4 773	2 763
72	**Tay Ninh**						
	Total	**210 803**	**73 135**	**104 444**	**25 685**	**5 577**	**1 962**
	15-19	2 023	1 862	161			
	20-24	16 991	12 942	3 881	169		
	25-29	33 279	18 892	12 886	1 391	111	
	30-34	39 453	14 024	21 367	3 502	503	56
	35-39	42 955	10 699	25 682	5 383	955	236
	40-44	41 940	8 571	24 244	7 611	1 235	279
	45-49	34 160	6 145	16 222	7 629	2 774	1 391
74	**Binh Duong**						
	Total	**384 860**	**177 200**	**164 044**	**33 985**	**7 826**	**1 805**
	15-19	2 843	2 469	374			
	20-24	38 671	33 648	5 023			
	25-29	90 754	63 623	24 817	2 172	142	
	30-34	91 155	39 511	46 691	4 131	822	
	35-39	65 734	18 646	38 438	7 628	953	69
	40-44	52 187	11 406	28 349	9 851	2 314	266
	45-49	43 516	7 897	20 352	10 203	3 595	1 470

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
75	**Dong Nai**						
	Total	**494 078**	**149 863**	**225 896**	**83 123**	**24 868**	**10 328**
	15-19	2 484	2 333	151			
	20-24	30 679	25 339	4 962	378		
	25-29	88 148	47 856	33 652	5 915	548	176
	30-34	98 660	32 777	52 822	10 902	1 486	672
	35-39	97 951	17 490	55 275	19 631	3 982	1 572
	40-44	89 693	12 360	42 436	23 979	8 018	2 901
	45-49	86 463	11 707	36 599	22 317	10 833	5 007
77	**Ba Ria - Vung Tau**						
	Total	**196 619**	**60 133**	**94 273**	**28 553**	**9 468**	**4 193**
	15-19	885	829	56			
	20-24	11 653	8 862	2 644	146		
	25-29	32 103	20 186	11 302	454	108	52
	30-34	40 041	13 190	22 491	3 925	436	
	35-39	38 156	6 240	22 668	6 590	2 043	615
	40-44	38 388	5 995	20 673	7 816	2 758	1 147
	45-49	35 393	4 830	14 438	9 622	4 124	2 379
79	**Ho Chi Minh City**						
	Total	**1 388 234**	**589 294**	**661 695**	**112 856**	**19 298**	**5 091**
	15-19	5 560	5 407	154			
	20-24	57 498	48 532	8 966			
	25-29	201 887	142 694	54 024	4 692	477	
	30-34	319 922	157 328	148 065	13 496	842	191
	35-39	296 271	96 945	168 393	27 085	3 706	142
	40-44	272 388	78 624	153 558	32 272	6 340	1 594
	45-49	234 707	59 764	128 534	35 312	7 933	3 164
80	**Long An**						
	Total	**282 355**	**97 941**	**141 299**	**33 662**	**7 586**	**1 866**
	15-19	1 799	1 739	60			
	20-24	21 033	17 760	3 203	70		
	25-29	45 668	25 784	18 081	1 754	48	
	30-34	56 318	20 621	31 249	3 845	505	98
	35-39	54 057	12 769	32 725	7 443	845	275
	40-44	51 353	10 174	30 816	7 902	2 097	363
	45-49	52 127	9 093	25 166	12 648	4 090	1 131

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
82	**Tien Giang**						
	Total	**321 934**	**110 777**	**159 197**	**40 001**	**9 624**	**2 336**
	15-19	3 038	3 038				
	20-24	23 482	18 954	4 379	149		
	25-29	46 792	28 276	17 038	1 397	81	
	30-34	64 678	23 941	35 867	4 379	422	69
	35-39	58 995	15 238	35 549	6 667	1 328	214
	40-44	60 158	10 808	34 538	11 997	2 370	445
	45-49	64 790	10 521	31 825	15 412	5 424	1 608
83	**Ben Tre**						
	Total	**242 219**	**94 254**	**117 490**	**23 423**	**5 316**	**1 737**
	15-19	1 553	1 553				
	20-24	13 025	11 069	1 956			
	25-29	32 471	22 870	9 035	506	60	
	30-34	46 848	22 192	22 397	2 130	130	
	35-39	44 930	13 037	27 576	3 808	383	126
	40-44	48 131	11 520	28 586	6 374	1 232	419
	45-49	55 262	12 014	27 940	10 606	3 511	1 192
84	**Tra Vinh**						
	Total	**189 659**	**67 310**	**93 481**	**21 247**	**5 651**	**1 969**
	15-19	2 379	2 099	280			
	20-24	14 272	11 780	2 433	60		
	25-29	28 801	17 780	9 902	940	178	
	30-34	39 867	14 223	21 730	3 232	624	57
	35-39	40 164	9 850	25 486	4 229	543	56
	40-44	33 381	6 862	19 022	5 499	1 479	519
	45-49	30 794	4 716	14 627	7 287	2 827	1 337
86	**Vinh Long**						
	Total	**186 551**	**71 111**	**92 409**	**18 511**	**3 179**	**1 341**
	15-19	1 399	1 337	62			
	20-24	11 823	9 980	1 794	49		
	25-29	25 993	15 909	9 616	469		
	30-34	37 576	16 687	18 637	1 820	385	48
	35-39	39 214	10 780	23 512	4 369	552	
	40-44	34 366	9 589	19 543	4 470	597	166
	45-49	36 180	6 829	19 245	7 334	1 645	1 128

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
87	**Dong Thap**						
	Total	**315 727**	**103 758**	**154 469**	**44 336**	**10 248**	**2 916**
	15-19	2 613	2 549	64			
	20-24	21 987	17 097	4 830	59		
	25-29	48 472	27 098	19 450	1 853	71	
	30-34	60 827	21 018	33 234	5 626	949	
	35-39	60 121	14 442	35 311	8 979	1 065	325
	40-44	63 289	11 574	34 744	13 432	2 741	798
	45-49	58 418	9 981	26 835	14 387	5 422	1 793
89	**An Giang**						
	Total	**403 542**	**141 779**	**187 658**	**55 223**	**14 247**	**4 635**
	15-19	4 620	4 212	327	81		
	20-24	35 332	27 248	7 431	652		
	25-29	64 462	36 360	25 129	2 617	355	
	30-34	82 147	28 194	43 953	8 584	1 340	76
	35-39	75 221	18 651	41 454	12 614	1 758	744
	40-44	74 966	16 325	37 886	15 485	4 223	1 046
	45-49	66 795	10 788	31 478	15 190	6 571	2 769
91	**Kien Giang**						
	Total	**326 278**	**95 396**	**153 834**	**56 277**	**14 118**	**6 652**
	15-19	4 146	4 086	59			
	20-24	29 058	22 738	5 708	453	160	
	25-29	54 924	25 881	24 476	4 335	232	
	30-34	65 031	18 592	37 203	7 853	1 208	174
	35-39	65 623	11 012	37 754	13 613	2 562	683
	40-44	56 864	7 586	27 850	15 154	4 351	1 923
	45-49	50 632	5 502	20 783	14 869	5 605	3 872
92	**Can Tho**						
	Total	**220 786**	**82 229**	**106 984**	**24 862**	**4 940**	**1 771**
	15-19	2 050	1 941	108			
	20-24	16 068	12 989	3 022	58		
	25-29	32 734	18 887	12 883	903	61	
	30-34	49 249	20 073	24 901	3 999	220	56
	35-39	42 961	11 087	25 389	5 462	924	98
	40-44	41 882	9 554	23 330	7 491	1 248	259
	45-49	35 841	7 698	17 350	6 949	2 487	1 358

Table 5 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children ever born				
			1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
93	**Hau Giang**						
	Total	**136 336**	**46 207**	**66 941**	**18 084**	**4 164**	**941**
	15-19	1 411	1 320	91			
	20-24	9 459	7 616	1 706	137		
	25-29	21 222	12 549	8 181	451	41	
	30-34	27 253	10 314	14 592	2 175	124	49
	35-39	26 766	5 740	16 647	3 845	534	
	40-44	27 228	4 742	15 622	5 451	1 326	88
	45-49	22 996	3 925	10 102	6 026	2 139	804
94	**Soc Trang**						
	Total	**234 469**	**76 475**	**109 303**	**36 714**	**8 196**	**3 781**
	15-19	2 642	2 466	175			
	20-24	18 252	14 279	3 841	131		
	25-29	35 564	20 228	13 538	1 740	58	
	30-34	47 035	16 070	25 906	4 419	565	75
	35-39	49 606	10 460	28 974	8 492	1 548	132
	40-44	43 504	7 508	21 667	10 835	2 273	1 221
	45-49	37 866	5 462	15 202	11 096	3 752	2 354
95	**Bac Lieu**						
	Total	**148 815**	**45 934**	**72 905**	**22 119**	**5 904**	**1 954**
	15-19	1 408	1 408				
	20-24	11 427	9 409	1 968	50		
	25-29	23 698	13 344	9 530	730	48	47
	30-34	28 390	8 490	16 589	2 639	537	135
	35-39	31 772	6 003	19 734	5 233	559	243
	40-44	28 030	4 266	14 522	6 744	1 658	839
	45-49	24 090	3 013	10 562	6 723	3 102	690
96	**Ca Mau**						
	Total	**226 074**	**74 536**	**106 108**	**34 001**	**7 728**	**3 701**
	15-19	3 160	2 960	200			
	20-24	21 484	15 867	5 567	49		
	25-29	36 472	19 436	15 156	1 817	63	
	30-34	47 094	15 751	26 094	4 642	550	57
	35-39	44 377	8 538	25 915	8 380	1 244	300
	40-44	40 249	7 716	20 653	9 204	1 897	778
	45-49	33 239	4 268	12 524	9 909	3 973	2 565

Table 6

NUMBER OF WOMEN AGED 15-49 BY NUMBER OF CHILDREN SURVIVING, AGE GROUP OF URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
ENTIRE COUNTRY								
	Total	**16 605 355**	**14 410**	**4 843 854**	**8 260 698**	**2 514 030**	**689 334**	**283 029**
	15-19	169 530	881	154 576	13 515	537		21
	20-24	1 343 874	3 345	1 019 041	300 239	19 749	1 392	106
	25-29	2 758 532	2 826	1 416 964	1 168 416	147 526	19 187	3 613
	30-34	3 304 988	1 680	944 479	1 899 753	376 450	64 210	18 417
	35-39	3 189 549	1 314	524 126	1 900 432	584 877	136 786	42 014
	40-44	3 044 855	1 895	426 634	1 664 625	679 066	192 839	79 796
	45-49	2 794 026	2 469	358 034	1 313 718	705 824	274 920	139 061
URBAN								
	Total	**5 339 047**	**3 502**	**1 880 089**	**2 768 718**	**538 633**	**112 224**	**35 881**
	15-19	27 066	26	25 627	1 337	76		
	20-24	300 312	311	249 038	49 374	1 414	175	
	25-29	862 088	524	546 543	289 482	23 076	2 245	218
	30-34	1 149 515	604	445 703	623 683	69 166	8 805	1 554
	35-39	1 074 786	503	249 306	675 142	127 291	18 494	4 050
	40-44	1 017 806	488	202 148	614 006	156 540	33 941	10 683
	45-49	907 473	1 045	161 725	515 694	161 069	48 564	19 376
RURAL								
	Total	**11 266 308**	**10 909**	**2 963 765**	**5 491 979**	**1 975 397**	**577 110**	**247 148**
	15-19	142 464	855	128 948	12 178	462		21
	20-24	1 043 562	3 034	770 004	250 865	18 335	1 217	106
	25-29	1 896 444	2 302	870 421	878 934	124 450	16 942	3 394
	30-34	2 155 473	1 076	498 776	1 276 070	307 284	55 404	16 863
	35-39	2 114 763	811	274 820	1 225 290	457 586	118 292	37 964
	40-44	2 027 049	1 407	224 486	1 050 619	522 526	158 898	69 113
	45-49	1 886 554	1 424	196 309	798 024	544 754	226 357	119 686
Socio-economic regions								
R1	**Northern Midlands and Mountains**							
	Total	**2 351 388**	**3 540**	**622 830**	**1 236 520**	**329 043**	**102 538**	**56 916**
	15-19	48 886	594	41 255	6 791	226		21
	20-24	271 742	1 246	179 153	81 133	9 331	772	106
	25-29	437 296	529	185 355	208 843	32 265	7 983	2 321
	30-34	444 287	284	91 539	276 150	54 523	14 347	7 444
	35-39	421 523	252	51 942	267 573	70 441	20 659	10 655
	40-44	373 435	366	39 024	224 288	71 742	24 078	13 938
	45-49	354 218	269	34 561	171 742	90 516	34 699	22 431

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
R2	**Red River Delta**							
	Total	**3 708 850**	**2 226**	**912 825**	**2 123 708**	**553 325**	**95 410**	**21 356**
	15-19	23 270	54	21 730	1 433	52		
	20-24	287 206	757	216 996	67 039	2 413		
	25-29	652 684	804	299 491	314 007	35 897	2 484	
	30-34	760 625	248	163 078	490 170	96 003	10 258	868
	35-39	694 563	114	74 178	465 600	130 422	21 526	2 723
	40-44	674 402		71 525	429 268	139 627	27 178	6 804
	45-49	616 101	248	65 826	356 192	148 911	33 964	10 961
R3	**North and South Central Coast**							
	Total	**3 423 453**	**2 883**	**845 777**	**1 565 917**	**683 628**	**234 965**	**90 282**
	15-19	30 709	65	28 694	1 743	207		
	20-24	264 691	858	207 897	52 604	3 214	118	
	25-29	523 725	539	269 534	222 574	27 572	3 227	280
	30-34	622 823	419	149 519	362 573	90 501	16 535	3 275
	35-39	663 282	145	73 019	367 279	163 103	47 807	11 929
	40-44	689 813	376	61 060	323 405	207 264	70 684	27 024
	45-49	628 411	481	56 055	235 738	191 768	96 594	47 774
R4	**Central Highlands**							
	Total	**1 028 545**	**919**	**238 987**	**426 008**	**218 342**	**87 478**	**56 810**
	15-19	18 234	169	17 109	956			
	20-24	101 501	246	74 770	24 023	2 170	292	
	25-29	169 631	47	68 542	80 410	17 082	2 847	703
	30-34	199 542	52	36 611	104 856	42 079	11 387	4 556
	35-39	199 190	52	18 708	92 349	56 719	20 415	10 947
	40-44	177 074	294	12 297	69 680	54 248	23 393	17 161
	45-49	163 374	60	10 949	53 733	46 044	29 144	23 443
R5	**Southeast**							
	Total	**2 858 375**	**1 857**	**1 104 084**	**1 334 710**	**315 715**	**75 482**	**26 527**
	15-19	16 214		15 078	1 084	52		
	20-24	172 033		143 175	27 970	836	52	
	25-29	477 924	420	308 662	150 966	16 193	1 420	262
	30-34	625 398	274	265 680	312 001	40 974	5 090	1 379
	35-39	577 182	238	156 422	329 345	74 488	13 657	3 032
	40-44	526 731	329	121 384	284 794	90 382	22 638	7 205
	45-49	462 892	596	93 683	228 550	92 790	32 625	14 648

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
R6	**Mekong River Delta**							
	Total	**3 234 744**	**2 985**	**1 119 350**	**1 573 835**	**413 976**	**93 461**	**31 138**
	15-19	32 217		30 709	1 508			
	20-24	246 702	238	197 050	47 469	1 785	160	
	25-29	497 273	486	285 380	191 618	18 517	1 225	47
	30-34	652 313	402	238 051	354 003	52 371	6 593	893
	35-39	633 810	514	149 856	378 285	89 704	12 722	2 729
	40-44	603 400	530	121 344	333 189	115 805	24 868	7 665
	45-49	569 030	815	96 960	267 763	135 795	47 894	19 803
01	**Ha Noi**							
	Total	**1 260 419**	**618**	**341 834**	**716 637**	**165 955**	**29 641**	**5 734**
	15-19	8 025		7 458	567			
	20-24	95 003	276	73 441	20 126	1 161		
	25-29	228 633	193	114 082	99 961	13 206	1 192	
	30-34	283 817	150	69 153	177 826	32 263	3 937	489
	35-39	238 326		28 235	163 387	40 063	6 192	449
	40-44	211 937		26 831	135 712	39 203	8 261	1 930
	45-49	194 676		22 633	119 059	40 059	10 059	2 866
02	**Ha Giang**							
	Total	**156 056**	**179**	**38 576**	**72 479**	**26 561**	**11 359**	**6 903**
	15-19	4 612		4 025	546	41		
	20-24	20 241	136	12 085	7 004	1 015		
	25-29	29 930		10 840	13 212	4 026	1 520	333
	30-34	27 683		4 738	14 882	5 022	2 086	956
	35-39	27 632	42	2 961	15 236	4 809	2 807	1 777
	40-44	24 318		2 139	12 747	5 353	2 216	1 863
	45-49	21 640		1 788	8 853	6 295	2 731	1 974
04	**Cao Bang**							
	Total	**102 862**	**150**	**33 766**	**47 047**	**12 809**	**4 849**	**4 241**
	15-19	2 547	40	1 940	567			
	20-24	11 695	37	7 898	3 259	467	33	
	25-29	17 557	36	9 863	5 374	1 600	503	182
	30-34	18 206		6 142	8 504	2 168	860	532
	35-39	18 999	37	3 486	10 751	2 610	1 148	968
	40-44	16 761		2 233	9 901	2 327	998	1 303
	45-49	17 098		2 205	8 692	3 637	1 308	1 256

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
06	**Bac Kan**							
	Total	**65 821**	**68**	**24 048**	**33 203**	**6 491**	**1 412**	**598**
	15-19	1 592		1 410	138	24		21
	20-24	6 284		5 102	1 088	93		
	25-29	11 584	25	7 405	3 643	372	72	69
	30-34	10 888		3 910	6 361	464	110	43
	35-39	12 707	22	2 516	8 964	921	195	89
	40-44	11 027	21	1 858	6 870	1 720	433	126
	45-49	11 738		1 848	6 140	2 897	602	251
08	**Tuyen Quang**							
	Total	**156 318**	**242**	**46 411**	**84 155**	**18 328**	**4 938**	**2 244**
	15-19	3 206	49	2 875	283			
	20-24	18 759	99	13 483	5 039	137		
	25-29	29 220		14 573	13 348	1 209	91	
	30-34	28 579		6 754	19 219	2 186	236	184
	35-39	27 431		3 210	19 054	4 403	469	296
	40-44	24 867	94	2 862	15 285	4 395	1 589	643
	45-49	24 255		2 655	11 928	5 998	2 554	1 120
10	**Lao Cai**							
	Total	**130 875**	**126**	**31 655**	**61 768**	**21 704**	**10 054**	**5 568**
	15-19	3 923	39	3 296	588			
	20-24	18 007	44	9 983	6 951	876	153	
	25-29	23 721		8 696	11 305	2 641	998	82
	30-34	26 530		4 099	14 594	5 146	1 575	1 116
	35-39	21 165		2 225	11 717	4 122	2 220	880
	40-44	20 962	44	1 980	10 153	4 452	2 730	1 603
	45-49	16 568		1 376	6 461	4 467	2 378	1 887
11	**Dien Bien**							
	Total	**105 390**	**349**	**24 837**	**43 256**	**16 931**	**9 493**	**10 525**
	15-19	4 370	38	3 497	732	102		
	20-24	16 586	42	8 231	6 412	1 702	170	28
	25-29	21 749	101	6 896	8 875	3 338	1 663	877
	30-34	20 944	62	3 419	10 412	3 368	2 052	1 631
	35-39	16 422	29	1 046	7 724	3 354	1 836	2 433
	40-44	12 928		858	5 317	2 822	1 623	2 307
	45-49	12 390	76	888	3 783	2 246	2 148	3 249

Table 6 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
12	**Lai Chau**							
	Total	**81 138**	**303**	**16 922**	**29 856**	**16 743**	**9 407**	**7 908**
	15-19	4 370	82	3 377	912			
	20-24	12 226	120	5 334	5 202	1 362	130	79
	25-29	17 505	63	5 243	7 511	3 302	1 055	332
	30-34	15 516	23	1 598	6 792	3 619	2 085	1 399
	35-39	13 247		722	4 780	3 776	2 213	1 756
	40-44	9 916		370	2 741	2 630	2 138	2 037
	45-49	8 358	15	278	1 918	2 054	1 786	2 305
14	**Son La**							
	Total	**246 680**	**578**	**52 967**	**124 761**	**43 430**	**17 064**	**7 881**
	15-19	9 122	178	6 905	2 038			
	20-24	37 932	232	18 775	16 129	2 569	227	
	25-29	51 998	59	13 628	31 011	5 849	1 162	289
	30-34	45 119	57	5 801	27 964	7 974	2 627	697
	35-39	40 478		3 293	22 138	10 106	3 684	1 257
	40-44	31 883		2 034	16 051	8 179	4 035	1 583
	45-49	30 148	52	2 530	9 430	8 753	5 327	4 056
15	**Yen Bai**							
	Total	**161 796**	**333**	**46 736**	**82 035**	**20 915**	**7 700**	**4 077**
	15-19	5 069	95	4 511	406	58		
	20-24	19 961	48	14 277	5 269	309	58	
	25-29	28 525	101	12 534	13 567	1 736	428	159
	30-34	29 178		6 554	17 438	3 839	819	528
	35-39	30 056		3 273	20 437	4 496	1 435	415
	40-44	25 318	44	3 452	14 280	4 911	1 690	941
	45-49	23 688	45	2 135	10 638	5 566	3 271	2 034
17	**Hoa Binh**							
	Total	**170 646**	**150**	**52 739**	**96 300**	**18 281**	**2 729**	**448**
	15-19	2 337		2 209	128			
	20-24	17 660	52	14 687	2 825	96		
	25-29	32 940		15 929	16 138	826	47	
	30-34	33 054	49	8 728	21 830	2 203	244	
	35-39	29 983		4 327	21 662	3 539	399	55
	40-44	27 999	49	3 669	19 829	3 867	434	149
	45-49	26 673		3 188	13 887	7 750	1 604	243

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
19	**Thai Nguyen**							
	Total	**236 572**	**296**	**70 161**	**137 862**	**22 895**	**4 681**	**677**
	15-19	1 982		1 922	59			
	20-24	21 878	58	17 486	4 201	133		
	25-29	43 438	64	21 193	20 530	1 528	123	
	30-34	44 256		10 695	31 142	2 289	131	
	35-39	45 251	60	7 679	31 526	5 117	805	64
	40-44	39 594	114	5 925	27 151	5 168	1 051	184
	45-49	40 173		5 260	23 252	8 660	2 571	430
20	**Lang Son**							
	Total	**152 804**	**435**	**49 620**	**76 797**	**18 856**	**5 340**	**1 757**
	15-19	1 619		1 451	168			
	20-24	15 969	180	12 625	3 029	135		
	25-29	27 914	80	15 299	11 623	820	93	
	30-34	29 347	92	9 701	16 653	2 622	279	
	35-39	27 446		4 944	16 699	4 331	1 159	313
	40-44	24 724		2 965	15 397	4 783	1 350	229
	45-49	25 785	82	2 635	13 229	6 166	2 459	1 215
22	**Quang Ninh**							
	Total	**225 364**	**63**	**60 925**	**132 559**	**25 224**	**5 042**	**1 551**
	15-19	2 209		2 088	121			
	20-24	16 218		13 434	2 671	114		
	25-29	39 319		20 283	17 445	1 466	124	
	30-34	41 130		10 434	26 834	3 555	306	
	35-39	43 714		5 142	31 241	5 930	1 084	318
	40-44	43 600		5 185	29 114	7 714	1 265	322
	45-49	39 174	63	4 359	25 133	6 445	2 262	911
24	**Bac Giang**							
	Total	**323 434**	**205**	**72 762**	**191 295**	**48 607**	**8 492**	**2 073**
	15-19	2 047	73	1 910	64			
	20-24	32 647	132	22 688	9 434	394		
	25-29	55 323		22 205	29 912	3 206		
	30-34	63 854		10 113	44 652	8 180	780	130
	35-39	62 589		6 588	42 366	11 507	1 859	269
	40-44	54 744		4 726	36 166	11 035	2 484	333
	45-49	52 229		4 533	28 701	14 285	3 368	1 341

Table 6 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
25	**Phu Tho**							
	Total	**260 996**	**128**	**61 630**	**155 706**	**36 494**	**5 020**	**2 017**
	15-19	2 090		1 926	163			
	20-24	21 898	66	16 499	5 290	43		
	25-29	45 891		21 052	22 797	1 813	229	
	30-34	51 132		9 287	35 708	5 445	464	228
	35-39	48 115	62	5 671	34 519	7 353	429	82
	40-44	48 396		3 954	32 399	10 101	1 307	635
	45-49	43 475		3 241	24 830	11 741	2 590	1 072
26	**Vinh Phuc**							
	Total	**201 412**	**211**	**43 154**	**111 176**	**37 750**	**8 010**	**1 111**
	15-19	2 027		1 868	159			
	20-24	22 246	159	15 003	7 027	57		
	25-29	38 158		12 153	22 498	3 405	102	
	30-34	39 625		5 965	26 604	6 374	682	
	35-39	32 832		2 430	20 596	7 549	1 685	572
	40-44	31 925		3 041	18 801	8 533	1 438	112
	45-49	34 599	52	2 694	15 491	11 832	4 104	428
27	**Bac Ninh**							
	Total	**217 305**	**170**	**44 421**	**118 049**	**43 983**	**8 709**	**1 974**
	15-19	2 157		1 933	224			
	20-24	21 030	117	15 228	5 268	418		
	25-29	39 374		13 616	21 513	4 083	162	
	30-34	41 756		5 957	26 595	7 883	1 271	51
	35-39	39 508		2 861	24 178	10 507	1 729	233
	40-44	38 026		2 399	21 909	10 796	2 193	729
	45-49	35 453	53	2 427	18 363	10 295	3 354	962
30	**Hai Duong**							
	Total	**315 377**	**72**	**75 896**	**192 044**	**41 981**	**4 818**	**566**
	15-19	1 073		999	74			
	20-24	22 442	72	17 119	5 112	139		
	25-29	53 996		25 147	26 710	1 964	176	
	30-34	59 735		12 836	40 707	5 797	394	
	35-39	60 977		6 607	42 853	10 416	1 102	
	40-44	62 293		6 355	42 755	11 396	1 601	186
	45-49	54 860		6 833	33 834	12 269	1 545	380

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
31	**Hai Phong**							
	Total	**348 378**	**414**	**100 885**	**207 639**	**34 180**	**4 550**	**710**
	15-19	1 903		1 903				
	20-24	24 583		19 119	5 299	165		
	25-29	64 255	316	34 493	27 850	1 556	41	
	30-34	73 603	99	20 375	47 642	5 100	387	
	35-39	65 060		9 162	46 077	8 908	913	
	40-44	63 501		8 867	44 321	8 573	1 357	382
	45-49	55 474		6 967	36 449	9 878	1 852	328
33	**Hung Yen**							
	Total	**210 396**	**113**	**40 898**	**127 230**	**36 298**	**5 057**	**800**
	15-19	1 330	54	1 276				
	20-24	17 257		11 897	5 360			
	25-29	33 852	59	12 553	19 753	1 313	174	
	30-34	41 523		6 496	28 161	6 497	310	59
	35-39	41 325		2 692	28 587	8 828	1 093	125
	40-44	41 621		3 287	26 719	9 706	1 655	254
	45-49	33 489		2 698	18 650	9 954	1 825	362
34	**Thai Binh**							
	Total	**303 688**	**80**	**71 506**	**181 913**	**43 546**	**5 705**	**939**
	15-19	1 091		1 091				
	20-24	18 637		15 762	2 876			
	25-29	44 670		22 867	19 845	1 876	82	
	30-34	59 324		12 338	40 370	5 900	716	
	35-39	58 954		6 023	40 327	10 773	1 753	77
	40-44	62 796		6 288	42 250	12 204	1 354	700
	45-49	58 217	80	7 137	36 246	12 792	1 801	161
35	**Ha Nam**							
	Total	**137 369**		**27 904**	**78 507**	**25 690**	**4 162**	**1 105**
	15-19	770		677	93			
	20-24	10 179		7 707	2 421	51		
	25-29	21 473		8 684	11 608	1 182		
	30-34	27 483		4 281	18 203	4 446	451	101
	35-39	25 156		2 493	16 504	5 254	814	91
	40-44	26 781		2 282	16 250	6 636	1 283	330
	45-49	25 527		1 780	13 428	8 122	1 613	583

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
36	**Nam Dinh**							
	Total	**327 351**	**267**	**70 292**	**173 411**	**64 277**	**14 499**	**4 605**
	15-19	1 812		1 672	139			
	20-24	26 413	80	18 316	7 709	308		
	25-29	59 811	74	22 949	32 558	3 910	320	
	30-34	61 431		10 127	37 227	12 537	1 371	169
	35-39	60 266	114	5 656	35 019	14 927	4 021	530
	40-44	61 608		5 410	33 427	16 210	5 273	1 289
	45-49	56 011		6 163	27 332	16 385	3 514	2 616
37	**Ninh Binh**							
	Total	**161 790**	**217**	**35 109**	**84 544**	**34 441**	**5 217**	**2 261**
	15-19	874		766	55	52		
	20-24	13 196	53	9 971	3 172			
	25-29	29 143	164	12 665	14 265	1 937	112	
	30-34	31 198		5 115	20 001	5 650	431	
	35-39	28 444		2 878	16 831	7 268	1 140	327
	40-44	30 314		1 579	18 012	8 655	1 498	569
	45-49	28 621		2 135	12 207	10 879	2 036	1 364
38	**Thanh Hoa**							
	Total	**633 758**	**486**	**161 127**	**333 663**	**104 709**	**26 096**	**7 676**
	15-19	6 224		5 489	631	104		
	20-24	58 514	291	46 398	11 391	435		
	25-29	104 003		52 352	46 941	4 300	410	
	30-34	117 269		25 127	76 965	12 865	2 000	312
	35-39	112 864		11 714	74 909	21 516	3 642	1 084
	40-44	123 086	94	10 455	71 148	31 620	7 659	2 109
	45-49	111 797	101	9 593	51 677	33 869	12 385	4 172
40	**Nghe An**							
	Total	**529 063**	**465**	**133 747**	**234 129**	**113 191**	**34 923**	**12 608**
	15-19	6 041		5 581	461			
	20-24	51 061	94	39 578	10 955	434		
	25-29	93 442	190	45 908	40 672	5 878	794	
	30-34	89 276	92	18 850	51 305	15 715	2 684	630
	35-39	102 631		10 292	53 894	27 181	9 387	1 877
	40-44	99 462		7 427	47 671	32 203	7 663	4 497
	45-49	87 148	89	6 110	29 171	31 779	14 395	5 603

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
42	**Ha Tinh**							
	Total	**205 010**	**130**	**42 080**	**78 743**	**55 284**	**20 313**	**8 461**
	15-19	605		605				
	20-24	14 155	68	11 457	2 367	263		
	25-29	29 650		14 205	13 004	2 376	66	
	30-34	39 502		7 151	21 135	9 061	2 011	143
	35-39	39 546		3 200	16 662	14 362	4 006	1 315
	40-44	42 212		3 042	13 550	16 689	6 565	2 366
	45-49	39 340	62	2 421	12 026	12 532	7 664	4 636
44	**Quang Binh**							
	Total	**151 444**	**203**	**33 042**	**62 493**	**35 206**	**15 009**	**5 491**
	15-19	1 404		1 352	51			
	20-24	10 345		8 035	2 164	147		
	25-29	22 273	48	11 204	9 687	1 179	155	
	30-34	27 292		5 807	15 476	5 034	925	49
	35-39	32 916	59	2 524	16 504	9 666	3 162	1 001
	40-44	31 416	96	2 006	11 763	10 611	5 108	1 831
	45-49	25 800		2 114	6 848	8 569	5 660	2 609
45	**Quang Tri**							
	Total	**108 929**	**180**	**23 368**	**43 761**	**24 842**	**11 136**	**5 642**
	15-19	976		797	135	44		
	20-24	5 982		4 724	989	269		
	25-29	17 372	44	9 001	6 158	1 514	508	146
	30-34	18 813	44	4 067	10 158	3 011	1 012	522
	35-39	23 879		1 657	11 639	6 481	3 086	1 017
	40-44	22 239	92	1 715	8 332	7 432	2 761	1 908
	45-49	19 667		1 407	6 351	6 090	3 769	2 049
46	**Thua Thien Hue**							
	Total	**179 892**		**39 728**	**68 718**	**38 052**	**22 637**	**10 758**
	15-19	1 355		1 310	45			
	20-24	10 597		8 471	2 127			
	25-29	23 517		13 823	8 478	1 217		
	30-34	30 102		7 108	16 665	4 825	1 236	267
	35-39	35 366		3 706	16 309	10 143	4 270	939
	40-44	39 850		2 803	14 228	12 235	7 489	3 094
	45-49	39 105		2 507	10 868	9 631	9 642	6 458

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
48	**Da Nang**							
	Total	**177 207**	**65**	**51 735**	**92 704**	**25 132**	**5 617**	**1 954**
	15-19	760		760				
	20-24	10 010		8 311	1 535	46	118	
	25-29	27 581		17 217	9 814	491	59	
	30-34	34 413	65	11 070	20 282	2 703	293	
	35-39	34 450		4 599	22 613	6 180	970	88
	40-44	36 127		5 556	20 605	7 597	1 782	586
	45-49	33 865		4 221	17 855	8 114	2 395	1 280
49	**Quang Nam**							
	Total	**250 604**	**122**	**63 791**	**109 180**	**56 469**	**16 456**	**4 587**
	15-19	2 604		2 604				
	20-24	19 306	62	15 127	3 621	495		
	25-29	38 199		19 754	15 439	3 006		
	30-34	42 176		11 224	23 728	6 054	952	217
	35-39	45 474		4 602	24 375	12 240	3 429	828
	40-44	49 179	60	4 274	21 587	16 863	5 518	877
	45-49	53 667		6 206	20 428	17 812	6 556	2 664
51	**Quang Ngai**							
	Total	**215 155**	**429**	**57 305**	**98 540**	**42 270**	**12 262**	**4 349**
	15-19	2 282	65	1 907	251	59		
	20-24	16 127	119	12 494	3 342	171		
	25-29	35 546	131	19 261	14 886	1 207		62
	30-34	40 106	60	10 700	22 631	5 775	883	59
	35-39	39 765		4 551	23 401	9 039	2 266	509
	40-44	39 767		3 914	17 779	13 260	3 731	1 083
	45-49	41 562	55	4 479	16 251	12 759	5 382	2 636
52	**Binh Dinh**							
	Total	**275 090**	**278**	**67 468**	**126 645**	**57 758**	**17 404**	**5 538**
	15-19	1 292		1 227	65			
	20-24	20 125	137	15 965	3 800	223		
	25-29	37 249	72	19 498	16 385	1 092	202	
	30-34	51 324		13 275	29 551	7 250	1 112	135
	35-39	54 408		6 777	30 194	13 280	3 753	405
	40-44	59 013		5 241	28 081	19 046	4 868	1 777
	45-49	51 679	69	5 485	18 570	16 867	7 468	3 221

Table 6 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
54	**Phu Yen**							
	Total	**164 185**	**210**	**39 225**	**79 614**	**32 338**	**9 536**	**3 262**
	15-19	1 922		1 922				
	20-24	12 098		9 630	2 250	218		
	25-29	21 684	54	10 783	9 713	1 134		
	30-34	30 793		7 385	18 785	4 022	600	
	35-39	33 466	51	4 293	19 980	7 227	1 370	545
	40-44	35 690		2 801	18 246	10 633	3 210	801
	45-49	28 533	105	2 411	10 640	9 104	4 356	1 917
56	**Khanh Hoa**							
	Total	**210 686**	**65**	**55 581**	**103 620**	**34 563**	**12 386**	**4 470**
	15-19	1 737		1 737				
	20-24	11 374		8 927	2 322	125		
	25-29	25 870		13 572	10 741	1 310	175	72
	30-34	39 776	65	12 635	21 615	4 336	898	227
	35-39	44 842		8 000	25 935	8 270	2 175	463
	40-44	46 374		6 007	24 515	10 485	3 811	1 556
	45-49	40 712		4 703	18 492	10 038	5 327	2 153
58	**Ninh Thuan**							
	Total	**107 443**	**193**	**27 270**	**42 213**	**19 859**	**10 553**	**7 356**
	15-19	1 582		1 582				
	20-24	10 190	86	7 559	2 428	117		
	25-29	16 287		8 291	6 494	1 205	297	
	30-34	20 302	37	4 901	10 637	3 421	820	486
	35-39	19 898	35	1 846	9 229	5 352	2 601	835
	40-44	21 000	35	1 833	8 377	5 677	3 062	2 016
	45-49	18 184		1 258	5 048	4 086	3 772	4 020
60	**Binh Thuan**							
	Total	**214 987**	**57**	**50 311**	**91 893**	**43 956**	**20 638**	**8 132**
	15-19	1 925		1 820	104			
	20-24	14 808		11 222	3 314	271		
	25-29	31 051		14 665	14 163	1 662	561	
	30-34	41 678	57	10 218	23 641	6 426	1 108	228
	35-39	43 775		5 260	21 636	12 167	3 689	1 024
	40-44	44 399		3 986	17 522	12 912	7 456	2 523
	45-49	37 351		3 140	11 512	10 518	7 824	4 358

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
62	**Kon Tum**							
	Total	**89 882**	**130**	**22 658**	**36 243**	**16 379**	**7 302**	**7 169**
	15-19	2 753	62	2 592	99			
	20-24	11 229	69	7 681	2 846	529	104	
	25-29	16 141		6 144	7 159	1 953	750	136
	30-34	18 544		2 860	9 456	3 389	1 829	1 010
	35-39	15 670		1 508	7 370	3 535	1 416	1 840
	40-44	13 755		854	5 412	3 921	1 359	2 209
	45-49	11 790		1 020	3 900	3 051	1 845	1 974
64	**Gia Lai**							
	Total	**261 156**	**245**	**60 488**	**108 153**	**53 464**	**23 457**	**15 349**
	15-19	6 108		5 801	307			
	20-24	27 180	133	19 174	7 264	500	110	
	25-29	47 149		17 119	24 314	4 927	668	120
	30-34	53 391		8 805	27 118	11 955	4 141	1 372
	35-39	49 778	52	4 396	21 636	14 218	5 987	3 489
	40-44	42 071		2 971	15 989	12 576	5 735	4 801
	45-49	35 479	60	2 222	11 524	9 289	6 816	5 568
66	**Dak Lak**							
	Total	**340 042**	**408**	**76 259**	**136 188**	**76 929**	**30 947**	**19 310**
	15-19	4 755	67	4 539	148			
	20-24	31 985		24 601	7 087	297		
	25-29	54 981	47	24 079	24 912	5 064	647	232
	30-34	60 416		10 463	32 318	14 095	2 411	1 129
	35-39	68 315		5 416	31 153	21 159	7 395	3 193
	40-44	60 051	294	3 500	21 855	19 096	9 604	5 703
	45-49	59 538		3 661	18 714	17 218	10 891	9 053
67	**Dak Nong**							
	Total	**108 359**	**84**	**20 819**	**44 746**	**26 684**	**9 533**	**6 493**
	15-19	1 839	40	1 595	204			
	20-24	10 121	44	6 807	2 744	447	78	
	25-29	16 949		5 353	8 525	2 414	499	158
	30-34	23 138		3 245	11 592	6 148	1 610	544
	35-39	21 567		1 946	9 426	6 616	2 397	1 183
	40-44	18 062		1 038	7 239	5 810	2 130	1 845
	45-49	16 683		835	5 016	5 249	2 819	2 764

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
68	**Lam Dong**							
	Total	**229 106**	**52**	**58 763**	**100 678**	**44 886**	**16 238**	**8 489**
	15-19	2 779		2 581	197			
	20-24	20 986		16 508	4 082	396		
	25-29	34 411		15 847	15 500	2 725	283	57
	30-34	44 052	52	11 238	24 372	6 491	1 397	502
	35-39	43 859		5 442	22 764	11 191	3 219	1 242
	40-44	43 134		3 935	19 185	12 846	4 565	2 603
	45-49	39 885		3 212	14 578	11 238	6 773	4 084
70	**Binh Phuoc**							
	Total	**183 781**	**208**	**49 151**	**84 198**	**34 022**	**11 312**	**4 890**
	15-19	2 419		2 179	189	52		
	20-24	16 541		13 583	2 763	143	52	
	25-29	31 752		14 653	15 159	1 766	48	126
	30-34	36 167	107	7 850	21 212	5 369	1 168	461
	35-39	36 115		5 103	19 565	8 598	2 244	605
	40-44	32 134	102	2 979	15 085	8 998	3 567	1 404
	45-49	28 652		2 804	10 226	9 095	4 234	2 294
72	**Tay Ninh**							
	Total	**210 803**	**167**	**73 962**	**104 945**	**24 697**	**5 230**	**1 801**
	15-19	2 023		1 862	161			
	20-24	16 991		12 942	3 881	169		
	25-29	33 279	55	19 116	12 695	1 303	111	
	30-34	39 453		14 148	21 360	3 444	446	56
	35-39	42 955	61	10 749	25 728	5 282	899	236
	40-44	41 940	52	8 850	24 617	7 240	950	231
	45-49	34 160		6 296	16 503	7 260	2 824	1 278
74	**Binh Duong**							
	Total	**384 860**	**296**	**177 699**	**164 477**	**32 998**	**7 761**	**1 630**
	15-19	2 843		2 469	374			
	20-24	38 671		33 715	4 956			
	25-29	90 754		63 696	24 815	2 101	142	
	30-34	91 155	168	39 563	46 472	4 131	822	
	35-39	65 734	68	18 813	38 269	7 563	953	69
	40-44	52 187		11 479	28 656	9 533	2 252	266
	45-49	43 516	61	7 964	20 935	9 670	3 592	1 295

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
75	**Dong Nai**							
	Total	**494 078**	**352**	**151 211**	**225 823**	**83 644**	**23 852**	**9 195**
	15-19	2 484		2 333	151			
	20-24	30 679		25 339	4 962	378		
	25-29	88 148	92	48 356	33 150	5 931	535	84
	30-34	98 660		33 047	52 736	10 719	1 486	672
	35-39	97 951		17 584	55 276	19 804	3 923	1 365
	40-44	89 693		12 812	42 621	24 135	7 408	2 718
	45-49	86 463	260	11 741	36 927	22 677	10 501	4 357
77	**Ba Ria - Vung Tau**							
	Total	**196 619**	**109**	**60 604**	**94 532**	**28 038**	**9 261**	**4 075**
	15-19	885		829	56			
	20-24	11 653		8 862	2 644	146		
	25-29	32 103		20 235	11 308	400	108	52
	30-34	40 041		13 190	22 558	3 857	436	
	35-39	38 156	109	6 131	22 786	6 583	1 933	615
	40-44	38 388		6 267	20 545	7 762	2 667	1 147
	45-49	35 393		5 090	14 635	9 289	4 118	2 261
79	**Ho Chi Minh City**							
	Total	**1 388 234**	**725**	**591 456**	**660 735**	**112 316**	**18 065**	**4 936**
	15-19	5 560		5 407	154			
	20-24	57 498		48 734	8 764			
	25-29	201 887	274	142 606	53 839	4 692	477	
	30-34	319 922		157 882	147 664	13 453	732	191
	35-39	296 271		98 042	167 721	26 659	3 706	142
	40-44	272 388	175	78 996	153 270	32 713	5 794	1 439
	45-49	234 707	275	59 788	129 323	34 799	7 357	3 164
80	**Long An**							
	Total	**282 355**	**360**	**98 346**	**141 821**	**32 879**	**7 232**	**1 716**
	15-19	1 799		1 739	60			
	20-24	21 033	57	17 703	3 203	70		
	25-29	45 668		25 839	18 205	1 575	48	
	30-34	56 318	77	20 625	31 290	3 723	505	98
	35-39	54 057	227	12 824	32 745	7 298	758	205
	40-44	51 353		10 284	31 157	7 646	1 983	283
	45-49	52 127		9 331	25 161	12 567	3 937	1 131

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
82	**Tien Giang**							
	Total	**321 934**	**562**	**112 394**	**160 349**	**38 398**	**8 392**	**1 840**
	15-19	3 038		3 038				
	20-24	23 482		19 098	4 236	149		
	25-29	46 792	427	28 075	16 811	1 397	81	
	30-34	64 678	67	24 205	35 971	4 013	352	69
	35-39	58 995		15 545	35 836	6 202	1 265	148
	40-44	60 158	68	11 360	34 825	11 864	1 673	369
	45-49	64 790		11 073	32 670	14 772	5 021	1 254
83	**Ben Tre**							
	Total	**242 219**	**241**	**95 941**	**117 943**	**21 767**	**4 828**	**1 499**
	15-19	1 553		1 553				
	20-24	13 025		11 069	1 956			
	25-29	32 471		22 870	9 035	506	60	
	30-34	46 848		22 553	22 222	1 943	130	
	35-39	44 930		13 281	27 757	3 502	263	126
	40-44	48 131	67	12 250	28 612	5 733	1 168	301
	45-49	55 262	174	12 365	28 361	10 083	3 207	1 072
84	**Tra Vinh**							
	Total	**189 659**	**97**	**68 182**	**94 374**	**20 302**	**5 108**	**1 596**
	15-19	2 379		2 099	280			
	20-24	14 272	41	11 739	2 433	60		
	25-29	28 801		17 841	9 842	940	178	
	30-34	39 867		14 446	22 004	2 977	383	57
	35-39	40 164		10 069	25 666	3 945	428	56
	40-44	33 381	56	7 087	19 176	5 292	1 250	519
	45-49	30 794		4 901	14 974	7 087	2 868	964
86	**Vinh Long**							
	Total	**186 551**	**172**	**71 940**	**92 236**	**18 099**	**2 947**	**1 157**
	15-19	1 399		1 337	62			
	20-24	11 823		9 980	1 794	49		
	25-29	25 993		16 019	9 505	469		
	30-34	37 576	56	16 749	18 573	1 813	338	48
	35-39	39 214		11 107	23 512	4 147	448	
	40-44	34 366	58	9 747	19 441	4 411	605	104
	45-49	36 180	58	7 001	19 348	7 212	1 555	1 006

Table 6 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
87	**Dong Thap**							
	Total	**315 727**	**166**	**104 698**	**156 589**	**42 902**	**9 081**	**2 289**
	15-19	2 613		2 549	64			
	20-24	21 987		17 162	4 766	59		
	25-29	48 472		27 305	19 588	1 508	71	
	30-34	60 827	71	21 071	33 566	5 571	546	
	35-39	60 121		14 619	35 712	8 559	1 037	194
	40-44	63 289	95	11 608	35 649	12 941	2 462	534
	45-49	58 418		10 384	27 244	14 264	4 965	1 561
89	**An Giang**							
	Total	**403 542**	**483**	**143 653**	**189 052**	**53 771**	**12 263**	**4 320**
	15-19	4 620		4 212	408			
	20-24	35 332		27 248	7 431	652		
	25-29	64 462		36 524	25 116	2 467	355	
	30-34	82 147		28 728	43 982	8 102	1 259	76
	35-39	75 221	178	18 659	41 791	12 546	1 381	666
	40-44	74 966		17 041	38 581	14 665	3 634	1 046
	45-49	66 795	304	11 241	31 743	15 340	5 635	2 532
91	**Kien Giang**							
	Total	**326 278**	**70**	**96 897**	**155 659**	**54 401**	**13 436**	**5 814**
	15-19	4 146		4 086	59			
	20-24	29 058		22 821	5 755	322	160	
	25-29	54 924		26 217	24 353	4 193	161	
	30-34	65 031		18 674	37 598	7 376	1 208	174
	35-39	65 623		11 435	38 125	12 890	2 614	560
	40-44	56 864	70	7 683	28 627	14 639	4 074	1 771
	45-49	50 632		5 981	21 142	14 981	5 219	3 309
92	**Can Tho**							
	Total	**220 786**	**178**	**82 849**	**108 017**	**23 507**	**4 835**	**1 400**
	15-19	2 050		1 941	108			
	20-24	16 068	64	12 983	2 963	58		
	25-29	32 734	59	18 945	12 767	903	61	
	30-34	49 249		20 137	25 244	3 658	155	56
	35-39	42 961		11 287	25 480	5 288	807	98
	40-44	41 882		9 858	23 685	7 125	1 134	80
	45-49	35 841	56	7 697	17 769	6 475	2 678	1 166

Table 6 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration/ age group of the mother	Number of women aged 15-49 have given the birth	Number of women aged 15-49 by children surviving					
			0 child	1 child	2 children	3 children	4 children	5 children and over
93	**Hau Giang**							
	Total	**136 336**	**44**	**46 619**	**67 086**	**17 620**	**4 026**	**941**
	15-19	1 411		1 320	91			
	20-24	9 459		7 659	1 663	137		
	25-29	21 222		12 549	8 229	403	41	
	30-34	27 253		10 402	14 504	2 175	124	49
	35-39	26 766	43	5 830	16 601	3 757	534	
	40-44	27 228		4 885	15 681	5 297	1 277	88
	45-49	22 996		3 973	10 316	5 851	2 051	804
94	**Soc Trang**							
	Total	**234 469**	**316**	**76 700**	**110 850**	**35 161**	**7 975**	**3 467**
	15-19	2 642		2 466	175			
	20-24	18 252		14 279	3 841	131		
	25-29	35 564		20 228	13 609	1 669	58	
	30-34	47 035	131	16 117	26 075	4 133	505	75
	35-39	49 606	65	10 515	29 237	8 109	1 548	132
	40-44	43 504	62	7 505	22 265	10 428	2 136	1 107
	45-49	37 866	58	5 589	15 648	10 690	3 729	2 153
95	**Bac Lieu**							
	Total	**148 815**	**53**	**46 286**	**72 979**	**21 826**	**5 757**	**1 914**
	15-19	1 408		1 408				
	20-24	11 427		9 409	1 968	50		
	25-29	23 698		13 344	9 530	730	48	47
	30-34	28 390		8 537	16 684	2 498	537	135
	35-39	31 772		6 102	19 774	5 094	559	243
	40-44	28 030		4 321	14 521	6 690	1 698	799
	45-49	24 090	53	3 165	10 503	6 765	2 915	690
96	**Ca Mau**							
	Total	**226 074**	**242**	**74 846**	**106 879**	**33 342**	**7 582**	**3 184**
	15-19	3 160		2 960	200			
	20-24	21 484	77	15 899	5 459	49		
	25-29	36 472		19 623	15 027	1 758	63	
	30-34	47 094		15 807	26 291	4 389	550	57
	35-39	44 377		8 583	26 048	8 365	1 080	300
	40-44	40 249	53	7 716	20 968	9 073	1 774	665
	45-49	33 239	112	4 259	12 885	9 708	4 114	2 162

Table 7

PROPORTION OF DEATHS IN 12 MONTHS PRIOR TO THE SURVEY BY CAUSES OF DEATH, URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**100.0**	**87.0**	**0.9**	**4.5**	**1.8**	**1.0**	**4.9**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	100.0	84.1	1.2	3.6	1.8	2.9	6.4
R2	Red River Delta	100.0	89.2	0.6	3.9	1.2	0.3	4.9
R3	North and South Central Coast	100.0	85.0	1.4	5.6	1.7	0.8	5.4
R4	Central Highlands	100.0	82.3	1.4	7.3	2.5	2.4	4.1
R5	Southeast	100.0	86.5	0.4	5.2	1.0	1.0	5.8
R6	Mekong River Delta	100.0	89.8	0.5	3.3	2.7	0.8	2.9
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	100.0	89.2	0.0	2.3	1.4	0.0	7.1
02	Ha Giang	100.0	90.3	1.9	0.9	2.0	0.9	3.9
04	Cao Bang	100.0	87.9	1.0	5.3	1.0	3.1	1.7
06	Bac Kan	100.0	87.6	0.0	4.4	1.2	2.5	4.2
08	Tuyen Quang	100.0	81.5	2.4	2.4	0.0	3.5	10.2
10	Lao Cai	100.0	84.3	0.0	0.0	1.8	5.7	8.2
11	Dien Bien	100.0	87.3	0.0	2.3	2.4	6.8	1.2
12	Lai Chau	100.0	83.0	0.0	1.9	0.9	2.4	11.8
14	Son La	100.0	84.1	2.9	2.1	3.2	3.5	4.2
15	Yen Bai	100.0	86.5	0.0	1.8	0.0	3.2	8.5
17	Hoa Binh	100.0	80.8	3.7	7.2	1.2	1.1	5.9
19	Thai Nguyen	100.0	82.8	0.0	3.2	2.3	2.4	9.4
20	Lang Son	100.0	88.4	1.1	2.0	3.3	2.0	3.2

Table 7 (Continued)

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
22	Quang Ninh	100.0	80.4	1.3	8.5	1.2	1.5	7.1
24	Bac Giang	100.0	80.0	1.6	6.9	1.6	1.8	8.0
25	Phu Tho	100.0	82.0	0.0	4.7	2.0	3.9	7.5
26	Vinh Phuc	100.0	94.7	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	2.2
27	Bac Ninh	100.0	88.7	0.9	4.9	0.0	0.0	5.5
30	Hai Duong	100.0	89.1	1.7	5.0	1.5	0.0	2.5
31	Hai Phong	100.0	90.5	0.0	4.0	1.4	1.3	2.8
33	Hung Yen	100.0	85.5	0.0	5.4	3.1	0.0	6.0
34	Thai Binh	100.0	91.9	1.4	5.4	0.7	0.0	0.6
35	Ha Nam	100.0	85.4	0.9	2.9	2.0	0.9	7.8
36	Nam Dinh	100.0	88.5	0.0	4.1	0.0	0.0	7.4
37	Ninh Binh	100.0	93.5	2.1	2.3	2.1	0.0	0.0
38	Thanh Hoa	100.0	80.7	1.0	6.1	0.5	1.0	10.7
40	Nghe An	100.0	79.6	0.4	5.3	2.5	1.0	11.2
42	Ha Tinh	100.0	87.6	3.3	3.8	1.3	0.0	4.0
44	Quang Binh	100.0	80.3	1.0	6.6	3.1	4.1	4.8
45	Quang Tri	100.0	84.3	0.0	7.6	4.5	0.0	3.6
46	Thua Thien Hue	100.0	85.1	0.0	9.3	1.8	1.1	2.6
48	Da Nang	100.0	92.3	3.8	1.4	0.0	0.0	2.6
49	Quang Nam	100.0	90.5	0.8	5.5	1.7	0.0	1.5
51	Quang Ngai	100.0	86.6	3.2	1.7	3.5	0.0	5.0
52	Binh Dinh	100.0	91.1	0.7	7.5	0.7	0.0	0.0
54	Phu Yen	100.0	90.4	0.0	2.3	1.2	1.2	4.9
56	Khanh Hoa	100.0	84.2	1.3	10.3	2.3	1.9	0.0
58	Ninh Thuan	100.0	91.1	1.1	2.7	2.8	1.1	1.2

Table 7 (Continued)

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
60	Binh Thuan	100.0	85.7	6.6	4.4	2.1	0.0	1.2
62	Kon Tum	100.0	86.2	1.4	5.6	4.9	0.0	1.8
64	Gia Lai	100.0	81.3	1.0	6.3	2.0	2.0	7.4
66	Dak Lak	100.0	83.3	1.0	6.4	2.3	4.9	2.1
67	Dak Nong	100.0	84.1	3.5	0.0	3.3	3.1	6.0
68	Lam Dong	100.0	79.6	1.3	13.5	2.2	0.0	3.4
70	Binh Phuoc	100.0	77.2	1.6	9.0	3.8	5.0	3.4
72	Tay Ninh	100.0	91.2	0.0	4.5	0.8	1.6	1.9
74	Binh Duong	100.0	79.6	0.0	12.0	2.5	1.5	4.3
75	Dong Nai	100.0	80.5	0.0	10.2	0.9	1.8	6.7
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	100.0	86.1	0.0	8.8	4.0	0.0	1.0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	100.0	89.2	0.7	2.1	0.3	0.2	7.5
80	Long An	100.0	86.6	0.0	2.9	5.8	1.1	3.5
82	Tien Giang	100.0	85.9	0.0	2.5	6.2	1.7	3.7
83	Ben Tre	100.0	94.4	0.0	3.3	0.8	0.0	1.5
84	Tra Vinh	100.0	97.5	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
86	Vinh Long	100.0	92.0	0.0	3.7	1.0	0.0	3.3
87	Dong Thap	100.0	89.5	2.4	1.6	2.4	1.6	2.5
89	An Giang	100.0	90.6	0.5	4.1	1.5	1.6	1.7
91	Kien Giang	100.0	86.6	0.7	4.3	5.4	0.0	3.0
92	Can Tho	100.0	94.2	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.0	3.0
93	Hau Giang	100.0	91.7	0.0	6.9	0.0	0.0	1.3
94	Soc Trang	100.0	88.5	1.0	3.5	4.5	0.8	1.8
95	Bac Lieu	100.0	84.7	1.0	4.0	1.2	0.0	9.0
96	Ca Mau	100.0	88.4	0.0	3.5	2.7	0.9	4.6

Table 7 (Continued)

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
URBAN		**100.0**	**87.8**	**0.6**	**4.1**	**0.9**	**0.7**	**5.9**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	100.0	85.3	0.0	3.0	0.6	2.5	8.5
R2	Red River Delta	100.0	86.8	0.5	4.3	1.0	0.2	7.2
R3	North and South Central Coast	100.0	85.9	1.6	5.5	1.0	0.8	5.2
R4	Central Highlands	100.0	76.7	1.2	11.8	2.1	2.0	6.3
R5	Southeast	100.0	90.6	0.0	2.7	0.6	0.6	5.5
R6	Mekong River Delta	100.0	90.7	0.8	3.1	0.8	0.3	4.3
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	100.0	81.7	0.0	3.0	2.2	0.0	13.2
02	Ha Giang	100.0	94.6	0.0	5.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
04	Cao Bang	100.0	86.2	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	8.8
06	Bac Kan	100.0	78.8	0.0	13.7	0.0	0.0	7.5
08	Tuyen Quang	100.0	92.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3
10	Lao Cai	100.0	86.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.8
11	Dien Bien	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12	Lai Chau	100.0	84.5	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	10.6
14	Son La	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	Yen Bai	100.0	91.3	0.0	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	Hoa Binh	100.0	90.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.5
19	Thai Nguyen	100.0	82.0	0.0	2.6	3.2	3.0	9.2
20	Lang Son	100.0	85.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.1
22	Quang Ninh	100.0	83.1	2.1	7.3	0.0	2.3	5.3
24	Bac Giang	100.0	64.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.9	28.7

Table 7 (Continued)

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
25	Phu Tho	100.0	84.1	0.0	5.3	0.0	10.7	0.0
26	Vinh Phuc	100.0	96.6	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
27	Bac Ninh	100.0	95.7	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
30	Hai Duong	100.0	91.4	0.0	8.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
31	Hai Phong	100.0	95.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	1.6
33	Hung Yen	100.0	83.8	0.0	16.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
34	Thai Binh	100.0	93.1	0.0	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
35	Ha Nam	100.0	85.3	7.5	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
36	Nam Dinh	100.0	93.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.2
37	Ninh Binh	100.0	91.6	4.1	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
38	Thanh Hoa	100.0	85.9	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	9.8
40	Nghe An	100.0	63.4	0.0	14.3	0.0	0.0	22.3
42	Ha Tinh	100.0	86.7	4.8	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
44	Quang Binh	100.0	87.7	0.0	0.0	5.8	6.5	0.0
45	Quang Tri	100.0	84.8	0.0	15.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
46	Thua Thien Hue	100.0	83.1	0.0	7.1	2.3	2.8	4.6
48	Da Nang	100.0	92.5	4.5	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.3
49	Quang Nam	100.0	86.9	0.0	8.6	0.0	0.0	4.4
51	Quang Ngai	100.0	84.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.7
52	Binh Dinh	100.0	97.9	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
54	Phu Yen	100.0	84.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.0
56	Khanh Hoa	100.0	82.0	3.5	8.3	3.6	2.5	0.0
58	Ninh Thuan	100.0	96.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1
60	Binh Thuan	100.0	77.5	6.4	9.3	3.2	0.0	3.6

Table 7 (Continued)

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
62	Kon Tum	100.0	91.1	0.0	8.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
64	Gia Lai	100.0	68.7	0.0	9.7	4.3	8.4	8.8
66	Dak Lak	100.0	82.0	0.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	5.0
67	Dak Nong	100.0	77.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.7
68	Lam Dong	100.0	74.7	3.1	14.4	2.7	0.0	5.1
70	Binh Phuoc	100.0	65.3	0.0	24.7	10.0	0.0	0.0
72	Tay Ninh	100.0	97.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0
74	Binh Duong	100.0	81.4	0.0	12.5	0.0	2.4	3.7
75	Dong Nai	100.0	90.3	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	6.6
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	100.0	84.3	0.0	9.9	3.5	0.0	2.2
79	Ho Chi Minh City	100.0	92.0	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	6.4
80	Long An	100.0	92.6	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	4.1
82	Tien Giang	100.0	87.3	0.0	4.1	0.0	4.1	4.5
83	Ben Tre	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
84	Tra Vinh	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
86	Vinh Long	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
87	Dong Thap	100.0	95.7	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
89	An Giang	100.0	93.4	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	1.8
91	Kien Giang	100.0	78.3	3.3	4.8	0.0	0.0	13.6
92	Can Tho	100.0	93.0	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.0	4.4
93	Hau Giang	100.0	87.1	0.0	12.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
94	Soc Trang	100.0	96.2	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0
95	Bac Lieu	100.0	69.4	0.0	4.5	5.0	0.0	21.1
96	Ca Mau	100.0	79.3	0.0	5.0	4.8	0.0	10.9

Table 7 (Continued)

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
RURAL		**100.0**	**86.6**	**1.0**	**4.6**	**2.1**	**1.2**	**4.5**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	100.0	83.9	1.5	3.7	2.0	2.9	6.0
R2	Red River Delta	100.0	90.3	0.6	3.7	1.3	0.3	3.9
R3	North and South Central Coast	100.0	84.8	1.4	5.6	1.9	0.8	5.5
R4	Central Highlands	100.0	84.2	1.4	5.8	2.7	2.5	3.4
R5	Southeast	100.0	80.7	1.1	8.8	1.7	1.5	6.2
R6	Mekong River Delta	100.0	89.6	0.4	3.3	3.3	0.9	2.4
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	100.0	95.2	0.0	1.8	0.7	0.0	2.3
02	Ha Giang	100.0	89.5	2.3	0.0	2.4	1.1	4.7
04	Cao Bang	100.0	88.3	1.2	5.3	1.3	3.8	0.0
06	Bac Kan	100.0	90.0	0.0	1.9	1.6	3.2	3.3
08	Tuyen Quang	100.0	79.7	2.8	2.8	0.0	4.0	10.6
10	Lao Cai	100.0	83.9	0.0	0.0	2.1	6.9	7.1
11	Dien Bien	100.0	86.2	0.0	2.5	2.6	7.4	1.3
12	Lai Chau	100.0	82.7	0.0	1.3	1.1	2.9	12.0
14	Son La	100.0	81.2	3.5	2.5	3.8	4.1	4.9
15	Yen Bai	100.0	85.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	10.7
17	Hoa Binh	100.0	79.4	4.2	8.2	1.4	1.3	5.4
19	Thai Nguyen	100.0	83.2	0.0	3.5	1.8	2.0	9.5
20	Lang Son	100.0	88.9	1.3	2.4	3.9	2.3	1.3
22	Quang Ninh	100.0	75.6	0.0	10.5	3.4	0.0	10.5
24	Bac Giang	100.0	82.5	1.9	8.0	1.9	1.0	4.7

Table 7 (Continued)

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
25	Phu Tho	100.0	81.6	0.0	4.5	2.4	2.5	9.0
26	Vinh Phuc	100.0	93.9	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.1
27	Bac Ninh	100.0	86.9	1.2	5.1	0.0	0.0	6.8
30	Hai Duong	100.0	88.6	2.2	4.2	1.9	0.0	3.1
31	Hai Phong	100.0	88.0	0.0	4.3	2.2	2.1	3.5
33	Hung Yen	100.0	85.7	0.0	3.7	3.6	0.0	6.9
34	Thai Binh	100.0	91.8	1.6	5.2	0.7	0.0	0.7
35	Ha Nam	100.0	85.5	0.0	2.3	2.3	1.0	9.0
36	Nam Dinh	100.0	87.6	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	7.6
37	Ninh Binh	100.0	94.2	1.4	1.5	2.9	0.0	0.0
38	Thanh Hoa	100.0	80.1	1.1	6.3	0.6	1.1	10.8
40	Nghe An	100.0	81.6	0.5	4.2	2.8	1.1	9.8
42	Ha Tinh	100.0	87.7	3.1	3.1	1.5	0.0	4.6
44	Quang Binh	100.0	78.7	1.2	8.1	2.5	3.6	5.9
45	Quang Tri	100.0	84.2	0.0	6.0	5.5	0.0	4.3
46	Thua Thien Hue	100.0	86.4	0.0	10.8	1.5	0.0	1.3
48	Da Nang	100.0	91.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8
49	Quang Nam	100.0	91.3	0.9	4.9	2.0	0.0	0.9
51	Quang Ngai	100.0	87.0	3.6	1.9	4.0	0.0	3.5
52	Binh Dinh	100.0	87.8	1.1	10.1	1.0	0.0	0.0
54	Phu Yen	100.0	93.2	0.0	3.3	1.7	1.7	0.0
56	Khanh Hoa	100.0	85.4	0.0	11.5	1.5	1.6	0.0
58	Ninh Thuan	100.0	87.5	1.8	4.4	4.6	1.8	0.0
60	Binh Thuan	100.0	89.9	6.6	1.9	1.6	0.0	0.0

Table 7 (Continued)

Unit: Percentage

Code	Administration	Total	By cause of death					
			Diseases	Accident at work	Traffic accident	Other accident	Suicide	Other
62	Kon Tum	100.0	84.5	1.9	4.5	6.6	0.0	2.4
64	Gia Lai	100.0	85.2	1.3	5.2	1.3	0.0	7.0
66	Dak Lak	100.0	83.6	1.3	4.7	2.9	6.2	1.4
67	Dak Nong	100.0	85.0	4.0	0.0	3.7	3.6	3.7
68	Lam Dong	100.0	83.3	0.0	12.9	1.8	0.0	2.1
70	Binh Phuoc	100.0	79.4	1.8	6.2	2.7	5.9	4.0
72	Tay Ninh	100.0	88.8	0.0	6.4	1.1	1.1	2.7
74	Binh Duong	100.0	76.1	0.0	11.2	7.2	0.0	5.5
75	Dong Nai	100.0	76.9	0.0	12.8	1.2	2.4	6.7
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	100.0	87.7	0.0	7.9	4.4	0.0	0.0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	100.0	78.1	3.4	6.9	0.0	0.0	11.5
80	Long An	100.0	83.8	0.0	2.8	8.5	1.7	3.2
82	Tien Giang	100.0	85.7	0.0	2.2	7.3	1.3	3.6
83	Ben Tre	100.0	94.0	0.0	3.6	0.8	0.0	1.6
84	Tra Vinh	100.0	97.2	0.0	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
86	Vinh Long	100.0	90.5	0.0	4.5	1.1	0.0	3.9
87	Dong Thap	100.0	87.8	1.9	2.0	3.0	2.1	3.2
89	An Giang	100.0	89.2	0.7	3.8	2.3	2.4	1.6
91	Kien Giang	100.0	88.9	0.0	4.1	7.0	0.0	0.0
92	Can Tho	100.0	96.7	0.0	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0
93	Hau Giang	100.0	93.3	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	1.8
94	Soc Trang	100.0	86.0	1.3	4.6	4.7	1.0	2.3
95	Bac Lieu	100.0	89.3	1.4	3.9	0.0	0.0	5.4
96	Ca Mau	100.0	90.3	0.0	3.2	2.2	1.1	3.2

Table 8

POPULATION AGED 1 AND OVER BY PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE
ON TIME POINT OF 1/4/2013, SEX AND PROVINCE/CITY

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
TOTAL		**88 987 131**	**87 010 647**	**107 587**	**1 868 534**	**363**
01	Ha Noi	6 938 384	6 792 535	5 842	139 684	323
02	Ha Giang	770 928	764 490		6 438	
04	Cao Bang	509 426	502 151	273	7 002	
06	Bac Kan	302 030	297 197	258	4 576	
08	Tuyen Quang	735 465	725 879	266	9 320	
10	Lao Cai	650 251	645 105	38	5 108	
11	Dien Bien	522 117	514 929	98	7 090	
12	Lai Chau	402 887	398 198	142	4 548	
14	Son La	1 136 312	1 124 844	102	11 365	
15	Yen Bai	764 106	752 772	485	10 850	
17	Hoa Binh	800 311	792 147	963	7 201	
19	Thai Nguyen	1 146 077	1 126 192	1 529	18 357	
20	Lang Son	738 645	730 425	388	7 832	
22	Quang Ninh	1 174 881	1 157 471	912	16 498	
24	Bac Giang	1 586 470	1 561 705	7 018	17 748	
25	Phu Tho	1 332 017	1 309 760	5 100	17 157	
26	Vinh Phuc	1 018 176	1 007 165	812	10 200	
27	Bac Ninh	1 100 195	1 074 060	1 518	24 617	
30	Hai Duong	1 732 937	1 710 197	7 092	15 647	

Table 8 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
31	Hai Phong	1 906 567	1 870 255	1 291	35 022	
33	Hung Yen	1 136 623	1 120 976	1 920	13 686	41
34	Thai Binh	1 766 567	1 749 996	1 373	15 198	
35	Ha Nam	787 058	778 219	719	8 121	
36	Nam Dinh	1 811 626	1 788 717	2 441	20 468	
37	Ninh Binh	914 278	896 228	1 826	16 224	
38	Thanh Hoa	3 428 460	3 376 845	6 235	45 380	
40	Nghe An	2 956 905	2 822 997	30 676	103 233	
42	Ha Tinh	1 230 312	1 199 367	9 162	21 783	
44	Quang Binh	851 631	838 494	1 953	11 184	
45	Quang Tri	604 004	595 648	453	7 903	
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 111 915	1 090 521	973	20 422	
48	Da Nang	987 112	952 065	648	34 399	
49	Quang Nam	1 445 252	1 426 171	253	18 829	
51	Quang Ngai	1 221 193	1 209 788	178	11 227	
52	Binh Dinh	1 489 784	1 469 313	329	20 143	
54	Phu Yen	872 245	861 038	103	11 105	
56	Khanh Hoa	1 181 527	1 161 776	352	19 399	
58	Ninh Thuan	578 920	571 820	37	7 064	
60	Binh Thuan	1 191 569	1 184 235		7 334	
62	Kon Tum	469 871	463 768		6 103	
64	Gia Lai	1 349 121	1 331 808	52	17 260	

Table 8 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
66	Dak Lak	1 796 949	1 777 629	350	18 970	
67	Dak Nong	554 410	528 188	54	26 167	
68	Lam Dong	1 236 125	1 219 048	246	16 831	
70	Binh Phuoc	912 288	896 443	294	15 551	
72	Tay Ninh	1 088 212	1 069 552	734	17 925	
74	Binh Duong	1 826 079	1 673 312	917	151 851	
75	Dong Nai	2 779 609	2 657 512	464	121 633	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	1 037 999	1 005 443	107	32 449	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	7 852 599	7 419 457	7 096	426 046	
80	Long An	1 455 134	1 437 419	155	17 560	
82	Tien Giang	1 689 916	1 656 816	79	33 021	
83	Ben Tre	1 244 729	1 224 325	142	20 262	
84	Tra Vinh	1 013 390	997 073	591	15 726	
86	Vinh Long	1 025 778	1 011 876	177	13 725	
87	Dong Thap	1 657 292	1 637 829	67	19 396	
89	An Giang	2 119 935	2 090 358	870	28 707	
91	Kien Giang	1 714 869	1 697 592	245	17 032	
92	Can Tho	1 215 973	1 192 184	305	23 484	
93	Hau Giang	758 106	751 777	238	6 092	
94	Soc Trang	1 290 758	1 278 821	491	11 446	
95	Bac Lieu	863 022	857 652	157	5 214	
96	Ca Mau	1 199 802	1 183 078		16 724	

Table 8 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
MALE		**43 788 817**	**42 935 172**	**67 516**	**785 928**	**202**
01	Ha Noi	3 405 631	3 349 854	3 686	51 930	161
02	Ha Giang	384 025	382 175		1 850	
04	Cao Bang	248 629	246 347	236	2 046	
06	Bac Kan	150 651	149 104	164	1 383	
08	Tuyen Quang	366 315	363 537	117	2 662	
10	Lao Cai	329 181	327 229		1 952	
11	Dien Bien	262 884	260 116	98	2 669	
12	Lai Chau	201 230	198 765	117	2 348	
14	Son La	569 877	566 648		3 229	
15	Yen Bai	377 969	374 279	289	3 401	
17	Hoa Binh	399 016	395 735	667	2 614	
19	Thai Nguyen	559 102	551 853	813	6 436	
20	Lang Son	372 002	369 451	217	2 334	
22	Quang Ninh	591 365	585 208	605	5 552	
24	Bac Giang	785 025	777 100	3 077	4 848	
25	Phu Tho	656 731	649 251	2 489	4 991	
26	Vinh Phuc	499 096	495 866	269	2 961	
27	Bac Ninh	538 734	528 583	1 055	9 096	
30	Hai Duong	847 158	836 889	4 896	5 373	
31	Hai Phong	930 395	915 983	577	13 836	

Table 8 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
33	Hung Yen	556 936	551 036	1 324	4 536	41
34	Thai Binh	845 864	838 181	910	6 773	
35	Ha Nam	386 846	383 315	435	3 096	
36	Nam Dinh	873 548	864 388	1 462	7 698	
37	Ninh Binh	446 464	437 849	1 530	7 086	
38	Thanh Hoa	1 695 655	1 672 442	3 330	19 883	
40	Nghe An	1 472 712	1 401 737	22 713	48 261	
42	Ha Tinh	603 949	587 825	6 742	9 382	
44	Quang Binh	425 507	420 246	1 492	3 769	
45	Quang Tri	294 775	291 363	238	3 174	
46	Thua Thien Hue	547 952	540 114	469	7 369	
48	Da Nang	479 951	465 042	511	14 398	
49	Quang Nam	699 053	692 063	121	6 868	
51	Quang Ngai	596 021	591 828		4 193	
52	Binh Dinh	720 876	712 961	197	7 719	
54	Phu Yen	434 528	429 881	51	4 597	
56	Khanh Hoa	582 618	574 705	230	7 683	
58	Ninh Thuan	289 246	286 241		3 004	
60	Binh Thuan	595 255	592 247		3 008	
62	Kon Tum	233 526	230 643		2 883	
64	Gia Lai	669 098	661 218	52	7 828	

Table 8 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
66	Dak Lak	903 130	893 820	141	9 169	
67	Dak Nong	280 197	267 048	14	13 135	
68	Lam Dong	619 767	612 149	123	7 495	
70	Binh Phuoc	451 906	444 945	145	6 816	
72	Tay Ninh	538 063	531 004	459	6 601	
74	Binh Duong	890 644	816 545	326	73 773	
75	Dong Nai	1 368 316	1 310 380	280	57 656	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	519 579	503 849		15 730	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	3 764 275	3 567 996	3 189	193 090	
80	Long An	713 106	706 748	52	6 306	
82	Tien Giang	824 510	813 658		10 852	
83	Ben Tre	605 470	596 798		8 672	
84	Tra Vinh	495 500	488 211	362	6 927	
86	Vinh Long	504 059	498 443	123	5 493	
87	Dong Thap	823 342	815 553	67	7 722	
89	An Giang	1 043 878	1 031 774	433	11 671	
91	Kien Giang	852 840	846 409	133	6 298	
92	Can Tho	601 516	591 146	123	10 247	
93	Hau Giang	379 922	377 805	120	1 997	
94	Soc Trang	647 221	643 163	248	3 810	
95	Bac Lieu	434 831	433 815		1 016	
96	Ca Mau	601 350	594 616		6 734	

Table 8 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
FEMALE		**45 198 314**	**44 075 475**	**40 071**	**1 082 606**	**161**
01	Ha Noi	3 532 752	3 442 681	2 156	87 754	161
02	Ha Giang	386 903	382 316		4 588	
04	Cao Bang	260 797	255 804	37	4 956	
06	Bac Kan	151 380	148 093	94	3 192	
08	Tuyen Quang	369 150	362 342	149	6 659	
10	Lao Cai	321 070	317 877	38	3 156	
11	Dien Bien	259 233	254 812		4 420	
12	Lai Chau	201 658	199 433	24	2 200	
14	Son La	566 434	558 197	102	8 136	
15	Yen Bai	386 137	378 492	196	7 449	
17	Hoa Binh	401 295	396 412	295	4 587	
19	Thai Nguyen	586 976	574 339	716	11 921	
20	Lang Son	366 643	360 974	171	5 498	
22	Quang Ninh	583 516	572 263	307	10 946	
24	Bac Giang	801 446	784 605	3 941	12 899	
25	Phu Tho	675 286	660 509	2 611	12 166	
26	Vinh Phuc	519 080	511 299	542	7 238	
27	Bac Ninh	561 461	545 477	464	15 521	
30	Hai Duong	885 779	873 308	2 196	10 275	
31	Hai Phong	976 172	954 272	714	21 186	

Table 8 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
33	Hung Yen	579 687	569 941	595	9 151	
34	Thai Binh	920 703	911 815	463	8 424	
35	Ha Nam	400 213	394 904	284	5 025	
36	Nam Dinh	938 078	924 329	979	12 770	
37	Ninh Binh	467 813	458 379	297	9 138	
38	Thanh Hoa	1 732 805	1 704 402	2 905	25 497	
40	Nghe An	1 484 194	1 421 260	7 962	54 972	
42	Ha Tinh	626 363	611 542	2 419	12 401	
44	Quang Binh	426 124	418 248	462	7 415	
45	Quang Tri	309 229	304 284	215	4 729	
46	Thua Thien Hue	563 962	550 406	504	13 052	
48	Da Nang	507 161	487 022	137	20 002	
49	Quang Nam	746 199	734 107	131	11 961	
51	Quang Ngai	625 172	617 960	178	7 034	
52	Binh Dinh	768 908	756 352	132	12 424	
54	Phu Yen	437 717	431 157	52	6 507	
56	Khanh Hoa	598 909	587 071	122	11 716	
58	Ninh Thuan	289 675	285 578	37	4 059	
60	Binh Thuan	596 314	591 987		4 326	
62	Kon Tum	236 345	233 124		3 220	
64	Gia Lai	680 023	670 590		9 433	

Table 8 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 1 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2013			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
66	Dak Lak	893 819	883 809	209	9 801	
67	Dak Nong	274 212	261 141	40	13 032	
68	Lam Dong	616 358	606 899	122	9 337	
70	Binh Phuoc	460 382	451 498	149	8 735	
72	Tay Ninh	550 148	538 548	275	11 324	
74	Binh Duong	935 435	856 767	591	78 077	
75	Dong Nai	1 411 293	1 347 132	184	63 977	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	518 420	501 593	107	16 720	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	4 088 324	3 851 460	3 907	232 957	
80	Long An	742 028	730 671	103	11 254	
82	Tien Giang	865 406	843 159	79	22 169	
83	Ben Tre	639 259	627 527	142	11 590	
84	Tra Vinh	517 890	508 862	229	8 798	
86	Vinh Long	521 719	513 433	54	8 232	
87	Dong Thap	833 950	822 276		11 674	
89	An Giang	1 076 058	1 058 583	438	17 037	
91	Kien Giang	862 029	851 183	112	10 734	
92	Can Tho	614 457	601 038	183	13 237	
93	Hau Giang	378 184	373 971	118	4 094	
94	Soc Trang	643 537	635 659	243	7 636	
95	Bac Lieu	428 191	423 837	157	4 197	
96	Ca Mau	598 452	588 462		9 990	

Table 9

POPULATION AGED 1 AND OVER BY PROVINCE/CITY OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON 1/4/2013 AND 1/4/2014 AND SEX

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
TOTAL		**829 070**	**55 223**	**1 630**	**4 282**	**3 088**	**4 779**	**2 694**	**1 426**	**1 567**	**3 452**	**4 475**	**6 874**	**9 172**	**5 336**	**9 286**	**9 319**	**10 504**
01	Ha Noi	52 655		137	908	303	662	700	40		662	463	1 749	1 242	1 057	2 096	2 232	3 697
02	Ha Giang	1 129	213		88		320									40		84
04	Cao Bang	1 699	666	36		76								565				
06	Bac Kan	1 241	116	21	323		119					26		373	82	17		
08	Tuyen Quang	2 941	640	105	95	297		47				166		275			27	500
10	Lao Cai	1 340	371						45		43	180		107				159
11	Dien Bien	2 358	967					23		201	319		63	40				95
12	Lai Chau	1 553	284					64	295		161	25	38			54		22
14	Son La	2 273	518					115	286	141		179	256	111				110
15	Yen Bai	3 422	706	96			244	558		280	184			159		52	43	321
17	Hoa Binh	2 784	882	48		48					46					94		139
19	Thai Nguyen	7 627	1 068	150	400	918	303	89				101	130		1 026	137	891	184
20	Lang Son	1 499	265		41		42				44	123		193		75	230	
22	Quang Ninh	4 577	870				63			256			105	113			126	175
24	Bac Giang	7 836	1 447		206	69	63				69		70	1 071	718	494		64
25	Phu Tho	7 123	2 084	201			946	220	64		63	541	234	61	64	68	74	
26	Vinh Phuc	5 115	1 671	57	46		302		54			425		110			55	969
27	Bac Ninh	17 355	3 669		58	444	275	172				122	62	1 494	1 230	67	2 912	402
30	Hai Duong	7 049	1 730	143				61	294					75	72	565	209	166
31	Hai Phong	7 713	801	80			322							180	86	782	241	329

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
TOTAL		**4 674**	**6 052**	**9 785**	**6 601**	**6 040**	**15 415**	**6 976**	**15 294**	**6 972**	**35 143**	**30 596**	**18 717**	**9 898**	**6 732**	**13 079**	**13 874**
01	Ha Noi	1 662	1 166	2 825	1 363	2 186	5 032	2 229	4 154	1 226	6 186	3 353	575				142
02	Ha Giang	41		40		43	128		82			50					
04	Cao Bang		68		31	35					38	38	37				
06	Bac Kan			36					23								
08	Tuyen Quang	91		42	44				188		55						
10	Lao Cai	68				37			49			39	37				
11	Dien Bien	32	52			32	219		64	62	50					75	
12	Lai Chau	17	29			38	36	33		17	16	63				322	
14	Son La	166	139			50	100		101								
15	Yen Bai	114				230	48	106			46	45					
17	Hoa Binh		96	68	138		49	247	269	95	115	143	50				
19	Thai Nguyen		400	18	63	182	400	82	156	160	100	123				54	79
20	Lang Son	42		123	44				55		46					43	
22	Quang Ninh			605	319	154	334		446	60	396	61	181	55		259	
24	Bac Giang	192	740	67	62	135		263	263	66	208	73	133				
25	Phu Tho	386			46		64		123	62	165	194					64
26	Vinh Phuc			148	108		98	153	130	266	110	57					
27	Bac Ninh	158		812	228	471	114	64	237	360	1 676	562		78			
30	Hai Duong	75	220		1 073	356	491				124	246	61			145	
31	Hai Phong	82	139	1 289		165	706		690	537	398	248					

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
TOTAL		**9 810**	**10 468**	**12 477**	**6 851**	**8 806**	**3 999**	**8 339**	**3 671**	**9 700**	**11 135**	**3 978**	**11 464**	**11 123**	**7 196**	**33 826**	**33 076**	**8 254**
01	Ha Noi								142	840					155	282	915	293
02	Ha Giang																	
04	Cao Bang								37				73					
06	Bac Kan									12	17			58				
08	Tuyen Quang															188	180	
10	Lao Cai									135			70					
11	Dien Bien																	
12	Lai Chau																40	
14	Son La																	
15	Yen Bai																94	
17	Hoa Binh								47							47	47	
19	Thai Nguyen								237	116								
20	Lang Son													132				
22	Quang Ninh																	
24	Bac Giang								71			62	64			256	453	
25	Phu Tho		256								247					259		
26	Vinh Phuc				36	32											289	
27	Bac Ninh	114											114		116	268	241	
30	Hai Duong									81						83	79	
31	Hai Phong												78					

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
TOTAL		**90 718**	**13 045**	**17 544**	**12 529**	**16 055**	**16 814**	**27 323**	**10 999**	**12 790**	**14 081**	**13 833**	**15 700**	**14 524**	**19 989**
01	Ha Noi	1 499									481				
02	Ha Giang														
04	Cao Bang														
06	Bac Kan									20					
08	Tuyen Quang														
10	Lao Cai														
11	Dien Bien	64													
12	Lai Chau														
14	Son La														
15	Yen Bai	96													
17	Hoa Binh	47	70												
19	Thai Nguyen	59													
20	Lang Son														
22	Quang Ninh														
24	Bac Giang	458													
25	Phu Tho	574			63										
26	Vinh Phuc														
27	Bac Ninh	834													
30	Hai Duong	449								251					
31	Hai Phong	390							169						

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
33	Hung Yen	8 542	2 405	113	137		542		36		265	173	41	250	119	268	293	178
34	Thai Binh	8 362	2 317							149	149	82	241			707	75	75
35	Ha Nam	5 356	2 528		87	44						102	54	138		82		45
36	Nam Dinh	8 479	3 321									70		600		638	69	
37	Ninh Binh	7 338	2 038	59	53		170	165	48	55			58	98		663	108	85
38	Thanh Hoa	19 758	7 116								105		103	89		736		292
40	Nghe An	58 713	9 790					175		278			266	88	90	973	86	440
42	Ha Tinh	13 699	1 255					60					127	305		125		
44	Quang Binh	5 000	340															50
45	Quang Tri	3 817	74															
46	Thua Thien Hue	8 046	220											66				
48	Da Nang	14 071	712										57					
49	Quang Nam	6 701	197															
51	Quang Ngai	4 430																
52	Binh Dinh	6 649																
54	Phu Yen	3 457																
56	Khanh Hoa	4 246														270		
58	Ninh Thuan	2 375	44															
60	Binh Thuan	2 898																
62	Kon Tum	3 248	253										46		37		244	
64	Gia Lai	7 204	55		72	72						57						
66	Dak Lak	6 716	342		77													

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
33	Hung Yen	105	117	413			719	360	441	173	767	510	59				
34	Thai Binh			307	1 059			78	466		532	148		75			
35	Ha Nam		94	57	51	59	210		532	234	246	42	102				42
36	Nam Dinh	74	78		161	75	212	358		152	182	179			85		83
37	Ninh Binh		47	52	53	165	201	169	711		284	114					
38	Thanh Hoa	104	496	402	248	95	98		194	95		1 182	193	269		192	195
40	Nghe An	251	1 090	176	440	362	88	104	173	170	1 496		4 897	551	263	350	2 182
42	Ha Tinh		87	113	113	60	81	179	41	253	163	2 576		296	62	434	723
44	Quang Binh										95	408			501	517	1 407
45	Quang Tri								206			124	42	349		618	605
46	Thua Thien Hue	59									180	408	499	794	953		998
48	Da Nang					56			195		387	595	385	978	771	1 153	
49	Quang Nam					131					65	198				360	3 075
51	Quang Ngai								170	55	118	83					851
52	Binh Dinh					152		178		66	283				63	82	208
54	Phu Yen											94		92		48	106
56	Khanh Hoa			442	259		34				114	106		123		181	89
58	Ninh Thuan									41			86			70	
60	Binh Thuan															251	59
62	Kon Tum			122						155	233	226	163			188	247
64	Gia Lai		122	273					302		264	405		51	117	70	336
66	Dak Lak					107	68		364		145	234	79	140		360	349

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
33	Hung Yen																	61
34	Thai Binh						79							234		448	385	224
35	Ha Nam			53			42						47				46	
36	Nam Dinh										67			225		71	88	715
37	Ninh Binh								210	142		47	244			68	218	184
38	Thanh Hoa	192	199	212		301			97	220	291	387	717	242		2 001	1 034	392
40	Nghe An	180	89	93		262			274	916	982	467	641	1 114		11 466	3 550	1 009
42	Ha Tinh					64	56	65		109	612	236	63	63		1 220	1 368	313
44	Quang Binh	54			49	52					143		49			389	99	54
45	Quang Tri	81		98		82			41	40	42	45				279	404	
46	Thua Thien Hue	719	62	168	519	62			48	100	105		59			394	339	238
48	Da Nang	4 700	991	517		219			157	512	671	58	48				44	41
49	Quang Nam		708	359	66		63		124	187	127	67	79				59	
51	Quang Ngai	116		255	107	49			54	57	55	116					177	380
52	Binh Dinh	82	419		286	233			129	641			255			343	265	
54	Phu Yen	99		396		751	50			49	49	47		51		311	158	
56	Khanh Hoa			66	398		157	258		181	95	54	34	57				
58	Ninh Thuan		40	70		318		116		72			307				65	40
60	Binh Thuan					70				56	41	59	116	70	57	52	382	196
62	Kon Tum	69	61	233						199	76			91			31	
64	Gia Lai	318	118	2 054	57	102			111		476		226		61	229	82	
66	Dak Lak	285	83	287		447	151		280	601		573	152	71		75	224	69

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
33	Hung Yen														
34	Thai Binh	304						228							
35	Ha Nam	420													
36	Nam Dinh	744					88								144
37	Ninh Binh	670												53	107
38	Thanh Hoa	1 269													
40	Nghe An	11 970	197				84	270	84		87			107	92
42	Ha Tinh	2 328					149								
44	Quang Binh	753								43					
45	Quang Tri	651												38	
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 056													
48	Da Nang	646									47	94		40	
49	Quang Nam	593		182					63						
51	Quang Ngai	1 730					57								
52	Binh Dinh	2 680											287		
54	Phu Yen	908				51	46	50			51				51
56	Khanh Hoa	947				28	158					194			
58	Ninh Thuan	1 067										40			
60	Binh Thuan	942	57				379								112
62	Kon Tum	514					34								27
64	Gia Lai	1 177													
66	Dak Lak	874	66				84			70	61				

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
67	Dak Nong	24 088		150	1 211	784	273	205	264	150	351	391	308	306	442			495
68	Lam Dong	7 511	275		60			40					184				95	
70	Binh Phuoc	7 431	113											113				59
72	Tay Ninh	6 257											64					
74	Binh Duong	130 347	352		174		134			55	248	62	1 960		152		103	326
75	Dong Nai	66 747	87	233	247						742	609					990	90
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	15 826	391											950		284		
79	Ho Chi Minh City	134 118	1 751									580	657		161		218	624
80	Long An	9 127	144			32												329
82	Tien Giang	13 006																
83	Ben Tre	9 319																
84	Tra Vinh	7 596																
86	Vinh Long	5 880																
87	Dong Thap	5 328																
89	An Giang	9 307																
91	Kien Giang	5 161	55															
92	Can Tho	10 123	78															
93	Hau Giang	3 480																
94	Soc Trang	4 429																
95	Bac Lieu	2 170																
96	Ca Mau	3 423																

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
67	Dak Nong		168	331	160	125	241	420	196	376	602	490	470	290	418		306
68	Lam Dong							118	89		531	108		81	56	88	
70	Binh Phuoc					80	216		312	55	252	156	41		249		
72	Tay Ninh						254				158	164		394		51	44
74	Binh Duong	471	157	276	327	253	3 719	1 161	410	2 100	11 645	10 590	5 547	2 906	953	751	227
75	Dong Nai	171	215	450	69	90	491	167	401		2 603	3 229	1 582	1 314	535	287	76
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau						145	110			550	59	717			173	237
79	Ho Chi Minh City	312	333		142		821	177	2 982	135	3 065	2 745	2 779	982	1 649	5 897	1 144
80	Long An											60				63	
82	Tien Giang							221	79								
83	Ben Tre																
84	Tra Vinh																
86	Vinh Long					117						69					
87	Dong Thap																
89	An Giang													82			
91	Kien Giang										126						
92	Can Tho			297							71						
93	Hau Giang																
94	Soc Trang										259						
95	Bac Lieu																
96	Ca Mau														56		

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
67	Dak Nong	596	444	600	728	455	129	891	342	1 100	325		1 297	3 491	285	312	929	
68	Lam Dong		448	59	70	479	542	185		124	310	259		156	58	118	327	
70	Binh Phuoc	101	196				54	57			55		194		113	620	609	40
72	Tay Ninh			170	79	57		56	57	274				54		716	199	
74	Binh Duong	294	1 083	2 503	1 343	594	86	1 539	523	676	2 827	526	1 388	999	3 750		4 961	569
75	Dong Nai		635	666	908	1 324	1 477	495		439	365	398	926	1 338	100	1 759		1 724
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	56	916	453	610	244		667			52		121	111		59	880	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 700	3 203	3 016	1 357	2 381	895	3 568	692	1 821	2 687	455	3 639	1 592	1 694	5 267	11 211	1 376
80	Long An		221			48		63						66	187	62	51	60
82	Tien Giang		142					77			102		138	74		612	520	
83	Ben Tre										57	64		196		65	355	
84	Tra Vinh				53	57		116						439		1 169	109	
86	Vinh Long	54					33	61			56		53			257	95	123
87	Dong Thap		97				142	65								446	71	
89	An Giang				82										152	1 828	515	110
91	Kien Giang			94				60			76	60	70	141	428	154	123	
92	Can Tho		57			60					65		203			410	53	47
93	Hau Giang						43									99	303	
94	Soc Trang															123		
95	Bac Lieu				104										39	208		
96	Ca Mau			59		63					63			60		814	409	

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
67	Dak Nong	400	168	72	287		430	182	171	35	151	175	32		134
68	Lam Dong	1 824	223		47	61	177		54			267			
70	Binh Phuoc	1 675	99	53	266	330		214	97	264	180		54	113	402
72	Tay Ninh	1 140	442	56	88	65	236	58		608	56		541	116	61
74	Binh Duong	15 522	2 889	2 125	1 641	4 289	4 491	6 770	1 911	2 197	1 806	2 279	6 882	2 754	6 069
75	Dong Nai	7 894	97	554	533	1 760	3 743	3 963	534	2 121	2 612	5 089	1 268	4 895	4 452
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	3 382	821	519	331	1 022	546	457			436		61	345	122
79	Ho Chi Minh City		4 360	10 485	6 596	3 523	2 719	9 617	2 465	4 659	2 535	1 734	3 670	4 158	3 889
80	Long An	3 790		778	497	582	235	294	343	162	406	61	101	131	362
82	Tien Giang	3 362	2 355	1 742		682	89	257	1 223	341	328	63	206	179	214
83	Ben Tre	3 435	184		1 159	350	200	673	714	650	554	262	58		342
84	Tra Vinh	2 378	180	207	84	162		223	1 106		541	170	322		280
86	Vinh Long	1 301		354	179	734	287	316		332	663	277	326	47	144
87	Dong Thap	969	584	132	469		128	708	481	133	294		97	321	193
89	An Giang	2 610			95	1 795	398		156	137	917	76	72		284
91	Kien Giang	1 050	70		90	88		655	279	128	318	282	71		741
92	Can Tho	423		222	56	299	1 376	1 711	784	253		2 296	701	256	405
93	Hau Giang	571			46	48	424	305	43	85	892		451	85	85
94	Soc Trang	858	181	65		69		252	272	245	359	424		606	716
95	Bac Lieu	542					207				63	50	396		561
96	Ca Mau	880				118	49	118	49	56	241		103	282	

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
MALE		**390 061**	**28 764**	**535**	**1 762**	**1 242**	**1 468**	**1 129**	**568**	**767**	**1 135**	**1 602**	**2 978**	**4 309**	**2 339**	**5 894**	**3 552**	**3 923**
01	Ha Noi	19 658			294		153	136			324	143	515	506	616	1 258	737	1 009
02	Ha Giang	380	37		47		91									40		41
04	Cao Bang	855	352											325				
06	Bac Kan	500	12		99									239	23	17		
08	Tuyen Quang	1 215	310			97		47						139				259
10	Lao Cai	517	154						45			131		31				77
11	Dien Bien	929	495							55								32
12	Lai Chau	897	123					64	138		54		16			54		
14	Son La	802	259					77	60	51		89						59
15	Yen Bai	1 586	444				93	92		143	44			44		52		182
17	Hoa Binh	1 410	496			48										47		93
19	Thai Nguyen	3 301	634	97	182	283	105	44				46	130		484		366	141
20	Lang Son	652	129									41		69		75	93	
22	Quang Ninh	1 399	285							256			63					
24	Bac Giang	3 071	644				63							413	257	254		
25	Phu Tho	2 911	1 241	129			195	91				110	63					
26	Vinh Phuc	1 807	605				56		54			290		56				356
27	Bac Ninh	7 285	1 745			288		57						566	423	67	1 152	204
30	Hai Duong	2 858	1 036						183							366	148	
31	Hai Phong	3 413	652	80			83							180		229		84

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
MALE		**2 311**	**2 348**	**4 609**	**2 889**	**2 724**	**6 559**	**3 492**	**6 274**	**3 347**	**13 137**	**13 449**	**8 620**	**4 104**	**2 718**	**6 819**	**6 652**
01	Ha Noi	555	574	1 491		948	2 130	1 232	794	674	1 935	1 357	236				142
02	Ha Giang	41				43			40								
04	Cao Bang		34			35											
06	Bac Kan			36													
08	Tuyen Quang	42		42	44				96								
10	Lao Cai																
11	Dien Bien	32					147			62	25					50	
12	Lai Chau					18	36	33								322	
14	Son La	55	51				50		50								
15	Yen Bai	114				141	48				46						
17	Hoa Binh		49	68	45			99	182			95					
19	Thai Nguyen				63	59	132		53	113						54	79
20	Lang Son			41					28		46					43	
22	Quang Ninh			188		83	57		166		113		120			67	
24	Bac Giang	64	342	67	62	68		65									
25	Phu Tho	109			46						46						64
26	Vinh Phuc				54		49			113		57					
27	Bac Ninh	105		403	61	251			55	190	524			78			
30	Hai Duong	75			528		67										
31	Hai Phong	82		760			406		374	162		80					

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
MALE		**3 569**	**4 774**	**4 812**	**3 733**	**5 425**	**1 728**	**3 627**	**1 883**	**5 780**	**4 538**	**1 283**	**7 011**	**5 044**	**3 875**	**17 778**	**17 727**	**4 482**
01	Ha Noi									366						141	626	
02	Ha Giang																	
04	Cao Bang								37				73					
06	Bac Kan										17			37				
08	Tuyen Quang															46	94	
10	Lao Cai									45			35					
11	Dien Bien																	
12	Lai Chau																40	
14	Son La																	
15	Yen Bai																94	
17	Hoa Binh								47							47		
19	Thai Nguyen								178	58								
20	Lang Son													88				
22	Quang Ninh																	
24	Bac Giang												64			126	325	
25	Phu Tho		192								185					191		
26	Vinh Phuc																118	
27	Bac Ninh												57		116	216	181	
30	Hai Duong																79	
31	Hai Phong																	

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
MALE		**46 174**	**6 106**	**7 842**	**6 844**	**6 501**	**7 895**	**14 415**	**4 627**	**5 791**	**6 047**	**6 657**	**6 275**	**6 940**	**8 859**
01	Ha Noi	446									321				
02	Ha Giang														
04	Cao Bang														
06	Bac Kan									20					
08	Tuyen Quang														
10	Lao Cai														
11	Dien Bien	32													
12	Lai Chau														
14	Son La														
15	Yen Bai	48													
17	Hoa Binh	47	47												
19	Thai Nguyen														
20	Lang Son														
22	Quang Ninh														
24	Bac Giang	257													
25	Phu Tho	250													
26	Vinh Phuc														
27	Bac Ninh	546													
30	Hai Duong	377													
31	Hai Phong	156							84						

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
33	Hung Yen	3 624	1 150		68		302				145			58	119	158	236	
34	Thai Binh	5 000	1 467							149		82				474		75
35	Ha Nam	2 633	1 456		43							52		42		82		
36	Nam Dinh	3 749	1 569											352		148		
37	Ninh Binh	4 493	1 331				57	110						98		606	54	34
38	Thanh Hoa	12 253	3 988											89		736		95
40	Nghe An	33 064	5 243					175					183			793		272
42	Ha Tinh	7 451	620					60					64	168		125		
44	Quang Binh	1 833	194															
45	Quang Tri	2 032	74															
46	Thua Thien Hue	3 722	116															
48	Da Nang	5 675	240										57					
49	Quang Nam	2 701	65															
51	Quang Ngai	2 053																
52	Binh Dinh	3 319																
54	Phu Yen	2 037																
56	Khanh Hoa	1 769														90		
58	Ninh Thuan	1 113	44															
60	Binh Thuan	1 471																
62	Kon Tum	1 495	128										46		37		122	
64	Gia Lai	2 894	55			72						57						

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
33	Hung Yen	52	68	62			293	110	267		242	234	59				
34	Thai Binh			77	676			78	393		311	148					
35	Ha Nam		48	57	51		104		98	141	47						42
36	Nam Dinh				80		65	53		80		88					83
37	Ninh Binh				53	112	129	104	341		181	57					
38	Thanh Hoa	104	299	112	248	95			96	95		582	92	179			96
40	Nghe An	164	262	89	348	267			87	89	810		2 470	205	263	259	1 558
42	Ha Tinh			113		60	81	179	41	127	104	1 228		92	62	127	542
44	Quang Binh											101			201	274	331
45	Quang Tri								206			82	42	88		162	321
46	Thua Thien Hue	59									55	178	188	325	425		635
48	Da Nang					56			65		145	291	230	336	445	609	
49	Quang Nam					65						135				125	1 201
51	Quang Ngai								57		57						343
52	Binh Dinh					152		118			143				63	82	136
54	Phu Yen											47				48	53
56	Khanh Hoa			147	130		34				57					60	89
58	Ninh Thuan															34	
60	Binh Thuan															186	59
62	Kon Tum			122						78	80	129	61			117	69
64	Gia Lai		122	59					245		201	236		51			171

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
33	Hung Yen																	
34	Thai Binh													78		305	308	149
35	Ha Nam			53			42						47				46	
36	Nam Dinh										67			150		71		393
37	Ninh Binh								157	142			180			68	218	25
38	Thanh Hoa	96	100	212		301			97	220	197		619	242		1 173	812	292
40	Nghe An	91		93		172			87	741	805	372	550	444		5 747	2 472	920
42	Ha Tinh					64				109	275	173	63	63		715	766	188
44	Quang Binh	54			49	52					96					241		54
45	Quang Tri	81		49		82			41		42					201	163	
46	Thua Thien Hue	184		58	177					100	53		59			228	227	60
48	Da Nang	1 851	424	190		106			42	49	336							
49	Quang Nam		344	172					124	64			79				59	
51	Quang Ngai	56		143	54				54	57							120	65
52	Binh Dinh	82	288		68	131			58	492			134			277	66	
54	Phu Yen			240		554	50			49	49	47		51		157	49	
56	Khanh Hoa				175		94	111		122	95		34	57				
58	Ninh Thuan		40			127		81		72			228				28	
60	Binh Thuan					70					41			70	57	52	218	126
62	Kon Tum		36	71						127	45			91			31	
64	Gia Lai	118	118	469	57				111		126		169			229		

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
33	Hung Yen														
34	Thai Binh	154						76							
35	Ha Nam	184													
36	Nam Dinh	389					88								72
37	Ninh Binh	331												53	53
38	Thanh Hoa	988													
40	Nghe An	6 465	197				84	92	84					107	
42	Ha Tinh	1 181					62								
44	Quang Binh	144								43					
45	Quang Tri	400													
46	Thua Thien Hue	594													
48	Da Nang	204													
49	Quang Nam	268													
51	Quang Ngai	990					57								
52	Binh Dinh	885											143		
54	Phu Yen	497					46	50			51				
56	Khanh Hoa	392				28	53								
58	Ninh Thuan	417										40			
60	Binh Thuan	482					57								54
62	Kon Tum	106													
64	Gia Lai	227													

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
66	Dak Lak	3 639	128		77													
67	Dak Nong	12 294		113	618	423	136	137	88	113	197	212	192	146	305			232
68	Lam Dong	3 440	210					40					66				47	
70	Binh Phuoc	3 529	113											57				
72	Tay Ninh	2 312																
74	Binh Duong	64 081	296		87		134				124	62	1 090		76		103	62
75	Dong Nai	34 091		116	247						247	286					495	90
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	8 739	228											732		223		
79	Ho Chi Minh City	60 773	318										493					416
80	Long An	3 734				32												110
82	Tien Giang	4 468																
83	Ben Tre	4 211																
84	Tra Vinh	3 566																
86	Vinh Long	2 637																
87	Dong Thap	2 619																
89	An Giang	4 149																
91	Kien Giang	2 004																
92	Can Tho	4 992	78															
93	Hau Giang	1 297																
94	Soc Trang	1 461																
95	Bac Lieu	544																
96	Ca Mau	1 655																

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
66	Dak Lak								146		145	93		47		139	275
67	Dak Nong		67	201	80	39	123	295	156	270	267	283	122	145	209		220
68	Lam Dong							59			343					40	
70	Binh Phuoc						108		216		147		41				
72	Tay Ninh						170				79			315			
74	Binh Duong	258	157		252	84	1 868	644	352	1 020	4 909	4 795	2 956	1 046	568	331	82
75	Dong Nai	85	108	270	69	90	76	167	189		1 186	1 405	733	710	331		
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau						48	110			173	59	446			173	64
79	Ho Chi Minh City	312	166				336		1 483	135	669	1 689	823	486	151	3 517	
80	Long An																
82	Tien Giang							147									
83	Ben Tre																
84	Tra Vinh																
86	Vinh Long					58											
87	Dong Thap																
89	An Giang																
91	Kien Giang																
92	Can Tho			203													
93	Hau Giang																
94	Soc Trang										52						
95	Bac Lieu																
96	Ca Mau																

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
66	Dak Lak	143		140		387	71		280	442		253	70	71			224	
67	Dak Nong	343	204	306	364	255	43	397	189	746	75		699	1 346	179	99	545	
68	Lam Dong		154			246	153			124	150	109		48	58	118	128	
70	Binh Phuoc	101	98				54						102		57	305	308	
72	Tay Ninh			85	79	57			57	85						278	64	
74	Binh Duong	71	277	655	897	332		847	193	676	698	246	786	341	2 156		1 962	239
75	Dong Nai		387	584	367	1 034	910	213		121	275	83	348	475		477		1 141
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau		367	189	244	122		149					121	55			514	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	297	1 589	1 009	1 068	1 275	169	1 570	134	775	772		2 201	982	971	2 759	5 691	491
80	Long An		60					63							60			60
82	Tien Giang							77					138			381	198	
83	Ben Tre													66		65	115	
84	Tra Vinh							58						221		649	54	
86	Vinh Long												53			257	95	123
87	Dong Thap		97				142									274	71	
89	An Giang				82											1 100	169	110
91	Kien Giang			94				60			76			71	220	71		
92	Can Tho					60							101			204		47
93	Hau Giang															49	216	
94	Soc Trang															62		
95	Bac Lieu				52													
96	Ca Mau										63					399	232	

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
66	Dak Lak	445	66												
67	Dak Nong	245	126	36	144		107	111	85		91	126			43
68	Lam Dong	783	176		47	61	118					160			
70	Binh Phuoc	785	50		195	142		161		126	138				226
72	Tay Ninh	413			44		79			236	56		158	59	
74	Binh Duong	8 607	1 427	1 180	1 394	2 482	2 367	3 289	1 241	1 225	1 001	1 526	2 595	1 205	2 810
75	Dong Nai	4 795		339	533	811	1 995	2 357	237	1 485	922	2 380	509	2 496	1 918
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	1 950	577	345	124	633	298	309			313			173	
79	Ho Chi Minh City		2 322	4 858	3 052	894	964	5 480	854	1 564	921	1 129	2 064	1 780	2 141
80	Long An	1 845		183	416		88	294	176	101			101	74	71
82	Tien Giang	1 464	683	337		134		190	333		138		69	179	
83	Ben Tre	1 625	126		402	149	134	121	245	583	316	66	58		142
84	Tra Vinh	1 367	57	51	84	110		84	444		218		111		57
86	Vinh Long	439		209	127	261	178	142		119	426		57		91
87	Dong Thap	627	253	132	187		58	225		67	70		97	321	
89	An Giang	1 379			95	607	241			73	200				95
91	Kien Giang	360						374	56		194	70			358
92	Can Tho	238		171		121	554	811	493	91		1 100	218	256	248
93	Hau Giang	263					216	131	43		332		46		
94	Soc Trang	406				69			203		96	60		178	336
95	Bac Lieu	247					52						49		144
96	Ca Mau	434						118	49	56	241			61	

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
FEMALE		**439 009**	**26 458**	**1 095**	**2 520**	**1 846**	**3 311**	**1 565**	**858**	**800**	**2 317**	**2 873**	**3 897**	**4 862**	**2 996**	**3 392**	**5 767**	**6 581**
01	Ha Noi	32 997		137	614	303	509	564	40		338	320	1 234	736	441	838	1 495	2 689
02	Ha Giang	749	176		41		229											42
04	Cao Bang	843	314	36		76								240				
06	Bac Kan	741	104	21	224		119					26		134	58			
08	Tuyen Quang	1 725	330	105	95	201						166		136			27	241
10	Lao Cai	823	218								43	48		76				82
11	Dien Bien	1 430	472					23		147	319		63	40				64
12	Lai Chau	657	161						158		107	25	22					22
14	Son La	1 471	259					38	226	91		89	256	111				51
15	Yen Bai	1 835	262	96			150	466		137	140			115			43	138
17	Hoa Binh	1 374	386	48							46					47		47
19	Thai Nguyen	4 327	434	53	218	635	197	46				55			542	137	524	44
20	Lang Son	847	136		41		42				44	82		124			138	
22	Quang Ninh	3 179	585				63						42	113			126	175
24	Bac Giang	4 766	803		206	69					69		70	658	461	240		64
25	Phu Tho	4 212	844	72			751	128	64		63	432	171	61	64	68	74	
26	Vinh Phuc	3 308	1 066	57	46		246					134		54			55	613
27	Bac Ninh	10 070	1 924		58	156	275	114				122	62	928	808		1 761	197
30	Hai Duong	4 191	695	143				61	111					75	72	199	62	166
31	Hai Phong	4 299	149				239								86	553	241	245

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
FEMALE		**2 363**	**3 704**	**5 176**	**3 711**	**3 316**	**8 856**	**3 484**	**9 020**	**3 624**	**22 006**	**17 147**	**10 097**	**5 795**	**4 014**	**6 260**	**7 222**
01	Ha Noi	1 107	592	1 334	1 363	1 239	2 902	998	3 360	552	4 251	1 995	339				
02	Ha Giang			40			128		42			50					
04	Cao Bang		34		31						38	38	37				
06	Bac Kan								23								
08	Tuyen Quang	49							91		55						
10	Lao Cai	68				37			49			39	37				
11	Dien Bien		52			32	72		64		25					25	
12	Lai Chau	17	29			20				17	16	63					
14	Son La	111	88			50	50		51								
15	Yen Bai					89		106				45					
17	Hoa Binh		47		93		49	147	87	95	115	47	50				
19	Thai Nguyen		400	18		123	267	82	103	47	100	123					
20	Lang Son	42		82	44				28								
22	Quang Ninh			418	319	71	276		281	60	282	61	60	55		192	
24	Bac Giang	128	398			67		198	263	66	208	73	133				
25	Phu Tho	277					64		123	62	119	194					
26	Vinh Phuc	-		148	54		49	153	130	153	110						
27	Bac Ninh	53	-	409	168	220	114	64	182	171	1 151	562					
30	Hai Duong		220	-	545	356	424				124	246	61			145	
31	Hai Phong		139	529	-	165	300		317	375	398	168					

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
FEMALE		**6 241**	**5 694**	**7 665**	**3 118**	**3 381**	**2 271**	**4 713**	**1 788**	**3 920**	**6 597**	**2 695**	**4 453**	**6 079**	**3 321**	**16 048**	**15 349**	**3 771**
01	Ha Noi								142	474					155	141	289	293
02	Ha Giang																	
04	Cao Bang																	
06	Bac Kan									12				20				
08	Tuyen Quang															143	87	
10	Lao Cai									90			35					
11	Dien Bien																	
12	Lai Chau																	
14	Son La																	
15	Yen Bai																	
17	Hoa Binh																47	
19	Thai Nguyen								59	58								
20	Lang Son													44				
22	Quang Ninh																	
24	Bac Giang								71			62				130	128	
25	Phu Tho		64								62					68		
26	Vinh Phuc				36	32											171	
27	Bac Ninh	114											57			51	60	
30	Hai Duong									81						83		
31	Hai Phong												78					

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
FEMALE		**44 544**	**6 939**	**9 703**	**5 684**	**9 554**	**8 919**	**12 908**	**6 371**	**7 000**	**8 035**	**7 176**	**9 425**	**7 584**	**11 130**
01	Ha Noi	1 053									160				
02	Ha Giang														
04	Cao Bang														
06	Bac Kan														
08	Tuyen Quang														
10	Lao Cai														
11	Dien Bien	32													
12	Lai Chau														
14	Son La														
15	Yen Bai	48													
17	Hoa Binh		23												
19	Thai Nguyen	59													
20	Lang Son														
22	Quang Ninh														
24	Bac Giang	201													
25	Phu Tho	324			63										
26	Vinh Phuc														
27	Bac Ninh	288													
30	Hai Duong	73								251					
31	Hai Phong	234							84						

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
33	Hung Yen	4 918	1 255	113	68		240		36		120	173	41	192		110	57	178
34	Thai Binh	3 362	850								149		241			233	75	
35	Ha Nam	2 722	1 072		43	44						50	54	96				45
36	Nam Dinh	4 730	1 752									70		248		490	69	
37	Ninh Binh	2 845	708	59	53		114	55	48	55			58			57	54	52
38	Thanh Hoa	7 505	3 128								105		103					197
40	Nghe An	25 649	4 547							278			83	88	90	179	86	167
42	Ha Tinh	6 248	635										64	137				
44	Quang Binh	3 167	146															50
45	Quang Tri	1 785																
46	Thua Thien Hue	4 324	104											66				
48	Da Nang	8 396	472															
49	Quang Nam	4 000	132															
51	Quang Ngai	2 377																
52	Binh Dinh	3 331																
54	Phu Yen	1 420																
56	Khanh Hoa	2 477														180		
58	Ninh Thuan	1 262																
60	Binh Thuan	1 427																
62	Kon Tum	1 753	125														122	
64	Gia Lai	4 311			72													

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
33	Hung Yen	52	49	351			425	250	174	173	525	276					
34	Thai Binh			230	382				73		222			75			
35	Ha Nam		47			59	105		435	93	200	42	102				
36	Nam Dinh	74	78		80	75	146	306		72	182	91			85		
37	Ninh Binh		47	52		53	72	65	370		103	57					
38	Thanh Hoa		197	290			98		98			600	101	90		192	99
40	Nghe An	87	828	87	92	95	88	104	85	82	686		2 427	346		91	624
42	Ha Tinh		87		113					127	60	1 348		204		306	181
44	Quang Binh										95	307			300	243	1 076
45	Quang Tri											43		261		456	284
46	Thua Thien Hue										125	230	311	469	528		363
48	Da Nang								130		242	305	156	642	326	544	
49	Quang Nam					65					65	63				234	1 874
51	Quang Ngai								114	55	62	83					508
52	Binh Dinh							59		66	140						72
54	Phu Yen											47		92			54
56	Khanh Hoa			295	130						57	106		123		121	
58	Ninh Thuan									41			86			35	
60	Binh Thuan															65	
62	Kon Tum									77	154	97	102			70	178
64	Gia Lai			214					57		62	169			117	70	165

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
33	Hung Yen																	61
34	Thai Binh						79							156		142	78	75
35	Ha Nam																	
36	Nam Dinh													75			88	321
37	Ninh Binh								53			47	64					159
38	Thanh Hoa	96	100								94	387	97			828	222	100
40	Nghe An	89	89			90			187	176	177	95	91	670		5 718	1 078	89
42	Ha Tinh						56	65			337	63				506	601	125
44	Quang Binh										47		49			147	99	
45	Quang Tri			49						40		45				79	241	
46	Thua Thien Hue	535	62	110	342	62			48		53					166	112	179
48	Da Nang	2 849	567	327		114			115	463	334	58	48				44	41
49	Quang Nam	-	364	186	66		63			123	127	67						
51	Quang Ngai	59	-	112	54	49					55	116					57	315
52	Binh Dinh		131	-	218	102			71	149			121			66	199	
54	Phu Yen	99		156	-	197										154	109	
56	Khanh Hoa			66	223	-	63	147		59		54						
58	Ninh Thuan			70		191	-	35					78				37	40
60	Binh Thuan							-		56		59	116				164	70
62	Kon Tum	69	25	162					-	72	31							
64	Gia Lai	200		1 585		102				-	350		56		61		82	

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
33	Hung Yen														
34	Thai Binh	150						152							
35	Ha Nam	236													
36	Nam Dinh	356													72
37	Ninh Binh	338													53
38	Thanh Hoa	282													
40	Nghe An	5 505						179			87				92
42	Ha Tinh	1 147					87								
44	Quang Binh	608													
45	Quang Tri	251												38	
46	Thua Thien Hue	462													
48	Da Nang	442									47	94		40	
49	Quang Nam	324		182					63						
51	Quang Ngai	739													
52	Binh Dinh	1 795											143		
54	Phu Yen	411				51									51
56	Khanh Hoa	555					105					194			
58	Ninh Thuan	650													
60	Binh Thuan	460	57				323								58
62	Kon Tum	408					34								27
64	Gia Lai	950													

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 1 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
66	Dak Lak	3 077	214															
67	Dak Nong	11 795		38	593	361	136	69	176	38	154	179	116	160	137			263
68	Lam Dong	4 071	65		60								118				47	
70	Binh Phuoc	3 902												57				59
72	Tay Ninh	3 946											64					
74	Binh Duong	66 265	56		87					55	124		870		76			264
75	Dong Nai	32 656	87	116							495	324					495	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	7 088	162											219		61		
79	Ho Chi Minh City	73 345	1 433									580	164		161		218	208
80	Long An	5 392	144															219
82	Tien Giang	8 538																
83	Ben Tre	5 108																
84	Tra Vinh	4 030																
86	Vinh Long	3 242																
87	Dong Thap	2 709																
89	An Giang	5 158																
91	Kien Giang	3 157	55															
92	Can Tho	5 132																
93	Hau Giang	2 182																
94	Soc Trang	2 968																
95	Bac Lieu	1 626																
96	Ca Mau	1 768																

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
66	Dak Lak					107	68		218			140	79	93		221	74
67	Dak Nong		101	129	80	86	118	124	40	106	335	208	349	145	209		86
68	Lam Dong							59	89		188	108		81	56	47	
70	Binh Phuoc					80	108		96	55	105	156			249		
72	Tay Ninh						85				79	164		79		51	44
74	Binh Duong	213		276	75	169	1 851	518	58	1 081	6 736	5 795	2 591	1 860	385	420	146
75	Dong Nai	85	108	180			416		212		1 417	1 824	849	604	205	287	76
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau						97				377		271				173
79	Ho Chi Minh City		166		142		484	177	1 498		2 395	1 056	1 956	496	1 499	2 380	1 144
80	Long An											60				63	
82	Tien Giang							74	79								
83	Ben Tre																
84	Tra Vinh																
86	Vinh Long					58						69					
87	Dong Thap																
89	An Giang													82			
91	Kien Giang										126						
92	Can Tho			94							71						
93	Hau Giang																
94	Soc Trang										207						
95	Bac Lieu																
96	Ca Mau														56		

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
66	Dak Lak	143	83	147		60	79			159		320	83			75		69
67	Dak Nong	253	240	294	364	200	86	494	154	354	251		598	2 146	106	213	384	
68	Lam Dong		293	59	70	233	389	185			160	149		109			199	
70	Binh Phuoc		98					57			55		92		56	315	301	40
72	Tay Ninh			85				56		189				54		438	135	
74	Binh Duong	223	807	1 847	446	262	86	692	330		2 128	280	602	658	1 594		2 999	329
75	Dong Nai		248	82	542	290	567	282		319	90	314	578	863	100	1 281		583
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	56	549	264	366	122		519			52			55		59	365	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 402	1 614	2 007	289	1 106	726	1 997	559	1 046	1 915	455	1 437	610	723	2 508	5 519	885
80	Long An		161			48								66	127	62	51	
82	Tien Giang		142								102			74		231	322	
83	Ben Tre										57	64		130			240	
84	Tra Vinh				53	57		58						218		520	55	
86	Vinh Long	54					33	61			56							
87	Dong Thap							65								172		
89	An Giang														152	728	346	
91	Kien Giang											60	70	71	208	83	123	
92	Can Tho		57								65		101			206	53	
93	Hau Giang						43									49	86	
94	Soc Trang															62		
95	Bac Lieu				52										39	208		
96	Ca Mau			59		63								60		415	177	

Table 9 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2013													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
66	Dak Lak	430					84			70	61				
67	Dak Nong	155	42	36	144		323	70	85	35	61	48	32		91
68	Lam Dong	1 041	47				59		54			107			
70	Binh Phuoc	891	50	53	71	188		54	97	138	42		54	113	176
72	Tay Ninh	727	442	56	44	65	158	58		372			383	57	61
74	Binh Duong	6 915	1 462	945	247	1 806	2 124	3 482	670	972	806	753	4 287	1 549	3 259
75	Dong Nai	3 099	97	215		949	1 748	1 606	297	635	1 690	2 709	759	2 399	2 534
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	1 432	244	174	207	389	247	148			122		61	173	122
79	Ho Chi Minh City		2 038	5 627	3 544	2 629	1 754	4 137	1 611	3 095	1 615	605	1 606	2 377	1 748
80	Long An	1 944		595	81	582	147		167	60	406	61		57	291
82	Tien Giang	1 898	1 673			549	89	67	890	341	190	63	137		214
83	Ben Tre	1 810	58			202	67	552	469	67	238	197			200
84	Tra Vinh	1 011	123	155				139	662		323	170	211		223
86	Vinh Long	862		145	52	473		174		213	238	277	269	47	53
87	Dong Thap	342	331		282		70		481	67	224				193
89	An Giang	1 231				1 188	156			64	717	76	72		189
91	Kien Giang	690	70		90	88		281	223		124	212	71		384
92	Can Tho	185		51	56	178	823	900	292	162		1 196	484		158
93	Hau Giang	308			46	48	208	174		85	560		405	85	85
94	Soc Trang	452	181	65				252	69	245	263	364		429	379
95	Bac Lieu	294					155				63	50	347		417
96	Ca Mau	446				118	49						103	221	

Table 10

POPULATION AGED 1 AND OVER MOVED-IN FROM OTHER PLACE BY PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE 1 YEAR PRIOR TO THE SURVEY TIME POINT URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SEX AND PROVINCE/CITY

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Total			Place of usual residence 1 year prior to the survey time point (on 1/4/2013)								
					Urban			Rural			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**1 868 534**	**785 928**	**1 082 606**	**928 670**	**427 973**	**500 697**	**938 209**	**357 229**	**580 980**	**1 655**	**726**	**929**
Socio-economic regions													
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	134 591	42 763	91 828	48 823	21 862	26 960	85 729	20 901	64 828	39		39
R2	Red River Delta	315 365	117 937	197 428	150 464	67 752	82 712	163 999	49 753	114 246	902	432	470
R3	North and South Central Coast	339 403	143 308	196 095	194 942	94 289	100 652	143 997	48 819	95 178	465	200	265
R4	Central Highlands	85 332	40 509	44 823	29 222	13 579	15 643	56 110	26 930	29 180			
R5	Southeast	765 455	353 665	411 790	422 587	193 499	229 088	342 807	160 166	182 641	61		61
R6	Mekong River Delta	228 387	87 745	140 642	82 633	36 991	45 642	145 568	50 661	94 907	187	93	93
Provinces/cities													
01	Ha Noi	139 684	51 930	87 754	70 689	29 661	41 028	68 563	21 979	46 583	433	290	143
02	Ha Giang	6 438	1 850	4 588	2 017	741	1 276	4 421	1 110	3 312			
04	Cao Bang	7 002	2 046	4 956	2 674	1 189	1 485	4 328	857	3 471			
06	Bac Kan	4 576	1 383	3 192	1 006	341	666	3 569	1 042	2 527			
08	Tuyen Quang	9 320	2 662	6 659	2 890	1 399	1 490	6 431	1 262	5 168			
10	Lao Cai	5 108	1 952	3 156	2 561	1 217	1 344	2 509	736	1 773	39		39
11	Dien Bien	7 090	2 669	4 420	3 020	1 541	1 479	4 069	1 128	2 941			
12	Lai Chau	4 548	2 348	2 200	2 474	1 462	1 012	2 074	886	1 188			
14	Son La	11 365	3 229	8 136	3 409	1 390	2 018	7 957	1 839	6 118			
15	Yen Bai	10 850	3 401	7 449	4 528	2 157	2 371	6 322	1 243	5 078			
17	Hoa Binh	7 201	2 614	4 587	2 092	973	1 119	5 109	1 640	3 469			
19	Thai Nguyen	18 357	6 436	11 921	6 421	2 779	3 642	11 936	3 657	8 279			
20	Lang Son	7 832	2 334	5 498	3 039	1 424	1 616	4 793	911	3 882			

Table 10 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Total			Place of usual residence 1 year prior to the survey time point (on 1/4/2013)								
					Urban			Rural			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
22	Quang Ninh	16 498	5 552	10 946	10 036	3 795	6 241	6 462	1 757	4 705			
24	Bac Giang	17 748	4 848	12 899	5 269	2 267	3 001	12 479	2 581	9 898			
25	Phu Tho	17 157	4 991	12 166	7 424	2 983	4 441	9 733	2 009	7 725			
26	Vinh Phuc	10 200	2 961	7 238	2 793	1 002	1 791	7 407	1 960	5 447			
27	Bac Ninh	24 617	9 096	15 521	8 507	4 130	4 377	16 110	4 966	11 144			
30	Hai Duong	15 647	5 373	10 275	5 933	2 877	3 056	9 634	2 415	7 219	80	80	
31	Hai Phong	35 022	13 836	21 186	19 089	9 184	9 905	15 855	4 652	11 203	78		78
33	Hung Yen	13 686	4 536	9 151	3 672	1 269	2 403	9 894	3 267	6 628	120		120
34	Thai Binh	15 198	6 773	8 424	6 831	4 302	2 529	8 367	2 472	5 895			
35	Ha Nam	8 121	3 096	5 025	3 815	2 081	1 733	4 306	1 014	3 292			
36	Nam Dinh	20 468	7 698	12 770	12 160	5 575	6 585	8 175	2 061	6 115	133	62	71
37	Ninh Binh	16 224	7 086	9 138	6 939	3 876	3 064	9 227	3 210	6 016	58		58
38	Thanh Hoa	45 380	19 883	25 497	22 493	12 970	9 523	22 593	6 801	15 791	294	112	182
40	Nghe An	103 233	48 261	54 972	62 311	33 989	28 322	40 751	14 184	26 567	171	88	83
42	Ha Tinh	21 783	9 382	12 401	12 403	6 242	6 161	9 380	3 140	6 241			
44	Quang Binh	11 184	3 769	7 415	6 011	2 170	3 841	5 173	1 599	3 573			
45	Quang Tri	7 903	3 174	4 729	3 989	1 900	2 089	3 914	1 273	2 640			
46	Thua Thien Hue	20 422	7 369	13 052	12 404	4 759	7 645	8 018	2 611	5 407			
48	Da Nang	34 399	14 398	20 002	23 574	10 027	13 547	10 825	4 371	6 455			
49	Quang Nam	18 829	6 868	11 961	7 919	3 104	4 814	10 910	3 764	7 147			
51	Quang Ngai	11 227	4 193	7 034	4 073	1 832	2 240	7 154	2 361	4 793			
52	Binh Dinh	20 143	7 719	12 424	12 442	5 216	7 225	7 701	2 502	5 198			
54	Phu Yen	11 105	4 597	6 507	5 493	2 406	3 087	5 612	2 191	3 421			
56	Khanh Hoa	19 399	7 683	11 716	11 755	4 965	6 789	7 644	2 717	4 927			
58	Ninh Thuan	7 064	3 004	4 059	4 683	2 027	2 656	2 380	977	1 404			

Table 10 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Total			Place of usual residence 1 year prior to the survey time-point (on 1/4/2013)								
					Urban			Rural			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
60	Binh Thuan	7 334	3 008	4 326	5 393	2 681	2 712	1 941	327	1 614			
62	Kon Tum	6 103	2 883	3 220	2 892	1 138	1 755	3 211	1 745	1 466			
64	Gia Lai	17 260	7 828	9 433	8 124	3 775	4 349	9 136	4 052	5 084			
66	Dak Lak	18 970	9 169	9 801	7 751	4 097	3 654	11 219	5 072	6 147			
67	Dak Nong	26 167	13 135	13 032	2 424	1 082	1 343	23 743	12 053	11 689			
68	Lam Dong	16 831	7 495	9 337	8 030	3 487	4 543	8 802	4 008	4 794			
70	Binh Phuoc	15 551	6 816	8 735	5 087	2 402	2 685	10 464	4 414	6 050			
72	Tay Ninh	17 925	6 601	11 324	5 337	1 884	3 453	12 588	4 717	7 872			
74	Binh Duong	151 851	73 773	78 077	38 233	19 254	18 979	113 617	54 519	59 098			
75	Dong Nai	121 633	57 656	63 977	45 321	21 931	23 390	76 312	35 725	40 587			
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	32 449	15 730	16 720	18 220	8 678	9 542	14 168	7 051	7 117	61		61
79	Ho Chi Minh City	426 046	193 090	232 957	310 390	139 350	171 040	115 657	53 740	61 917			
80	Long An	17 560	6 306	11 254	5 590	2 501	3 089	11 970	3 805	8 165			
82	Tien Giang	33 021	10 852	22 169	11 032	4 923	6 109	21 989	5 929	16 060			
83	Ben Tre	20 262	8 672	11 590	6 407	2 801	3 606	13 855	5 871	7 984			
84	Tra Vinh	15 726	6 927	8 798	4 891	2 622	2 269	10 835	4 305	6 530			
86	Vinh Long	13 725	5 493	8 232	3 445	1 679	1 766	10 280	3 814	6 465			
87	Dong Thap	19 396	7 722	11 674	5 733	2 660	3 072	13 663	5 062	8 602			
89	An Giang	28 707	11 671	17 037	14 646	6 739	7 907	14 061	4 932	9 129			
91	Kien Giang	17 032	6 298	10 734	6 526	2 689	3 838	10 506	3 609	6 897			
92	Can Tho	23 484	10 247	13 237	12 413	5 321	7 091	10 884	4 832	6 052	187	93	93
93	Hau Giang	6 092	1 997	4 094	2 148	727	1 421	3 944	1 270	2 674			
94	Soc Trang	11 446	3 810	7 636	3 001	1 026	1 975	8 445	2 784	5 661			
95	Bac Lieu	5 214	1 016	4 197	1 769	498	1 272	3 444	518	2 926			
96	Ca Mau	16 724	6 734	9 990	5 031	2 806	2 225	11 693	3 928	7 764			

Table 11

POPULATION AGED 5 AND OVER BY PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE
ON TIME POINT OF 1/4/2019, SEX AND PROVINCE/CITY

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
TOTAL		**83 282 551**	**77 547 160**	**65 678**	**5 668 788**	**924**
01	Ha Noi	6 453 910	5 966 034	5 901	481 604	371
02	Ha Giang	697 706	678 554	211	18 940	
04	Cao Bang	472 943	446 854	189	25 841	58
06	Bac Kan	280 147	264 984	165	14 981	16
08	Tuyen Quang	673 326	643 997	161	29 167	
10	Lao Cai	596 182	570 048		26 111	22
11	Dien Bien	470 062	444 090	38	25 934	
12	Lai Chau	360 028	341 509	111	18 408	
14	Son La	1 033 466	999 952	102	33 411	
15	Yen Bai	703 908	674 686	237	28 959	26
17	Hoa Binh	741 075	712 274	424	28 378	
19	Thai Nguyen	1 066 015	1 006 410	735	58 870	
20	Lang Son	685 064	655 191	176	29 639	58
22	Quang Ninh	1 097 958	1 049 101	589	48 262	7
24	Bac Giang	1 474 586	1 420 288	3 547	50 751	
25	Phu Tho	1 239 563	1 189 261	1 890	48 411	
26	Vinh Phuc	938 486	901 277	536	36 648	26
27	Bac Ninh	1 016 690	943 810	877	72 002	
30	Hai Duong	1 631 723	1 573 532	4 750	53 441	

Table 11 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
31	Hai Phong	1 768 362	1 627 376	1 066	139 874	46
33	Hung Yen	1 064 214	1 019 125	1 313	43 756	19
34	Thai Binh	1 671 917	1 624 874	1 341	45 672	30
35	Ha Nam	736 652	717 040	729	18 883	
36	Nam Dinh	1 699 253	1 635 642	1 413	62 198	
37	Ninh Binh	854 769	812 226	815	41 728	
38	Thanh Hoa	3 214 526	3 097 411	2 268	114 772	76
40	Nghe An	2 754 485	2 510 813	14 432	229 217	23
42	Ha Tinh	1 143 523	1 087 550	5 487	50 487	
44	Quang Binh	795 525	767 908	909	26 708	
45	Quang Tri	561 955	536 629	250	25 076	
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 045 397	981 417	386	63 594	
48	Da Nang	918 222	780 327	383	137 512	
49	Quang Nam	1 357 908	1 307 312	115	50 481	
51	Quang Ngai	1 153 449	1 125 450	295	27 704	
52	Binh Dinh	1 396 912	1 337 353	173	59 385	
54	Phu Yen	824 256	796 930	126	27 200	
56	Khanh Hoa	1 119 472	1 071 368	449	47 654	
58	Ninh Thuan	538 887	518 596	40	20 251	
60	Binh Thuan	1 122 997	1 093 126	204	29 666	
62	Kon Tum	429 823	402 267	36	27 521	
64	Gia Lai	1 240 555	1 183 706	115	56 734	
66	Dak Lak	1 675 583	1 600 456	181	74 946	

Table 11 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
67	Dak Nong	508 844	469 263	103	39 479	
68	Lam Dong	1 149 426	1 087 716	179	61 531	
70	Binh Phuoc	848 815	792 658	341	55 747	69
72	Tay Ninh	1 028 381	973 481	1 847	53 052	
74	Binh Duong	1 710 519	1 213 746	257	496 480	35
75	Dong Nai	2 616 677	2 341 506	381	274 790	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	973 020	889 648	154	83 199	19
79	Ho Chi Minh City	7 421 877	6 037 998	4 768	1 379 111	
80	Long An	1 372 956	1 308 018	268	64 669	
82	Tien Giang	1 594 821	1 496 140	63	98 619	
83	Ben Tre	1 180 657	1 126 497	213	53 947	
84	Tra Vinh	952 305	909 279	493	42 509	23
86	Vinh Long	971 806	924 139	229	47 438	
87	Dong Thap	1 572 551	1 515 479	782	56 289	
89	An Giang	1 995 471	1 911 502	1 034	82 935	
91	Kien Giang	1 610 786	1 559 542	240	51 004	
92	Can Tho	1 150 301	1 075 568	461	74 272	
93	Hau Giang	718 949	702 355	114	16 481	
94	Soc Trang	1 221 208	1 188 973	335	31 900	
95	Bac Lieu	825 934	810 256	128	15 550	
96	Ca Mau	1 135 772	1 096 640	123	39 009	

Table 11 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
MALE		**43 788 817**	**42 935 172**	**67 516**	**785 928**	**202**
01	Ha Noi	3 405 631	3 349 854	3 686	51 930	161
02	Ha Giang	384 025	382 175		1 850	
04	Cao Bang	248 629	246 347	236	2 046	
06	Bac Kan	150 651	149 104	164	1 383	
08	Tuyen Quang	366 315	363 537	117	2 662	
10	Lao Cai	329 181	327 229		1 952	
11	Dien Bien	262 884	260 116	98	2 669	
12	Lai Chau	201 230	198 765	117	2 348	
14	Son La	569 877	566 648		3 229	
15	Yen Bai	377 969	374 279	289	3 401	
17	Hoa Binh	399 016	395 735	667	2 614	
19	Thai Nguyen	559 102	551 853	813	6 436	
20	Lang Son	372 002	369 451	217	2 334	
22	Quang Ninh	591 365	585 208	605	5 552	
24	Bac Giang	785 025	777 100	3 077	4 848	
25	Phu Tho	656 731	649 251	2 489	4 991	
26	Vinh Phuc	499 096	495 866	269	2 961	
27	Bac Ninh	538 734	528 583	1 055	9 096	
30	Hai Duong	847 158	836 889	4 896	5 373	
31	Hai Phong	930 395	915 983	577	13 836	
33	Hung Yen	556 936	551 036	1 324	4 536	41
34	Thai Binh	845 864	838 181	910	6 773	

Table 11 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
35	Ha Nam	386 846	383 315	435	3 096	
36	Nam Dinh	873 548	864 388	1 462	7 698	
37	Ninh Binh	446 464	437 849	1 530	7 086	
38	Thanh Hoa	1 695 655	1 672 442	3 330	19 883	
40	Nghe An	1 472 712	1 401 737	22 713	48 261	
42	Ha Tinh	603 949	587 825	6 742	9 382	
44	Quang Binh	425 507	420 246	1 492	3 769	
45	Quang Tri	294 775	291 363	238	3 174	
46	Thua Thien Hue	547 952	540 114	469	7 369	
48	Da Nang	479 951	465 042	511	14 398	
49	Quang Nam	699 053	692 063	121	6 868	
51	Quang Ngai	596 021	591 828		4 193	
52	Binh Dinh	720 876	712 961	197	7 719	
54	Phu Yen	434 528	429 881	51	4 597	
56	Khanh Hoa	582 618	574 705	230	7 683	
58	Ninh Thuan	289 246	286 241		3 004	
60	Binh Thuan	595 255	592 247		3 008	
62	Kon Tum	233 526	230 643		2 883	
64	Gia Lai	669 098	661 218	52	7 828	
66	Dak Lak	903 130	893 820	141	9 169	
67	Dak Nong	280 197	267 048	14	13 135	
68	Lam Dong	619 767	612 149	123	7 495	

Table 11 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
70	Binh Phuoc	451 906	444 945	145	6 816	
72	Tay Ninh	538 063	531 004	459	6 601	
74	Binh Duong	890 644	816 545	326	73 773	
75	Dong Nai	1 368 316	1 310 380	280	57 656	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	519 579	503 849		15 730	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	3 764 275	3 567 996	3 189	193 090	
80	Long An	713 106	706 748	52	6 306	
82	Tien Giang	824 510	813 658		10 852	
83	Ben Tre	605 470	596 798		8 672	
84	Tra Vinh	495 500	488 211	362	6 927	
86	Vinh Long	504 059	498 443	123	5 493	
87	Dong Thap	823 342	815 553	67	7 722	
89	An Giang	1 043 878	1 031 774	433	11 671	
91	Kien Giang	852 840	846 409	133	6 298	
92	Can Tho	601 516	591 146	123	10 247	
93	Hau Giang	379 922	377 805	120	1 997	
94	Soc Trang	647 221	643 163	248	3 810	
95	Bac Lieu	434 831	433 815		1 016	
96	Ca Mau	601 350	594 616		6 734	

Table 11 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
FEMALE		**45 198 314**	**44 075 475**	**40 071**	**1 082 606**	**161**
01	Ha Noi	3 532 752	3 442 681	2 156	87 754	161
02	Ha Giang	386 903	382 316		4 588	
04	Cao Bang	260 797	255 804	37	4 956	
06	Bac Kan	151 380	148 093	94	3 192	
08	Tuyen Quang	369 150	362 342	149	6 659	
10	Lao Cai	321 070	317 877	38	3 156	
11	Dien Bien	259 233	254 812		4 420	
12	Lai Chau	201 658	199 433	24	2 200	
14	Son La	566 434	558 197	102	8 136	
15	Yen Bai	386 137	378 492	196	7 449	
17	Hoa Binh	401 295	396 412	295	4 587	
19	Thai Nguyen	586 976	574 339	716	11 921	
20	Lang Son	366 643	360 974	171	5 498	
22	Quang Ninh	583 516	572 263	307	10 946	
24	Bac Giang	801 446	784 605	3 941	12 899	
25	Phu Tho	675 286	660 509	2 611	12 166	
26	Vinh Phuc	519 080	511 299	542	7 238	
27	Bac Ninh	561 461	545 477	464	15 521	
30	Hai Duong	885 779	873 308	2 196	10 275	
31	Hai Phong	976 172	954 272	714	21 186	

Table 11 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
33	Hung Yen	579 687	569 941	595	9 151	
34	Thai Binh	920 703	911 815	463	8 424	
35	Ha Nam	400 213	394 904	284	5 025	
36	Nam Dinh	938 078	924 329	979	12 770	
37	Ninh Binh	467 813	458 379	297	9 138	
38	Thanh Hoa	1 732 805	1 704 402	2 905	25 497	
40	Nghe An	1 484 194	1 421 260	7 962	54 972	
42	Ha Tinh	626 363	611 542	2 419	12 401	
44	Quang Binh	426 124	418 248	462	7 415	
45	Quang Tri	309 229	304 284	215	4 729	
46	Thua Thien Hue	563 962	550 406	504	13 052	
48	Da Nang	507 161	487 022	137	20 002	
49	Quang Nam	746 199	734 107	131	11 961	
51	Quang Ngai	625 172	617 960	178	7 034	
52	Binh Dinh	768 908	756 352	132	12 424	
54	Phu Yen	437 717	431 157	52	6 507	
56	Khanh Hoa	598 909	587 071	122	11 716	
58	Ninh Thuan	289 675	285 578	37	4 059	
60	Binh Thuan	596 314	591 987		4 326	
62	Kon Tum	236 345	233 124		3 220	
64	Gia Lai	680 023	670 590		9 433	

Table 11 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Total population aged 5 and over on time-point of 1/4/2014	By place of usual residence on time point of 1/4/2009			
			The same commune/ward	Abroad	Other place	Not stated
66	Dak Lak	893 819	883 809	209	9 801	
67	Dak Nong	274 212	261 141	40	13 032	
68	Lam Dong	616 358	606 899	122	9 337	
70	Binh Phuoc	460 382	451 498	149	8 735	
72	Tay Ninh	550 148	538 548	275	11 324	
74	Binh Duong	935 435	856 767	591	78 077	
75	Dong Nai	1 411 293	1 347 132	184	63 977	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	518 420	501 593	107	16 720	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	4 088 324	3 851 460	3 907	232 957	
80	Long An	742 028	730 671	103	11 254	
82	Tien Giang	865 406	843 159	79	22 169	
83	Ben Tre	639 259	627 527	142	11 590	
84	Tra Vinh	517 890	508 862	229	8 798	
86	Vinh Long	521 719	513 433	54	8 232	
87	Dong Thap	833 950	822 276		11 674	
89	An Giang	1 076 058	1 058 583	438	17 037	
91	Kien Giang	862 029	851 183	112	10 734	
92	Can Tho	614 457	601 038	183	13 237	
93	Hau Giang	378 184	373 971	118	4 094	
94	Soc Trang	643 537	635 659	243	7 636	
95	Bac Lieu	428 191	423 837	157	4 197	
96	Ca Mau	598 452	588 462		9 990	

Table 12

POPULATION AGED 5 AND OVER BY PROVINCE/CITY OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON 1/4/2009 AND 1/4/2014 AND SEX

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009														
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
TOTAL		**2 630 508**	**137 799**	**7 329**	**15 964**	**8 560**	**18 734**	**8 538**	**6 181**	**3 857**	**12 379**	**14 146**	**17 962**	**30 884**	**15 309**	**19 814**	**36 365**	**29 881**
01	Ha Noi	211 584		1 302	1 544	870	3 790	1 733	969	163	2 676	2 198	6 497	7 514	2 039	5 620	9 696	11 971
02	Ha Giang	4 236	819		132	200	1 311	40	43		44	43		186		40		353
04	Cao Bang	6 661	2 246	303		311	36		151				37	1 660	71	38	121	149
06	Bac Kan	4 843	476	21	1 140		312	21		17		26	71	1 633	220		43	69
08	Tuyen Quang	9 731	1 767	1 338	95	431		47		48	52	850	190	832	116		77	1 073
10	Lao Cai	6 905	1 600	171	42		165		31	445	163	1 290		228	38		101	607
11	Dien Bien	8 492	1 948	345			38	171		695	1 454	100	63	231	37	35	61	270
12	Lai Chau	5 987	877				30	438	723		301	229	144	179	38	84	17	494
14	Son La	6 679	1 471		108		51	229	632	128		484	742	109				146
15	Yen Bai	8 939	2 109	190	42		781	1 228		609	383			263		45	43	769
17	Hoa Binh	10 547	3 937	48			42	92	52	50	640	91		244		189	142	451
19	Thai Nguyen	26 082	3 171	686	1 472	2 433	910	228	111	170		660	545		2 100	642	3 253	728
20	Lang Son	6 260	1 088		180	43	86	44			85	82		676		211	1 046	38
22	Quang Ninh	17 025	2 499			122	240	167	128	256	63	244	186	479	400		932	474
24	Bac Giang	20 374	4 592		267	131	63	69				224	202	3 043	1 726	564		389
25	Phu Tho	18 744	3 782	202	61	67	2 590	843	434	125	254	1 500	298	129	127	133	375	
26	Vinh Phuc	16 552	4 570	166	46		995	580		67	229	507	238	276	155	237	234	2 535
27	Bac Ninh	47 438	8 866	187	555	1 100	411	114	55	117	290	255	219	3 295	3 456	424	9 655	1 167
30	Hai Duong	17 687	3 083	143		273	75	215	283		289	72		440	300	1 647	1 340	522
31	Hai Phong	35 237	2 863	238	85		743	180			82	270	528	856	531	2 583	854	588

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
33	Hung Yen	27 743	6 418	113	342		716		88		1 116	846	195	1 496	402	440	1 143	652
34	Thai Binh	20 908	6 157	74	71			118	615	154	149		476	226	74	1 783	222	677
35	Ha Nam	10 281	3 177		87	44	52		47	46	355	102	244	231	46	52	94	45
36	Nam Dinh	26 675	7 899	322			379	255	139		318	218	394	790	86	1 188	585	630
37	Ninh Binh	17 573	3 438	113	53		374	159			55	105	677	213	48	347	424	196
38	Thanh Hoa	36 500	11 117				102		191		201		304	299	147	585	286	493
40	Nghe An	126 263	22 957				92		347	95	168	103	338	176		821		518
42	Ha Tinh	28 066	2 886					60			63		64	301		129		62
44	Quang Binh	9 064	825						98				51			49	54	45
45	Quang Tri	11 235	147		39				46				44					
46	Thua Thien Hue	23 704	375		173								54	66	68			116
48	Da Nang	61 339	1 458				115	96					38			194		
49	Quang Nam	20 379	196															
51	Quang Ngai	8 578	49										62		132	62		
52	Binh Dinh	16 152	89															
54	Phu Yen	7 985										47						47
56	Khanh Hoa	11 068	348													393		67
58	Ninh Thuan	7 276	81										35			149	52	34
60	Binh Thuan	7 589	57															55
62	Kon Tum	9 107	344		139								128		73	25	114	113
64	Gia Lai	33 627	310		2 092	215	74				54	57			493		133	55

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
66	Dak Lak	39 032	936	102	2 762	1 483	1 088		65			42	65	346	725		296	
67	Dak Nong	51 424	161	150	2 620	760	739	1 197	413	616	834	545	1 007	869	143	52		551
68	Lam Dong	26 684	956		358		120	40	47				184	127			272	
70	Binh Phuoc	32 707	58		50	44	166	50					53	370	38		56	581
72	Tay Ninh	20 878			108		58						64	430			331	
74	Binh Duong	412 720	1 749	561	602		1 677	123		55	248	582	2 707	923	1 221		916	998
75	Dong Nai	163 824	1 880	465	495		261				1 773	1 041		710		426	1 263	181
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	48 592	897	88	59		54							777	49	403	516	248
79	Ho Chi Minh City	547 701	10 286		145				474			1 058	818	186	161	225	1 619	618
80	Long An	47 110	106			32					42							110
82	Tien Giang	38 713																
83	Ben Tre	22 203																
84	Tra Vinh	15 610																
86	Vinh Long	22 040																
87	Dong Thap	15 751										213			50			
89	An Giang	24 051												75				
91	Kien Giang	17 480	257															
92	Can Tho	42 022	373															
93	Hau Giang	8 570																
94	Soc Trang	9 858																
95	Bac Lieu	5 425	45															
96	Ca Mau	6 998										61						

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
MALE		**1 196 873**	**73 011**	**2 506**	**6 774**	**2 921**	**7 635**	**3 281**	**2 546**	**1 553**	**5 138**	**4 939**	**6 499**	**10 836**	**4 154**	**9 537**	**12 472**	**10 862**
01	Ha Noi	83 623		275	284	150	1 960	136	318		1 060	1 001	2 374	2 042	476	2 725	3 476	4 449
02	Ha Giang	1 870	288			147	611	40	43					47		40		182
04	Cao Bang	3 127	1 280						37					674	34	38	81	74
06	Bac Kan	1 775	289		321		17			17			23	741				20
08	Tuyen Quang	3 118	744	333		134		47			52	93	51	311	43			382
10	Lao Cai	3 011	806	84	42		35		31	78	80	683		31				319
11	Dien Bien	3 720	1 040	238			38	94		230	464	36		90			31	131
12	Lai Chau	2 781	413				30	212	142		98	52	97	73	19	84	17	237
14	Son La	2 824	812				51	140	91	89		198	196	49				56
15	Yen Bai	3 838	1 240				351	287		128	100			167				429
17	Hoa Binh	4 149	1 692					41		50	205	45		151		143	47	93
19	Thai Nguyen	10 231	1 356	368	544	698	256	143		94		381	291		695	339	1 111	214
20	Lang Son	2 581	652		48		44				85	41		119		77	421	
22	Quang Ninh	6 647	1 267			64		111	128	256		64	126	66			135	52
24	Bac Giang	7 297	2 154				63					77		912	400	192		68
25	Phu Tho	7 182	1 678	64			922	383	246	67	62	293	63	65			62	
26	Vinh Phuc	4 852	1 674				103	205			55	164		56	103		130	854
27	Bac Ninh	18 666	5 046	55	169	629	178	57		58	178	78	51	962	723	251	2 819	339
30	Hai Duong	6 623	1 834			100			172		144			145		830	394	73
31	Hai Phong	15 519	1 668	158			83	180				175	83	529	70	608	192	257

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
33	Hung Yen	10 980	2 551		137		383		52		655	166	36	340	234	267	746	250
34	Thai Binh	9 247	3 895	74					383	75				154		923	74	150
35	Ha Nam	3 906	1 475		43						148	52	50	88		52	46	
36	Nam Dinh	12 011	4 076	242				177	139		79		161	328		436	130	332
37	Ninh Binh	7 317	1 606				124	104				105	55	160		168	157	91
38	Thanh Hoa	21 207	7 683								96					481		97
40	Nghe An	72 302	14 429						260		91		82			731		83
42	Ha Tinh	14 157	1 735					60						230		129		62
44	Quang Binh	4 272	513						49									45
45	Quang Tri	5 318	38															
46	Thua Thien Hue	9 461	215		115										68			58
48	Da Nang	26 860	776				57	48								129		
49	Quang Nam	9 631	130															
51	Quang Ngai	3 832											62		70	62		
52	Binh Dinh	8 148	89															
54	Phu Yen	3 719																
56	Khanh Hoa	4 635	144													151		67
58	Ninh Thuan	3 118	44										35			37	52	
60	Binh Thuan	3 193																
62	Kon Tum	4 402	184		70								97		37		76	50
64	Gia Lai	16 617	63		1 045	143	74				54	57			278			

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
66	Dak Lak	19 483	473	102	1 279	494	692		65					138	406		144	
67	Dak Nong	25 759	87	113	1 432	329	398	605	185	409	417	210	501	375	95	52		217
68	Lam Dong	12 501	519		240			40	47				66	127			47	
70	Binh Phuoc	14 901			50		49	50					53	210				335
72	Tay Ninh	7 970			54									239			102	
74	Binh Duong	198 311	1 415	241	260		973	123			124	243	1 454	387	403		581	489
75	Dong Nai	78 948	841	116	495		88				893	402		342		248	474	181
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	24 938	384	44			54							488		342	307	124
79	Ho Chi Minh City	253 643	3 229		145				158			180	493				621	
80	Long An	20 585	53			32												
82	Tien Giang	15 244																
83	Ben Tre	9 062																
84	Tra Vinh	7 625																
86	Vinh Long	10 973																
87	Dong Thap	5 639										142						
89	An Giang	9 561																
91	Kien Giang	7 236	138															
92	Can Tho	16 017	250															
93	Hau Giang	2 351																
94	Soc Trang	3 939																
95	Bac Lieu	1 688	45															
96	Ca Mau	2 737																

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
FEMALE		**1 433 636**	**64 788**	**4 823**	**9 190**	**5 639**	**11 100**	**5 257**	**3 634**	**2 305**	**7 241**	**9 207**	**11 463**	**20 049**	**11 155**	**10 277**	**23 893**	**19 019**
01	Ha Noi	127 961		1 027	1 260	720	1 830	1 597	651	163	1 616	1 197	4 123	5 472	1 563	2 895	6 221	7 522
02	Ha Giang	2 366	531		132	53	700				44	43		139				171
04	Cao Bang	3 534	966	303		311	36		114				37	986	36		40	74
06	Bac Kan	3 068	187	21	819		295	21				26	48	893	220		43	49
08	Tuyen Quang	6 613	1 024	1 006	95	297				48		757	139	522	72		77	691
10	Lao Cai	3 894	794	86			130			367	83	607		198	38		101	288
11	Dien Bien	4 771	908	106				77		465	990	64	63	140	37	35	31	139
12	Lai Chau	3 206	464					226	580		202	177	47	106	19			257
14	Son La	3 855	660		108			89	541	38		287	546	60				89
15	Yen Bai	5 101	869	190	42		430	942		481	283			97		45	43	339
17	Hoa Binh	6 399	2 245	48			42	51	52		435	47		93		47	96	358
19	Thai Nguyen	15 851	1 815	319	928	1 734	653	85	111	75		279	254		1 405	303	2 142	514
20	Lang Son	3 679	436		132	43	42	44				41		556		134	625	38
22	Quang Ninh	10 378	1 233			58	240	56			63	180	60	413	400		796	422
24	Bac Giang	13 078	2 438		267	131		69				147	202	2 130	1 326	372		321
25	Phu Tho	11 562	2 103	138	61	67	1 668	460	188	58	193	1 207	234	64	127	133	313	
26	Vinh Phuc	11 700	2 896	166	46		892	376		67	174	343	238	220	52	237	104	1 681
27	Bac Ninh	28 772	3 820	133	386	471	233	57	55	58	112	177	169	2 333	2 733	172	6 835	828
30	Hai Duong	11 063	1 249	143		174	75	215	111		144	72		294	300	817	946	449
31	Hai Phong	19 718	1 195	80	85		660				82	95	444	328	461	1 975	662	331

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
33	Hung Yen	16 764	3 867	113	205		332		36		461	680	159	1 156	167	173	397	402
34	Thai Binh	11 661	2 262		71			118	232	79	149		476	72	74	860	148	527
35	Ha Nam	6 376	1 702		43	44	52		47	46	207	50	194	143	46		48	45
36	Nam Dinh	14 665	3 823	81			379	79			239	218	233	462	86	751	455	298
37	Ninh Binh	10 256	1 833	113	53		249	55			55		623	53	48	179	267	105
38	Thanh Hoa	15 293	3 435				102		191		105		304	299	147	104	286	396
40	Nghe An	53 961	8 528				92		87	95	77	103	256	176		91		434
42	Ha Tinh	13 909	1 151								63		64	72				
44	Quang Binh	4 793	312						49				51			49	54	
45	Quang Tri	5 918	109		39				46				44					
46	Thua Thien Hue	14 243	160		58								54	66				58
48	Da Nang	34 479	682				57	48					38			65		
49	Quang Nam	10 748	65															
51	Quang Ngai	4 746	49												63			
52	Binh Dinh	8 004																
54	Phu Yen	4 266										47						47
56	Khanh Hoa	6 433	204													242		
58	Ninh Thuan	4 158	37													112		34
60	Binh Thuan	4 396	57															55
62	Kon Tum	4 704	161		70								31		36	25	38	64
64	Gia Lai	17 011	247		1 047	72									215		133	55

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	In-migrants aged 5 and over by province	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
			Ha Noi	Ha Giang	Cao Bang	Bac Kan	Tuyen Quang	Lao Cai	Dien Bien	Lai Chau	Son La	Yen Bai	Hoa Binh	Thai Nguyen	Lang Son	Quang Ninh	Bac Giang	Phu Tho
66	Dak Lak	19 549	462		1 483	989	395					42	65	208	320		152	
67	Dak Nong	25 665	74	38	1 189	430	341	592	229	207	417	336	506	494	48			334
68	Lam Dong	14 183	437		118		120						118				225	
70	Binh Phuoc	17 807	58			44	117							160	38		56	246
72	Tay Ninh	12 908			54		58						64	191			229	
74	Binh Duong	214 409	334	321	342		704			55	124	339	1 253	535	818		335	509
75	Dong Nai	84 876	1 039	349			173				880	639		368		178	789	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	23 654	514	44	59									290	49	61	209	124
79	Ho Chi Minh City	294 058	7 057						316			877	325	186	161	225	998	618
80	Long An	26 525	53								42							110
82	Tien Giang	23 470																
83	Ben Tre	13 141																
84	Tra Vinh	7 985																
86	Vinh Long	11 067																
87	Dong Thap	10 112										71			50			
89	An Giang	14 490												75				
91	Kien Giang	10 243	119															
92	Can Tho	26 005	123															
93	Hau Giang	6 220																
94	Soc Trang	5 919																
95	Bac Lieu	3 737																
96	Ca Mau	4 261										61						

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
TOTAL		**23 071**	**22 622**	**31 639**	**21 763**	**25 689**	**52 811**	**26 539**	**60 685**	**27 103**	**142 672**	**91 490**	**49 696**	**26 222**	**19 867**	**38 473**	**29 982**
01	Ha Noi	6 107	8 833	8 843	6 134	10 404	16 606	12 114	23 489	8 172	28 215	8 922	3 679	135	120	1 547	1 013
02	Ha Giang	353	40	40		43	82		80		151	149					
04	Cao Bang	41		35	108	31		38	73	37	113	282			38		
06	Bac Kan	51		18		126	46		140		31	42	17				
08	Tuyen Quang	562	55		89	43	234		140	97	302	48	49				
10	Lao Cai	704	39			269	156	184	185			31	37				
11	Dien Bien	507	109	61	32	241	858	82	442	120	135	68				100	
12	Lai Chau	511	65	129		38	523	77	129	61	265	241				322	23
14	Son La	111	51	17		588	406		210	55	497	87					52
15	Yen Bai	248	72	90	50	512	285	295	328	50	97	139					
17	Hoa Binh	110	94	68	227		158	758	463	267	1 116	288	161		45		
19	Thai Nguyen	862	919	323		600	1 091	404	625	569	969	464	67			54	
20	Lang Son	270	409	162	124	548	264		189		84	182	42			43	
22	Quang Ninh	54	399	2 871	1 399	752	2 115	300	1 182	169	782	175	181	55		58	
24	Bac Giang	323	2 195	467	278	545	195	329	300	133	603	455	270	59			
25	Phu Tho	1 834	62	122	46		389	121	417	131	756	480	58				126
26	Vinh Phuc		291	561	360	549	472	295	757	590	427	540	50				
27	Bac Ninh	613		2 324	412	1 201	1 054	191	890	901	4 024	802	53	114	108	203	76
30	Hai Duong	75	1 129		1 353	1 576	808	73	80	148	353	466	61	81		73	
31	Hai Phong	78	740	5 673		1 633	4 751	353	3 390	1 477	2 531	1 025	735	97		243	73

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
33	Hung Yen	398	1 072	1 729	280		2 675	603	885	583	2 604	924	59			59	62
34	Thai Binh			996	1 126	302		307	985	492	1 162	521	75	75			
35	Ha Nam	149	203	105	194	301	456		1 343	324	729	241	199		54		196
36	Nam Dinh	259	155	336	584	221	2 158	1 670		1 570	939	736		71	85		243
37	Ninh Binh	55	105	206	328	468	238	661	1 306		1 658	676	87	106	109		163
38	Thanh Hoa	300	779	198	392	102	194		608	875		2 170	503		188	490	477
40	Nghe An	512	805	546	1 034	266	170	178	797	921	3 168		9 032	1 304	347	2 228	4 452
42	Ha Tinh	150	255	104	252	162	202	297	236	389	527	5 593		566	257	1 009	1 180
44	Quang Binh							48	38		404	582	380		443	1 353	1 341
45	Quang Tri				40			39	206		796	254	221	1 072		2 348	1 902
46	Thua Thien Hue						151	198	117		815	1 868	1 663	3 613	3 899		1 678
48	Da Nang	70	230	38	48	274	431	85	251		1 750	4 193	1 167	2 914	3 065	5 409	
49	Quang Nam			57		131	357	64	112		202	483	66	321	182	971	7 859
51	Quang Ngai				120		59		240	55	118	83	56	189	175	157	1 061
52	Binh Dinh					152	59	118	135	66	584	141	235	197	122	272	509
54	Phu Yen			52				162			50	191	94	229	94		213
56	Khanh Hoa			385	259	67	95	90	40		466	328	56	177	51	121	87
58	Ninh Thuan			40			37	43	57	84	42	131	86		69	113	80
60	Binh Thuan			53			162				332	115	64			243	132
62	Kon Tum			500	174		141		124	275	994	461	635	236	36	326	264
64	Gia Lai	72	950	729	120	200	391	63	364	745	2 609	1 843	588	1 452	117		482

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
66	Dak Lak	366	263	205		107	741	79	704	145	2 245	1 354	1 129	436		1 174	699
67	Dak Nong	40	134	540	197	490	601	420	686	597	1 036	832	487	325	709	265	960
68	Lam Dong		332	227		571	47	491	217	203	1 381	1 201	844	193	489	937	400
70	Binh Phuoc					80	565	173	770	115	3 504	2 179	318	425	720	895	206
72	Tay Ninh			166		54	170			57	442	299	99	455		51	44
74	Binh Duong	1 746	405	775	1 530	472	4 985	2 480	1 551	3 299	39 731	24 301	11 532	4 893	2 182	1 155	468
75	Dong Nai	872	215	483	454	292	2 184	615	3 428	409	7 482	11 172	6 128	3 202	1 207	911	258
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	241		144	1 157		311	296	1 057	344	3 582	1 238	1 484	81	89	840	375
79	Ho Chi Minh City	4 428	1 082	861	2 655	830	4 301	1 599	10 219	2 310	19 321	11 164	6 547	2 819	4 511	14 232	2 762
80	Long An						59		145	74	169	283			128	63	
82	Tien Giang		67					147	79		407	68					
83	Ben Tre								65		64						
84	Tra Vinh											61					
86	Vinh Long				152	117			107		126	115			90		
87	Dong Thap						67				142	128		154			
89	An Giang									79	401	221		82	82	66	
91	Kien Giang						268		71		343	282	369			80	
92	Can Tho		67	297	53	78			150		391	58				60	65
93	Hau Giang						40				117		35	43			
94	Soc Trang			65		174			82		266						
95	Bac Lieu									45	47						
96	Ca Mau					77				70	71	114		50	56		

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
MALE		**9 831**	**9 065**	**14 191**	**10 648**	**9 674**	**23 983**	**12 193**	**25 015**	**11 433**	**61 591**	**36 067**	**19 558**	**11 080**	**8 669**	**16 929**	**15 453**
01	Ha Noi	1 733	3 220	4 872	2 731	3 674	8 016	6 171	8 115	3 840	10 893	2 769	1 108			512	575
02	Ha Giang	137	40			43			80		73	98					
04	Cao Bang			35	77	31		38	37		74	173					
06	Bac Kan	25				64	26		62		16		17				
08	Tuyen Quang	193			44		43		48				49				
10	Lao Cai	281	39			91	74	68	49								
11	Dien Bien	155	57	31	32	134	428	27	169	89	25	38				25	
12	Lai Chau	321	29	22		18	265	77	40	30	41	80				322	23
14	Son La	55		17		303	153		50		189	37					52
15	Yen Bai	161		45		234	92	143	239		46						
17	Hoa Binh	68		68	89		109	262	279	41	244	48	111				
19	Thai Nguyen	423	197	251		190	441	257	313	241	281	223				54	
20	Lang Son	49	139	86	39	205	146		74		41	91				43	
22	Quang Ninh		64	1 145	411	291	1 067	300	629	57	242		120				
24	Bac Giang	195	633	394	69	127	61	65			203	61					
25	Phu Tho	559	62	57	46		129		167		172	58					64
26	Vinh Phuc		76	117	76	286	101			217	52	96					
27	Bac Ninh	330		774	230	513	173	67	482	401	1 521	35		114	53	90	
30	Hai Duong	75	394		482	365	67										
31	Hai Phong	78	265	2 312		653	2 233	280	1 914	562	866	325	670	97		162	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
33	Hung Yen	169	424	885	98		893	185	383	271	610	351				59	
34	Thai Binh			82	442				292	165	402	223					
35	Ha Nam	48	50	57		47	204		476	93	143	98					95
36	Nam Dinh		77	88	413	146	1 207	403		483	109	213					171
37	Ninh Binh	55		51	167	97		89	316		521	269			55		106
38	Thanh Hoa		589	101	205				218	291		581	193			196	394
40	Nghe An	339	362	89	861		86	92	268	412	967		2 745	640	262	1 425	2 876
42	Ha Tinh		168	41	139	162	81	297	163	200	224	1 990		167	193	364	771
44	Quang Binh								38		199	89	121		201	562	566
45	Quang Tri				40				206		338	43	77	355		840	1 158
46	Thua Thien Hue						104	66	117		320	665	583	1 356	1 491		745
48	Da Nang	70	173	38	48	165	279	42	122		849	2 453	570	951	1 623	2 416	
49	Quang Nam			57		65	233		56			135	66	61	112	448	3 902
51	Quang Ngai				60				183		57			62		103	584
52	Binh Dinh					152	59	59	135		228	72	161		122	82	153
54	Phu Yen			52				108				47	94	137			
56	Khanh Hoa			147	130	67	34	36	40		236	160			51	60	87
58	Ninh Thuan							43	28	43		48				78	42
60	Binh Thuan						64				114					178	59
62	Kon Tum			391	45		103		64	99	347	176	315	98		117	151
64	Gia Lai		604	462	60	64	61	63	307	252	1 611	906	277	911			285

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
66	Dak Lak	216	143	69			350	79	275		1 370	578	353	183		743	352
67	Dak Nong		67	306	80	209	219	295	381	359	474	474	174	180	395	102	452
68	Lam Dong		133	125		217	47	245	47	69	816	337	363	78	284	304	212
70	Binh Phuoc						312	86	399		1 727	763	212	106	201	275	50
72	Tay Ninh			110		54	85				133		50	315			
74	Binh Duong	934	309	155	927	304	2 750	1 249	889	1 407	19 732	9 962	5 498	2 069	1 347	317	
75	Dong Nai	429	108	187	265	176	798	291	1 428	240	3 527	5 056	2 345	1 677	637	207	159
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	62		96	639		100	235	581	244	1 962	615	840	81	89	173	110
79	Ho Chi Minh City	2 671	643	172	1 550	415	2 289	403	4 501	1 279	9 023	5 392	2 203	1 294	1 471	6 631	1 191
80	Long An								74								
82	Tien Giang							74			102						
83	Ben Tre																
84	Tra Vinh																
86	Vinh Long				101	58			53			46					
87	Dong Thap										142			97			
89	An Giang										81	75			82		
91	Kien Giang								71		71	60	246			40	
92	Can Tho			203	53				75		47	58					65
93	Hau Giang										80						
94	Soc Trang					58			82		52						
95	Bac Lieu									45							
96	Ca Mau													50			

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
FEMALE		**13 240**	**13 557**	**17 448**	**11 116**	**16 015**	**28 827**	**14 346**	**35 670**	**15 670**	**81 082**	**55 423**	**30 138**	**15 142**	**11 198**	**21 544**	**14 529**
01	Ha Noi	4 373	5 612	3 971	3 403	6 730	8 590	5 943	15 374	4 333	17 322	6 154	2 571	135	120	1 035	438
02	Ha Giang	216		40			82				78	50					
04	Cao Bang	41			31				37	37	38	109			38		
06	Bac Kan	26		18		63	21		78		16	42					
08	Tuyen Quang	369	55		45	43	192		91	97	302	48					
10	Lao Cai	423				179	81	116	136			31	37				
11	Dien Bien	352	52	31		107	430	55	273	30	111	30				75	
12	Lai Chau	191	36	107		20	258		89	30	224	161					
14	Son La	55	51			285	254		160	55	308	50					
15	Yen Bai	88	72	45	50	278	193	152	90	50	51	139					
17	Hoa Binh	41	94		138		49	497	184	226	871	240	50		45		
19	Thai Nguyen	440	722	71		411	650	147	312	328	689	241	67				
20	Lang Son	221	271	76	85	343	118		115		44	91	42				
22	Quang Ninh	54	335	1 726	988	460	1 048		553	113	540	175	60	55		58	
24	Bac Giang	128	1 561	72	208	418	134	264	300	133	400	394	270	59			
25	Phu Tho	1 275		65			260	121	249	131	584	422	58				62
26	Vinh Phuc		215	444	283	263	371	295	757	373	375	443	50				
27	Bac Ninh	283		1 550	182	689	882	125	409	500	2 503	766	53		55	114	76
30	Hai Duong		735		872	1 212	741	73	80	148	353	466	61	81		73	
31	Hai Phong		476	3 360		980	2 519	73	1 476	915	1 665	700	65			81	73

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
33	Hung Yen	229	649	844	183		1 782	419	502	312	1 994	573	59				62
34	Thai Binh			914	685	302		307	693	327	760	299	75	75			
35	Ha Nam	101	152	48	194	254	252		867	231	587	143	199		54		101
36	Nam Dinh	259	78	248	171	75	951	1 267		1 086	829	523		71	85		72
37	Ninh Binh		105	155	161	371	238	572	990		1 137	407	87	106	55		58
38	Thanh Hoa	300	190	97	187	102	194		390	584		1 589	310		188	294	83
40	Nghe An	173	443	457	173	266	84	87	529	510	2 201		6 288	664	85	802	1 576
42	Ha Tinh	150	87	63	114		121		73	188	303	3 604		398	63	645	410
44	Quang Binh							48			205	493	259		242	791	776
45	Quang Tri							39			458	212	144	717		1 507	744
46	Thua Thien Hue						47	132			495	1 203	1 080	2 257	2 407		933
48	Da Nang		58			109	152	42	130		901	1 740	596	1 963	1 442	2 993	
49	Quang Nam					65	124	64	56		202	348		260	70	523	3 956
51	Quang Ngai				60		59		57	55	62	83	56	127	175	55	477
52	Binh Dinh							59		66	356	69	74	197		191	357
54	Phu Yen							54			50	144		92	94		213
56	Khanh Hoa			237	130		61	54			230	168	56	177		60	
58	Ninh Thuan			40			37		28	41	42	83	86		69	35	37
60	Binh Thuan			53			98				218	115	64			65	73
62	Kon Tum			109	128		38		60	175	647	285	320	138	36	208	113
64	Gia Lai	72	346	267	60	136	330		57	494	998	937	311	541	117		197

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009															
		Vinh Phuc	Bac Ninh	Hai Duong	Hai Phong	Hung Yen	Thai Binh	Ha Nam	Nam Dinh	Ninh Binh	Thanh Hoa	Nghe An	Ha Tinh	Quang Binh	Quang Tri	Thua Thien Hue	Da Nang
66	Dak Lak	151	120	136		107	391		429	145	875	775	776	253		431	347
67	Dak Nong	40	67	234	117	281	382	124	305	238	563	358	313	145	314	163	507
68	Lam Dong		199	102		355		247	170	134	565	864	482	114	205	634	189
70	Binh Phuoc					80	253	86	371	115	1 777	1 416	106	319	518	620	157
72	Tay Ninh			55			85			57	309	299	50	140		51	44
74	Binh Duong	812	96	620	603	169	2 235	1 231	662	1 891	20 000	14 339	6 035	2 823	835	838	468
75	Dong Nai	443	108	296	190	116	1 386	324	2 000	169	3 955	6 116	3 783	1 525	570	704	98
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	179		48	518		210	61	476	100	1 620	623	644			667	265
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 758	439	689	1 106	415	2 013	1 197	5 718	1 031	10 299	5 772	4 345	1 525	3 040	7 601	1 570
80	Long An						59		72	74	169	283			128	63	
82	Tien Giang		67					74	79		305	68					
83	Ben Tre								65		64						
84	Tra Vinh											61					
86	Vinh Long				51	58			53		126	69			90		
87	Dong Thap						67					128		57			
89	An Giang									79	319	147		82		66	
91	Kien Giang						268				272	222	123			40	
92	Can Tho		67	94		78			75		344					60	
93	Hau Giang						40				37		35	43			
94	Soc Trang			65		116					215						
95	Bac Lieu										47						
96	Ca Mau					77				70	71	114			56		

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
TOTAL		**41 985**	**33 311**	**43 873**	**22 893**	**24 644**	**15 873**	**31 896**	**7 913**	**26 372**	**48 737**	**15 360**	**34 663**	**29 965**	**21 467**	**76 348**	**87 966**	**31 422**
01	Ha Noi	397		132		750	141	502		682	142		385		155	162	771	323
02	Ha Giang												42				44	
04	Cao Bang					36			72		152	39	110	211				
06	Bac Kan					24			23	25	17		12	200				
08	Tuyen Quang		49								221			53		363	233	
10	Lao Cai									135			35					
11	Dien Bien															38	38	
12	Lai Chau												10				40	
14	Son La										60						318	73
15	Yen Bai															89		
17	Hoa Binh	44							45	310	49						251	44
19	Thai Nguyen							67	178	58	62		51				634	123
20	Lang Son										46					136	44	
22	Quang Ninh		61								63						63	38
24	Bac Giang			137		64			71		69		64			386	644	64
25	Phu Tho		256			58					247					320	474	
26	Vinh Phuc				36	32				100			97	55			110	
27	Bac Ninh	114						59		61		125	112	95		619	909	
30	Hai Duong		77					78	64	477	72	148				396	79	
31	Hai Phong					70							78			242	163	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
33	Hung Yen		61							327	121	118					343	61
34	Thai Binh					151	79				314		78	320		451	461	297
35	Ha Nam			52				48	53		183		261			52	80	
36	Nam Dinh	265									75		143	300		310	173	528
37	Ninh Binh		52	45					53	729	54	464	486	51	59	620	940	258
38	Thanh Hoa	192	195			194		110		415	441	491	1 136	214	112	3 732	1 510	299
40	Nghe An	520	438	261	338	1 004	267	697	534	1 724	2 470	1 120	1 628	854	92	24 249	9 278	2 111
42	Ha Tinh	67	121		130	177	119		63	508	642	554	252	264		2 550	1 855	251
44	Quang Binh	189		49		202		116	101	49	94		93	98		372	445	160
45	Quang Tri	243	86	261	42	320		121	41	121	41	45	39	43		367	362	454
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 793	349	383	503	62		60	106	413	511		57	243		452	337	238
48	Da Nang	23 345	3 032	2 117		606	191		830	2 426	2 724	376	625		100		96	151
49	Quang Nam		2 272	879	248	103			187	543	379	67	206			331	174	
51	Quang Ngai	363		820	164	49		115			268		75			117	230	418
52	Binh Dinh	142	1 406		952	770	270	200	935	2 374	567		386	67		198	393	67
54	Phu Yen	93	59	908		1 223	223	52	60	553	568		116			380	56	
56	Khanh Hoa	39	56	742	2 002		289	665	58	347	264	54	160	176		62		
58	Ninh Thuan		78	361	131	671		530		226	183	75	679		36	152	255	125
60	Binh Thuan	56	159	409		59	228			56	41	59	422	70	58	221	608	566
62	Kon Tum	522	449	488		21				876	238	98	36	91			152	
64	Gia Lai	874	1 050	5 803	585	180	48	147	1 104		3 262	845	439	66	61	471	926	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
66	Dak Lak	669	917	996	178	1 562	160		290	2 393		4 242	290	1 060	67	441	366	386
67	Dak Nong	958	938	644	836	517		1 105	909	1 946	9 165		2 918	4 750	1 086	379	1 368	
68	Lam Dong	398	985	627	253	588	990	646	263	797	1 244	410		515	248	295	1 589	
70	Binh Phuoc	390	422	281	93	55	156	555		505	751	581	1 072		414	4 621	1 242	208
72	Tay Ninh		222	226	79			56	57	274	107		567	110		1 519	523	61
74	Binh Duong	1 130	4 190	5 380	4 664	1 415	724	3 647	613	1 261	6 094	750	3 090	7 372	6 100		13 380	3 969
75	Dong Nai	450	2 393	1 291	1 789	3 615	2 072	4 623		832	1 599	1 446	3 188	2 074	795	5 819		4 401
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	384	1 160	897	1 211	873	46	1 818			113	236	529	468	52	759	4 421	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	7 991	10 989	19 334	8 202	8 430	9 671	15 007	1 008	4 831	13 922	2 496	13 927	6 860	10 147	16 163	35 599	13 808
80	Long An		323			429		60	71			72	64	1 044	855	664	589	137
82	Tien Giang	61	142	150	153			77			102		138	418	205	1 656	1 160	565
83	Ben Tre			137			58	63	58		57	64	65	641	65	719	1 186	
84	Tra Vinh	56			53	57		58			114	119		410	132	1 532	220	163
86	Vinh Long	54						166			116					1 028	495	238
87	Dong Thap	56	212		65		142	65			192					355	375	175
89	An Giang				82				68					403	76	1 741	751	262
91	Kien Giang					94		60			130	60	70	141	443	202	245	179
92	Can Tho	67	112			116		187			241		432	64	70	165	187	112
93	Hau Giang							134			35			45		90	216	
94	Soc Trang													58				
95	Bac Lieu				104						56				39	46	48	
96	Ca Mau	62		59		63					63	206		60		313	517	113

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
MALE		**16 886**	**15 809**	**18 693**	**10 063**	**13 078**	**7 107**	**12 791**	**3 732**	**12 963**	**22 332**	**7 194**	**19 503**	**13 736**	**11 321**	**39 643**	**43 981**	**18 180**
01	Ha Noi					601		335		366	142		385				626	177
02	Ha Giang																	
04	Cao Bang					36			37		72	39	110	108				
06	Bac Kan					24				12	17			66				
08	Tuyen Quang										86			53		133	94	
10	Lao Cai									45			35					
11	Dien Bien															38		
12	Lai Chau																40	
14	Son La																212	73
15	Yen Bai															45		
17	Hoa Binh	44								129							98	44
19	Thai Nguyen							67	119								321	
20	Lang Son															92	44	
22	Quang Ninh																	
24	Bac Giang			69									64			196	516	
25	Phu Tho		192			58					185					194	270	
26	Vinh Phuc									50			97	55			60	
27	Bac Ninh							59		61		71		48		358	444	
30	Hai Duong							78		238	72	74				234	79	
31	Hai Phong					70										160	163	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
33	Hung Yen									196	63	59					117	
34	Thai Binh					76								164		304	308	222
35	Ha Nam								53		94		152			52		
36	Nam Dinh	265									75		72	225		233	87	199
37	Ninh Binh		52	45						463		312	214	51	59	393	663	153
38	Thanh Hoa					194		110		317	441	103	739	214		2 416	1 105	199
40	Nghe An	355	266	175		638	87	534	358	1 361	1 607	834	1 182	366	92	14 105	6 043	1 783
42	Ha Tinh	67	121		130	119	63			228	284	365	124	127		1 506	918	126
44	Quang Binh	47		49		102		55		49	47		93	98		208	250	105
45	Quang Tri	162		173	42	122		81	41	41	41		39	43		242	122	330
46	Thua Thien Hue	550	125	58	118					253	106		57	122		284	165	60
48	Da Nang	9 505	1 243	860		356	48		314	866	1 219	158	305				52	58
49	Quang Nam		881	374		103			57	242	186		141			133	116	
51	Quang Ngai	171		209				58			54		75			117	113	65
52	Binh Dinh	60	501		546	276	136	135	485	1 220	242		200			132	135	
54	Phu Yen		59	456		590	108			496	302		57			159	56	
56	Khanh Hoa	39		438	373		114	288	58	114	153		93	117				
58	Ninh Thuan		40	113	67	309		156		87	110	39	331			79	28	45
60	Binh Thuan		102	122		59	57				41		129	70	58	166	222	237
62	Kon Tum	298	213	225						418	104	67	36	91			107	
64	Gia Lai	485	537	2 360	367	52	48	70	636		1 576	490	225	66		217	371	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
66	Dak Lak	286	379	495	119	874			290	1 018		2 345	141	603	67	147	229	143
67	Dak Nong	534	412	300	381	251		487	585	1 065	4 510		1 674	1 980	682	143	799	
68	Lam Dong	267	344	226	63	293	463	172	158	370	496	165		173	184	127	952	
70	Binh Phuoc	213	98	136			108	339		197	167	252	412		199	2 068	518	109
72	Tay Ninh		54	85	79				57	85			195	56		578	178	
74	Binh Duong	480	1 745	1 871	1 975	798	459	1 490	193	624	2 248	246	1 724	2 895	3 571		6 402	1 971
75	Dong Nai	274	1 336	937	664	2 292	1 170	1 784		121	753	571	1 583	840	516	2 354		2 175
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	224	495	491	538	452		663				120	329	202	52	228	2 217	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	2 376	6 243	8 427	4 467	3 989	4 105	5 518	291	2 233	6 372	716	8 169	3 285	5 028	6 945	15 946	8 863
80	Long An		162			190								620	241	534	155	137
82	Tien Giang							77					138	201	73	731	488	268
83	Ben Tre													320	65	347	589	
84	Tra Vinh											64		299	132	922	110	107
86	Vinh Long										60					693	267	183
87	Dong Thap	56	155				142				95					169	197	119
89	An Giang				82									110		953	331	77
91	Kien Giang					94		60			76			70	302	71	123	49
92	Can Tho	67	55			60		131			176		185			53	75	47
93	Hau Giang							43								90	173	
94	Soc Trang																	
95	Bac Lieu				52											46		
96	Ca Mau	62									63	103				247	286	57

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
FEMALE		**25 099**	**17 502**	**25 180**	**12 830**	**11 565**	**8 766**	**19 105**	**4 182**	**13 409**	**26 406**	**8 167**	**15 160**	**16 228**	**10 146**	**36 705**	**43 985**	**13 242**
01	Ha Noi	397		132		149	141	167		316					155	162	145	146
02	Ha Giang												42				44	
04	Cao Bang								35		80			103				
06	Bac Kan								23	12			12	134				
08	Tuyen Quang		49								135					231	139	
10	Lao Cai									90								
11	Dien Bien																38	
12	Lai Chau												10					
14	Son La										60						106	
15	Yen Bai															45		
17	Hoa Binh								45	181	49						153	
19	Thai Nguyen								59	58	62		51				313	123
20	Lang Son										46					44		
22	Quang Ninh		61								63						63	38
24	Bac Giang			69		64			71		69					190	128	64
25	Phu Tho		64								62					126	204	
26	Vinh Phuc				36	32				50							50	
27	Bac Ninh	114										53	112	48		261	465	
30	Hai Duong		77						64	239		74				161		
31	Hai Phong												78			82		

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
33	Hung Yen		61							131	58	59					226	61
34	Thai Binh					76	79				314		78	156		147	153	75
35	Ha Nam			52				48			89		109				80	
36	Nam Dinh												71	75		77	87	329
37	Ninh Binh								53	266	54	152	271			227	277	104
38	Thanh Hoa	192	195							98		387	398		112	1 316	405	100
40	Nghe An	165	173	86	338	366	180	163	176	363	863	287	446	489		10 144	3 235	329
42	Ha Tinh					58	56		63	280	358	189	129	138		1 045	937	125
44	Quang Binh	142				100		61	101		47					164	196	55
45	Quang Tri	82	86	89		198		39		80		45				125	240	124
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 243	224	325	385	62		60	106	160	405			122		168	172	179
48	Da Nang	13 840	1 789	1 258		250	144		515	1 560	1 505	218	320		100		44	93
49	Quang Nam		1 391	506	248				129	301	193	67	65			198	57	
51	Quang Ngai	193		611	164	49		58			215						116	353
52	Binh Dinh	82	906		406	494	135	65	450	1 154	325		186	67		66	258	67
54	Phu Yen	93		453		633	115	52	60	57	266		59			221		
56	Khanh Hoa		56	304	1 629		174	377		234	110	54	67	60		62		
58	Ninh Thuan		37	248	64	362		374		139	73	36	348		36	73	227	80
60	Binh Thuan	56	57	287			171			56		59	294			55	386	329
62	Kon Tum	223	236	263		21				458	133	31					45	
64	Gia Lai	389	513	3 444	218	129		77	468		1 686	354	214		61	254	555	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009																
		Quang Nam	Quang Ngai	Binh Dinh	Phu Yen	Khanh Hoa	Ninh Thuan	Binh Thuan	Kon Tum	Gia Lai	Dak Lak	Dak Nong	Lam Dong	Binh Phuoc	Tay Ninh	Binh Duong	Dong Nai	Ba Ria - Vung Tau
66	Dak Lak	383	538	502	60	689	160			1 375		1 898	149	456		293	137	243
67	Dak Nong	424	525	344	455	266		618	324	881	4 655		1 245	2 770	404	236	569	
68	Lam Dong	132	641	401	190	295	526	474	105	426	749	245		342	63	169	637	
70	Binh Phuoc	177	324	146	93	55	48	216		309	584	329	660		215	2 553	725	99
72	Tay Ninh		168	141				56		189	107		372	54		941	344	61
74	Binh Duong	651	2 445	3 509	2 689	617	265	2 157	420	636	3 846	504	1 366	4 477	2 529		6 978	1 998
75	Dong Nai	176	1 057	354	1 126	1 323	902	2 840		712	846	876	1 605	1 234	279	3 465		2 226
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	160	664	406	672	421	46	1 155			113	116	200	266		532	2 205	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	5 615	4 747	10 907	3 735	4 442	5 566	9 489	716	2 598	7 550	1 780	5 758	3 575	5 120	9 218	19 652	4 945
80	Long An		161			239		60	71			72	64	424	614	130	435	
82	Tien Giang	61	142	150	153						102			217	132	925	671	297
83	Ben Tre			137			58	63	58		57	64	65	321		372	596	
84	Tra Vinh	56			53	57		58			114	56		111		610	110	56
86	Vinh Long	54						166			56					336	227	54
87	Dong Thap		58		65			65			97					186	177	56
89	An Giang								68					293	76	788	420	185
91	Kien Giang										54	60	70	71	141	131	123	129
92	Can Tho		57			56		56			65		247	64	70	112	112	65
93	Hau Giang							91			35			45			43	
94	Soc Trang													58				
95	Bac Lieu				52						56				39		48	
96	Ca Mau			59		63						103		60		65	231	56

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
TOTAL		**238 490**	**45 804**	**54 967**	**51 456**	**74 389**	**58 521**	**103 142**	**43 552**	**35 606**	**40 743**	**45 537**	**68 287**	**38 729**	**62 569**
01	Ha Noi	3 144					128	125	409		321				
02	Ha Giang														
04	Cao Bang	124													
06	Bac Kan									20					
08	Tuyen Quang	224		53											
10	Lao Cai	126												41	82
11	Dien Bien	64													151
12	Lai Chau														
14	Son La	52													
15	Yen Bai	134				88									
17	Hoa Binh	47	23												
19	Thai Nguyen	853													
20	Lang Son	138													
22	Quang Ninh	67									53				
24	Bac Giang	1 386												68	
25	Phu Tho	1 462	62				71				334				
26	Vinh Phuc	393													
27	Bac Ninh	1 936			118	106				52					
30	Hai Duong	771	243							251					74
31	Hai Phong	1 160	76						248						

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
33	Hung Yen	397		184				59							174
34	Thai Binh	1 683						239							
35	Ha Nam	435													
36	Nam Dinh	1 870						221					215	202	144
37	Ninh Binh	1 283									108				
38	Thanh Hoa	4 071	286	117	295	204	102			108	478			94	706
40	Nghe An	26 131	103			92	87	173	84		87	172	172	107	92
42	Ha Tinh	5 139	194				377				59				
44	Quang Binh	1 295					91								
45	Quang Tri	1 374							36			42		42	
46	Thua Thien Hue	3 005						63	47			229			
48	Da Nang	2 223	41	50	56		111				147	187		80	
49	Quang Nam	3 295		182		63			320			57			72
51	Quang Ngai	3 283					54								
52	Binh Dinh	4 466						75				61	143		
54	Phu Yen	2 305				51		50			51	58			
56	Khanh Hoa	2 365				28	105	111			59	255	144		59
58	Ninh Thuan	2 118		76	46	38		125			158	40	40		
60	Binh Thuan	2 711	111	59		60	310								112
62	Kon Tum	834	59				73				39				27
64	Gia Lai	3 276	59	52		63						48		62	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
66	Dak Lak	6 278	133	68		208	141			70	61		194		306
67	Dak Nong	1 972	322	233	246	168	738	426	85	73	151	217	32		268
68	Lam Dong	5 248	156	377	154	122	237	197	116		59	213			314
70	Binh Phuoc	3 477	271	744	590	537	700	624	423	345	578	302	202	155	998
72	Tay Ninh	5 452	1 789	1 062	196	943	300	899	399	587	368	159	704	177	1 216
74	Binh Duong	44 415	7 178	6 876	7 374	17 324	17 853	43 781	5 994	10 267	4 876	11 295	26 282	11 600	19 958
75	Dong Nai	16 904	1 299	2 288	2 112	5 773	7 179	6 088	2 555	2 856	4 560	6 687	4 036	8 133	9 161
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	9 011	1 161	1 842	1 093	2 213	907	701	403	121	1 401	855	723	345	521
79	Ho Chi Minh City		23 810	29 071	28 903	23 762	13 559	25 319	17 047	13 293	10 845	10 348	22 024	9 667	16 433
80	Long An	17 282		2 093	2 284	4 798	2 046	4 083	1 848	576	1 504	1 171	1 606	927	1 373
82	Tien Giang	10 852	5 276	4 186		2 829	225	1 998	1 879	958	2 061	357	1 531	378	586
83	Ben Tre	8 383	484		2 664	1 293	411	423	1 456	908	993	131	567	251	996
84	Tra Vinh	4 843	436	952	141	105		538	2 649		810	386	918	59	796
86	Vinh Long	3 446	79	1 318	1 148	3 772	937	2 066		2 072	1 795	843	1 194	146	421
87	Dong Thap	2 339	1 283	765	1 435		388	3 864	1 320	331	897	69	97	321	251
89	An Giang	4 660	138	402	489	4 796	3 311		795	228	2 816	456	710	148	714
91	Kien Giang	1 913	126	103	229	1 042		3 973	604	390	1 456	1 566	306	1 338	1 139
92	Can Tho	2 584	185	1 404	1 499	3 277	5 010	5 905	3 755	1 325		6 915	3 475	1 025	2 318
93	Hau Giang	326		45	84	269	1 664	302	182	291	2 319		1 338	746	251
94	Soc Trang	1 735	266	260	230	133	416	547	638	427	1 032	1 484		1 214	831
95	Bac Lieu	785		49			558		147		152	287	990		2 027
96	Ca Mau	948	154	56	70	234	432	168	112	56	113	645	647	1 407	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
MALE		**122 201**	**20 612**	**24 157**	**24 048**	**31 320**	**25 746**	**49 623**	**19 174**	**16 877**	**18 220**	**20 233**	**31 767**	**17 784**	**28 057**
01	Ha Noi	1 603							272		160				
02	Ha Giang														
04	Cao Bang	41													
06	Bac Kan									20					
08	Tuyen Quang	134		53											
10	Lao Cai	59												41	41
11	Dien Bien	32													50
12	Lai Chau														
14	Son La														
15	Yen Bai	89				44									
17	Hoa Binh	47													
19	Thai Nguyen	364													
20	Lang Son	47													
22	Quang Ninh										53				
24	Bac Giang	776													
25	Phu Tho	792					71				201				
26	Vinh Phuc	224													
27	Bac Ninh	1 093				106				52					
30	Hai Duong	454	162							84					74
31	Hai Phong	621							84						

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
33	Hung Yen	221		123											58
34	Thai Binh	839													
35	Ha Nam	289													
36	Nam Dinh	1 096						74					72	129	72
37	Ninh Binh	563									51				
38	Thanh Hoa	2 971	191		98	102	102			108	186			94	395
40	Nghe An	14 685	103			92	87	87	84			87	86	107	
42	Ha Tinh	2 471	130				145				59				
44	Quang Binh	697					91								
45	Quang Tri	744													
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 616							47						
48	Da Nang	1 014									52				
49	Quang Nam	1 876							127			57			72
51	Quang Ngai	1 728													
52	Binh Dinh	2 561						75				61	72		
54	Phu Yen	839						50			51	58			
56	Khanh Hoa	1 240				28	53	56				61			
58	Ninh Thuan	891		38	46	38		88			81	40	40		
60	Binh Thuan	1 403					57								54
62	Kon Tum	384									39				
64	Gia Lai	1 417	59			63									

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
66	Dak Lak	3 381	133	68			57								204
67	Dak Nong	923	229	116	144	34	313	275	43		91	126			72
68	Lam Dong	2 654	109	117	101	122	178	136			59	107			100
70	Binh Phuoc	1 960	221	294	329	199	369	419	187	166	335	169	99	42	420
72	Tay Ninh	2 292	574	388	44	400	142	279	168	285	56	103	158	59	514
74	Binh Duong	22 974	3 334	3 389	3 914	7 907	8 005	21 275	2 934	5 630	2 329	5 792	12 000	5 462	10 133
75	Dong Nai	9 325	456	1 127	1 040	2 720	3 733	3 103	1 095	1 451	2 403	3 492	1 940	3 875	4 208
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	4 398	792	1 132	281	1 346	414	373	243		731	621	614	173	239
79	Ho Chi Minh City		11 366	12 652	14 106	10 445	5 578	13 579	8 242	5 792	5 019	4 871	11 126	4 454	7 486
80	Long An	7 540		1 223	770	1 801	1 163	2 114	1 088	350	345	233	772	620	369
82	Tien Giang	5 450	1 631	1 038		675		1 175	503	339	872	294	874	240	
83	Ben Tre	4 219	246		777	377	134	186	305	647	374	66	58		353
84	Tra Vinh	2 600	238	533	84	53		189	1 087		448	110	415		234
86	Vinh Long	1 634	33	729	650	1 851	511	1 242		793	705	320	732	46	261
87	Dong Thap	913	402	255	468		118	835	310		481	69	97	321	58
89	An Giang	2 492		222	348	1 463	1 344		152	73	1 175	86	320		95
91	Kien Giang	814	56			499		1 718	179	58	656	507	235	438	606
92	Can Tho	997	92	530	641	780	1 988	2 017	1 512	975		2 160	1 309	611	804
93	Hau Giang	119			37	45	491	40			771		210	171	80
94	Soc Trang	824		130	169	69	241	121	411		437	582		428	336
95	Bac Lieu	383					158		45			39	208		668
96	Ca Mau	391	55			62	204	118	56	56		120	333	473	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
FEMALE		**116 289**	**25 193**	**30 810**	**27 408**	**43 069**	**32 775**	**53 520**	**24 378**	**18 729**	**22 523**	**25 303**	**36 520**	**20 945**	**34 512**
01	Ha Noi	1 541					128	125	136		160				
02	Ha Giang														
04	Cao Bang	82													
06	Bac Kan														
08	Tuyen Quang	90													
10	Lao Cai	67													41
11	Dien Bien	32													100
12	Lai Chau														
14	Son La	52													
15	Yen Bai	45				44									
17	Hoa Binh		23												
19	Thai Nguyen	489													
20	Lang Son	91													
22	Quang Ninh	67													
24	Bac Giang	610												68	
25	Phu Tho	670	62								133				
26	Vinh Phuc	169													
27	Bac Ninh	843			118										
30	Hai Duong	317	81							167					
31	Hai Phong	539	76						164						

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
33	Hung Yen	176		61				59							116
34	Thai Binh	844						239							
35	Ha Nam	146													
36	Nam Dinh	774						147					144	72	72
37	Ninh Binh	720									57				
38	Thanh Hoa	1 100	95	117	197	102					293				311
40	Nghe An	11 446						87			87	85	86		92
42	Ha Tinh	2 669	64				232								
44	Quang Binh	597													
45	Quang Tri	630							36			42		42	
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 389						63				229			
48	Da Nang	1 209	41	50	56		111				95	187		80	
49	Quang Nam	1 419		182		63			193						
51	Quang Ngai	1 556					54								
52	Binh Dinh	1 905											72		
54	Phu Yen	1 465				51									
56	Khanh Hoa	1 125					53	56			59	194	144		59
58	Ninh Thuan	1 227		38				37			77				
60	Binh Thuan	1 308	111	59		60	253								58
62	Kon Tum	450	59				73								27
64	Gia Lai	1 860		52								48		62	

Table 12 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2009													
		Ho Chi Minh City	Long An	Tien Giang	Ben Tre	Tra Vinh	Vinh Long	Dong Thap	An Giang	Kien Giang	Can Tho	Hau Giang	Soc Trang	Bac Lieu	Ca Mau
66	Dak Lak	2 897				208	84			70	61		194		102
67	Dak Nong	1 049	93	116	102	134	425	150	43	73	61	91	32		195
68	Lam Dong	2 594	47	259	53		59	61	116			107			213
70	Binh Phuoc	1 518	50	450	262	339	331	205	237	179	243	133	103	113	578
72	Tay Ninh	3 160	1 215	674	152	543	158	620	232	302	312	56	546	118	702
74	Binh Duong	21 441	3 844	3 487	3 460	9 417	9 848	22 506	3 060	4 637	2 547	5 503	14 282	6 138	9 825
75	Dong Nai	7 579	843	1 161	1 072	3 053	3 446	2 985	1 460	1 405	2 157	3 195	2 095	4 257	4 952
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	4 614	369	710	812	866	493	328	160	121	670	234	109	173	281
79	Ho Chi Minh City		12 444	16 420	14 797	13 317	7 981	11 739	8 805	7 501	5 827	5 477	10 898	5 212	8 947
80	Long An	9 742		870	1 514	2 997	883	1 969	759	227	1 159	938	834	307	1 003
82	Tien Giang	5 402	3 645	3 148		2 154	225	823	1 377	620	1 189	63	657	138	586
83	Ben Tre	4 164	239		1 886	916	278	237	1 151	262	619	66	508	251	643
84	Tra Vinh	2 244	198	419	57	52		349	1 562		362	276	503	59	562
86	Vinh Long	1 812	46	589	498	1 920	426	824		1 279	1 089	522	462	100	160
87	Dong Thap	1 425	882	510	967		271	3 029	1 010	331	416				193
89	An Giang	2 168	138	181	141	3 332	1 967		643	155	1 640	370	390	148	620
91	Kien Giang	1 099	70	103	229	543		2 255	426	332	801	1 058	71	900	533
92	Can Tho	1 587	92	874	858	2 498	3 022	3 888	2 243	351		4 755	2 166	414	1 513
93	Hau Giang	208		45	46	224	1 173	262	182	291	1 548		1 127	575	171
94	Soc Trang	911	266	130	61	64	174	427	228	427	596	902		786	495
95	Bac Lieu	402		49			400		102		152	248	782		1 359
96	Ca Mau	558	99	56	70	172	227	50	56		113	525	314	934	

Table 13

POPULATION AGED 5 AND OVER MOVED-IN FROM OTHER PLACE BY PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE 5 YEARS PRIOR TO THE SURVEY TIME POINT URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SEX AND PROVINCE/CITY

Unit: Person

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Total			Place of usual residence 5 years prior to the survey time point (on 1/4/2009)								
					Urban			Rural			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**1 868 534**	**785 928**	**1 082 606**	**928 670**	**427 973**	**500 697**	**938 209**	**357 229**	**580 980**	**1 655**	**726**	**929**
Socio-economic regions													
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	134 591	42 763	91 828	48 823	21 862	26 960	85 729	20 901	64 828	39		39
R2	Red River Delta	315 365	117 937	197 428	150 464	67 752	82 712	163 999	49 753	114 246	902	432	470
R3	North and South Central Coast	339 403	143 308	196 095	194 942	94 289	100 652	143 997	48 819	95 178	465	200	265
R4	Central Highlands	85 332	40 509	44 823	29 222	13 579	15 643	56 110	26 930	29 180			
R5	Southeast	765 455	353 665	411 790	422 587	193 499	229 088	342 807	160 166	182 641	61		61
R6	Mekong River Delta	228 387	87 745	140 642	82 633	36 991	45 642	145 568	50 661	94 907	187	93	93
Provinces/cities													
01	Ha Noi	139 684	51 930	87 754	70 689	29 661	41 028	68 563	21 979	46 583	433	290	143
02	Ha Giang	6 438	1 850	4 588	2 017	741	1 276	4 421	1 110	3 312			
04	Cao Bang	7 002	2 046	4 956	2 674	1 189	1 485	4 328	857	3 471			
06	Bac Kan	4 576	1 383	3 192	1 006	341	666	3 569	1 042	2 527			
08	Tuyen Quang	9 320	2 662	6 659	2 890	1 399	1 490	6 431	1 262	5 168			
10	Lao Cai	5 108	1 952	3 156	2 561	1 217	1 344	2 509	736	1 773	39		39
11	Dien Bien	7 090	2 669	4 420	3 020	1 541	1 479	4 069	1 128	2 941			
12	Lai Chau	4 548	2 348	2 200	2 474	1 462	1 012	2 074	886	1 188			
14	Son La	11 365	3 229	8 136	3 409	1 390	2 018	7 957	1 839	6 118			
15	Yen Bai	10 850	3 401	7 449	4 528	2 157	2 371	6 322	1 243	5 078			
17	Hoa Binh	7 201	2 614	4 587	2 092	973	1 119	5 109	1 640	3 469			
19	Thai Nguyen	18 357	6 436	11 921	6 421	2 779	3 642	11 936	3 657	8 279			
20	Lang Son	7 832	2 334	5 498	3 039	1 424	1 616	4 793	911	3 882			

Table 13 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Total			Place of usual residence 5 years prior to the survey time point (on 1/4/2009)								
					Urban			Rural			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
22	Quang Ninh	16 498	5 552	10 946	10 036	3 795	6 241	6 462	1 757	4 705			
24	Bac Giang	17 748	4 848	12 899	5 269	2 267	3 001	12 479	2 581	9 898			
25	Phu Tho	17 157	4 991	12 166	7 424	2 983	4 441	9 733	2 009	7 725			
26	Vinh Phuc	10 200	2 961	7 238	2 793	1 002	1 791	7 407	1 960	5 447			
27	Bac Ninh	24 617	9 096	15 521	8 507	4 130	4 377	16 110	4 966	11 144			
30	Hai Duong	15 647	5 373	10 275	5 933	2 877	3 056	9 634	2 415	7 219	80	80	
31	Hai Phong	35 022	13 836	21 186	19 089	9 184	9 905	15 855	4 652	11 203	78		78
33	Hung Yen	13 686	4 536	9 151	3 672	1 269	2 403	9 894	3 267	6 628	120		120
34	Thai Binh	15 198	6 773	8 424	6 831	4 302	2 529	8 367	2 472	5 895			
35	Ha Nam	8 121	3 096	5 025	3 815	2 081	1 733	4 306	1 014	3 292			
36	Nam Dinh	20 468	7 698	12 770	12 160	5 575	6 585	8 175	2 061	6 115	133	62	71
37	Ninh Binh	16 224	7 086	9 138	6 939	3 876	3 064	9 227	3 210	6 016	58		58
38	Thanh Hoa	45 380	19 883	25 497	22 493	12 970	9 523	22 593	6 801	15 791	294	112	182
40	Nghe An	103 233	48 261	54 972	62 311	33 989	28 322	40 751	14 184	26 567	171	88	83
42	Ha Tinh	21 783	9 382	12 401	12 403	6 242	6 161	9 380	3 140	6 241			
44	Quang Binh	11 184	3 769	7 415	6 011	2 170	3 841	5 173	1 599	3 573			
45	Quang Tri	7 903	3 174	4 729	3 989	1 900	2 089	3 914	1 273	2 640			
46	Thua Thien Hue	20 422	7 369	13 052	12 404	4 759	7 645	8 018	2 611	5 407			
48	Da Nang	34 399	14 398	20 002	23 574	10 027	13 547	10 825	4 371	6 455			
49	Quang Nam	18 829	6 868	11 961	7 919	3 104	4 814	10 910	3 764	7 147			
51	Quang Ngai	11 227	4 193	7 034	4 073	1 832	2 240	7 154	2 361	4 793			
52	Binh Dinh	20 143	7 719	12 424	12 442	5 216	7 225	7 701	2 502	5 198			
54	Phu Yen	11 105	4 597	6 507	5 493	2 406	3 087	5 612	2 191	3 421			
56	Khanh Hoa	19 399	7 683	11 716	11 755	4 965	6 789	7 644	2 717	4 927			
58	Ninh Thuan	7 064	3 004	4 059	4 683	2 027	2 656	2 380	977	1 404			

Table 13 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Place of usual residence at 1/4/2014	Total			Place of usual residence 5 years prior to the survey time point (on 1/4/2009)								
					Urban			Rural			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
60	Binh Thuan	7 334	3 008	4 326	5 393	2 681	2 712	1 941	327	1 614			
62	Kon Tum	6 103	2 883	3 220	2 892	1 138	1 755	3 211	1 745	1 466			
64	Gia Lai	17 260	7 828	9 433	8 124	3 775	4 349	9 136	4 052	5 084			
66	Dak Lak	18 970	9 169	9 801	7 751	4 097	3 654	11 219	5 072	6 147			
67	Dak Nong	26 167	13 135	13 032	2 424	1 082	1 343	23 743	12 053	11 689			
68	Lam Dong	16 831	7 495	9 337	8 030	3 487	4 543	8 802	4 008	4 794			
70	Binh Phuoc	15 551	6 816	8 735	5 087	2 402	2 685	10 464	4 414	6 050			
72	Tay Ninh	17 925	6 601	11 324	5 337	1 884	3 453	12 588	4 717	7 872			
74	Binh Duong	151 851	73 773	78 077	38 233	19 254	18 979	113 617	54 519	59 098			
75	Dong Nai	121 633	57 656	63 977	45 321	21 931	23 390	76 312	35 725	40 587			
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	32 449	15 730	16 720	18 220	8 678	9 542	14 168	7 051	7 117	61		61
79	Ho Chi Minh City	426 046	193 090	232 957	310 390	139 350	171 040	115 657	53 740	61 917			
80	Long An	17 560	6 306	11 254	5 590	2 501	3 089	11 970	3 805	8 165			
82	Tien Giang	33 021	10 852	22 169	11 032	4 923	6 109	21 989	5 929	16 060			
83	Ben Tre	20 262	8 672	11 590	6 407	2 801	3 606	13 855	5 871	7 984			
84	Tra Vinh	15 726	6 927	8 798	4 891	2 622	2 269	10 835	4 305	6 530			
86	Vinh Long	13 725	5 493	8 232	3 445	1 679	1 766	10 280	3 814	6 465			
87	Dong Thap	19 396	7 722	11 674	5 733	2 660	3 072	13 663	5 062	8 602			
89	An Giang	28 707	11 671	17 037	14 646	6 739	7 907	14 061	4 932	9 129			
91	Kien Giang	17 032	6 298	10 734	6 526	2 689	3 838	10 506	3 609	6 897			
92	Can Tho	23 484	10 247	13 237	12 413	5 321	7 091	10 884	4 832	6 052	187	93	93
93	Hau Giang	6 092	1 997	4 094	2 148	727	1 421	3 944	1 270	2 674			
94	Soc Trang	11 446	3 810	7 636	3 001	1 026	1 975	8 445	2 784	5 661			
95	Bac Lieu	5 214	1 016	4 197	1 769	498	1 272	3 444	518	2 926			
96	Ca Mau	16 724	6 734	9 990	5 031	2 806	2 225	11 693	3 928	7 764			

Table 14

POPULATION AGED 5 AND OVER BY CURRENT SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, SEX
URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**82 974 226**	**40 646 056**	**42 328 170**	**18 753 935**	**9 555 446**	**9 198 490**	**60 504 026**	**29 844 675**	**30 659 351**	**3 680 227**	**1 231 685**	**2 448 542**	**36 037**	**14 250**	**21 787**
Socio-economic regions																
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	10 472 211	5 183 776	5 288 435	2 411 146	1 249 381	1 161 766	7 082 652	3 624 038	3 458 613	945 676	297 981	647 694	32 737	12 376	20 361
R2	Red River Delta	18 852 283	9 156 064	9 696 219	4 329 786	2 203 972	2 125 814	14 225 715	6 881 085	7 344 630	295 436	70 011	225 426	1 346	997	350
R3	North and South Central Coast	17 899 825	8 784 480	9 115 345	4 249 760	2 148 577	2 101 183	12 950 441	6 410 054	6 540 387	698 006	225 040	472 966	1 618	809	809
R4	Central Highlands	4 994 302	2 489 985	2 504 317	1 325 769	663 153	662 615	3 279 922	1 688 363	1 591 559	388 275	138 400	249 874	336	68	268
R5	Southeast	14 523 129	7 031 122	7 492 007	3 139 427	1 607 643	1 531 784	11 013 761	5 281 900	5 731 860	369 942	141 578	228 363	0	0	0
R6	Mekong River Delta	16 232 476	8 000 628	8 231 847	3 298 047	1 682 720	1 615 327	11 951 536	5 959 234	5 992 302	982 893	358 674	624 218	0	0	0
Provinces/cities																
01	Ha Noi	6 417 490	3 127 712	3 289 778	1 619 194	820 242	798 952	4 717 534	2 288 696	2 428 838	80 148	18 160	61 987	614	614	
02	Ha Giang	697 917	347 311	350 606	169 014	87 421	81 592	376 532	204 769	171 763	152 031	55 024	97 007	340	97	243
04	Cao Bang	470 258	229 000	241 259	100 000	48 555	51 445	298 270	154 156	144 114	71 849	26 180	45 669	139	108	31
06	Bac Kan	280 583	139 981	140 602	58 353	30 128	28 225	205 854	104 132	101 722	16 276	5 668	10 609	100	53	47
08	Tuyen Quang	671 793	334 084	337 709	142 408	73 061	69 347	500 462	253 310	247 152	28 872	7 662	21 210	51	51	
10	Lao Cai	593 072	299 888	293 184	150 905	78 989	71 915	344 203	184 580	159 623	97 736	36 231	61 505	228	88	140
11	Dien Bien	466 561	234 086	232 475	131 502	71 245	60 257	226 614	130 971	95 643	108 445	31 871	76 574	0	0	0
12	Lai Chau	357 870	178 049	179 821	101 750	54 329	47 421	133 958	81 324	52 635	90 702	30 516	60 186	31 461	11 881	19 580
14	Son La	1 035 827	518 670	517 158	260 678	140 553	120 126	575 785	325 184	250 600	199 364	52 933	146 432	0	0	0
15	Yen Bai	703 813	347 723	356 090	160 560	80 969	79 591	474 451	246 607	227 843	68 699	20 095	48 604	104	52	52
17	Hoa Binh	737 798	366 841	370 958	155 346	80 316	75 030	567 483	281 707	285 776	14 969	4 818	10 152	0	0	0
19	Thai Nguyen	1 063 367	516 528	546 839	249 993	126 658	123 335	792 676	383 744	408 932	20 631	6 126	14 505	67	0	67
20	Lang Son	682 505	341 843	340 662	143 032	71 322	71 710	515 955	264 101	251 854	23 434	6 421	17 013	85	0	85
22	Quang Ninh	1 097 403	550 692	546 711	244 004	122 489	121 515	825 828	419 803	406 025	27 028	8 091	18 937	543	309	235

Table 14 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
24	Bac Giang	1 472 048	723 880	748 168	323 910	168 536	155 374	1 121 520	549 327	572 194	26 618	6 017	20 600	0	0	0
25	Phu Tho	1 238 798	605 893	632 905	263 695	137 299	126 396	948 890	460 127	488 763	26 050	8 421	17 628	163	45	118
26	Vinh Phuc	934 725	453 288	481 437	221 367	111 650	109 717	698 197	337 877	360 319	15 161	3 761	11 400	0	0	0
27	Bac Ninh	1 015 283	491 010	524 272	244 561	127 529	117 032	755 608	359 499	396 109	15 113	3 983	11 131	0	0	0
30	Hai Duong	1 623 658	786 351	837 307	336 266	175 915	160 351	1 261 606	604 391	657 215	25 638	5 971	19 666	148	74	74
31	Hai Phong	1 765 291	857 913	907 378	389 729	198 081	191 648	1 345 917	652 639	693 278	29 645	7 193	22 452	0	0	0
33	Hung Yen	1 060 719	513 597	547 122	237 985	122 242	115 743	806 589	387 677	418 912	16 105	3 678	12 427	41	0	41
34	Thai Binh	1 662 845	794 265	868 580	330 202	167 321	162 881	1 310 394	622 126	688 268	22 248	4 818	17 430	0	0	0
35	Ha Nam	736 799	359 624	377 175	159 792	83 032	76 760	563 803	273 468	290 335	13 205	3 125	10 080	0	0	0
36	Nam Dinh	1 686 526	807 140	879 386	370 521	187 596	182 925	1 283 293	612 538	670 755	32 711	7 006	25 706	0	0	0
37	Ninh Binh	851 545	414 472	437 073	176 165	87 875	88 291	656 945	322 371	334 574	18 435	4 227	14 208	0	0	0
38	Thanh Hoa	3 204 280	1 580 751	1 623 529	674 323	352 435	321 888	2 426 319	1 195 835	1 230 484	103 241	32 181	71 060	395	300	95
40	Nghe An	2 748 372	1 362 970	1 385 402	627 812	317 705	310 107	2 063 100	1 027 048	1 036 053	56 237	17 707	38 529	1 223	509	713
42	Ha Tinh	1 141 310	556 135	585 176	278 466	139 453	139 013	837 460	409 726	427 734	25 384	6 956	18 428	0	0	0
44	Quang Binh	793 782	396 037	397 745	202 759	102 013	100 747	575 666	290 023	285 643	15 357	4 001	11 356	0	0	0
45	Quang Tri	559 046	271 814	287 232	149 292	75 045	74 246	376 444	186 558	189 886	33 310	10 211	23 100	0	0	0
46	Thua Thien Hue	1 046 458	514 049	532 408	287 381	143 748	143 633	693 435	352 409	341 026	65 642	17 893	47 749	0	0	0
48	Da Nang	917 341	442 590	474 751	258 354	131 896	126 458	640 293	306 073	334 220	18 694	4 621	14 073	0	0	0
49	Quang Nam	1 351 724	648 148	703 575	325 792	158 997	166 794	968 257	473 491	494 766	57 675	15 660	42 016	0	0	0
51	Quang Ngai	1 146 106	557 212	588 894	269 238	135 886	133 352	805 831	399 929	405 902	71 037	21 397	49 640	0	0	0
52	Binh Dinh	1 395 625	672 070	723 555	323 733	161 155	162 579	1 025 172	496 909	528 263	46 720	14 007	32 713	0	0	0
54	Phu Yen	822 154	408 891	413 263	197 316	100 089	97 227	581 680	294 056	287 623	43 159	14 746	28 413	0	0	0
56	Khanh Hoa	1 116 043	547 704	568 339	268 314	133 757	134 557	808 483	400 628	407 855	39 247	13 320	25 927	0	0	0
58	Ninh Thuan	537 113	267 805	269 308	124 617	63 708	60 909	357 358	181 046	176 312	55 138	23 051	32 087	0	0	0
60	Binh Thuan	1 120 472	558 305	562 167	262 365	132 691	129 673	790 942	396 323	394 620	67 165	29 290	37 874	0	0	0

Table 14 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	425 145	210 398	214 748	118 954	58 959	59 995	262 552	136 592	125 960	43 639	14 846	28 793	0	0	0
64	Gia Lai	1 235 891	610 110	625 782	319 172	157 290	161 882	767 669	396 105	371 563	148 844	56 646	92 198	207	68	138
66	Dak Lak	1 673 924	837 608	836 317	447 498	224 109	223 389	1 118 112	576 825	541 288	108 185	36 674	71 511	129	0	129
67	Dak Nong	508 609	255 996	252 613	150 946	75 475	75 471	327 667	170 329	157 338	29 996	10 193	19 804	0	0	0
68	Lam Dong	1 150 732	575 874	574 857	289 199	147 320	141 879	803 923	408 513	395 410	57 610	20 041	37 569	0	0	0
70	Binh Phuoc	846 651	417 869	428 782	212 504	106 332	106 171	583 215	293 262	289 952	50 932	18 274	32 659	0	0	0
72	Tay Ninh	1 025 216	507 045	518 171	194 585	101 299	93 286	771 609	381 168	390 441	59 022	24 578	34 445	0	0	0
74	Binh Duong	1 696 930	821 192	875 738	287 324	147 024	140 300	1 367 293	656 607	710 685	42 313	17 561	24 752	0	0	0
75	Dong Nai	2 599 154	1 278 014	1 321 140	591 844	298 068	293 776	1 940 396	956 840	983 556	66 914	23 106	43 808	0	0	0
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	967 789	483 122	484 667	227 168	118 531	108 637	709 845	351 394	358 452	30 776	13 197	17 578	0	0	0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	7 387 389	3 523 880	3 863 509	1 626 003	836 390	789 613	5 641 403	2 642 628	2 998 775	119 984	44 862	75 122	0	0	0
80	Long An	1 366 029	666 660	699 369	282 779	141 759	141 020	1 034 079	509 434	524 645	49 171	15 467	33 704	0	0	0
82	Tien Giang	1 592 356	773 395	818 961	325 285	165 128	160 157	1 201 234	586 478	614 756	65 837	21 789	44 047	0	0	0
83	Ben Tre	1 179 316	569 713	609 603	231 874	116 646	115 228	900 206	439 814	460 392	47 237	13 253	33 983	0	0	0
84	Tra Vinh	947 797	461 443	486 354	194 101	99 353	94 748	660 859	332 024	328 836	92 837	30 066	62 770	0	0	0
86	Vinh Long	970 052	476 083	493 969	211 131	109 447	101 684	714 313	354 007	360 306	44 608	12 629	31 979	0	0	0
87	Dong Thap	1 560 307	774 192	786 114	324 985	165 717	159 268	1 138 954	572 199	566 755	96 368	36 277	60 091	0	0	0
89	An Giang	1 984 796	973 349	1 011 447	394 546	196 422	198 124	1 414 389	707 930	706 459	175 861	68 997	106 864	0	0	0
91	Kien Giang	1 604 396	795 834	808 562	324 685	166 092	158 593	1 167 507	584 788	582 719	112 204	44 954	67 250	0	0	0
92	Can Tho	1 146 098	565 849	580 250	235 211	120 385	114 827	855 447	424 788	430 659	55 440	20 676	34 764	0	0	0
93	Hau Giang	715 460	357 439	358 021	137 952	69 844	68 109	543 839	276 642	267 197	33 670	10 954	22 716	0	0	0
94	Soc Trang	1 216 889	609 592	607 296	242 443	126 765	115 678	846 370	432 529	413 840	128 076	50 298	77 778	0	0	0
95	Bac Lieu	820 448	413 720	406 729	164 234	87 773	76 461	619 462	310 399	309 063	36 752	15 548	21 204	0	0	0
96	Ca Mau	1 128 531	563 358	565 173	228 820	117 389	111 431	854 878	428 203	426 674	44 833	17 766	27 067	0	0	0

Table 14 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
URBAN		**29 717 057**	**14 415 083**	**15 301 974**	**6 339 785**	**3 202 218**	**3 137 567**	**20 407 363**	**9 762 799**	**10 644 564**	**609 138**	**213 648**	**395 490**	**2 360 771**	**1 236 418**	**1 124 352**
Socio-economic regions																
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	1 930 120	933 195	996 925	414 028	208 307	205 721	1 300 558	622 198	678 360	41 234	12 024	29 209	174 300	90 665	83 635
R2	Red River Delta	6 934 456	3 380 350	3 554 106	1 540 983	778 995	761 988	4 720 597	2 260 903	2 459 693	57 294	17 258	40 037	615 582	323 194	292 388
R3	North and South Central Coast	5 247 235	2 562 206	2 685 029	1 203 316	604 479	598 836	3 484 497	1 687 522	1 796 975	135 726	46 925	88 800	423 697	223 279	200 418
R4	Central Highlands	1 573 145	779 757	793 388	380 196	189 757	190 439	1 031 021	511 248	519 773	37 713	12 747	24 966	124 216	66 006	58 210
R5	Southeast	9 735 588	4 677 220	5 058 369	1 949 404	989 773	959 631	6 923 338	3 259 651	3 663 687	147 885	54 184	93 701	714 961	373 612	341 349
R6	Mekong River Delta	4 296 512	2 082 355	2 214 157	851 858	430 907	420 952	2 947 352	1 421 276	1 526 076	189 286	70 510	118 777	308 015	159 663	148 353
Provinces/cities																
01	Ha Noi	3 364 651	1 636 484	1 728 167	791 246	398 476	392 770	2 251 419	1 072 653	1 178 766	20 064	6 415	13 649	301 922	158 940	142 982
02	Ha Giang	108 113	52 288	55 824	21 853	10 846	11 007	68 506	32 896	35 610	6 694	2 914	3 780	11 060	5 632	5 428
04	Cao Bang	103 854	48 153	55 702	18 033	7 594	10 439	72 814	35 074	37 740	3 163	1 036	2 127	9 844	4 449	5 395
06	Bac Kan	52 681	25 078	27 603	10 805	5 253	5 552	35 929	17 137	18 792	1 071	243	828	4 876	2 445	2 431
08	Tuyen Quang	93 317	44 293	49 024	17 205	9 162	8 043	65 676	30 794	34 882	1 835	445	1 390	8 601	3 892	4 709
10	Lao Cai	130 353	64 637	65 716	28 314	14 653	13 662	87 046	42 480	44 566	2 507	735	1 772	12 485	6 769	5 716
11	Dien Bien	78 424	39 414	39 010	17 483	8 966	8 516	50 056	25 458	24 598	3 423	829	2 594	7 462	4 160	3 302
12	Lai Chau	72 122	35 352	36 771	17 651	8 737	8 914	39 228	20 130	19 098	4 274	1 143	3 131	10 969	5 342	5 627
14	Son La	155 150	76 712	78 438	33 420	17 834	15 586	101 455	50 353	51 102	6 402	1 446	4 956	13 872	7 079	6 794
15	Yen Bai	151 876	74 614	77 262	30 973	16 195	14 778	106 252	51 625	54 627	2 259	602	1 657	12 393	6 193	6 200
17	Hoa Binh	113 106	53 746	59 360	22 947	11 062	11 886	80 313	37 732	42 581	806	229	576	9 039	4 723	4 317
19	Thai Nguyen	309 813	147 591	162 222	81 250	40 505	40 745	201 259	93 771	107 488	3 587	798	2 788	23 716	12 516	11 200
20	Lang Son	142 895	69 281	73 614	27 432	12 805	14 627	100 856	48 895	51 961	1 407	462	945	13 200	7 119	6 080
22	Quang Ninh	748 977	375 683	373 293	153 610	77 852	75 758	523 690	261 528	262 162	8 204	2 386	5 818	63 473	33 918	29 556
24	Bac Giang	180 851	87 797	93 054	40 297	20 638	19 659	123 255	58 166	65 089	1 909	484	1 425	15 390	8 509	6 881

Table 14 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	237 565	114 240	123 325	46 365	24 057	22 307	167 912	77 687	90 225	1 896	657	1 240	21 392	11 838	9 554
26	Vinh Phuc	242 133	114 472	127 660	55 585	25 819	29 766	159 611	75 043	84 568	2 658	668	1 990	24 278	12 942	11 336
27	Bac Ninh	309 473	152 155	157 318	67 768	35 229	32 539	205 298	97 285	108 013	2 958	915	2 044	33 449	18 726	14 722
30	Hai Duong	405 203	197 526	207 677	86 248	45 180	41 068	283 519	134 030	149 490	4 150	964	3 186	31 286	17 352	13 934
31	Hai Phong	893 344	435 201	458 143	190 397	95 672	94 725	615 533	296 734	318 799	7 930	2 773	5 156	79 484	40 022	39 462
33	Hung Yen	146 536	72 154	74 382	31 968	15 763	16 206	102 423	49 974	52 449	859	169	690	11 286	6 250	5 037
34	Thai Binh	176 251	84 345	91 906	34 338	18 044	16 295	125 603	58 305	67 298	1 642	469	1 174	14 667	7 528	7 139
35	Ha Nam	129 420	61 302	68 118	27 798	13 314	14 484	88 907	42 040	46 867	1 731	459	1 272	10 984	5 489	5 495
36	Nam Dinh	332 101	160 465	171 636	65 378	34 197	31 181	235 144	111 076	124 068	4 059	1 462	2 597	27 520	13 729	13 791
37	Ninh Binh	186 368	90 562	95 806	36 647	19 449	17 197	129 450	62 237	67 214	3 039	578	2 461	17 232	8 298	8 934
38	Thanh Hoa	417 148	201 092	216 056	82 330	40 468	41 861	285 084	135 948	149 136	10 890	4 350	6 539	38 844	20 325	18 519
40	Nghe An	443 498	216 126	227 371	100 519	50 289	50 231	298 098	142 820	155 279	3 079	1 110	1 968	41 801	21 908	19 893
42	Ha Tinh	192 180	93 391	98 789	42 202	20 190	22 012	128 089	62 811	65 278	3 459	1 010	2 449	18 431	9 380	9 051
44	Quang Binh	183 240	89 620	93 620	43 290	21 124	22 166	122 974	60 411	62 563	1 900	490	1 410	15 076	7 595	7 481
45	Quang Tri	181 163	88 505	92 658	40 223	20 305	19 918	120 289	58 091	62 198	3 063	830	2 232	17 589	9 279	8 310
46	Thua Thien Hue	564 655	277 393	287 262	147 601	73 025	74 577	353 498	177 180	176 319	21 370	5 708	15 662	42 185	21 481	20 704
48	Da Nang	874 326	427 632	446 695	226 155	116 032	110 123	558 393	266 876	291 517	14 649	4 026	10 623	75 130	40 698	34 432
49	Quang Nam	276 764	133 708	143 056	64 146	30 642	33 504	183 766	89 202	94 564	6 926	2 191	4 735	21 927	11 674	10 253
51	Quang Ngai	192 335	94 260	98 075	41 597	21 365	20 232	128 004	62 633	65 371	5 158	1 510	3 648	17 575	8 752	8 823
52	Binh Dinh	465 821	227 281	238 540	97 422	50 202	47 220	322 095	153 254	168 840	10 755	3 875	6 881	35 549	19 950	15 599
54	Phu Yen	255 011	125 644	129 367	62 811	30 564	32 247	169 649	84 036	85 613	5 170	1 661	3 510	17 381	9 383	7 997
56	Khanh Hoa	515 617	248 956	266 660	113 632	57 055	56 577	357 042	170 323	186 719	12 040	4 392	7 648	32 902	17 187	15 715
58	Ninh Thuan	212 641	105 346	107 295	43 953	22 614	21 339	136 093	66 880	69 213	14 433	6 397	8 037	18 162	9 455	8 707
60	Binh Thuan	472 838	233 250	239 588	97 434	50 604	46 830	321 424	157 058	164 365	22 834	9 376	13 459	31 145	16 212	14 933

Table 14 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	157 705	78 373	79 332	39 700	20 594	19 106	99 749	49 215	50 534	4 797	1 687	3 109	13 459	6 878	6 582
64	Gia Lai	401 697	198 110	203 587	94 553	46 699	47 854	261 759	128 982	132 777	10 335	3 747	6 588	35 051	18 683	16 368
66	Dak Lak	440 769	221 563	219 205	111 525	55 026	56 499	285 608	144 762	140 845	9 484	3 235	6 250	34 152	18 540	15 611
67	Dak Nong	81 760	40 392	41 368	21 027	9 914	11 113	51 664	25 614	26 050	1 689	570	1 119	7 380	4 294	3 086
68	Lam Dong	491 214	241 318	249 896	113 391	57 525	55 867	332 241	162 674	169 567	11 408	3 508	7 900	34 174	17 611	16 563
70	Binh Phuoc	175 780	85 390	90 390	41 486	19 538	21 947	114 171	56 582	57 589	5 169	1 351	3 817	14 955	7 918	7 036
72	Tay Ninh	207 143	100 389	106 754	35 904	17 485	18 418	151 733	73 866	77 867	6 211	2 086	4 125	13 295	6 951	6 344
74	Binh Duong	1 459 807	708 965	750 842	214 288	108 233	106 054	1 095 643	524 686	570 957	27 861	11 675	16 186	122 016	64 371	57 645
75	Dong Nai	910 694	441 869	468 825	199 949	97 040	102 909	629 648	305 602	324 046	13 816	4 068	9 748	67 282	35 159	32 122
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	528 113	261 608	266 505	108 630	58 183	50 447	360 375	174 348	186 027	13 182	5 721	7 462	45 926	23 356	22 570
79	Ho Chi Minh City	6 454 051	3 078 998	3 375 052	1 349 148	689 293	659 855	4 571 768	2 124 568	2 447 201	81 646	29 283	52 364	451 488	235 855	215 633
80	Long An	260 093	123 247	136 846	51 140	25 459	25 680	184 185	86 348	97 838	6 194	1 579	4 614	18 574	9 860	8 713
82	Tien Giang	256 444	119 076	137 368	50 012	24 695	25 317	183 276	83 144	100 132	5 704	2 322	3 382	17 452	8 915	8 537
83	Ben Tre	130 817	61 381	69 437	24 742	11 700	13 042	93 464	44 123	49 341	4 146	1 149	2 997	8 465	4 408	4 057
84	Tra Vinh	156 821	75 062	81 759	29 485	14 177	15 309	109 708	52 959	56 748	6 252	2 102	4 149	11 376	5 824	5 552
86	Vinh Long	163 364	80 606	82 758	38 664	22 643	16 021	109 376	51 716	57 661	6 283	1 751	4 532	9 040	4 496	4 544
87	Dong Thap	302 374	144 621	157 753	63 015	29 904	33 111	204 476	97 681	106 795	12 161	4 285	7 876	22 722	12 751	9 971
89	An Giang	670 623	325 093	345 529	128 374	63 808	64 566	452 222	220 018	232 204	38 460	14 692	23 767	51 567	26 575	24 992
91	Kien Giang	455 779	224 410	231 370	89 028	45 691	43 337	307 707	149 483	158 224	22 019	9 015	13 005	37 025	20 221	16 804
92	Can Tho	821 925	401 381	420 544	162 576	82 189	80 387	573 997	279 165	294 832	28 796	10 913	17 883	56 556	29 114	27 442
93	Hau Giang	182 860	89 463	93 397	35 736	17 822	17 914	127 697	62 898	64 800	6 726	2 039	4 687	12 700	6 705	5 996
94	Soc Trang	403 004	198 639	204 366	75 987	40 228	35 759	261 281	130 293	130 988	36 121	13 823	22 298	29 615	14 295	15 321
95	Bac Lieu	222 400	107 175	115 224	42 891	20 513	22 378	155 131	75 019	80 113	9 946	4 315	5 631	14 431	7 328	7 102
96	Ca Mau	270 008	132 201	137 807	60 207	32 077	28 130	184 830	88 429	96 401	6 479	2 524	3 955	18 491	9 170	9 321

Table 14 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
RURAL		**60 776 301**	**30 169 256**	**30 607 045**	**12 414 151**	**6 353 228**	**6 060 922**	**40 096 662**	**20 081 875**	**20 014 787**	**3 071 089**	**1 018 038**	**2 053 052**	**5 194 399**	**2 716 115**	**2 478 284**
Socio-economic regions																
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	9 703 427	4 855 878	4 847 549	1 997 118	1 041 074	956 044	5 782 093	3 001 840	2 780 253	904 442	285 957	618 485	1 019 774	527 007	492 766
R2	Red River Delta	13 715 153	6 736 898	6 978 255	2 788 803	1 424 977	1 363 826	9 505 118	4 620 182	4 884 936	238 142	52 753	185 389	1 183 091	638 987	544 104
R3	North and South Central Coast	14 235 201	7 047 112	7 188 089	3 046 444	1 544 097	1 502 347	9 465 943	4 722 531	4 743 412	562 281	178 115	384 166	1 160 532	602 368	558 164
R4	Central Highlands	3 931 414	1 976 560	1 954 854	945 573	473 396	472 176	2 248 901	1 177 115	1 071 786	350 562	125 654	224 908	386 378	200 395	185 983
R5	Southeast	5 985 765	2 972 092	3 013 673	1 190 024	617 871	572 153	4 090 422	2 022 249	2 068 173	222 056	87 394	134 662	483 263	244 578	238 685
R6	Mekong River Delta	13 205 340	6 580 716	6 624 624	2 446 189	1 251 813	1 194 375	9 004 184	4 537 958	4 466 226	793 606	288 165	505 441	961 361	502 780	458 582
Provinces/cities																
01	Ha Noi	3 702 806	1 839 940	1 862 866	827 948	421 766	406 183	2 466 116	1 216 043	1 250 072	60 084	11 745	48 338	348 659	190 385	158 273
02	Ha Giang	678 451	340 126	338 325	147 161	76 575	70 586	308 026	171 872	136 154	145 337	52 110	93 228	77 927	39 569	38 357
04	Cao Bang	415 693	205 439	210 255	81 967	40 961	41 006	225 456	119 082	106 374	68 686	25 144	43 542	39 584	20 251	19 333
06	Bac Kan	254 347	128 094	126 252	47 548	24 875	22 673	169 925	86 995	82 930	15 205	5 425	9 780	21 668	10 800	10 869
08	Tuyen Quang	658 264	329 885	328 379	125 204	63 899	61 304	434 786	222 516	212 270	27 036	7 216	19 820	71 238	36 254	34 985
10	Lao Cai	532 684	271 534	261 151	122 590	64 337	58 254	257 157	142 101	115 057	95 229	35 496	59 733	57 708	29 601	28 107
11	Dien Bien	457 645	231 034	226 611	114 019	62 278	51 741	176 558	105 512	71 046	105 022	31 042	73 980	62 046	32 202	29 845
12	Lai Chau	341 298	171 368	169 930	84 098	45 592	38 507	94 730	61 194	33 536	86 428	29 373	57 055	76 042	35 210	40 832
14	Son La	1 007 224	508 050	499 174	227 258	122 719	104 539	474 329	274 831	199 498	192 962	51 486	141 476	112 675	59 014	53 661
15	Yen Bai	628 735	312 607	316 128	129 588	64 774	64 813	368 198	194 982	173 216	66 440	19 493	46 947	64 509	33 358	31 152
17	Hoa Binh	702 802	353 494	349 307	132 399	69 254	63 145	487 170	243 975	243 195	14 163	4 588	9 575	69 070	35 677	33 393
19	Thai Nguyen	858 894	423 968	434 927	168 742	86 152	82 590	591 417	289 973	301 444	17 044	5 327	11 717	81 691	42 514	39 176
20	Lang Son	609 345	310 090	299 255	115 600	58 517	57 083	415 099	215 206	199 892	22 027	5 959	16 068	56 620	30 408	26 212
22	Quang Ninh	447 787	228 246	219 541	90 394	44 637	45 757	302 138	158 275	143 863	18 824	5 705	13 119	36 431	19 629	16 802
24	Bac Giang	1 438 476	714 637	723 838	283 613	147 899	135 715	998 265	491 160	507 105	24 709	5 533	19 176	131 888	70 045	61 843

Table 14 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	1 119 569	555 552	564 017	217 330	113 242	104 089	780 978	382 440	398 538	24 153	7 765	16 389	97 107	52 106	45 001
26	Vinh Phuc	796 287	394 831	401 457	165 782	85 831	79 951	538 586	262 835	275 751	12 502	3 092	9 410	79 417	43 073	36 344
27	Bac Ninh	814 868	400 029	414 840	176 792	92 299	84 493	550 310	262 214	288 096	12 155	3 068	9 087	75 611	42 447	33 163
30	Hai Duong	1 354 945	665 089	689 856	250 018	130 735	119 283	978 087	470 361	507 726	21 488	5 007	16 481	105 353	58 986	46 366
31	Hai Phong	1 047 740	512 527	535 213	199 332	102 410	96 922	730 384	355 905	374 479	21 715	4 419	17 296	96 309	49 793	46 515
33	Hung Yen	1 009 664	495 662	514 002	206 016	106 480	99 537	704 166	337 704	366 462	15 246	3 509	11 737	84 235	47 970	36 265
34	Thai Binh	1 612 176	773 668	838 508	295 864	149 278	146 586	1 184 791	563 821	620 970	20 606	4 349	16 257	110 915	56 220	54 695
35	Ha Nam	669 152	331 402	337 750	131 993	69 717	62 276	474 896	231 428	243 468	11 474	2 666	8 808	50 789	27 591	23 198
36	Nam Dinh	1 513 288	730 457	782 831	305 143	153 399	151 744	1 048 150	501 462	546 688	28 652	5 544	23 109	131 343	70 052	61 291
37	Ninh Binh	746 439	365 048	381 392	139 519	68 426	71 093	527 494	260 134	267 361	15 396	3 649	11 747	64 030	32 840	31 191
38	Thanh Hoa	3 073 933	1 526 941	1 546 992	591 994	311 967	280 027	2 141 235	1 059 887	1 081 348	92 352	27 831	64 521	248 352	127 257	121 095
40	Nghe An	2 576 909	1 291 433	1 285 476	527 292	267 416	259 876	1 765 002	884 228	880 774	53 158	16 597	36 561	231 457	123 191	108 265
42	Ha Tinh	1 061 854	522 638	539 216	236 264	119 262	117 001	709 372	346 915	362 457	21 925	5 946	15 980	94 293	50 515	43 778
44	Quang Binh	683 386	343 718	339 668	159 469	80 889	78 580	452 692	229 612	223 080	13 458	3 511	9 946	57 768	29 706	28 061
45	Quang Tri	434 224	212 119	222 104	109 069	54 741	54 329	256 155	128 467	127 688	30 248	9 381	20 867	38 751	19 531	19 220
46	Thua Thien Hue	565 447	279 841	285 606	139 779	70 723	69 056	339 937	175 230	164 707	44 272	12 184	32 087	41 459	21 704	19 755
48	Da Nang	129 986	61 315	68 671	32 199	15 864	16 335	81 900	39 197	42 703	4 045	595	3 450	11 842	5 659	6 183
49	Quang Nam	1 192 662	577 463	615 199	261 646	128 355	133 290	784 491	384 289	400 202	50 749	13 469	37 280	95 776	51 350	44 427
51	Quang Ngai	1 047 489	511 101	536 388	227 641	114 520	113 120	677 827	337 296	340 530	65 879	19 887	45 992	76 143	39 397	36 746
52	Binh Dinh	1 047 529	506 239	541 290	226 311	110 952	115 359	703 077	343 654	359 423	35 964	10 132	25 832	82 177	41 500	40 676
54	Phu Yen	630 618	315 591	315 028	134 504	69 524	64 980	412 031	210 020	202 011	37 989	13 085	24 903	46 095	22 961	23 134
56	Khanh Hoa	680 787	340 912	339 875	154 682	76 702	77 980	451 440	230 305	221 135	27 207	8 928	18 279	47 458	24 977	22 480
58	Ninh Thuan	376 409	188 721	187 688	80 664	41 093	39 570	221 265	114 166	107 099	40 705	16 654	24 050	33 775	16 807	16 968
60	Binh Thuan	733 967	369 079	364 888	164 930	82 088	82 843	469 519	239 264	230 254	44 330	19 915	24 416	55 187	27 812	27 375

Table 14 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 5 and over			Currently attending			Ever attended but not currently attending			Never attended			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	323 844	160 612	163 232	79 255	38 366	40 889	162 803	87 377	75 426	38 843	13 159	25 683	42 944	21 710	21 234
64	Gia Lai	972 006	483 676	488 331	224 619	110 591	114 028	505 910	267 123	238 787	138 509	52 899	85 610	102 968	53 062	49 906
66	Dak Lak	1 388 054	698 468	689 586	335 973	169 083	166 890	832 505	432 062	400 443	98 701	33 439	65 261	120 876	63 884	56 992
67	Dak Nong	482 620	245 712	236 908	129 919	65 561	64 358	276 003	144 715	131 288	28 307	9 623	18 684	48 391	25 814	22 578
68	Lam Dong	764 889	388 092	376 797	175 808	89 795	86 012	471 681	245 838	225 843	46 202	16 533	29 669	71 198	35 925	35 273
70	Binh Phuoc	753 862	375 004	378 858	171 018	86 794	84 224	469 044	236 681	232 363	45 764	16 922	28 841	68 036	34 607	33 429
72	Tay Ninh	896 064	445 947	450 117	158 682	83 814	74 868	619 875	307 302	312 573	52 811	22 491	30 320	64 696	32 340	32 357
74	Binh Duong	395 981	197 165	198 816	73 036	38 790	34 246	271 650	131 922	139 729	14 452	5 886	8 566	36 842	20 567	16 275
75	Dong Nai	1 912 010	949 427	962 583	391 895	201 028	190 867	1 310 748	651 239	659 509	53 098	19 038	34 060	156 269	78 122	78 147
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	526 617	266 349	260 268	118 538	60 348	58 190	349 470	177 046	172 424	17 594	7 477	10 117	41 015	21 478	19 536
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 501 231	738 200	763 031	276 854	147 097	129 758	1 069 635	518 061	551 574	38 337	15 579	22 758	116 405	57 463	58 942
80	Long An	1 215 310	600 675	614 635	231 639	116 300	115 340	849 894	423 087	426 808	42 977	13 888	29 089	90 800	47 401	43 398
82	Tien Giang	1 455 756	717 940	737 816	275 274	140 433	134 840	1 017 957	503 333	514 624	60 133	19 468	40 665	102 392	54 706	47 687
83	Ben Tre	1 131 233	554 244	576 990	207 132	104 946	102 186	806 742	395 690	411 051	43 091	12 105	30 986	74 269	41 503	32 766
84	Tra Vinh	871 730	428 893	442 836	164 615	85 176	79 439	551 151	279 064	272 087	86 585	27 964	58 621	69 378	36 689	32 689
86	Vinh Long	877 811	431 410	446 401	172 467	86 804	85 662	604 936	302 291	302 645	38 325	10 878	27 446	62 083	31 436	30 647
87	Dong Thap	1 378 738	691 947	686 792	261 970	135 813	126 157	934 478	474 518	459 961	84 207	31 992	52 215	98 084	49 624	48 459
89	An Giang	1 484 758	737 091	747 667	266 172	132 614	133 558	962 167	487 912	474 255	137 401	54 305	83 097	119 018	62 261	56 757
91	Kien Giang	1 287 156	643 947	643 209	235 657	120 401	115 256	859 800	435 305	424 495	90 185	35 939	54 245	101 514	52 302	49 212
92	Can Tho	413 525	210 625	202 900	72 635	38 196	34 439	281 450	145 623	135 827	26 645	9 763	16 882	32 796	17 044	15 752
93	Hau Giang	585 053	294 944	290 108	102 216	52 021	50 194	416 141	213 744	202 397	26 943	8 915	18 028	39 753	20 264	19 489
94	Soc Trang	904 182	456 803	447 379	166 456	86 537	79 919	585 089	302 237	282 852	91 955	36 474	55 480	60 682	31 554	29 128
95	Bac Lieu	654 019	334 983	319 035	121 343	67 260	54 083	464 330	235 380	228 950	26 806	11 233	15 573	41 539	21 111	20 428
96	Ca Mau	946 067	477 211	468 856	168 613	85 312	83 301	670 047	339 774	330 273	38 354	15 241	23 113	69 053	36 884	32 169

Table 15

POPULATION IN THE AGES OF PRIMARY SCHOOL, ATTENDING PRIMARY SCHOOL
BY SEX, URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**7 188 905**	**3 716 113**	**3 472 792**	**7 210 252**	**3 731 568**	**3 478 684**	**6 955 561**	**3 592 813**	**3 362 748**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	1 014 854	525 997	488 857	1 019 655	529 358	490 297	973 031	505 849	467 182
R2	Red River Delta	1 540 443	804 344	736 099	1 541 943	805 622	736 321	1 518 881	792 935	725 946
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 543 561	795 886	747 676	1 543 182	795 614	747 568	1 500 183	772 045	728 139
R4	Central Highlands	540 174	279 689	260 485	549 412	285 892	263 520	515 986	266 569	249 418
R5	Southeast	1 142 035	591 633	550 402	1 142 801	590 909	551 892	1 110 841	573 853	536 988
R6	Mekong River Delta	1 407 838	718 564	689 274	1 413 258	724 173	689 085	1 336 638	681 563	655 075
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	554 314	296 752	257 561	556 164	298 152	258 012	547 771	293 303	254 468
02	Ha Giang	82 144	40 774	41 370	81 548	40 504	41 044	76 140	37 903	38 237
04	Cao Bang	46 764	22 436	24 328	47 677	22 974	24 704	43 300	20 708	22 593
06	Bac Kan	22 126	12 072	10 054	23 018	12 463	10 554	21 152	11 501	9 651
08	Tuyen Quang	58 926	31 293	27 633	58 832	31 238	27 594	57 542	30 407	27 135
10	Lao Cai	65 188	33 572	31 616	64 693	33 121	31 571	62 607	32 082	30 525
11	Dien Bien	61 778	32 376	29 402	61 409	32 316	29 092	58 407	30 948	27 459
12	Lai Chau	52 046	27 551	24 495	51 481	27 622	23 859	47 659	25 529	22 130
14	Son La	122 297	64 181	58 116	123 385	64 974	58 411	113 113	60 055	53 058
15	Yen Bai	69 047	33 834	35 213	69 041	34 444	34 597	67 039	33 306	33 733
17	Hoa Binh	61 344	32 125	29 218	62 069	32 723	29 347	60 144	31 597	28 547
19	Thai Nguyen	88 227	45 251	42 976	89 431	45 906	43 525	86 657	44 558	42 099
20	Lang Son	57 317	29 189	28 128	58 998	29 703	29 295	55 875	28 196	27 680

Table 15 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
22	Quang Ninh	87 982	43 816	44 167	87 822	43 749	44 073	85 229	42 332	42 897
24	Bac Giang	124 584	66 821	57 763	124 556	66 876	57 680	122 064	65 619	56 445
25	Phu Tho	103 067	54 521	48 546	103 516	54 493	49 023	101 331	53 440	47 890
26	Vinh Phuc	85 423	43 725	41 698	85 431	43 779	41 652	84 605	43 234	41 371
27	Bac Ninh	87 826	46 447	41 379	87 580	46 207	41 373	87 027	46 005	41 023
30	Hai Duong	116 113	60 126	55 986	117 327	60 764	56 564	114 438	59 293	55 145
31	Hai Phong	138 740	70 327	68 413	138 233	70 112	68 121	136 742	69 181	67 561
33	Hung Yen	84 728	45 199	39 529	84 354	45 095	39 259	82 974	44 451	38 523
34	Thai Binh	122 603	63 877	58 726	122 075	63 655	58 420	121 142	63 190	57 953
35	Ha Nam	57 908	30 941	26 967	58 126	30 914	27 212	57 090	30 272	26 818
36	Nam Dinh	139 131	70 147	68 984	138 246	69 770	68 476	137 067	69 080	67 987
37	Ninh Binh	65 675	32 986	32 689	66 585	33 425	33 160	64 795	32 595	32 200
38	Thanh Hoa	250 134	131 322	118 812	251 361	131 269	120 092	240 936	125 825	115 112
40	Nghe An	225 350	115 559	109 791	225 315	115 400	109 916	217 730	111 728	106 002
42	Ha Tinh	98 484	50 691	47 793	98 191	50 240	47 951	95 816	49 281	46 535
44	Quang Binh	75 551	40 557	34 994	75 666	40 566	35 101	74 048	39 514	34 534
45	Quang Tri	56 915	29 328	27 587	56 989	29 450	27 538	55 731	28 711	27 019
46	Thua Thien Hue	89 870	47 255	42 615	90 045	47 798	42 248	88 030	46 497	41 533
48	Da Nang	80 276	42 425	37 851	80 088	42 163	37 926	79 372	41 901	37 471
49	Quang Nam	113 684	57 672	56 012	112 433	57 791	54 642	110 504	56 262	54 242
51	Quang Ngai	101 303	50 525	50 778	101 863	50 507	51 356	97 579	48 201	49 378
52	Binh Dinh	121 365	58 502	62 863	121 228	58 215	63 013	118 575	56 981	61 594
54	Phu Yen	72 228	37 077	35 150	72 176	37 083	35 093	70 396	36 041	34 355
56	Khanh Hoa	101 019	52 806	48 214	100 667	52 581	48 087	99 063	51 495	47 568
58	Ninh Thuan	53 649	27 583	26 066	52 663	27 448	25 214	50 778	26 138	24 640

Table 15 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
60	Binh Thuan	103 733	54 584	49 149	104 497	55 106	49 391	101 626	53 470	48 155
62	Kon Tum	52 307	26 359	25 949	52 608	26 470	26 137	50 081	25 079	25 002
64	Gia Lai	149 198	74 661	74 537	149 133	75 008	74 125	138 704	69 234	69 470
66	Dak Lak	168 847	90 927	77 920	172 721	93 297	79 424	161 898	86 823	75 075
67	Dak Nong	61 030	30 838	30 192	65 111	32 968	32 143	59 237	29 845	29 392
68	Lam Dong	108 791	56 905	51 887	109 839	58 148	51 691	106 066	55 587	50 480
70	Binh Phuoc	86 792	44 326	42 465	87 057	44 609	42 448	83 981	43 142	40 839
72	Tay Ninh	88 070	47 038	41 032	87 650	46 486	41 165	85 548	45 489	40 059
74	Binh Duong	120 240	61 339	58 900	116 645	59 861	56 784	114 089	58 624	55 465
75	Dong Nai	212 311	107 417	104 894	216 813	109 621	107 192	206 327	103 440	102 887
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	82 165	43 663	38 501	82 308	43 404	38 904	80 063	42 393	37 670
79	Ho Chi Minh City	552 459	287 850	264 609	552 327	286 928	265 400	540 833	280 765	260 069
80	Long An	119 232	59 558	59 673	119 091	59 613	59 478	115 731	57 642	58 089
82	Tien Giang	129 926	67 407	62 519	130 438	67 849	62 589	127 527	66 104	61 423
83	Ben Tre	91 023	45 120	45 903	91 942	45 880	46 063	88 676	44 270	44 406
84	Tra Vinh	83 950	43 383	40 567	84 715	44 235	40 480	79 613	41 032	38 581
86	Vinh Long	78 208	39 131	39 077	77 995	38 893	39 102	76 772	38 349	38 423
87	Dong Thap	133 712	68 774	64 938	136 958	70 324	66 634	129 087	66 129	62 958
89	An Giang	183 132	92 395	90 737	180 553	90 896	89 657	171 853	86 115	85 738
91	Kien Giang	148 790	76 994	71 796	148 330	77 650	70 680	139 001	72 103	66 898
92	Can Tho	94 904	47 925	46 979	92 442	46 330	46 112	90 619	45 344	45 274
93	Hau Giang	58 411	28 857	29 554	60 335	30 253	30 082	55 254	27 538	27 716
94	Soc Trang	111 676	59 135	52 541	109 788	58 206	51 583	99 812	52 954	46 857
95	Bac Lieu	67 810	36 440	31 370	71 743	39 335	32 409	64 238	34 813	29 425
96	Ca Mau	107 064	53 444	53 620	108 926	54 710	54 216	98 455	49 169	49 286

Table 15 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
URBAN		**2 217 429**	**1 144 228**	**1 073 202**	**2 214 338**	**1 144 070**	**1 070 268**	**2 162 957**	**1 114 821**	**1 048 136**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	150 532	78 631	71 901	151 334	78 686	72 648	147 659	76 993	70 666
R2	Red River Delta	518 901	269 218	249 683	519 319	270 426	248 893	512 313	266 203	246 110
R3	North and South Central Coast	413 310	211 118	202 192	411 308	209 610	201 698	404 218	205 819	198 399
R4	Central Highlands	133 318	70 051	63 267	133 278	70 521	62 757	129 026	68 075	60 951
R5	Southeast	663 207	341 423	321 784	662 122	341 237	320 886	646 118	332 031	314 087
R6	Mekong River Delta	338 161	173 787	164 374	336 976	173 591	163 385	323 622	165 699	157 923
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	246 991	131 199	115 791	247 365	131 811	115 554	244 139	129 800	114 339
02	Ha Giang	9 541	4 675	4 866	9 455	4 527	4 927	8 981	4 442	4 540
04	Cao Bang	7 806	3 398	4 408	7 999	3 545	4 454	7 743	3 398	4 345
06	Bac Kan	3 769	1 937	1 833	3 801	1 948	1 854	3 557	1 808	1 749
08	Tuyen Quang	6 727	3 914	2 813	6 761	3 992	2 769	6 683	3 914	2 769
10	Lao Cai	10 308	5 461	4 847	10 439	5 556	4 883	10 203	5 393	4 810
11	Dien Bien	6 202	3 266	2 935	6 263	3 297	2 966	6 141	3 236	2 905
12	Lai Chau	5 882	3 070	2 812	6 131	3 124	3 007	5 761	3 008	2 753
14	Son La	13 443	7 171	6 272	13 504	7 045	6 459	13 030	6 864	6 166
15	Yen Bai	11 826	6 158	5 668	11 913	6 244	5 668	11 826	6 158	5 668
17	Hoa Binh	7 932	4 250	3 682	8 438	4 471	3 967	7 797	4 205	3 592
19	Thai Nguyen	23 871	12 154	11 717	23 585	12 007	11 578	23 337	11 892	11 445
20	Lang Son	10 470	4 967	5 503	10 561	5 015	5 546	10 384	4 881	5 503
22	Quang Ninh	55 424	27 427	27 997	55 238	27 534	27 704	54 270	26 815	27 454
24	Bac Giang	15 542	8 327	7 215	15 252	8 098	7 154	15 197	8 043	7 154

Table 15 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	17 213	9 883	7 330	17 234	9 816	7 417	17 018	9 750	7 268
26	Vinh Phuc	19 846	9 738	10 108	19 925	9 806	10 119	19 794	9 738	10 056
27	Bac Ninh	24 196	12 820	11 377	24 063	12 750	11 312	23 959	12 718	11 241
30	Hai Duong	29 146	14 767	14 379	29 702	15 135	14 567	29 004	14 767	14 237
31	Hai Phong	67 663	33 888	33 775	67 506	33 952	33 554	66 614	33 283	33 332
33	Hung Yen	11 812	5 714	6 098	11 806	5 769	6 037	11 751	5 714	6 037
34	Thai Binh	13 601	7 483	6 118	13 754	7 562	6 191	13 601	7 483	6 118
35	Ha Nam	10 584	5 479	5 105	10 489	5 333	5 156	10 438	5 333	5 105
36	Nam Dinh	24 964	12 833	12 131	24 731	12 843	11 888	24 538	12 764	11 775
37	Ninh Binh	14 673	7 869	6 804	14 739	7 929	6 810	14 205	7 788	6 417
38	Thanh Hoa	30 702	14 829	15 872	29 918	14 152	15 766	29 194	13 861	15 334
40	Nghe An	30 692	14 963	15 729	31 180	15 216	15 964	30 191	14 639	15 552
42	Ha Tinh	15 840	7 860	7 980	15 822	7 791	8 032	15 573	7 729	7 844
44	Quang Binh	15 918	8 909	7 009	15 725	8 808	6 917	15 574	8 761	6 813
45	Quang Tri	15 132	7 619	7 513	15 181	7 626	7 556	15 053	7 581	7 471
46	Thua Thien Hue	41 266	22 473	18 793	41 028	22 478	18 550	40 583	22 251	18 332
48	Da Nang	69 901	36 801	33 100	69 606	36 539	33 067	68 996	36 277	32 719
49	Quang Nam	21 409	10 012	11 397	21 359	10 156	11 202	21 027	9 890	11 137
51	Quang Ngai	14 628	6 839	7 789	14 733	6 937	7 795	14 252	6 527	7 725
52	Binh Dinh	35 641	17 550	18 091	35 127	17 183	17 944	34 520	16 911	17 609
54	Phu Yen	24 012	12 184	11 828	23 816	11 862	11 954	23 441	11 755	11 686
56	Khanh Hoa	41 611	21 722	19 889	41 559	21 551	20 009	41 007	21 183	19 824
58	Ninh Thuan	18 285	9 296	8 989	17 992	9 308	8 685	17 563	8 987	8 576
60	Binh Thuan	38 275	20 060	18 215	38 261	20 004	18 258	37 245	19 467	17 778

Table 15 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	14 869	7 696	7 174	15 136	7 840	7 296	14 573	7 519	7 054
64	Gia Lai	37 748	19 172	18 575	36 768	19 076	17 691	35 578	18 348	17 230
66	Dak Lak	35 120	18 437	16 682	35 516	18 709	16 808	33 756	17 689	16 066
67	Dak Nong	7 553	3 878	3 675	7 832	3 918	3 914	7 403	3 769	3 634
68	Lam Dong	38 028	20 867	17 161	38 026	20 978	17 048	37 717	20 751	16 966
70	Binh Phuoc	14 502	7 553	6 948	14 536	7 696	6 840	14 339	7 553	6 785
72	Tay Ninh	13 406	6 919	6 487	13 478	6 875	6 602	13 134	6 759	6 376
74	Binh Duong	88 760	44 958	43 803	85 464	43 639	41 826	83 548	42 552	40 996
75	Dong Nai	69 802	33 386	36 416	71 098	34 364	36 734	68 409	32 495	35 914
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	40 029	21 728	18 300	39 821	21 413	18 409	38 939	20 996	17 944
79	Ho Chi Minh City	436 708	226 879	209 829	437 725	227 250	210 475	427 749	221 677	206 072
80	Long An	20 622	10 519	10 103	20 054	10 300	9 754	19 861	10 169	9 691
82	Tien Giang	18 213	9 985	8 229	17 986	9 887	8 099	17 919	9 820	8 099
83	Ben Tre	8 480	4 335	4 146	8 419	4 431	3 988	8 200	4 277	3 923
84	Tra Vinh	11 668	5 956	5 712	11 204	5 711	5 494	10 743	5 497	5 246
86	Vinh Long	9 897	5 079	4 818	9 867	5 121	4 746	9 524	4 907	4 617
87	Dong Thap	23 755	11 289	12 466	24 708	11 960	12 747	23 284	11 047	12 237
89	An Giang	53 378	26 768	26 610	52 563	26 438	26 125	50 840	25 317	25 522
91	Kien Giang	39 900	20 981	18 919	39 679	21 191	18 488	38 385	20 333	18 052
92	Can Tho	61 535	30 770	30 765	59 908	29 820	30 088	59 108	29 262	29 847
93	Hau Giang	14 218	6 765	7 453	14 783	7 004	7 779	13 683	6 433	7 250
94	Soc Trang	34 227	19 316	14 911	33 912	18 936	14 976	31 606	17 619	13 987
95	Bac Lieu	16 753	7 910	8 843	17 494	8 262	9 231	15 571	7 251	8 320
96	Ca Mau	25 515	14 115	11 400	26 400	14 529	11 871	24 898	13 766	11 132

Table 15 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
RURAL		**4 971 476**	**2 571 886**	**2 399 591**	**4 995 914**	**2 587 498**	**2 408 416**	**4 792 604**	**2 477 992**	**2 314 612**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	864 322	447 366	416 956	868 321	450 672	417 649	825 372	428 856	396 517
R2	Red River Delta	1 021 542	535 126	486 416	1 022 623	535 196	487 427	1 006 568	526 732	479 835
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 130 251	584 767	545 484	1 131 874	586 004	545 870	1 095 965	566 226	529 740
R4	Central Highlands	406 856	209 638	197 218	416 134	215 371	200 763	386 960	198 493	188 467
R5	Southeast	478 828	250 210	228 618	480 679	249 672	231 007	464 723	241 822	222 901
R6	Mekong River Delta	1 069 677	544 778	524 899	1 076 282	550 582	525 700	1 013 015	515 864	497 152
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	307 323	165 553	141 770	308 799	166 341	142 458	303 632	163 503	140 129
02	Ha Giang	72 603	36 099	36 504	72 093	35 977	36 117	67 159	33 461	33 697
04	Cao Bang	38 958	19 038	19 920	39 678	19 429	20 250	35 557	17 310	18 248
06	Bac Kan	18 357	10 135	8 221	19 217	10 515	8 700	17 595	9 693	7 902
08	Tuyen Quang	52 199	27 379	24 820	52 071	27 246	24 825	50 859	26 493	24 366
10	Lao Cai	54 880	28 111	26 769	54 254	27 565	26 688	52 404	26 689	25 715
11	Dien Bien	55 576	29 110	26 467	55 146	29 019	26 126	52 266	27 712	24 554
12	Lai Chau	46 164	24 481	21 683	45 350	24 498	20 852	41 898	22 521	19 377
14	Son La	108 854	57 010	51 844	109 881	57 929	51 952	100 083	53 191	46 892
15	Yen Bai	57 221	27 676	29 545	57 128	28 200	28 929	55 213	27 148	28 065
17	Hoa Binh	53 412	27 875	25 536	53 631	28 252	25 380	52 347	27 392	24 955
19	Thai Nguyen	64 356	33 097	31 259	65 846	33 899	31 947	63 320	32 666	30 654
20	Lang Son	46 847	24 222	22 625	48 437	24 688	23 749	45 491	23 315	22 177
22	Quang Ninh	32 558	16 389	16 170	32 584	16 215	16 369	30 959	15 517	15 443
24	Bac Giang	109 042	58 494	50 548	109 304	58 778	50 526	106 867	57 576	49 291

Table 15 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	85 854	44 638	41 216	86 282	44 677	41 606	84 313	43 690	40 622
26	Vinh Phuc	65 577	33 987	31 590	65 506	33 973	31 533	64 811	33 496	31 315
27	Bac Ninh	63 630	33 627	30 002	63 517	33 457	30 061	63 068	33 287	29 782
30	Hai Duong	86 967	45 359	41 607	87 625	45 629	41 997	85 434	44 526	40 908
31	Hai Phong	71 077	36 439	34 638	70 727	36 160	34 567	70 128	35 898	34 229
33	Hung Yen	72 916	39 485	33 431	72 548	39 326	33 222	71 223	38 737	32 486
34	Thai Binh	109 002	56 394	52 608	108 321	56 093	52 229	107 541	55 707	51 835
35	Ha Nam	47 324	25 462	21 862	47 637	25 581	22 056	46 652	24 939	21 713
36	Nam Dinh	114 167	57 314	56 853	113 515	56 927	56 588	112 529	56 316	56 212
37	Ninh Binh	51 002	25 117	25 885	51 846	25 496	26 350	50 590	24 807	25 783
38	Thanh Hoa	219 432	116 493	102 940	221 443	117 117	104 326	211 742	111 964	99 778
40	Nghe An	194 658	100 596	94 062	194 135	100 184	93 952	187 539	97 089	90 450
42	Ha Tinh	82 644	42 831	39 813	82 369	42 449	39 919	80 243	41 552	38 691
44	Quang Binh	59 633	31 648	27 985	59 941	31 758	28 184	58 474	30 753	27 721
45	Quang Tri	41 783	21 709	20 074	41 808	21 824	19 982	40 678	21 130	19 548
46	Thua Thien Hue	48 604	24 782	23 822	49 017	25 320	23 698	47 447	24 246	23 201
48	Da Nang	10 375	5 624	4 751	10 482	5 624	4 859	10 376	5 624	4 752
49	Quang Nam	92 275	47 660	44 615	91 074	47 635	43 440	89 477	46 372	43 105
51	Quang Ngai	86 675	43 686	42 989	87 130	43 570	43 561	83 327	41 674	41 653
52	Binh Dinh	85 724	40 952	44 772	86 101	41 032	45 069	84 055	40 070	43 985
54	Phu Yen	48 216	24 893	23 322	48 360	25 221	23 139	46 955	24 286	22 669
56	Khanh Hoa	59 408	31 084	28 325	59 108	31 030	28 078	58 056	30 312	27 744
58	Ninh Thuan	35 364	18 287	17 077	34 671	18 140	16 529	33 215	17 151	16 064
60	Binh Thuan	65 458	34 524	30 934	66 236	35 102	31 133	64 381	34 003	30 377

Table 15 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 2003-2007			Population attending primary			Be born in 2003-2007 attending primary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	37 438	18 663	18 775	37 472	18 630	18 841	35 508	17 560	17 948
64	Gia Lai	111 450	55 489	55 962	112 365	55 932	56 434	103 126	50 886	52 240
66	Dak Lak	133 727	72 490	61 238	137 205	74 588	62 616	128 142	69 134	59 009
67	Dak Nong	53 477	26 960	26 517	57 279	29 050	28 229	51 834	26 076	25 758
68	Lam Dong	70 763	36 038	34 726	71 813	37 170	34 643	68 349	34 836	33 514
70	Binh Phuoc	72 290	36 773	35 517	72 521	36 913	35 608	69 642	35 589	34 054
72	Tay Ninh	74 664	40 119	34 545	74 172	39 611	34 563	72 414	38 730	33 683
74	Binh Duong	31 480	16 381	15 097	31 181	16 222	14 958	30 541	16 072	14 469
75	Dong Nai	142 509	74 031	68 478	145 715	75 257	70 458	137 918	70 945	66 973
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	42 136	21 935	20 201	42 487	21 991	20 495	41 124	21 397	19 726
79	Ho Chi Minh City	115 751	60 971	54 780	114 602	59 678	54 925	113 084	59 088	53 997
80	Long An	98 610	49 039	49 570	99 037	49 313	49 724	95 870	47 473	48 398
82	Tien Giang	111 713	57 422	54 290	112 452	57 962	54 490	109 608	56 284	53 324
83	Ben Tre	82 543	40 785	41 757	83 523	41 449	42 075	80 476	39 993	40 483
84	Tra Vinh	72 282	37 427	34 855	73 511	38 524	34 986	68 870	35 535	33 335
86	Vinh Long	68 311	34 052	34 259	68 128	33 772	34 356	67 248	33 442	33 806
87	Dong Thap	109 957	57 485	52 472	112 250	58 364	53 887	105 803	55 082	50 721
89	An Giang	129 754	65 627	64 127	127 990	64 458	63 532	121 013	60 798	60 216
91	Kien Giang	108 890	56 013	52 877	108 651	56 459	52 192	100 616	51 770	48 846
92	Can Tho	33 369	17 155	16 214	32 534	16 510	16 024	31 511	16 082	15 427
93	Hau Giang	44 193	22 092	22 101	45 552	23 249	22 303	41 571	21 105	20 466
94	Soc Trang	77 449	39 819	37 630	75 876	39 270	36 607	68 206	35 335	32 870
95	Bac Lieu	51 057	28 530	22 527	54 249	31 073	23 178	48 667	27 562	21 105
96	Ca Mau	81 549	39 329	42 220	82 526	40 181	42 345	73 557	35 403	38 154

Table 16

POPULATION IN THE AGES OF LOWER-SECONDARY SCHOOL, ATTENDING LOWER-SECONDARY SCHOOL BY SEX, URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**5 410 739**	**2 777 310**	**2 633 429**	**4 967 538**	**2 544 071**	**2 423 467**	**4 759 167**	**2 420 263**	**2 338 904**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	729 550	373 603	355 947	663 889	348 889	314 999	623 242	322 917	300 324
R2	Red River Delta	1 069 128	542 302	526 826	1 052 808	532 081	520 727	1 028 265	519 180	509 086
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 217 863	624 281	593 583	1 160 397	590 494	569 903	1 111 073	561 084	549 989
R4	Central Highlands	456 596	231 951	224 645	389 957	192 891	197 066	366 301	179 862	186 439
R5	Southeast	844 833	440 813	404 019	777 674	407 270	370 404	751 510	390 953	360 557
R6	Mekong River Delta	1 092 768	564 359	528 409	922 814	472 445	450 369	878 776	446 267	432 509
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	335 776	167 720	168 057	330 777	164 449	166 328	323 165	160 257	162 908
02	Ha Giang	55 539	27 806	27 733	44 318	22 810	21 508	40 677	20 863	19 814
04	Cao Bang	31 982	16 291	15 691	24 618	13 232	11 386	21 580	11 466	10 113
06	Bac Kan	15 897	8 161	7 736	15 886	8 410	7 476	13 747	6 930	6 817
08	Tuyen Quang	40 899	20 964	19 936	39 322	20 085	19 236	37 597	19 183	18 414
10	Lao Cai	49 455	25 740	23 715	43 299	23 080	20 219	41 596	22 134	19 462
11	Dien Bien	44 582	23 163	21 419	37 409	21 547	15 862	35 052	19 805	15 247
12	Lai Chau	35 633	17 529	18 104	26 407	13 991	12 417	23 793	12 450	11 343
14	Son La	81 793	41 893	39 900	71 738	38 865	32 873	62 717	32 612	30 105
15	Yen Bai	50 918	25 192	25 726	47 122	23 802	23 320	45 353	22 619	22 735
17	Hoa Binh	43 704	23 397	20 308	42 745	22 932	19 813	41 371	22 111	19 260
19	Thai Nguyen	63 678	32 516	31 162	62 370	32 375	29 996	59 285	30 359	28 926
20	Lang Son	42 153	21 985	20 168	40 617	21 428	19 189	37 707	19 551	18 156

Table 16 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
22	Quang Ninh	67 366	34 412	32 954	66 041	33 209	32 832	63 412	32 158	31 254
24	Bac Giang	99 683	50 814	48 869	97 878	49 586	48 292	94 650	47 547	47 103
25	Phu Tho	73 633	38 152	35 481	70 158	36 747	33 412	68 117	35 288	32 829
26	Vinh Phuc	54 831	27 758	27 073	53 752	27 125	26 628	52 818	26 613	26 205
27	Bac Ninh	65 851	33 276	32 575	64 919	32 400	32 519	63 614	32 017	31 597
30	Hai Duong	92 919	48 686	44 233	91 287	48 301	42 986	88 564	46 712	41 853
31	Hai Phong	90 443	44 981	45 461	89 302	44 111	45 191	87 821	43 322	44 499
33	Hung Yen	62 619	32 834	29 785	61 707	32 193	29 513	59 438	30 994	28 444
34	Thai Binh	92 012	47 383	44 628	90 650	46 441	44 209	89 346	45 758	43 587
35	Ha Nam	45 520	24 223	21 297	44 715	23 861	20 854	43 880	23 274	20 605
36	Nam Dinh	108 969	54 936	54 033	108 620	54 993	53 626	106 639	53 929	52 710
37	Ninh Binh	52 822	26 093	26 730	51 038	24 998	26 041	49 568	24 144	25 424
38	Thanh Hoa	197 471	101 307	96 164	189 985	97 988	91 996	180 065	91 503	88 563
40	Nghe An	162 693	81 944	80 749	158 950	80 675	78 274	150 279	75 654	74 625
42	Ha Tinh	84 377	41 595	42 782	82 739	40 757	41 982	79 388	38 831	40 557
44	Quang Binh	60 799	30 682	30 118	59 093	29 936	29 156	56 930	28 513	28 416
45	Quang Tri	43 852	22 957	20 895	41 292	21 346	19 946	40 090	20 584	19 506
46	Thua Thien Hue	81 789	43 940	37 849	76 414	40 236	36 178	74 276	39 276	35 000
48	Da Nang	53 946	27 560	26 386	52 993	27 667	25 326	52 231	27 169	25 062
49	Quang Nam	88 961	44 908	44 054	87 798	43 051	44 747	84 280	41 297	42 984
51	Quang Ngai	72 685	37 536	35 149	68 439	35 392	33 047	64 349	32 956	31 393
52	Binh Dinh	97 529	49 756	47 773	93 934	47 865	46 069	89 470	44 984	44 486
54	Phu Yen	62 492	32 745	29 747	58 372	30 303	28 069	56 033	28 875	27 158
56	Khanh Hoa	80 530	41 424	39 107	75 624	37 858	37 765	73 774	37 095	36 680
58	Ninh Thuan	43 057	23 066	19 991	35 548	17 487	18 061	33 161	16 176	16 985

Table 16 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
60	Binh Thuan	87 683	44 861	42 822	79 216	39 930	39 285	76 747	38 174	38 573
62	Kon Tum	41 193	21 133	20 060	35 211	17 649	17 562	33 055	16 564	16 491
64	Gia Lai	117 224	58 964	58 260	88 660	42 600	46 060	83 103	40 030	43 073
66	Dak Lak	149 594	74 636	74 959	133 412	65 214	68 197	124 429	59 736	64 693
67	Dak Nong	52 464	26 890	25 574	45 945	23 433	22 512	42 501	21 365	21 136
68	Lam Dong	96 122	50 329	45 793	86 729	43 995	42 734	83 212	42 167	41 045
70	Binh Phuoc	69 104	34 625	34 479	60 646	30 218	30 428	57 979	28 678	29 300
72	Tay Ninh	64 458	33 939	30 518	54 857	28 698	26 159	53 422	28 092	25 330
74	Binh Duong	78 001	41 201	36 800	65 304	35 215	30 090	62 804	33 786	29 018
75	Dong Nai	171 834	87 833	84 001	161 501	83 965	77 536	154 028	78 930	75 098
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	69 227	36 240	32 987	64 988	33 595	31 393	62 450	32 127	30 324
79	Ho Chi Minh City	392 210	206 976	185 234	370 377	195 581	174 797	360 828	189 341	171 487
80	Long An	86 983	45 277	41 705	79 155	40 717	38 439	76 017	38 757	37 261
82	Tien Giang	104 656	53 569	51 087	95 284	48 176	47 108	93 144	46 581	46 563
83	Ben Tre	76 009	40 104	35 906	69 612	36 620	32 992	68 007	35 701	32 306
84	Tra Vinh	63 490	32 733	30 757	54 691	27 487	27 204	51 666	25 847	25 819
86	Vinh Long	61 123	31 362	29 760	56 395	28 725	27 670	55 526	28 259	27 267
87	Dong Thap	105 691	56 074	49 617	93 245	49 151	44 094	88 921	46 617	42 304
89	An Giang	129 579	62 904	66 675	104 310	49 511	54 799	99 858	46 422	53 436
91	Kien Giang	121 380	61 591	59 789	93 898	46 640	47 259	87 971	43 345	44 626
92	Can Tho	67 606	35 626	31 979	57 764	30 386	27 378	56 102	29 126	26 976
93	Hau Giang	46 047	24 028	22 019	37 820	19 376	18 443	34 810	17 899	16 912
94	Soc Trang	90 080	46 717	43 363	69 046	35 798	33 248	64 309	33 280	31 029
95	Bac Lieu	57 972	31 494	26 478	47 694	26 231	21 463	43 392	23 303	20 089
96	Ca Mau	82 152	42 880	39 272	63 898	33 627	30 271	59 053	31 131	27 923

Table 16 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
URBAN		**1 536 753**	**786 099**	**750 654**	**1 451 276**	**740 265**	**711 010**	**1 411 085**	**716 323**	**694 762**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	100 345	48 993	51 352	97 983	48 271	49 712	94 935	46 425	48 510
R2	Red River Delta	303 884	154 924	148 960	299 517	151 249	148 268	293 482	148 754	144 728
R3	North and South Central Coast	299 841	157 558	142 283	288 036	151 136	136 901	279 762	146 205	133 557
R4	Central Highlands	112 671	56 559	56 111	104 347	51 298	53 049	101 665	49 682	51 983
R5	Southeast	479 070	247 244	231 827	451 138	232 901	218 237	437 868	224 358	213 510
R6	Mekong River Delta	240 942	120 820	120 122	210 254	105 411	104 843	203 372	100 899	102 474
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	137 611	70 492	67 119	135 217	69 031	66 185	133 100	67 864	65 236
02	Ha Giang	5 776	2 710	3 066	5 171	2 597	2 574	4 909	2 461	2 448
04	Cao Bang	4 091	1 879	2 212	4 080	1 918	2 162	3 716	1 696	2 020
06	Bac Kan	2 512	1 261	1 251	2 561	1 275	1 286	2 299	1 139	1 160
08	Tuyen Quang	4 024	1 808	2 216	3 946	1 730	2 216	3 946	1 730	2 216
10	Lao Cai	7 065	3 857	3 208	6 865	3 651	3 214	6 786	3 651	3 136
11	Dien Bien	4 032	2 157	1 875	3 930	2 069	1 861	3 838	2 069	1 769
12	Lai Chau	4 895	1 983	2 912	4 257	1 910	2 348	4 141	1 814	2 327
14	Son La	7 951	4 081	3 871	7 968	4 158	3 810	7 485	3 832	3 653
15	Yen Bai	8 070	4 127	3 942	7 935	4 083	3 851	7 754	3 946	3 809
17	Hoa Binh	6 750	3 073	3 678	6 615	2 978	3 636	6 528	2 933	3 595
19	Thai Nguyen	15 062	7 197	7 865	15 169	7 445	7 723	14 524	7 014	7 510
20	Lang Son	7 521	3 839	3 682	7 359	3 704	3 655	7 135	3 575	3 560
22	Quang Ninh	37 729	19 786	17 943	36 965	19 152	17 813	36 052	18 688	17 364
24	Bac Giang	12 119	6 084	6 035	11 981	5 878	6 103	11 790	5 755	6 035

Table 16 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	10 478	4 937	5 540	10 146	4 873	5 273	10 083	4 810	5 273
26	Vinh Phuc	10 771	5 419	5 352	10 711	5 468	5 243	10 493	5 352	5 142
27	Bac Ninh	15 019	7 318	7 701	14 890	7 123	7 767	14 597	7 018	7 579
30	Hai Duong	19 096	10 354	8 741	18 608	9 984	8 623	18 236	9 909	8 327
31	Hai Phong	38 650	18 007	20 643	38 070	17 452	20 618	37 327	17 159	20 168
33	Hung Yen	6 759	3 682	3 077	6 865	3 627	3 238	6 704	3 627	3 077
34	Thai Binh	6 885	3 413	3 473	6 967	3 413	3 555	6 885	3 413	3 473
35	Ha Nam	6 881	3 272	3 609	6 840	3 174	3 666	6 590	3 028	3 562
36	Nam Dinh	15 788	8 634	7 154	15 559	8 334	7 224	15 188	8 334	6 854
37	Ninh Binh	8 695	4 547	4 148	8 826	4 490	4 337	8 310	4 363	3 947
38	Thanh Hoa	18 942	10 460	8 482	18 834	10 638	8 196	17 959	9 966	7 993
40	Nghe An	22 126	12 075	10 052	21 357	12 010	9 347	20 764	11 587	9 178
42	Ha Tinh	10 306	5 334	4 971	10 128	5 403	4 725	9 936	5 211	4 725
44	Quang Binh	11 606	5 461	6 145	11 440	5 395	6 045	11 091	5 238	5 853
45	Quang Tri	10 407	5 496	4 911	10 273	5 364	4 909	10 113	5 324	4 789
46	Thua Thien Hue	34 966	18 592	16 373	34 115	17 891	16 224	33 189	17 443	15 746
48	Da Nang	45 748	23 269	22 480	44 855	23 329	21 527	44 196	22 933	21 262
49	Quang Nam	16 209	8 256	7 953	16 146	8 115	8 031	15 820	7 990	7 831
51	Quang Ngai	10 477	6 099	4 378	10 195	5 732	4 464	9 615	5 425	4 190
52	Binh Dinh	25 942	13 318	12 625	25 254	12 705	12 549	24 066	12 092	11 974
54	Phu Yen	17 342	8 569	8 774	16 020	8 028	7 991	15 773	7 781	7 991
56	Khanh Hoa	29 776	15 916	13 860	28 438	14 875	13 563	27 679	14 471	13 208
58	Ninh Thuan	13 916	7 841	6 075	11 568	6 255	5 313	11 098	5 864	5 234
60	Binh Thuan	32 075	16 872	15 203	29 413	15 396	14 018	28 463	14 881	13 582

Table 16 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	12 244	6 357	5 887	11 541	5 874	5 666	11 101	5 616	5 485
64	Gia Lai	28 640	14 191	14 449	26 051	12 672	13 379	25 254	12 342	12 912
66	Dak Lak	32 868	16 407	16 461	29 331	14 131	15 199	28 654	13 587	15 067
67	Dak Nong	6 119	3 051	3 068	5 882	3 022	2 860	5 682	2 887	2 795
68	Lam Dong	32 800	16 553	16 247	31 542	15 597	15 945	30 974	15 250	15 724
70	Binh Phuoc	11 922	6 136	5 786	11 002	5 329	5 673	10 873	5 247	5 626
72	Tay Ninh	11 326	5 477	5 849	10 485	4 830	5 655	10 161	4 723	5 437
74	Binh Duong	56 367	29 856	26 511	47 585	25 230	22 355	45 946	24 499	21 447
75	Dong Nai	51 532	26 724	24 808	49 731	26 065	23 666	47 300	24 448	22 851
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	30 120	15 372	14 748	28 005	14 288	13 717	27 176	13 725	13 451
79	Ho Chi Minh City	317 802	163 678	154 124	304 330	157 159	147 171	296 412	151 715	144 697
80	Long An	14 024	7 116	6 908	13 653	7 028	6 625	13 306	6 797	6 509
82	Tien Giang	13 948	6 672	7 276	13 208	6 352	6 856	13 000	6 211	6 789
83	Ben Tre	7 336	3 842	3 493	6 807	3 456	3 350	6 807	3 456	3 350
84	Tra Vinh	8 012	4 088	3 924	6 854	3 435	3 419	6 539	3 277	3 262
86	Vinh Long	8 586	4 706	3 880	7 714	4 132	3 581	7 656	4 074	3 581
87	Dong Thap	17 108	8 723	8 385	15 221	7 717	7 504	14 896	7 473	7 423
89	An Giang	36 030	17 159	18 871	31 408	14 930	16 477	30 500	14 290	16 211
91	Kien Giang	27 794	13 167	14 627	23 891	10 737	13 154	23 192	10 571	12 621
92	Can Tho	41 242	21 361	19 881	36 157	18 950	17 206	35 324	18 287	17 037
93	Hau Giang	10 058	5 106	4 952	8 750	4 590	4 161	8 021	4 112	3 909
94	Soc Trang	24 128	12 278	11 850	18 942	9 640	9 301	18 112	9 160	8 952
95	Bac Lieu	14 250	6 927	7 323	11 211	5 515	5 696	10 439	4 959	5 480
96	Ca Mau	18 426	9 673	8 753	16 438	8 927	7 511	15 580	8 230	7 349

Table 16 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
RURAL		**3 873 986**	**1 991 211**	**1 882 775**	**3 516 262**	**1 803 805**	**1 712 457**	**3 348 082**	**1 703 940**	**1 644 143**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	629 205	324 610	304 595	565 906	300 619	265 287	528 307	276 492	251 815
R2	Red River Delta	765 245	387 378	377 866	753 291	380 832	372 459	734 783	370 425	364 358
R3	North and South Central Coast	918 023	466 723	451 300	872 360	439 358	433 002	831 311	414 879	416 432
R4	Central Highlands	343 925	175 392	168 534	285 611	141 593	144 018	264 636	130 180	134 456
R5	Southeast	365 762	193 570	172 193	326 536	174 369	152 166	313 642	166 595	147 047
R6	Mekong River Delta	851 826	443 539	408 287	712 559	367 034	345 525	675 404	345 369	330 036
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	198 165	97 228	100 938	195 560	95 418	100 143	190 065	92 393	97 672
02	Ha Giang	49 763	25 096	24 667	39 147	20 213	18 934	35 768	18 402	17 366
04	Cao Bang	27 891	14 412	13 479	20 538	11 314	9 224	17 864	9 770	8 093
06	Bac Kan	13 385	6 900	6 485	13 325	7 135	6 190	11 448	5 791	5 657
08	Tuyen Quang	36 875	19 156	17 720	35 376	18 355	17 020	33 651	17 453	16 198
10	Lao Cai	42 390	21 883	20 507	36 434	19 429	17 005	34 810	18 483	16 326
11	Dien Bien	40 550	21 006	19 544	33 479	19 478	14 001	31 214	17 736	13 478
12	Lai Chau	30 738	15 546	15 192	22 150	12 081	10 069	19 652	10 636	9 016
14	Son La	73 842	37 812	36 029	63 770	34 707	29 063	55 232	28 780	26 452
15	Yen Bai	42 848	21 065	21 784	39 187	19 719	19 469	37 599	18 673	18 926
17	Hoa Binh	36 954	20 324	16 630	36 130	19 954	16 177	34 843	19 178	15 665
19	Thai Nguyen	48 616	25 319	23 297	47 201	24 930	22 273	44 761	23 345	21 416
20	Lang Son	34 632	18 146	16 486	33 258	17 724	15 534	30 572	15 976	14 596
22	Quang Ninh	29 637	14 626	15 011	29 076	14 057	15 019	27 360	13 470	13 890
24	Bac Giang	87 564	44 730	42 834	85 897	43 708	42 189	82 860	41 792	41 068

Table 16 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	63 155	33 215	29 941	60 012	31 874	28 139	58 034	30 478	27 556
26	Vinh Phuc	44 060	22 339	21 721	43 041	21 657	21 385	42 325	21 261	21 063
27	Bac Ninh	50 832	25 958	24 874	50 029	25 277	24 752	49 017	24 999	24 018
30	Hai Duong	73 823	38 332	35 492	72 679	38 317	34 363	70 328	36 803	33 526
31	Hai Phong	51 793	26 974	24 818	51 232	26 659	24 573	50 494	26 163	24 331
33	Hung Yen	55 860	29 152	26 708	54 842	28 566	26 275	52 734	27 367	25 367
34	Thai Binh	85 127	43 970	41 155	83 683	43 028	40 654	82 461	42 345	40 114
35	Ha Nam	38 639	20 951	17 688	37 875	20 687	17 188	37 290	20 246	17 043
36	Nam Dinh	93 181	46 302	46 879	93 061	46 659	46 402	91 451	45 595	45 856
37	Ninh Binh	44 127	21 546	22 582	42 212	20 508	21 704	41 258	19 781	21 477
38	Thanh Hoa	178 529	90 847	87 682	171 151	87 350	83 800	162 106	81 537	80 570
40	Nghe An	140 567	69 869	70 697	137 593	68 665	68 927	129 515	64 067	65 447
42	Ha Tinh	74 071	36 261	37 811	72 611	35 354	37 257	69 452	33 620	35 832
44	Quang Binh	49 193	25 221	23 973	47 653	24 541	23 111	45 839	23 275	22 563
45	Quang Tri	33 445	17 461	15 984	31 019	15 982	15 037	29 977	15 260	14 717
46	Thua Thien Hue	46 823	25 348	21 476	42 299	22 345	19 954	41 087	21 833	19 254
48	Da Nang	8 198	4 291	3 906	8 138	4 338	3 799	8 035	4 236	3 800
49	Quang Nam	72 752	36 652	36 101	71 652	34 936	36 716	68 460	33 307	35 153
51	Quang Ngai	62 208	31 437	30 771	58 244	29 660	28 583	54 734	27 531	27 203
52	Binh Dinh	71 587	36 438	35 148	68 680	35 160	33 520	65 404	32 892	32 512
54	Phu Yen	45 150	24 176	20 973	42 352	22 275	20 078	40 260	21 094	19 167
56	Khanh Hoa	50 754	25 508	25 247	47 186	22 983	24 202	46 095	22 624	23 472
58	Ninh Thuan	29 141	15 225	13 916	23 980	11 232	12 748	22 063	10 312	11 751
60	Binh Thuan	55 608	27 989	27 619	49 803	24 534	25 267	48 284	23 293	24 991

Table 16 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1999-2002			Population attending lower-secondary			Be born in 1999-2002 attending lower-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	28 949	14 776	14 173	23 670	11 775	11 896	21 954	10 948	11 006
64	Gia Lai	88 584	44 773	43 811	62 609	29 928	32 681	57 849	27 688	30 161
66	Dak Lak	116 726	58 229	58 498	104 081	51 083	52 998	95 775	46 149	49 626
67	Dak Nong	46 345	23 839	22 506	40 063	20 411	19 652	36 819	18 478	18 341
68	Lam Dong	63 322	33 776	29 546	55 187	28 398	26 789	52 238	26 917	25 321
70	Binh Phuoc	57 182	28 489	28 693	49 644	24 889	24 755	47 106	23 431	23 674
72	Tay Ninh	53 132	28 462	24 669	44 372	23 868	20 504	43 261	23 369	19 893
74	Binh Duong	21 634	11 345	10 289	17 719	9 985	7 735	16 858	9 287	7 571
75	Dong Nai	120 302	61 109	59 193	111 770	57 900	53 870	106 728	54 482	52 247
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	39 107	20 868	18 239	36 983	19 307	17 676	35 274	18 402	16 873
79	Ho Chi Minh City	74 408	43 298	31 110	66 047	38 422	27 626	64 416	37 626	26 790
80	Long An	72 959	38 161	34 797	65 502	33 689	31 814	62 711	31 960	30 752
82	Tien Giang	90 708	46 897	43 811	82 076	41 824	40 252	80 144	40 370	39 774
83	Ben Tre	68 673	36 262	32 413	62 805	33 164	29 642	61 200	32 245	28 956
84	Tra Vinh	55 478	28 645	26 833	47 837	24 052	23 785	45 127	22 570	22 557
86	Vinh Long	52 537	26 656	25 880	48 681	24 593	24 089	47 870	24 185	23 686
87	Dong Thap	88 583	47 351	41 232	78 024	41 434	36 590	74 025	39 144	34 881
89	An Giang	93 549	45 745	47 804	72 902	34 581	38 322	69 358	32 132	37 225
91	Kien Giang	93 586	48 424	45 162	70 007	35 903	34 105	64 779	32 774	32 005
92	Can Tho	26 364	14 265	12 098	21 607	11 436	10 172	20 778	10 839	9 939
93	Hau Giang	35 989	18 922	17 067	29 070	14 786	14 282	26 789	13 787	13 003
94	Soc Trang	65 952	34 439	31 513	50 104	26 158	23 947	46 197	24 120	22 077
95	Bac Lieu	43 722	24 567	19 155	36 483	20 716	15 767	32 953	18 344	14 609
96	Ca Mau	63 726	33 207	30 519	47 460	24 700	22 760	43 473	22 901	20 574

Table 17

POPULATION IN THE AGES OF HIGHER-SECONDARY SCHOOL ATTENDING HIGHER-SECONDARY SCHOOL BY SEX, URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**4 171 612**	**2 154 614**	**2 016 997**	**2 825 079**	**1 384 671**	**1 440 408**	**2 632 144**	**1 270 501**	**1 361 644**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	551 465	287 049	264 416	339 602	174 605	164 997	308 401	153 837	154 565
R2	Red River Delta	861 546	438 203	423 343	733 708	364 018	369 690	708 137	347 638	360 500
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 019 420	529 200	490 221	732 012	354 379	377 633	681 653	325 729	355 924
R4	Central Highlands	357 928	182 036	175 892	201 920	91 914	110 006	183 982	81 444	102 538
R5	Southeast	625 435	322 555	302 880	417 125	205 952	211 173	386 150	188 414	197 736
R6	Mekong River Delta	755 817	395 571	360 246	400 711	193 803	206 909	363 821	173 439	190 382
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	273 304	140 024	133 280	245 557	122 329	123 228	237 062	116 472	120 590
02	Ha Giang	40 773	22 005	18 768	16 083	9 461	6 622	13 703	7 871	5 832
04	Cao Bang	28 160	13 744	14 416	14 382	6 811	7 572	12 431	5 522	6 909
06	Bac Kan	15 744	8 002	7 742	10 296	4 887	5 409	9 153	4 187	4 966
08	Tuyen Quang	33 499	16 387	17 111	23 259	11 165	12 094	21 565	10 023	11 542
10	Lao Cai	37 935	18 858	19 076	17 755	9 122	8 632	16 136	7 998	8 137
11	Dien Bien	28 347	14 918	13 429	12 836	7 009	5 827	10 820	5 588	5 232
12	Lai Chau	24 011	12 231	11 780	8 035	4 361	3 674	6 341	3 159	3 182
14	Son La	60 341	31 986	28 355	30 766	18 424	12 343	25 489	14 459	11 030
15	Yen Bai	35 916	18 133	17 782	21 452	10 582	10 870	19 967	9 430	10 537
17	Hoa Binh	34 059	17 228	16 831	25 876	12 665	13 211	24 404	11 748	12 656
19	Thai Nguyen	43 306	23 145	20 161	33 647	16 516	17 131	31 163	15 007	16 155
20	Lang Son	35 498	18 800	16 699	25 254	12 202	13 052	22 472	10 632	11 840

Table 17 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
22	Quang Ninh	52 788	25 433	27 355	43 074	20 472	22 602	41 252	19 267	21 985
24	Bac Giang	75 860	40 243	35 617	58 359	29 320	29 039	55 498	27 265	28 233
25	Phu Tho	58 017	31 368	26 649	41 603	22 081	19 523	39 261	20 948	18 313
26	Vinh Phuc	46 655	24 394	22 261	39 076	19 782	19 294	37 591	18 619	18 972
27	Bac Ninh	53 243	28 138	25 105	44 993	23 725	21 268	43 799	22 701	21 099
30	Hai Duong	72 616	37 826	34 790	58 684	30 487	28 198	55 892	28 670	27 223
31	Hai Phong	73 076	36 708	36 368	63 852	31 843	32 009	62 033	30 726	31 307
33	Hung Yen	57 034	28 811	28 223	44 795	21 511	23 284	42 911	20 454	22 457
34	Thai Binh	70 374	34 828	35 547	62 252	30 016	32 236	60 739	29 344	31 395
35	Ha Nam	34 058	16 834	17 223	27 814	12 789	15 025	26 886	12 291	14 594
36	Nam Dinh	87 690	44 653	43 038	71 186	35 534	35 652	69 178	34 354	34 823
37	Ninh Binh	40 708	20 553	20 154	32 425	15 531	16 894	30 794	14 741	16 054
38	Thanh Hoa	163 978	86 745	77 233	124 086	63 752	60 334	114 281	58 008	56 273
40	Nghe An	154 657	81 433	73 223	104 569	53 252	51 317	96 621	48 109	48 512
42	Ha Tinh	72 920	38 659	34 261	58 740	28 813	29 927	55 838	27 219	28 619
44	Quang Binh	52 326	26 575	25 751	36 702	16 617	20 085	34 802	15 866	18 936
45	Quang Tri	36 561	18 422	18 139	30 098	14 067	16 031	27 927	12 820	15 107
46	Thua Thien Hue	64 072	33 035	31 038	46 231	22 113	24 119	43 194	20 040	23 154
48	Da Nang	41 932	21 269	20 663	35 746	17 205	18 541	34 169	16 496	17 674
49	Quang Nam	75 314	36 399	38 915	58 489	25 288	33 201	55 246	23 438	31 808
51	Quang Ngai	62 225	32 721	29 504	44 658	22 321	22 337	40 464	19 903	20 561
52	Binh Dinh	80 592	42 673	37 919	59 165	28 855	30 310	54 454	26 373	28 081
54	Phu Yen	48 075	24 265	23 810	33 515	15 456	18 060	31 606	14 592	17 014
56	Khanh Hoa	60 894	29 959	30 935	41 085	18 675	22 409	39 158	17 625	21 532
58	Ninh Thuan	35 620	19 544	16 076	19 530	10 076	9 454	17 181	8 658	8 522

Table 17 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
60	Binh Thuan	70 255	37 501	32 754	39 396	17 890	21 506	36 712	16 582	20 130
62	Kon Tum	28 637	15 002	13 635	12 896	5 600	7 296	11 615	5 055	6 559
64	Gia Lai	87 604	44 123	43 481	39 808	18 528	21 280	36 255	16 690	19 565
66	Dak Lak	129 362	64 739	64 623	78 517	33 822	44 696	71 723	29 442	42 282
67	Dak Nong	37 669	19 217	18 453	22 685	10 632	12 053	19 830	9 172	10 658
68	Lam Dong	74 656	38 955	35 700	48 014	23 332	24 682	44 559	21 085	23 474
70	Binh Phuoc	49 535	25 774	23 760	29 399	14 219	15 180	26 417	12 328	14 088
72	Tay Ninh	51 818	26 857	24 961	25 819	12 798	13 021	24 240	11 606	12 634
74	Binh Duong	60 328	28 761	31 568	26 734	12 291	14 443	24 396	10 862	13 534
75	Dong Nai	127 782	66 660	61 122	88 953	43 573	45 380	81 269	39 752	41 516
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	50 775	26 788	23 987	36 671	18 218	18 453	34 064	16 688	17 377
79	Ho Chi Minh City	285 198	147 716	137 482	209 549	104 853	104 696	195 763	97 177	98 586
80	Long An	64 384	34 851	29 533	40 285	19 703	20 582	37 800	18 192	19 608
82	Tien Giang	73 089	36 743	36 345	45 615	20 515	25 100	42 333	18 664	23 669
83	Ben Tre	51 024	24 217	26 807	35 487	15 323	20 164	32 831	13 696	19 135
84	Tra Vinh	43 749	23 440	20 309	23 849	11 539	12 310	22 154	10 823	11 331
86	Vinh Long	40 320	21 620	18 700	27 593	14 156	13 437	26 185	13 251	12 934
87	Dong Thap	77 806	40 811	36 996	42 208	20 474	21 734	39 434	19 061	20 373
89	An Giang	95 177	51 741	43 437	43 123	21 023	22 100	39 846	19 475	20 371
91	Kien Giang	81 398	41 166	40 233	36 240	16 816	19 424	31 531	14 624	16 906
92	Can Tho	47 758	25 771	21 988	23 801	12 344	11 457	22 589	11 610	10 979
93	Hau Giang	31 318	16 368	14 950	16 073	7 824	8 249	13 708	6 710	6 999
94	Soc Trang	56 605	30 629	25 976	23 373	12 062	11 312	20 133	9 814	10 319
95	Bac Lieu	42 255	22 428	19 827	20 349	10 364	9 985	16 735	8 359	8 377
96	Ca Mau	50 932	25 786	25 146	22 715	11 661	11 054	18 542	9 160	9 382

Table 17 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
URBAN		**1 155 550**	**593 048**	**562 502**	**899 508**	**444 683**	**454 825**	**845 385**	**413 299**	**432 086**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	70 179	36 313	33 866	62 597	31 888	30 709	57 930	28 824	29 107
R2	Red River Delta	243 667	125 035	118 632	224 069	113 919	110 150	216 613	108 748	107 865
R3	North and South Central Coast	231 389	119 508	111 880	184 196	89 578	94 618	172 567	83 326	89 241
R4	Central Highlands	88 203	43 356	44 847	71 114	33 053	38 061	66 756	30 717	36 039
R5	Southeast	348 122	181 399	166 723	252 542	126 156	126 386	234 220	116 382	117 838
R6	Mekong River Delta	173 990	87 436	86 554	104 991	50 089	54 902	97 299	45 303	51 996
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	107 872	56 159	51 713	102 637	53 324	49 313	99 294	50 828	48 466
02	Ha Giang	4 164	2 774	1 390	2 567	1 674	893	2 311	1 543	768
04	Cao Bang	3 323	1 499	1 825	2 524	1 096	1 428	2 277	930	1 347
06	Bac Kan	1 741	896	845	1 480	752	728	1 364	686	678
08	Tuyen Quang	3 319	1 715	1 605	3 051	1 566	1 485	2 924	1 439	1 485
10	Lao Cai	5 057	2 368	2 688	4 815	2 315	2 499	4 531	2 071	2 460
11	Dien Bien	3 102	1 315	1 786	2 797	1 223	1 574	2 527	1 083	1 445
12	Lai Chau	2 773	1 257	1 516	2 795	1 388	1 407	2 236	985	1 251
14	Son La	6 736	3 791	2 945	5 815	3 560	2 255	5 202	3 116	2 086
15	Yen Bai	5 589	3 129	2 459	5 238	2 814	2 424	5 065	2 691	2 375
17	Hoa Binh	3 522	1 783	1 738	3 432	1 700	1 732	3 167	1 565	1 602
19	Thai Nguyen	9 929	5 325	4 604	9 684	4 966	4 717	8 777	4 471	4 306
20	Lang Son	4 289	1 959	2 330	4 229	1 989	2 240	3 947	1 750	2 197
22	Quang Ninh	30 302	14 472	15 831	27 880	13 259	14 621	26 828	12 507	14 322
24	Bac Giang	8 152	4 243	3 909	6 555	3 047	3 509	6 312	2 871	3 441

Table 17 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	8 485	4 260	4 225	7 616	3 799	3 816	7 290	3 622	3 668
26	Vinh Phuc	9 404	5 003	4 401	8 210	4 242	3 969	7 879	3 954	3 925
27	Bac Ninh	11 910	6 816	5 095	9 707	5 311	4 396	9 460	5 118	4 342
30	Hai Duong	15 585	9 028	6 557	14 355	8 307	6 048	13 592	7 851	5 741
31	Hai Phong	30 721	14 682	16 039	27 772	13 300	14 472	26 893	12 733	14 160
33	Hung Yen	6 100	3 020	3 080	5 551	2 748	2 803	5 333	2 585	2 749
34	Thai Binh	6 633	3 479	3 154	6 093	3 255	2 838	6 093	3 255	2 838
35	Ha Nam	4 611	2 360	2 252	3 859	1 911	1 948	3 763	1 814	1 948
36	Nam Dinh	13 225	6 376	6 850	11 658	5 183	6 475	11 278	5 106	6 172
37	Ninh Binh	7 304	3 642	3 662	6 345	3 079	3 266	6 199	2 998	3 201
38	Thanh Hoa	14 439	6 668	7 771	13 471	6 405	7 066	12 337	5 813	6 523
40	Nghe An	18 156	10 087	8 070	14 954	7 901	7 053	13 822	7 198	6 624
42	Ha Tinh	8 485	4 264	4 221	7 505	3 228	4 278	7 319	3 228	4 091
44	Quang Binh	9 142	4 412	4 730	7 082	3 248	3 834	6 784	2 999	3 785
45	Quang Tri	8 399	3 989	4 409	8 003	3 740	4 263	7 300	3 336	3 964
46	Thua Thien Hue	28 508	14 762	13 746	22 393	10 886	11 507	21 471	10 107	11 363
48	Da Nang	35 463	18 308	17 155	30 652	15 188	15 463	29 239	14 596	14 643
49	Quang Nam	10 512	4 763	5 749	8 951	3 847	5 104	8 206	3 346	4 860
51	Quang Ngai	8 012	4 345	3 667	6 873	3 632	3 240	6 289	3 356	2 933
52	Binh Dinh	18 986	10 421	8 565	15 000	8 116	6 885	13 765	7 438	6 327
54	Phu Yen	11 779	5 843	5 937	9 942	4 477	5 465	9 101	4 150	4 950
56	Khanh Hoa	23 087	11 935	11 152	17 653	8 446	9 207	17 092	8 224	8 868
58	Ninh Thuan	11 708	6 006	5 702	7 526	3 373	4 152	6 558	2 778	3 780
60	Binh Thuan	24 712	13 706	11 006	14 190	7 089	7 100	13 283	6 755	6 528

Table 17 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	8 625	4 449	4 176	6 455	3 172	3 283	6 041	2 975	3 066
64	Gia Lai	22 295	10 611	11 684	17 150	7 806	9 344	16 482	7 468	9 014
66	Dak Lak	27 526	13 495	14 031	22 858	10 103	12 756	21 220	9 233	11 987
67	Dak Nong	5 144	2 301	2 843	4 382	1 798	2 584	3 854	1 561	2 292
68	Lam Dong	24 613	12 500	12 113	20 268	10 174	10 095	19 158	9 479	9 679
70	Binh Phuoc	8 482	4 186	4 296	6 840	3 078	3 762	6 088	2 556	3 531
72	Tay Ninh	9 031	4 954	4 077	5 965	2 949	3 016	5 668	2 765	2 903
74	Binh Duong	44 548	21 127	23 421	19 076	8 577	10 499	17 989	8 067	9 922
75	Dong Nai	35 378	18 912	16 466	28 995	13 867	15 129	26 121	12 675	13 447
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	19 678	11 795	7 883	15 467	9 005	6 462	14 120	8 159	5 962
79	Ho Chi Minh City	231 005	120 425	110 580	176 198	88 680	87 518	164 234	82 160	82 073
80	Long An	10 767	5 425	5 342	8 396	3 720	4 676	7 772	3 472	4 300
82	Tien Giang	10 060	4 442	5 618	6 831	2 660	4 171	6 433	2 421	4 012
83	Ben Tre	4 880	2 030	2 850	4 054	1 670	2 384	3 748	1 426	2 323
84	Tra Vinh	5 866	2 969	2 897	3 527	1 634	1 894	3 314	1 473	1 841
86	Vinh Long	6 075	3 627	2 448	4 722	2 774	1 948	4 277	2 492	1 786
87	Dong Thap	11 530	5 076	6 454	7 782	3 495	4 287	7 564	3 277	4 287
89	An Giang	29 601	15 451	14 150	16 372	7 818	8 553	15 741	7 497	8 244
91	Kien Giang	20 983	11 446	9 537	12 139	6 322	5 817	11 198	5 723	5 474
92	Can Tho	29 423	14 564	14 859	15 766	7 526	8 240	14 987	7 094	7 893
93	Hau Giang	7 361	3 896	3 465	5 410	2 672	2 738	4 596	2 266	2 330
94	Soc Trang	16 740	8 715	8 024	7 858	3 983	3 876	7 125	3 422	3 703
95	Bac Lieu	9 626	4 917	4 710	5 067	2 589	2 477	4 373	2 174	2 199
96	Ca Mau	11 079	4 879	6 200	7 068	3 227	3 842	6 172	2 567	3 605

Table 17 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
RURAL		**3 016 062**	**1 561 566**	**1 454 495**	**1 925 572**	**939 989**	**985 583**	**1 786 760**	**857 202**	**929 557**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	481 285	250 736	230 550	277 005	142 717	134 288	250 471	125 013	125 458
R2	Red River Delta	617 879	313 168	304 711	509 640	250 099	259 541	491 524	238 890	252 634
R3	North and South Central Coast	788 032	409 691	378 340	547 816	264 801	283 015	509 086	242 404	266 682
R4	Central Highlands	269 725	138 680	131 045	130 807	58 861	71 946	117 227	50 727	66 499
R5	Southeast	277 314	141 156	136 158	164 583	79 796	84 788	151 930	72 032	79 898
R6	Mekong River Delta	581 827	308 135	273 692	295 721	143 714	152 006	266 522	128 136	138 386
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	165 432	83 865	81 567	142 920	69 005	73 915	137 768	65 644	72 124
02	Ha Giang	36 609	19 231	17 378	13 516	7 787	5 729	11 391	6 328	5 063
04	Cao Bang	24 837	12 246	12 591	11 859	5 715	6 144	10 154	4 592	5 562
06	Bac Kan	14 003	7 107	6 897	8 816	4 135	4 681	7 789	3 500	4 289
08	Tuyen Quang	30 179	14 673	15 507	20 208	9 599	10 609	18 641	8 584	10 058
10	Lao Cai	32 878	16 490	16 388	12 940	6 807	6 133	11 605	5 927	5 678
11	Dien Bien	25 245	13 603	11 643	10 039	5 786	4 253	8 293	4 506	3 787
12	Lai Chau	21 238	10 974	10 264	5 240	2 973	2 266	4 105	2 174	1 931
14	Son La	53 605	28 195	25 410	24 952	14 864	10 087	20 287	11 342	8 944
15	Yen Bai	30 327	15 004	15 323	16 214	7 769	8 445	14 901	6 739	8 162
17	Hoa Binh	30 537	15 444	15 093	22 444	10 965	11 479	21 237	10 182	11 054
19	Thai Nguyen	33 376	17 820	15 557	23 963	11 550	12 413	22 385	10 537	11 849
20	Lang Son	31 210	16 841	14 368	21 024	10 212	10 812	18 525	8 882	9 643
22	Quang Ninh	22 486	10 962	11 524	15 194	7 213	7 981	14 424	6 760	7 664
24	Bac Giang	67 708	36 000	31 708	51 804	26 273	25 530	49 186	24 394	24 792

Table 17 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	49 532	27 109	22 423	33 988	18 281	15 707	31 971	17 326	14 645
26	Vinh Phuc	37 251	19 390	17 860	30 866	15 540	15 326	29 712	14 665	15 047
27	Bac Ninh	41 333	21 323	20 010	35 287	18 414	16 873	34 339	17 583	16 756
30	Hai Duong	57 031	28 798	28 233	44 330	22 180	22 150	42 301	20 818	21 482
31	Hai Phong	42 355	22 026	20 329	36 080	18 543	17 537	35 140	17 993	17 147
33	Hung Yen	50 935	25 791	25 144	39 243	18 763	20 481	37 577	17 869	19 708
34	Thai Binh	63 742	31 349	32 393	56 158	26 761	29 397	54 645	26 089	28 556
35	Ha Nam	29 446	14 475	14 972	23 955	10 878	13 077	23 123	10 477	12 646
36	Nam Dinh	74 465	38 277	36 188	59 527	30 350	29 177	57 900	29 249	28 651
37	Ninh Binh	33 404	16 912	16 492	26 080	12 452	13 628	24 595	11 743	12 852
38	Thanh Hoa	149 539	80 077	69 462	110 616	57 347	53 269	101 944	52 194	49 750
40	Nghe An	136 500	71 347	65 153	89 614	45 351	44 264	82 799	40 911	41 887
42	Ha Tinh	64 434	34 394	30 040	51 235	25 585	25 650	48 519	23 992	24 527
44	Quang Binh	43 183	22 163	21 021	29 620	13 369	16 251	28 018	12 867	15 151
45	Quang Tri	28 163	14 432	13 730	22 095	10 327	11 768	20 627	9 484	11 143
46	Thua Thien Hue	35 565	18 273	17 292	23 838	11 226	12 612	21 724	9 933	11 791
48	Da Nang	6 469	2 962	3 507	5 094	2 016	3 078	4 931	1 900	3 031
49	Quang Nam	64 802	31 636	33 166	49 538	21 441	28 097	47 040	20 092	26 948
51	Quang Ngai	54 213	28 376	25 837	37 786	18 689	19 097	34 175	16 547	17 628
52	Binh Dinh	61 606	32 252	29 355	44 165	20 739	23 426	40 688	18 934	21 754
54	Phu Yen	36 295	18 422	17 873	23 573	10 978	12 595	22 506	10 441	12 064
56	Khanh Hoa	37 806	18 024	19 782	23 432	10 229	13 202	22 065	9 401	12 664
58	Ninh Thuan	23 912	13 538	10 374	12 005	6 703	5 302	10 622	5 880	4 742
60	Binh Thuan	45 543	23 796	21 748	25 206	10 801	14 406	23 429	9 827	13 602

Table 17 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1996-1998			Population attending higher-secondary			Be born in 1996-1998 attending higher-secondary		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	20 011	10 553	9 459	6 442	2 429	4 013	5 573	2 080	3 493
64	Gia Lai	65 309	33 512	31 797	22 658	10 722	11 936	19 773	9 223	10 550
66	Dak Lak	101 836	51 244	50 592	55 659	23 719	31 940	50 503	20 208	30 295
67	Dak Nong	32 526	16 916	15 610	18 303	8 833	9 469	15 976	7 611	8 366
68	Lam Dong	50 043	26 455	23 588	27 745	13 158	14 587	25 401	11 605	13 795
70	Binh Phuoc	41 053	21 589	19 464	22 559	11 141	11 417	20 329	9 772	10 557
72	Tay Ninh	42 787	21 903	20 884	19 854	9 849	10 005	18 572	8 841	9 731
74	Binh Duong	15 780	7 633	8 147	7 658	3 714	3 944	6 408	2 795	3 613
75	Dong Nai	92 404	47 748	44 656	59 958	29 706	30 252	55 147	27 078	28 070
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	31 098	14 993	16 104	21 204	9 213	11 991	19 944	8 529	11 415
79	Ho Chi Minh City	54 192	27 290	26 902	33 351	16 173	17 178	31 529	15 017	16 513
80	Long An	53 617	29 427	24 191	31 889	15 983	15 906	30 028	14 720	15 308
82	Tien Giang	63 029	32 302	30 727	38 784	17 855	20 929	35 900	16 242	19 658
83	Ben Tre	46 144	22 187	23 957	31 433	13 653	17 780	29 082	12 270	16 812
84	Tra Vinh	37 883	20 471	17 412	20 321	9 905	10 416	18 840	9 350	9 490
86	Vinh Long	34 245	17 993	16 252	22 870	11 382	11 488	21 908	10 760	11 149
87	Dong Thap	66 277	35 735	30 542	34 427	16 979	17 447	31 870	15 784	16 086
89	An Giang	65 576	36 290	29 287	26 752	13 205	13 547	24 106	11 978	12 128
91	Kien Giang	60 415	29 720	30 695	24 102	10 494	13 608	20 333	8 901	11 432
92	Can Tho	18 335	11 207	7 128	8 035	4 818	3 217	7 602	4 516	3 086
93	Hau Giang	23 957	12 472	11 485	10 663	5 152	5 511	9 112	4 444	4 668
94	Soc Trang	39 866	21 914	17 952	15 515	8 079	7 436	13 008	6 392	6 615
95	Bac Lieu	32 629	17 511	15 118	15 282	7 774	7 508	12 363	6 185	6 178
96	Ca Mau	39 854	20 907	18 946	15 647	8 434	7 213	12 370	6 593	5 777

Table 18

POPULATION IN THE AGES OF COLLEGE/UNIVERSITY ATTENDING COLLEGE/UNIVERSITY
BY SEX, URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**5 736 192**	**2 909 204**	**2 826 987**	**1 706 062**	**820 838**	**885 223**	**1 200 287**	**542 985**	**657 303**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	755 590	395 639	359 951	113 463	53 210	60 253	62 410	27 494	34 916
R2	Red River Delta	1 166 421	582 321	584 099	508 866	242 833	266 033	380 658	172 723	207 934
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 360 534	706 008	654 526	385 069	177 934	207 135	275 581	118 236	157 344
R4	Central Highlands	363 613	190 724	172 889	46 415	20 950	25 465	28 042	11 540	16 502
R5	Southeast	1 087 850	520 971	566 879	432 419	212 987	219 432	314 563	147 952	166 612
R6	Mekong River Delta	1 002 184	513 541	488 643	219 830	112 925	106 905	139 035	65 040	73 995
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	452 772	217 904	234 868	290 011	136 958	153 052	222 123	99 626	122 497
02	Ha Giang	57 064	28 881	28 183	4 625	2 362	2 263	1 345	366	978
04	Cao Bang	34 632	18 663	15 969	3 000	1 153	1 847	706	210	496
06	Bac Kan	19 596	10 506	9 090	3 338	1 249	2 089	1 340	478	862
08	Tuyen Quang	47 750	25 491	22 260	4 710	2 105	2 605	2 337	1 052	1 285
10	Lao Cai	51 733	28 906	22 827	4 740	2 492	2 248	1 798	850	948
11	Dien Bien	39 976	20 699	19 276	3 102	1 599	1 503	1 376	649	727
12	Lai Chau	29 624	15 162	14 461	2 259	1 233	1 025	246	152	94
14	Son La	85 573	45 047	40 526	5 701	2 420	3 282	3 220	1 186	2 033
15	Yen Bai	50 899	27 090	23 809	5 732	2 945	2 787	2 253	1 127	1 126
17	Hoa Binh	50 856	27 104	23 752	6 491	2 774	3 716	3 118	1 256	1 863
19	Thai Nguyen	71 353	35 843	35 511	37 813	17 949	19 864	26 723	11 944	14 779
20	Lang Son	48 622	26 568	22 055	5 392	1 588	3 804	2 386	522	1 864

Table 18 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
22	Quang Ninh	62 325	33 686	28 638	19 574	9 968	9 605	11 040	5 030	6 011
24	Bac Giang	91 409	45 362	46 047	10 248	5 393	4 855	4 834	2 326	2 508
25	Phu Tho	76 503	40 318	36 185	16 312	7 948	8 364	10 728	5 376	5 352
26	Vinh Phuc	66 846	31 927	34 919	18 493	6 963	11 530	15 498	5 302	10 196
27	Bac Ninh	60 304	28 690	31 614	18 703	9 555	9 147	14 429	6 930	7 499
30	Hai Duong	102 104	48 879	53 225	32 723	15 145	17 579	24 880	11 366	13 514
31	Hai Phong	104 528	55 521	49 007	53 236	28 630	24 606	37 487	19 736	17 751
33	Hung Yen	62 793	30 690	32 103	22 661	10 512	12 149	17 339	7 678	9 661
34	Thai Binh	82 601	44 938	37 663	18 624	8 271	10 353	13 606	5 931	7 675
35	Ha Nam	48 910	26 190	22 721	13 702	6 883	6 818	10 320	4 966	5 354
36	Nam Dinh	74 729	38 004	36 725	12 961	6 304	6 657	9 275	4 505	4 770
37	Ninh Binh	48 508	25 893	22 616	8 179	3 644	4 536	4 659	1 653	3 005
38	Thanh Hoa	229 345	124 135	105 210	39 748	19 720	20 027	24 167	10 516	13 651
40	Nghe An	253 867	126 475	127 392	75 053	33 117	41 936	56 674	23 039	33 635
42	Ha Tinh	63 008	36 064	26 944	11 123	4 918	6 205	5 652	2 710	2 942
44	Quang Binh	59 781	32 551	27 230	10 142	3 765	6 377	5 462	1 342	4 119
45	Quang Tri	29 677	16 869	12 808	5 245	2 125	3 120	1 618	510	1 108
46	Thua Thien Hue	94 047	45 261	48 786	48 293	20 568	27 725	37 834	15 259	22 575
48	Da Nang	87 828	42 767	45 061	59 408	28 744	30 663	47 312	21 742	25 570
49	Quang Nam	100 417	52 612	47 805	33 396	14 970	18 426	23 636	10 063	13 573
51	Quang Ngai	83 323	41 727	41 596	25 877	13 217	12 659	17 185	7 671	9 514
52	Binh Dinh	80 892	41 710	39 182	19 661	10 549	9 113	13 721	6 893	6 828
54	Phu Yen	58 568	31 149	27 420	14 037	7 096	6 941	10 083	4 882	5 200
56	Khanh Hoa	83 785	42 435	41 350	23 521	10 586	12 935	18 803	7 741	11 062
58	Ninh Thuan	39 931	21 088	18 843	4 673	1 914	2 759	2 535	1 125	1 410

Table 18 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
60	Binh Thuan	96 064	51 166	44 899	14 892	6 644	8 249	10 899	4 742	6 157
62	Kon Tum	35 167	17 388	17 779	3 597	1 647	1 950	2 242	960	1 282
64	Gia Lai	88 442	47 685	40 758	6 058	2 768	3 290	2 004	773	1 230
66	Dak Lak	130 109	70 114	59 995	19 177	9 288	9 888	12 304	6 050	6 254
67	Dak Nong	34 475	18 733	15 743	2 314	877	1 437	631	170	461
68	Lam Dong	75 419	36 804	38 615	15 269	6 369	8 900	10 860	3 586	7 275
70	Binh Phuoc	62 249	30 487	31 762	10 913	4 429	6 484	7 021	2 203	4 819
72	Tay Ninh	62 706	32 051	30 655	6 223	2 709	3 514	3 940	1 413	2 527
74	Binh Duong	162 137	71 084	91 053	35 896	16 180	19 716	25 816	12 626	13 190
75	Dong Nai	197 763	100 135	97 629	60 821	27 647	33 174	44 273	19 808	24 465
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	58 091	30 411	27 680	17 369	8 714	8 655	13 114	6 094	7 020
79	Ho Chi Minh City	544 904	256 803	288 101	301 197	153 307	147 890	220 399	105 807	114 592
80	Long An	81 227	41 439	39 788	15 551	7 407	8 144	11 345	4 915	6 430
82	Tien Giang	88 302	43 169	45 134	17 736	7 927	9 809	11 559	4 718	6 841
83	Ben Tre	52 658	27 943	24 715	9 094	4 934	4 161	3 904	1 835	2 069
84	Tra Vinh	51 694	26 934	24 759	12 572	6 114	6 458	6 673	2 615	4 058
86	Vinh Long	55 441	31 665	23 776	24 492	15 124	9 368	17 735	10 581	7 154
87	Dong Thap	98 549	50 280	48 269	20 185	9 635	10 550	14 686	6 550	8 137
89	An Giang	115 569	56 504	59 065	22 400	10 582	11 818	12 399	5 091	7 309
91	Kien Giang	107 685	55 468	52 218	16 160	9 328	6 832	9 936	5 166	4 770
92	Can Tho	81 594	40 232	41 361	33 926	17 109	16 817	24 107	11 163	12 945
93	Hau Giang	49 378	25 995	23 383	10 256	5 292	4 964	5 926	2 923	3 004
94	Soc Trang	80 207	41 239	38 968	14 914	7 677	7 237	7 856	3 203	4 652
95	Bac Lieu	64 174	33 558	30 616	10 138	4 563	5 575	6 915	2 797	4 118
96	Ca Mau	75 705	39 114	36 591	12 407	7 234	5 173	5 993	3 485	2 509

Table 18 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
URBAN		**1 899 097**	**902 353**	**996 744**	**1 031 850**	**490 404**	**541 446**	**750 776**	**337 513**	**413 263**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	88 936	44 061	44 874	52 925	24 086	28 839	30 391	13 022	17 369
R2	Red River Delta	405 849	191 976	213 874	301 978	142 760	159 218	229 037	102 112	126 924
R3	North and South Central Coast	361 019	175 281	185 738	189 199	84 323	104 875	141 611	59 965	81 646
R4	Central Highlands	88 609	43 977	44 632	32 748	14 411	18 338	22 221	8 925	13 296
R5	Southeast	697 172	319 702	377 471	351 091	173 069	178 022	257 234	121 322	135 912
R6	Mekong River Delta	257 512	127 357	130 155	103 909	51 755	52 154	70 282	32 166	38 116
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	223 542	102 689	120 853	200 647	93 112	107 535	155 239	68 447	86 792
02	Ha Giang	5 489	2 306	3 183	1 539	714	825	684	176	508
04	Cao Bang	4 231	2 073	2 158	1 808	522	1 285	520	134	385
06	Bac Kan	2 477	1 166	1 311	1 295	405	889	631	218	413
08	Tuyen Quang	2 760	1 397	1 364	1 270	676	594	437	234	203
10	Lao Cai	4 205	2 185	2 020	2 441	1 163	1 278	598	368	231
11	Dien Bien	4 317	2 062	2 255	1 765	788	978	940	389	551
12	Lai Chau	3 035	2 023	1 011	1 834	1 004	830	196	124	72
14	Son La	8 439	4 325	4 114	2 275	779	1 496	1 191	253	938
15	Yen Bai	5 326	2 698	2 628	2 820	1 317	1 503	972	339	633
17	Hoa Binh	3 495	1 735	1 760	1 798	686	1 113	756	287	469
19	Thai Nguyen	24 243	11 658	12 585	24 878	11 994	12 884	18 225	8 305	9 920
20	Lang Son	6 062	3 123	2 938	2 411	680	1 731	1 088	144	944
22	Quang Ninh	30 387	15 920	14 468	15 030	7 730	7 300	8 552	3 897	4 655
24	Bac Giang	5 563	2 872	2 691	1 996	1 118	879	811	543	268

Table 18 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	9 293	4 437	4 856	4 795	2 241	2 554	3 345	1 509	1 836
26	Vinh Phuc	19 642	6 839	12 803	10 351	2 612	7 739	9 365	2 210	7 155
27	Bac Ninh	18 273	8 262	10 011	9 628	5 048	4 580	7 682	3 615	4 067
30	Hai Duong	23 505	10 923	12 583	13 215	6 398	6 817	10 417	5 037	5 380
31	Hai Phong	49 824	26 397	23 427	35 445	19 586	15 859	25 643	13 380	12 263
33	Hung Yen	8 198	3 730	4 468	3 500	1 272	2 228	2 609	1 100	1 509
34	Thai Binh	5 481	3 160	2 321	2 526	1 074	1 452	1 667	658	1 008
35	Ha Nam	7 771	3 844	3 928	3 547	1 499	2 047	2 469	955	1 514
36	Nam Dinh	13 126	6 707	6 419	5 489	2 968	2 521	4 321	2 313	2 008
37	Ninh Binh	6 100	3 507	2 593	2 602	1 462	1 141	1 073	499	574
38	Thanh Hoa	18 338	9 353	8 984	9 497	3 643	5 854	4 740	1 569	3 171
40	Nghe An	34 941	14 823	20 118	23 018	9 290	13 728	17 844	6 527	11 317
42	Ha Tinh	6 485	3 492	2 992	3 471	1 169	2 302	1 810	677	1 133
44	Quang Binh	10 755	5 373	5 382	3 826	1 178	2 648	2 291	343	1 947
45	Quang Tri	8 168	4 243	3 925	2 055	843	1 213	742	245	498
46	Thua Thien Hue	52 868	24 415	28 452	36 025	14 756	21 269	29 155	11 679	17 477
48	Da Nang	76 584	37 126	39 458	54 324	26 586	27 738	43 210	20 015	23 195
49	Quang Nam	19 548	9 231	10 317	10 066	4 147	5 919	7 516	2 991	4 526
51	Quang Ngai	8 626	4 633	3 993	5 193	2 874	2 319	2 884	1 446	1 438
52	Binh Dinh	25 032	12 939	12 092	12 307	6 673	5 633	9 037	4 687	4 350
54	Phu Yen	16 047	8 123	7 924	6 937	3 152	3 784	5 601	2 546	3 054
56	Khanh Hoa	34 361	16 215	18 146	13 853	6 188	7 665	10 888	4 406	6 482
58	Ninh Thuan	11 903	6 141	5 762	2 117	775	1 342	1 030	452	578
60	Binh Thuan	37 366	19 174	18 192	6 510	3 049	3 461	4 862	2 382	2 481

Table 18 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	9 108	4 217	4 891	2 529	1 233	1 296	1 797	830	967
64	Gia Lai	19 916	10 690	9 226	3 937	1 682	2 255	1 190	477	713
66	Dak Lak	28 694	14 897	13 797	12 455	6 038	6 417	8 699	4 256	4 443
67	Dak Nong	3 408	1 806	1 602	701	319	382	242	80	162
68	Lam Dong	27 483	12 368	15 115	13 125	5 139	7 986	10 293	3 282	7 011
70	Binh Phuoc	12 040	5 309	6 731	4 367	1 192	3 174	3 161	587	2 574
72	Tay Ninh	9 911	5 289	4 623	1 873	943	930	1 102	482	620
74	Binh Duong	135 552	56 849	78 703	29 711	13 477	16 233	22 253	11 093	11 159
75	Dong Nai	62 451	29 366	33 086	28 797	11 940	16 857	20 339	7 783	12 556
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	27 239	13 332	13 907	11 447	5 378	6 069	9 065	4 080	4 985
79	Ho Chi Minh City	449 978	209 557	240 421	274 896	140 137	134 758	201 314	97 297	104 017
80	Long An	13 932	6 635	7 298	4 135	1 846	2 289	3 192	1 305	1 887
82	Tien Giang	14 025	6 545	7 480	5 090	1 843	3 248	3 842	1 306	2 535
83	Ben Tre	6 409	2 648	3 761	1 793	954	839	782	415	367
84	Tra Vinh	8 882	4 374	4 508	4 709	1 961	2 749	3 465	1 265	2 200
86	Vinh Long	15 258	9 424	5 834	12 177	8 356	3 822	9 062	5 762	3 300
87	Dong Thap	19 406	9 219	10 187	7 764	3 454	4 310	5 668	2 216	3 452
89	An Giang	32 322	14 908	17 413	12 490	5 730	6 759	6 827	2 592	4 235
91	Kien Giang	24 948	11 926	13 022	6 272	3 037	3 235	4 075	1 740	2 335
92	Can Tho	58 055	27 662	30 393	30 674	15 331	15 343	22 294	10 341	11 953
93	Hau Giang	12 009	6 496	5 514	3 432	1 631	1 801	2 302	1 161	1 142
94	Soc Trang	24 154	12 968	11 185	6 484	3 404	3 081	3 458	1 640	1 817
95	Bac Lieu	13 488	6 664	6 825	4 544	1 888	2 656	2 955	1 063	1 892
96	Ca Mau	14 623	7 887	6 736	4 343	2 320	2 024	2 360	1 358	1 002

Table 18 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
RURAL		**3 837 095**	**2 006 851**	**1 830 244**	**674 212**	**330 435**	**343 778**	**449 512**	**205 472**	**244 039**
Socio-economic regions										
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	666 655	351 578	315 076	60 538	29 124	31 414	32 018	14 471	17 547
R2	Red River Delta	760 572	390 346	370 226	206 887	100 073	106 815	151 621	70 611	81 010
R3	North and South Central Coast	999 514	530 727	468 787	195 870	93 610	102 260	133 970	58 272	75 698
R4	Central Highlands	275 004	146 747	128 257	13 667	6 539	7 128	5 821	2 615	3 206
R5	Southeast	390 678	201 269	189 409	81 328	39 918	41 410	57 329	26 629	30 700
R6	Mekong River Delta	744 672	386 184	358 488	115 921	61 170	54 751	68 752	32 874	35 879
Provinces/cities										
01	Ha Noi	229 231	115 216	114 015	89 364	43 847	45 517	66 884	31 179	35 705
02	Ha Giang	51 575	26 575	25 000	3 086	1 648	1 439	661	190	471
04	Cao Bang	30 401	16 590	13 811	1 193	631	562	186	76	111
06	Bac Kan	17 120	9 341	7 779	2 043	844	1 199	709	260	449
08	Tuyen Quang	44 990	24 094	20 896	3 440	1 429	2 011	1 901	818	1 083
10	Lao Cai	47 528	26 720	20 807	2 299	1 329	970	1 200	482	717
11	Dien Bien	35 659	18 638	17 022	1 337	811	526	435	260	176
12	Lai Chau	26 589	13 139	13 450	424	230	195	51	28	22
14	Son La	77 134	40 722	36 412	3 426	1 641	1 785	2 029	933	1 096
15	Yen Bai	45 572	24 392	21 181	2 912	1 628	1 284	1 282	788	493
17	Hoa Binh	47 361	25 369	21 992	4 692	2 088	2 604	2 362	969	1 393
19	Thai Nguyen	47 110	24 184	22 926	12 934	5 955	6 979	8 499	3 639	4 860
20	Lang Son	42 560	23 444	19 116	2 981	908	2 073	1 298	378	920
22	Quang Ninh	31 937	17 767	14 171	4 544	2 239	2 305	2 489	1 133	1 356
24	Bac Giang	85 846	42 490	43 356	8 252	4 275	3 977	4 023	1 783	2 240

Table 18 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	67 209	35 881	31 329	11 517	5 707	5 810	7 382	3 867	3 516
26	Vinh Phuc	47 205	25 088	22 117	8 142	4 351	3 791	6 132	3 092	3 041
27	Bac Ninh	42 031	20 428	21 602	9 075	4 508	4 567	6 747	3 315	3 432
30	Hai Duong	78 599	37 957	40 643	19 508	8 747	10 762	14 464	6 329	8 135
31	Hai Phong	54 704	29 124	25 580	17 791	9 044	8 747	11 844	6 356	5 488
33	Hung Yen	54 595	26 960	27 635	19 161	9 240	9 921	14 730	6 578	8 152
34	Thai Binh	77 120	41 778	35 342	16 098	7 197	8 902	11 939	5 272	6 667
35	Ha Nam	41 139	22 346	18 793	10 155	5 384	4 771	7 851	4 010	3 841
36	Nam Dinh	61 603	31 297	30 306	7 472	3 336	4 136	4 955	2 192	2 763
37	Ninh Binh	42 408	22 386	20 023	5 577	2 182	3 395	3 586	1 154	2 432
38	Thanh Hoa	211 007	114 782	96 226	30 250	16 077	14 173	19 427	8 947	10 480
40	Nghe An	218 926	111 652	107 275	52 035	23 827	28 208	38 830	16 511	22 318
42	Ha Tinh	56 523	32 571	23 952	7 653	3 749	3 904	3 842	2 033	1 809
44	Quang Binh	49 026	27 178	21 849	6 316	2 587	3 729	3 171	999	2 172
45	Quang Tri	21 510	12 627	8 883	3 190	1 282	1 908	876	265	611
46	Thua Thien Hue	41 180	20 846	20 334	12 268	5 812	6 455	8 678	3 580	5 098
48	Da Nang	11 244	5 641	5 602	5 084	2 159	2 925	4 103	1 727	2 375
49	Quang Nam	80 870	43 381	37 488	23 330	10 823	12 507	16 120	7 072	9 048
51	Quang Ngai	74 697	37 094	37 603	20 684	10 344	10 340	14 301	6 225	8 076
52	Binh Dinh	55 860	28 771	27 089	7 355	3 875	3 479	4 683	2 206	2 477
54	Phu Yen	42 521	23 026	19 495	7 100	3 943	3 157	4 482	2 336	2 146
56	Khanh Hoa	49 424	26 220	23 204	9 668	4 398	5 269	7 915	3 335	4 580
58	Ninh Thuan	28 028	14 948	13 080	2 556	1 139	1 417	1 505	673	833
60	Binh Thuan	58 699	31 992	26 707	8 383	3 595	4 788	6 036	2 360	3 676

Table 18 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Be born in 1992-1995			Population attending college/university			Be born in 1992-1995 attending college/university		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	26 059	13 171	12 888	1 068	414	654	446	130	315
64	Gia Lai	68 527	36 995	31 532	2 121	1 086	1 035	813	296	517
66	Dak Lak	101 415	55 218	46 198	6 721	3 250	3 471	3 605	1 794	1 810
67	Dak Nong	31 067	16 926	14 140	1 613	558	1 054	390	90	299
68	Lam Dong	47 936	24 436	23 500	2 144	1 230	913	567	304	263
70	Binh Phuoc	50 209	25 178	25 031	6 547	3 237	3 310	3 860	1 615	2 245
72	Tay Ninh	52 795	26 763	26 032	4 350	1 766	2 584	2 838	931	1 907
74	Binh Duong	26 585	14 235	12 350	6 185	2 703	3 483	3 564	1 533	2 030
75	Dong Nai	135 312	70 769	64 543	32 023	15 706	16 317	23 934	12 026	11 908
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	30 852	17 079	13 773	5 922	3 336	2 585	4 049	2 014	2 035
79	Ho Chi Minh City	94 926	47 246	47 680	26 302	13 170	13 132	19 084	8 510	10 575
80	Long An	67 295	34 804	32 491	11 416	5 561	5 855	8 153	3 610	4 543
82	Tien Giang	74 277	36 623	37 654	12 645	6 084	6 561	7 717	3 411	4 306
83	Ben Tre	46 249	25 295	20 954	7 301	3 979	3 322	3 121	1 420	1 702
84	Tra Vinh	42 812	22 561	20 251	7 863	4 154	3 709	3 208	1 350	1 858
86	Vinh Long	40 183	22 241	17 942	12 314	6 768	5 547	8 673	4 819	3 854
87	Dong Thap	79 143	41 061	38 082	12 421	6 180	6 240	9 018	4 333	4 685
89	An Giang	83 247	41 596	41 651	9 910	4 852	5 058	5 572	2 499	3 073
91	Kien Giang	82 737	43 541	39 196	9 887	6 290	3 597	5 861	3 426	2 436
92	Can Tho	23 539	12 570	10 969	3 252	1 778	1 474	1 813	821	992
93	Hau Giang	37 369	19 499	17 870	6 824	3 661	3 163	3 624	1 762	1 862
94	Soc Trang	56 053	28 271	27 783	8 430	4 273	4 156	4 398	1 563	2 835
95	Bac Lieu	50 686	26 895	23 791	5 594	2 675	2 919	3 959	1 734	2 226
96	Ca Mau	61 082	31 227	29 855	8 064	4 915	3 149	3 633	2 126	1 507

Table 19

POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER BY LITERACY, SEX,
URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**68 819 816**	**33 337 674**	**35 482 142**	**65 155 395**	**32 152 380**	**33 003 016**	**3 659 753**	**1 183 531**	**2 476 223**	**4 668**	**1 764**	**2 904**
Socio-economic regions													
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	8 510 701	4 172 336	4 338 365	7 571 045	3 876 983	3 694 061	936 960	294 293	642 667	2 697	1 060	1 637
R2	Red River Delta	15 889 040	7 622 285	8 266 755	15 591 798	7 557 258	8 034 540	295 560	64 417	231 143	1 681	609	1 072
R3	North and South Central Coast	14 833 879	7 202 540	7 631 339	14 119 848	6 984 618	7 135 230	713 741	217 827	495 914	291	95	195
R4	Central Highlands	3 888 197	1 921 199	1 966 998	3 511 820	1 793 766	1 718 054	376 377	127 433	248 944	0	0	0
R5	Southeast	12 261 975	5 855 929	6 406 046	11 921 450	5 728 738	6 192 712	340 525	127 191	213 333	0	0	0
R6	Mekong River Delta	13 436 025	6 563 386	6 872 639	12 439 435	6 211 017	6 228 418	996 590	352 369	644 221	0	0	0
Provinces/cities													
01	Ha Noi	5 395 622	2 595 833	2 799 789	5 322 018	2 581 176	2 740 842	72 516	14 242	58 274	1 088	415	673
02	Ha Giang	541 306	269 189	272 117	395 365	217 214	178 152	144 886	51 615	93 272	1 054	361	693
04	Cao Bang	383 618	186 556	197 062	312 747	159 934	152 813	70 645	26 472	44 173	226	150	76
06	Bac Kan	237 702	117 422	120 280	220 185	111 285	108 900	17 448	6 115	11 333	69	22	46
08	Tuyen Quang	560 647	276 082	284 565	531 232	268 029	263 202	29 369	8 052	21 317	46	0.0	46
10	Lao Cai	462 645	232 150	230 495	363 220	195 437	167 783	99 036	36 576	62 460	389	137	253
11	Dien Bien	347 051	172 057	174 994	243 572	142 322	101 249	103 479	29 735	73 744	0	0	0
12	Lai Chau	258 590	127 004	131 587	172 121	98 177	73 944	86 252	28 754	57 498	218	73	145
14	Son La	804 123	397 588	406 535	609 287	346 844	262 443	194 731	50 693	144 038	105	51	54
15	Yen Bai	570 206	281 613	288 593	499 453	259 737	239 716	70 652	21 827	48 825	101	49	51
17	Hoa Binh	619 386	304 378	315 008	598 725	297 694	301 031	20 614	6 637	13 977	47	47	0
19	Thai Nguyen	891 179	428 476	462 703	871 467	422 837	448 630	19 648	5 575	14 073	64	64	0
20	Lang Son	572 485	285 255	287 231	544 563	276 452	268 111	27 788	8 758	19 030	134	44	90
22	Quang Ninh	920 229	461 066	459 164	894 203	453 575	440 628	26 026	7 491	18 535	0	0	0

Table 19 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
24	Bac Giang	1 223 591	593 686	629 905	1 196 278	587 576	608 702	27 184	6 110	21 075	129	0	129
25	Phu Tho	1 038 172	500 880	537 291	1 012 828	493 443	519 385	25 228	7 376	17 852	116	62	54
26	Vinh Phuc	776 463	371 497	404 966	758 322	367 138	391 184	18 141	4 359	13 782	0	0	0
27	Bac Ninh	840 041	398 697	441 345	821 378	393 846	427 533	18 492	4 793	13 699	171	58	112
30	Hai Duong	1 387 498	662 000	725 498	1 360 036	656 566	703 471	27 310	5 359	21 952	151	75	75
31	Hai Phong	1 503 186	725 609	777 577	1 474 830	719 391	755 439	28 356	6 218	22 138	0	0	0
33	Hung Yen	895 010	425 779	469 231	877 423	421 811	455 613	17 409	3 908	13 500	178	60	118
34	Thai Binh	1 420 418	669 184	751 234	1 398 549	664 481	734 068	21 869	4 703	17 166	0	0	0
35	Ha Nam	622 824	298 603	324 221	610 914	296 372	314 543	11 817	2 232	9 585	93	0	93
36	Nam Dinh	1 407 947	665 862	742 086	1 373 984	658 665	715 318	33 964	7 196	26 767	0	0	0
37	Ninh Binh	719 802	348 156	371 646	700 140	344 238	355 902	19 661	3 918	15 744	0	0	0
38	Thanh Hoa	2 702 931	1 319 371	1 383 561	2 590 729	1 283 429	1 307 300	112 003	35 846	76 157	199	95	104
40	Nghe An	2 314 168	1 140 066	1 174 102	2 248 691	1 120 678	1 128 013	65 386	19 388	45 998	91	0	91
42	Ha Tinh	939 587	454 349	485 238	915 805	448 355	467 450	23 782	5 993	17 789	0	0	0
44	Quang Binh	643 287	317 134	326 153	627 959	313 522	314 437	15 328	3 613	11 715	0	0	0
45	Quang Tri	446 650	213 833	232 816	414 007	204 556	209 451	32 643	9 278	23 365	0	0	0
46	Thua Thien Hue	859 644	415 486	444 158	795 585	399 124	396 461	64 059	16 362	47 697	0	0	0
48	Da Nang	765 167	362 635	402 532	748 632	358 592	390 040	16 534	4 043	12 491	0	0	0
49	Quang Nam	1 125 729	533 254	592 475	1 063 790	517 480	546 310	61 939	15 773	46 166	0	0	0
51	Quang Ngai	950 685	458 281	492 405	880 022	438 243	441 778	70 664	20 038	50 626	0	0	0
52	Binh Dinh	1 153 666	551 475	602 191	1 104 266	539 174	565 092	49 400	12 301	37 099	0	0	0
54	Phu Yen	675 122	332 500	342 622	631 360	318 753	312 607	43 762	13 747	30 015	0	0	0
56	Khanh Hoa	915 727	443 782	471 945	875 479	431 120	444 359	40 248	12 662	27 586	0	0	0
58	Ninh Thuan	430 413	211 240	219 173	376 541	189 960	186 581	53 873	21 281	32 592	0	0	0
60	Binh Thuan	911 103	449 135	461 968	846 982	421 632	425 350	64 121	27 503	36 618	0	0	0

Table 19 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	319 492	156 565	162 928	277 427	142 750	134 677	42 065	13 815	28 251	0	0	0
64	Gia Lai	939 681	460 897	478 784	804 107	413 828	390 280	135 574	47 069	88 505	0	0	0
66	Dak Lak	1 324 268	655 837	668 432	1 209 986	617 075	592 911	114 283	38 762	75 520	0	0	0
67	Dak Nong	383 209	192 144	191 065	353 653	182 211	171 442	29 555	9 933	19 622	0	0	0
68	Lam Dong	921 546	455 757	465 789	866 646	437 902	428 744	54 900	17 855	37 045	0	0	0
70	Binh Phuoc	671 271	328 420	342 850	622 534	311 015	311 519	48 737	17 405	31 331	0	0	0
72	Tay Ninh	855 175	416 823	438 352	796 471	393 247	403 224	58 704	23 576	35 128	0	0	0
74	Binh Duong	1 463 298	698 504	764 793	1 423 048	681 664	741 383	40 250	16 840	23 410	0	0	0
75	Dong Nai	2 166 416	1 056 160	1 110 256	2 107 273	1 037 751	1 069 521	59 144	18 409	40 735	0	0	0
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	796 049	391 796	404 253	765 686	379 489	386 197	30 362	12 307	18 056	0	0	0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	6 309 766	2 964 224	3 345 542	6 206 439	2 925 571	3 280 868	103 328	38 654	64 674	0	0	0
80	Long An	1 135 438	549 944	585 493	1 084 964	534 481	550 483	50 474	15 463	35 010	0	0	0
82	Tien Giang	1 327 661	634 405	693 255	1 254 932	610 941	643 991	72 728	23 464	49 264	0	0	0
83	Ben Tre	991 671	473 616	518 055	942 594	458 680	483 914	49 076	14 936	34 141	0	0	0
84	Tra Vinh	784 881	376 836	408 046	683 388	344 292	339 095	101 494	32 544	68 950	0	0	0
86	Vinh Long	814 056	397 814	416 242	764 184	383 408	380 776	49 872	14 406	35 466	0	0	0
87	Dong Thap	1 291 714	634 377	657 337	1 188 391	595 575	592 816	103 323	38 802	64 522	0	0	0
89	An Giang	1 629 689	796 071	833 617	1 458 635	730 907	727 728	171 054	65 165	105 889	0	0	0
91	Kien Giang	1 303 076	640 893	662 183	1 198 174	601 099	597 075	104 902	39 794	65 107	0	0	0
92	Can Tho	962 967	471 884	491 083	907 378	452 022	455 357	55 588	19 863	35 726	0	0	0
93	Hau Giang	599 978	298 640	301 338	565 957	287 706	278 252	34 021	10 935	23 086	0	0	0
94	Soc Trang	993 303	492 070	501 233	864 953	443 495	421 458	128 350	48 575	79 775	0	0	0
95	Bac Lieu	683 119	340 200	342 920	644 260	325 160	319 099	38 860	15 040	23 820	0	0	0
96	Ca Mau	918 472	456 634	461 838	881 624	443 251	438 373	36 848	13 384	23 465	0	0	0

Table 19 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
URBAN		**23 076 106**	**10 974 975**	**12 101 131**	**22 500 633**	**10 785 936**	**11 714 697**	**575 021**	**188 777**	**386 244**	**452**	**262**	**190**
Socio-economic regions													
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	1 472 228	696 843	775 385	1 429 613	684 767	744 846	42 314	11 889	30 425	301	186	115
R2	Red River Delta	5 358 002	2 561 623	2 796 379	5 304 676	2 548 419	2 756 256	53 175	13 128	40 047	151	75	75
R3	North and South Central Coast	4 021 932	1 923 594	2 098 339	3 895 948	1 882 825	2 013 123	125 984	40 769	85 215	0	0	0
R4	Central Highlands	1 175 036	572 244	602 793	1 142 688	562 534	580 154	32 348	9 710	22 638	0	0	0
R5	Southeast	7 714 191	3 632 812	4 081 380	7 577 394	3 583 708	3 993 686	136 797	49 104	87 693	0	0	0
R6	Mekong River Delta	3 334 716	1 587 861	1 746 855	3 150 314	1 523 683	1 626 631	184 402	64 178	120 225	0	0	0
Provinces/cities													
01	Ha Noi	2 609 446	1 241 908	1 367 538	2 594 339	1 238 761	1 355 577	15 108	3 147	11 961	0	0	0
02	Ha Giang	79 476	38 273	41 203	72 660	35 388	37 272	6 771	2 885	3 886	45	0	45
04	Cao Bang	81 279	38 012	43 267	77 986	36 810	41 176	3 293	1 203	2 091	0	0	0
06	Bac Kan	40 466	18 917	21 549	39 586	18 675	20 912	880	243	637	0	0	0
08	Tuyen Quang	72 715	33 921	38 794	71 374	33 661	37 713	1 342	260	1 081	0	0	0
10	Lao Cai	97 831	47 260	50 571	94 842	46 280	48 562	2 989	980	2 008	0	0	0
11	Dien Bien	59 275	28 899	30 376	55 822	28 107	27 715	3 452	791	2 661	0	0	0
12	Lai Chau	50 176	24 438	25 738	45 535	23 142	22 393	4 593	1 275	3 318	48	22	26
14	Son La	116 294	56 290	60 004	108 893	54 739	54 154	7 350	1 501	5 850	51	51	0
15	Yen Bai	117 198	56 762	60 436	114 886	56 021	58 865	2 263	692	1 571	49	49	0
17	Hoa Binh	87 207	40 640	46 566	86 483	40 454	46 029	723	186	537	0	0	0
19	Thai Nguyen	242 022	112 910	129 112	238 868	112 369	126 499	3 091	477	2 614	64	64	0
20	Lang Son	109 614	52 118	57 496	107 990	51 653	56 338	1 580	466	1 115	43	0	43
22	Quang Ninh	578 537	287 248	291 289	571 609	285 477	286 132	6 928	1 771	5 157	0	0	0
24	Bac Giang	134 499	63 083	71 417	132 724	62 685	70 039	1 775	398	1 377	0	0	0

Table 19 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	184 176	85 318	98 857	181 964	84 785	97 179	2 212	534	1 678	0	0	0
26	Vinh Phuc	183 259	83 984	99 274	179 852	83 200	96 652	3 407	784	2 622	0	0	0
27	Bac Ninh	230 480	109 867	120 613	227 025	108 725	118 300	3 455	1 142	2 313	0	0	0
30	Hai Duong	317 456	151 385	166 071	313 040	150 362	162 678	4 265	947	3 318	151	75	75
31	Hai Phong	690 463	333 766	356 697	682 288	331 281	351 007	8 175	2 486	5 690	0	0	0
33	Hung Yen	113 083	54 461	58 621	111 570	54 087	57 483	1 512	374	1 138	0	0	0
34	Thai Binh	136 307	63 258	73 049	134 886	62 938	71 948	1 421	321	1 101	0	0	0
35	Ha Nam	98 602	45 969	52 633	97 107	45 764	51 342	1 495	205	1 290	0	0	0
36	Nam Dinh	257 629	121 399	136 230	253 167	119 867	133 300	4 462	1 532	2 930	0	0	0
37	Ninh Binh	142 740	68 376	74 364	139 793	67 957	71 836	2 946	418	2 528	0	0	0
38	Thanh Hoa	321 409	152 065	169 343	311 622	147 982	163 639	9 787	4 083	5 704	0	0	0
40	Nghe An	342 662	163 546	179 117	339 666	162 404	177 262	2 996	1 142	1 854	0	0	0
42	Ha Tinh	143 765	69 416	74 348	141 180	68 820	72 360	2 584	596	1 988	0	0	0
44	Quang Binh	137 384	66 077	71 306	135 293	65 635	69 657	2 091	442	1 649	0	0	0
45	Quang Tri	134 495	64 141	70 354	131 850	63 440	68 410	2 645	701	1 945	0	0	0
46	Thua Thien Hue	437 748	210 682	227 066	417 716	205 624	212 092	20 033	5 059	14 974	0	0	0
48	Da Nang	667 122	317 688	349 434	655 123	314 346	340 777	11 999	3 342	8 657	0	0	0
49	Quang Nam	211 889	100 982	110 907	204 520	98 703	105 818	7 369	2 279	5 089	0	0	0
51	Quang Ngai	146 126	71 005	75 121	141 547	69 866	71 680	4 579	1 139	3 441	0	0	0
52	Binh Dinh	360 915	172 062	188 853	350 348	169 210	181 138	10 567	2 852	7 715	0	0	0
54	Phu Yen	192 199	93 479	98 719	187 556	92 067	95 489	4 643	1 412	3 230	0	0	0
56	Khanh Hoa	403 076	189 973	213 103	392 535	186 756	205 780	10 541	3 218	7 323	0	0	0
58	Ninh Thuan	158 410	76 081	82 329	144 408	70 336	74 072	14 001	5 745	8 256	0	0	0
60	Binh Thuan	364 733	176 395	188 338	342 583	167 634	174 949	22 150	8 760	13 390	0	0	0

Table 19 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	113 414	55 243	58 172	109 293	53 879	55 414	4 121	1 363	2 757	0	0	0
64	Gia Lai	292 441	141 913	150 529	284 455	139 452	145 003	7 987	2 460	5 526	0	0	0
66	Dak Lak	331 836	164 422	167 414	322 834	161 845	160 989	9 002	2 577	6 426	0	0	0
67	Dak Nong	59 135	28 660	30 474	57 848	28 220	29 628	1 287	441	846	0	0	0
68	Lam Dong	378 209	182 006	196 203	368 258	179 138	189 120	9 952	2 868	7 083	0	0	0
70	Binh Phuoc	131 509	62 372	69 137	126 327	60 881	65 445	5 182	1 490	3 692	0	0	0
72	Tay Ninh	165 384	79 429	85 955	159 537	77 746	81 791	5 847	1 683	4 164	0	0	0
74	Binh Duong	1 165 423	554 447	610 976	1 138 834	543 413	595 420	26 589	11 034	15 555	0	0	0
75	Dong Nai	706 853	338 621	368 232	693 495	334 974	358 521	13 358	3 647	9 711	0	0	0
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	400 655	194 350	206 305	387 856	189 022	198 834	12 799	5 328	7 471	0	0	0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	5 144 368	2 403 593	2 740 775	5 071 346	2 377 671	2 693 675	73 022	25 922	47 099	0	0	0
80	Long An	202 961	93 409	109 551	197 518	92 303	105 215	5 442	1 106	4 336	0	0	0
82	Tien Giang	201 881	90 366	111 516	195 319	88 262	107 056	6 563	2 103	4 459	0	0	0
83	Ben Tre	104 725	48 080	56 646	100 715	47 003	53 711	4 011	1 076	2 935	0	0	0
84	Tra Vinh	123 619	58 420	65 198	116 638	56 210	60 427	6 981	2 210	4 771	0	0	0
86	Vinh Long	133 335	65 171	68 163	126 571	63 430	63 141	6 764	1 741	5 023	0	0	0
87	Dong Thap	232 623	108 490	124 133	220 027	104 077	115 950	12 596	4 413	8 183	0	0	0
89	An Giang	516 430	246 797	269 633	480 414	233 943	246 470	36 016	12 854	23 163	0	0	0
91	Kien Giang	343 430	165 375	178 056	324 243	158 002	166 241	19 188	7 373	11 814	0	0	0
92	Can Tho	647 696	312 535	335 161	618 463	302 210	316 253	29 233	10 325	18 908	0	0	0
93	Hau Giang	143 316	69 401	73 915	137 401	67 653	69 748	5 915	1 748	4 167	0	0	0
94	Soc Trang	307 461	149 009	158 452	271 463	135 858	135 605	35 998	13 151	22 847	0	0	0
95	Bac Lieu	173 923	83 628	90 295	163 578	79 273	84 305	10 345	4 355	5 990	0	0	0
96	Ca Mau	203 316	97 180	106 135	197 966	95 459	102 507	5 350	1 721	3 629	0	0	0

Table 19 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
RURAL		**45 743 710**	**22 362 699**	**23 381 011**	**42 654 762**	**21 366 443**	**21 288 319**	**3 084 732**	**994 753**	**2 089 979**	**4 216**	**1 502**	**2 714**
Socio-economic regions													
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	7 038 473	3 475 493	3 562 980	6 141 431	3 192 216	2 949 215	894 646	282 404	612 243	2 396	874	1 522
R2	Red River Delta	10 531 038	5 060 662	5 470 376	10 287 123	5 008 839	5 278 284	242 385	51 290	191 096	1 530	533	997
R3	North and South Central Coast	10 811 947	5 278 947	5 533 000	10 223 900	5 101 793	5 122 106	587 756	177 058	410 699	291	95	195
R4	Central Highlands	2 713 161	1 348 955	1 364 205	2 369 132	1 231 232	1 137 900	344 029	117 724	226 305	0	0	0
R5	Southeast	4 547 783	2 223 117	2 324 666	4 344 056	2 145 030	2 199 026	203 728	78 087	125 640	0	0	0
R6	Mekong River Delta	10 101 308	4 975 525	5 125 784	9 289 121	4 687 334	4 601 787	812 188	288 191	523 997	0	0	0
Provinces/cities													
01	Ha Noi	2 786 175	1 353 925	1 432 251	2 727 679	1 342 415	1 385 264	57 408	11 095	46 313	1 088	415	673
02	Ha Giang	461 830	230 916	230 914	322 706	181 826	140 880	138 115	48 730	89 386	1 009	361	648
04	Cao Bang	302 338	148 543	153 795	234 761	123 124	111 637	67 352	25 269	42 083	226	150	76
06	Bac Kan	197 236	98 505	98 731	180 599	92 610	87 989	16 568	5 873	10 696	69	22	46
08	Tuyen Quang	487 932	242 161	245 771	459 858	234 369	225 489	28 028	7 792	20 236	46	0	46
10	Lao Cai	364 814	184 890	179 925	268 378	149 157	119 220	96 047	35 596	60 452	389	137	253
11	Dien Bien	287 776	143 159	144 617	187 749	114 215	73 534	100 027	28 944	71 083	0	0	0
12	Lai Chau	208 414	102 566	105 849	126 586	75 036	51 550	81 659	27 479	54 180	169	51	119
14	Son La	687 829	341 298	346 531	500 394	292 106	208 289	187 380	49 192	138 188	54	0	54
15	Yen Bai	453 008	224 851	228 157	384 567	203 716	180 851	68 389	21 135	47 254	51	0	51
17	Hoa Binh	532 180	263 738	268 442	512 241	257 240	255 002	19 891	6 451	13 440	47	47	0
19	Thai Nguyen	649 157	315 566	333 590	632 600	310 468	322 131	16 557	5 098	11 459	0	0	0
20	Lang Son	462 871	233 136	229 735	436 573	224 799	211 774	26 208	8 293	17 915	90	44	46
22	Quang Ninh	341 692	173 818	167 874	322 594	168 098	154 496	19 098	5 720	13 378	0	0	0
24	Bac Giang	1 089 092	530 603	558 489	1 063 554	524 891	538 663	25 409	5 711	19 697	129	0	129

Table 19 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
25	Phu Tho	853 996	415 562	438 434	830 865	408 659	422 206	23 016	6 842	16 174	116	62	54
26	Vinh Phuc	593 204	287 512	305 692	578 470	283 937	294 532	14 734	3 575	11 160	0	0	0
27	Bac Ninh	609 561	288 829	320 732	594 353	285 120	309 233	15 037	3 650	11 387	171	58	112
30	Hai Duong	1 070 042	510 615	559 427	1 046 997	506 204	540 793	23 045	4 411	18 634	0	0	0
31	Hai Phong	812 722	391 843	420 880	792 542	388 111	404 431	20 180	3 732	16 448	0	0	0
33	Hung Yen	781 928	371 318	410 610	765 853	367 724	398 129	15 896	3 534	12 362	178	60	118
34	Thai Binh	1 284 111	605 926	678 185	1 263 663	601 543	662 120	20 447	4 382	16 065	0	0	0
35	Ha Nam	524 223	252 634	271 588	513 807	250 607	263 200	10 322	2 027	8 295	93	0	93
36	Nam Dinh	1 150 318	544 463	605 856	1 120 816	538 798	582 018	29 502	5 664	23 838	0	0	0
37	Ninh Binh	577 062	279 780	297 282	560 347	276 281	284 066	16 715	3 499	13 215	0	0	0
38	Thanh Hoa	2 381 523	1 167 305	1 214 218	2 279 107	1 135 447	1 143 661	102 216	31 763	70 453	199	95	104
40	Nghe An	1 971 506	976 520	994 985	1 909 025	958 274	950 751	62 390	18 246	44 143	91	0	91
42	Ha Tinh	795 822	384 932	410 890	774 625	379 535	395 090	21 197	5 397	15 800	0	0	0
44	Quang Binh	505 903	251 057	254 846	492 666	247 886	244 780	13 237	3 171	10 066	0	0	0
45	Quang Tri	312 154	149 692	162 462	282 157	141 115	141 042	29 997	8 577	21 420	0	0	0
46	Thua Thien Hue	421 896	204 804	217 092	377 869	193 500	184 369	44 026	11 304	32 723	0	0	0
48	Da Nang	98 045	44 947	53 098	93 509	44 246	49 264	4 536	701	3 834	0	0	0
49	Quang Nam	913 840	432 271	481 569	859 269	418 777	440 492	54 571	13 494	41 077	0	0	0
51	Quang Ngai	804 559	387 276	417 284	738 475	368 377	370 098	66 085	18 899	47 186	0	0	0
52	Binh Dinh	792 752	379 413	413 338	753 918	369 964	383 954	38 833	9 449	29 384	0	0	0
54	Phu Yen	482 923	239 020	243 903	443 804	226 686	217 118	39 119	12 334	26 785	0	0	0
56	Khanh Hoa	512 651	253 809	258 842	482 943	244 364	238 579	29 707	9 445	20 263	0	0	0
58	Ninh Thuan	272 003	135 159	136 844	232 132	119 624	112 508	39 871	15 536	24 336	0	0	0
60	Binh Thuan	546 369	272 740	273 630	504 399	253 998	250 401	41 971	18 742	23 228	0	0	0

Table 19 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over			Literate			Illiterate			Not stated		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
62	Kon Tum	206 078	101 322	104 756	168 134	88 871	79 263	37 945	12 451	25 493	0	0	0
64	Gia Lai	647 240	318 984	328 256	519 653	274 376	245 277	127 587	44 609	82 979	0	0	0
66	Dak Lak	992 432	491 415	501 017	887 152	455 229	431 922	105 280	36 186	69 095	0	0	0
67	Dak Nong	324 074	163 484	160 590	295 805	153 992	141 814	28 268	9 492	18 776	0	0	0
68	Lam Dong	543 337	273 751	269 586	498 388	258 764	239 624	44 948	14 986	29 962	0	0	0
70	Binh Phuoc	539 762	266 048	273 714	496 207	250 133	246 074	43 555	15 915	27 640	0	0	0
72	Tay Ninh	689 791	337 394	352 396	636 934	315 501	321 433	52 857	21 893	30 964	0	0	0
74	Binh Duong	297 875	144 058	153 817	284 214	138 251	145 963	13 661	5 807	7 854	0	0	0
75	Dong Nai	1 459 564	717 540	742 024	1 413 778	702 778	711 000	45 786	14 762	31 024	0	0	0
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	395 393	197 446	197 947	377 830	190 467	187 363	17 563	6 979	10 584	0	0	0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 165 399	560 631	604 767	1 135 093	547 900	587 193	30 306	12 732	17 575	0	0	0
80	Long An	932 477	456 535	475 942	887 446	442 178	445 268	45 031	14 357	30 674	0	0	0
82	Tien Giang	1 125 779	544 040	581 740	1 059 614	522 679	536 935	66 165	21 361	44 805	0	0	0
83	Ben Tre	886 945	425 536	461 409	841 880	411 677	430 203	45 066	13 860	31 206	0	0	0
84	Tra Vinh	661 263	318 415	342 847	566 750	288 082	278 668	94 513	30 333	64 179	0	0	0
86	Vinh Long	680 722	332 643	348 079	637 614	319 978	317 636	43 108	12 665	30 443	0	0	0
87	Dong Thap	1 059 091	525 887	533 204	968 364	491 499	476 865	90 727	34 388	56 339	0	0	0
89	An Giang	1 113 259	549 275	563 984	978 221	496 964	481 258	135 037	52 311	82 726	0	0	0
91	Kien Giang	959 645	475 518	484 127	873 931	443 097	430 834	85 714	32 421	53 293	0	0	0
92	Can Tho	315 271	159 349	155 922	288 916	149 812	139 104	26 355	9 537	16 818	0	0	0
93	Hau Giang	456 662	229 239	227 423	428 556	220 053	208 503	28 106	9 187	18 919	0	0	0
94	Soc Trang	685 842	343 061	342 781	593 490	307 637	285 853	92 352	35 424	56 928	0	0	0
95	Bac Lieu	509 196	256 572	252 624	480 682	245 887	234 794	28 514	10 684	17 830	0	0	0
96	Ca Mau	715 157	359 454	355 703	683 658	347 792	335 867	31 498	11 662	19 836	0	0	0

Table 20

POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER BY PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL QUALIFICATIONS, URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**68 819 816**	**57 004 100**	**1 207 849**	**4 003 667**	**1 820 802**	**4 780 280**	**3 118**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	8 510 701	7 095 921	178 061	614 383	229 879	391 992	465
R2	Red River Delta	15 889 040	11 980 290	429 343	1 296 538	598 118	1 583 079	1 672
R3	North and South Central Coast	14 833 879	12 365 289	245 813	900 524	422 979	898 439	836
R4	Central Highlands	3 888 197	3 386 613	46 244	176 169	80 128	198 898	145
R5	Southeast	12 261 975	9 897 713	207 403	623 348	325 730	1 207 781	0
R6	Mekong River Delta	13 436 025	12 278 276	100 984	392 705	163 968	500 092	0
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	5 395 622	3 570 144	170 772	507 043	219 477	927 349	837
02	Ha Giang	541 306	470 236	4 996	33 200	10 936	21 849	89
04	Cao Bang	383 618	302 667	9 854	40 816	11 242	19 039	0
06	Bac Kan	237 702	196 680	4 432	18 030	6 230	12 330	0
08	Tuyen Quang	560 647	463 880	16 288	46 684	12 842	20 903	50
10	Lao Cai	462 645	396 255	6 468	28 964	8 561	22 398	0
11	Dien Bien	347 051	295 186	4 917	19 942	8 959	18 047	0
12	Lai Chau	258 590	231 990	1 736	11 225	5 319	8 321	0
14	Son La	804 123	707 348	11 556	41 659	17 417	26 078	65
15	Yen Bai	570 206	472 667	13 445	42 869	14 885	26 340	0
17	Hoa Binh	619 386	512 488	15 270	46 687	17 891	27 049	0
19	Thai Nguyen	891 179	694 874	26 709	76 671	31 702	61 159	64
20	Lang Son	572 485	481 184	12 761	38 090	16 268	24 182	0

Table 20 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
22	Quang Ninh	920 229	612 857	50 509	119 504	45 096	92 015	248
24	Bac Giang	1 223 591	1 033 648	20 611	78 493	38 156	52 554	130
25	Phu Tho	1 038 172	836 818	29 018	91 052	29 473	51 744	68
26	Vinh Phuc	776 463	649 465	16 923	45 663	25 132	39 280	0
27	Bac Ninh	840 041	661 876	20 205	62 770	30 897	64 292	0
30	Hai Duong	1 387 498	1 145 062	30 485	92 234	43 014	76 334	368
31	Hai Phong	1 503 186	1 116 935	40 664	142 184	55 371	148 032	0
33	Hung Yen	895 010	744 292	19 509	57 408	32 963	40 713	126
34	Thai Binh	1 420 418	1 192 637	27 807	89 367	51 138	59 469	0
35	Ha Nam	622 824	524 776	12 282	35 822	24 199	25 651	94
36	Nam Dinh	1 407 947	1 187 438	23 769	82 685	46 110	67 945	0
37	Ninh Binh	719 802	574 808	16 417	61 858	24 719	42 000	0
38	Thanh Hoa	2 702 931	2 246 761	61 208	200 904	73 954	119 915	189
40	Nghe An	2 314 168	1 875 222	59 116	167 895	74 340	136 950	646
42	Ha Tinh	939 587	764 703	19 482	73 840	29 808	51 754	0
44	Quang Binh	643 287	535 161	11 871	44 161	14 221	37 873	0
45	Quang Tri	446 650	362 490	9 224	31 141	12 721	31 074	0
46	Thua Thien Hue	859 644	716 158	6 959	41 473	21 490	73 564	0
48	Da Nang	765 167	521 907	16 512	62 420	37 299	127 028	0
49	Quang Nam	1 125 729	963 714	12 706	55 339	35 925	58 044	0
51	Quang Ngai	950 685	809 482	8 639	51 514	31 511	49 539	0
52	Binh Dinh	1 153 666	1 001 973	14 293	46 791	22 328	68 282	0
54	Phu Yen	675 122	585 439	6 842	31 247	18 744	32 849	0
56	Khanh Hoa	915 727	783 215	9 149	39 574	25 259	58 529	0
58	Ninh Thuan	430 413	378 859	3 213	19 406	8 600	20 336	0

Table 20 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
60	Binh Thuan	911 103	820 203	6 599	34 819	16 780	32 701	0
62	Kon Tum	319 492	276 533	3 703	13 589	6 539	19 129	0
64	Gia Lai	939 681	822 800	12 487	39 723	18 089	46 583	0
66	Dak Lak	1 324 268	1 140 476	15 989	67 935	28 183	71 541	145
67	Dak Nong	383 209	347 399	3 531	15 263	5 824	11 192	0
68	Lam Dong	921 546	799 406	10 535	39 660	21 492	50 452	0
70	Binh Phuoc	671 271	597 351	5 629	28 382	11 343	28 566	0
72	Tay Ninh	855 175	774 904	7 340	27 987	12 713	32 231	0
74	Binh Duong	1 463 298	1 271 368	27 402	71 083	29 902	63 543	0
75	Dong Nai	2 166 416	1 841 414	37 050	109 111	52 479	126 363	0
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	796 049	641 708	11 563	50 470	25 347	66 962	0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	6 309 766	4 770 968	118 420	336 315	193 946	890 118	0
80	Long An	1 135 438	1 030 762	7 358	35 208	18 144	43 965	0
82	Tien Giang	1 327 661	1 202 463	12 152	50 357	20 800	41 888	0
83	Ben Tre	991 671	897 417	8 964	33 448	17 453	34 388	0
84	Tra Vinh	784 881	721 056	5 506	20 675	8 207	29 438	0
86	Vinh Long	814 056	731 659	8 991	26 328	14 294	32 785	0
87	Dong Thap	1 291 714	1 184 472	8 706	32 312	15 403	50 822	0
89	An Giang	1 629 689	1 487 145	12 528	48 019	14 777	67 220	0
91	Kien Giang	1 303 076	1 197 608	10 611	36 472	13 365	45 020	0
92	Can Tho	962 967	840 942	8 884	37 228	16 243	59 670	0
93	Hau Giang	599 978	561 393	3 867	11 875	5 459	17 385	0
94	Soc Trang	993 303	928 689	5 160	24 732	9 641	25 081	0
95	Bac Lieu	683 119	644 684	2 955	12 684	3 384	19 413	0
96	Ca Mau	918 472	849 986	5 304	23 367	6 797	33 018	0

Table 20 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
URBAN		**23 076 106**	**16 327 005**	**577 201**	**1 918 477**	**864 684**	**3 388 431**	**307**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	1 472 228	825 378	71 142	247 508	88 012	240 188	0
R2	Red River Delta	5 358 002	3 070 884	211 460	637 501	268 748	1 169 101	307
R3	North and South Central Coast	4 021 932	2 891 832	86 709	343 655	163 709	536 027	0
R4	Central Highlands	1 175 036	886 669	21 984	87 920	39 797	138 667	0
R5	Southeast	7 714 191	5 852 771	147 082	440 174	239 942	1 034 223	0
R6	Mekong River Delta	3 334 716	2 799 471	38 824	161 719	64 477	270 226	0
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	2 609 446	1 314 783	98 900	296 995	127 135	771 634	0
02	Ha Giang	79 476	45 604	1 621	13 286	4 392	14 571	0
04	Cao Bang	81 279	38 573	5 709	18 659	5 164	13 174	0
06	Bac Kan	40 466	24 555	1 249	5 534	2 007	7 121	0
08	Tuyen Quang	72 715	40 015	3 803	14 558	3 436	10 902	0
10	Lao Cai	97 831	53 943	3 487	17 059	5 361	17 981	0
11	Dien Bien	59 275	31 154	2 411	10 006	4 068	11 636	0
12	Lai Chau	50 176	31 419	1 247	6 899	3 341	7 270	0
14	Son La	116 294	70 882	5 076	15 338	8 202	16 795	0
15	Yen Bai	117 198	62 208	6 755	22 803	7 115	18 317	0
17	Hoa Binh	87 207	39 637	5 080	18 342	6 813	17 334	0
19	Thai Nguyen	242 022	138 063	13 802	36 586	13 394	40 177	0
20	Lang Son	109 614	62 620	6 189	17 288	7 716	15 801	0
22	Quang Ninh	578 537	320 659	42 805	95 249	35 528	84 049	248
24	Bac Giang	134 499	84 145	4 401	18 118	7 221	20 614	0

Table 20 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
25	Phu Tho	184 176	102 559	10 310	33 034	9 780	28 492	0
26	Vinh Phuc	183 259	131 685	4 997	15 943	7 968	22 666	0
27	Bac Ninh	230 480	154 210	7 181	24 922	10 579	33 588	0
30	Hai Duong	317 456	212 966	10 702	35 612	15 817	42 359	0
31	Hai Phong	690 463	441 187	23 423	79 736	32 427	113 692	0
33	Hung Yen	113 083	82 247	3 283	10 588	5 544	11 361	59
34	Thai Binh	136 307	83 232	4 908	17 534	8 561	22 072	0
35	Ha Nam	98 602	67 858	3 873	11 795	5 155	9 920	0
36	Nam Dinh	257 629	176 568	5 374	27 449	12 178	36 060	0
37	Ninh Binh	142 740	85 490	6 015	21 678	7 857	21 700	0
38	Thanh Hoa	321 409	177 621	14 637	58 329	18 417	52 405	0
40	Nghe An	342 662	208 312	15 203	44 216	21 016	53 915	0
42	Ha Tinh	143 765	85 762	5 224	20 625	7 497	24 656	0
44	Quang Binh	137 384	93 075	4 664	15 656	4 891	19 097	0
45	Quang Tri	134 495	91 633	4 389	13 119	4 975	20 380	0
46	Thua Thien Hue	437 748	335 971	4 680	25 759	13 364	57 974	0
48	Da Nang	667 122	440 587	14 838	56 387	33 765	121 545	0
49	Quang Nam	211 889	163 220	2 946	15 256	7 869	22 599	0
51	Quang Ngai	146 126	99 749	1 761	11 993	8 521	24 101	0
52	Binh Dinh	360 915	278 569	5 996	21 397	9 921	45 032	0
54	Phu Yen	192 199	149 910	2 514	13 028	7 620	19 127	0
56	Khanh Hoa	403 076	321 012	4 786	21 756	14 798	40 725	0
58	Ninh Thuan	158 410	129 174	1 743	9 503	4 052	13 938	0
60	Binh Thuan	364 733	317 237	3 328	16 633	7 004	20 531	0

Table 20 (Continued)

Unit: Person

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
62	Kon Tum	113 414	83 403	1 854	8 048	4 405	15 705	0
64	Gia Lai	292 441	213 979	6 663	24 898	10 908	35 993	0
66	Dak Lak	331 836	242 974	6 490	26 782	11 315	44 277	0
67	Dak Nong	59 135	45 115	1 400	5 398	1 827	5 395	0
68	Lam Dong	378 209	301 198	5 577	22 794	11 343	37 298	0
70	Binh Phuoc	131 509	105 269	1 779	8 445	3 423	12 594	0
72	Tay Ninh	165 384	135 129	1 359	10 554	3 551	14 791	0
74	Binh Duong	1 165 423	1 005 138	23 218	57 924	24 014	55 129	0
75	Dong Nai	706 853	554 693	17 857	47 477	23 410	63 416	0
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	400 655	287 641	6 981	35 398	15 542	55 094	0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	5 144 368	3 764 901	95 888	280 377	170 002	833 199	0
80	Long An	202 961	165 446	2 209	12 112	5 620	17 574	0
82	Tien Giang	201 881	164 599	3 181	13 253	5 094	15 755	0
83	Ben Tre	104 725	80 258	2 215	7 490	3 336	11 426	0
84	Tra Vinh	123 619	100 860	1 199	5 754	2 388	13 418	0
86	Vinh Long	133 335	103 656	2 795	7 344	5 087	14 453	0
87	Dong Thap	232 623	193 746	2 766	9 774	5 408	20 929	0
89	An Giang	516 430	437 744	5 829	24 857	6 549	41 451	0
91	Kien Giang	343 430	289 858	4 771	17 224	6 066	25 512	0
92	Can Tho	647 696	540 643	7 170	31 555	13 498	54 830	0
93	Hau Giang	143 316	128 838	1 349	4 023	2 019	7 087	0
94	Soc Trang	307 461	273 072	1 992	11 633	4 590	16 173	0
95	Bac Lieu	173 923	152 590	1 321	6 702	1 391	11 920	0
96	Ca Mau	203 316	168 161	2 028	9 999	3 431	19 697	0

Table 20 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
RURAL		**45 743 710**	**40 677 095**	**630 648**	**2 085 190**	**956 118**	**1 391 849**	**2 811**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	7 038 473	6 270 543	106 919	366 875	141 868	151 804	465
R2	Red River Delta	10 531 038	8 909 405	217 882	659 038	329 370	413 978	1 365
R3	North and South Central Coast	10 811 947	9 473 457	159 104	556 868	259 270	362 412	836
R4	Central Highlands	2 713 161	2 499 944	24 260	88 249	40 331	60 231	145
R5	Southeast	4 547 783	4 044 942	60 322	183 174	85 788	173 558	0
R6	Mekong River Delta	10 101 308	9 478 805	62 160	230 986	99 491	229 866	0
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	2 786 175	2 255 362	71 872	210 048	92 343	155 714	837
02	Ha Giang	461 830	424 631	3 374	19 914	6 544	7 278	89
04	Cao Bang	302 338	264 094	4 145	22 157	6 077	5 865	0
06	Bac Kan	197 236	172 124	3 184	12 496	4 223	5 209	0
08	Tuyen Quang	487 932	423 865	12 485	32 126	9 406	10 000	50
10	Lao Cai	364 814	342 312	2 981	11 905	3 200	4 416	0
11	Dien Bien	287 776	264 032	2 506	9 936	4 891	6 410	0
12	Lai Chau	208 414	200 571	488	4 326	1 978	1 051	0
14	Son La	687 829	636 466	6 481	26 321	9 214	9 282	65
15	Yen Bai	453 008	410 460	6 690	20 067	7 769	8 022	0
17	Hoa Binh	532 180	472 851	10 190	28 346	11 078	9 715	0
19	Thai Nguyen	649 157	556 811	12 907	40 085	18 308	20 982	64
20	Lang Son	462 871	418 564	6 571	20 803	8 552	8 381	0
22	Quang Ninh	341 692	292 198	7 704	24 256	9 568	7 966	0
24	Bac Giang	1 089 092	949 502	16 210	60 375	30 935	31 940	130

Table 20 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
25	Phu Tho	853 996	734 259	18 707	58 018	19 693	23 251	68
26	Vinh Phuc	593 204	517 779	11 926	29 720	17 165	16 614	0
27	Bac Ninh	609 561	507 666	13 025	37 848	20 318	30 704	0
30	Hai Duong	1 070 042	932 096	19 784	56 622	27 197	33 976	368
31	Hai Phong	812 722	675 748	17 241	62 449	22 944	34 340	0
33	Hung Yen	781 928	662 044	16 226	46 820	27 420	29 351	66
34	Thai Binh	1 284 111	1 109 405	22 899	71 833	42 577	37 397	0
35	Ha Nam	524 223	456 918	8 409	24 026	19 044	15 731	94
36	Nam Dinh	1 150 318	1 010 871	18 395	55 236	33 932	31 885	0
37	Ninh Binh	577 062	489 318	10 402	40 180	16 862	20 300	0
38	Thanh Hoa	2 381 523	2 069 141	46 571	142 575	55 537	67 509	189
40	Nghe An	1 971 506	1 666 911	43 912	123 679	53 324	83 034	646
42	Ha Tinh	795 822	678 940	14 258	53 215	22 311	27 097	0
44	Quang Binh	505 903	442 086	7 207	28 505	9 330	18 776	0
45	Quang Tri	312 154	270 857	4 835	18 022	7 746	10 694	0
46	Thua Thien Hue	421 896	380 187	2 279	15 714	8 126	15 590	0
48	Da Nang	98 045	81 320	1 674	6 034	3 534	5 483	0
49	Quang Nam	913 840	800 494	9 760	40 084	28 056	35 446	0
51	Quang Ngai	804 559	709 733	6 878	39 521	22 990	25 438	0
52	Binh Dinh	792 752	723 404	8 297	25 394	12 407	23 250	0
54	Phu Yen	482 923	435 529	4 327	18 220	11 125	13 722	0
56	Khanh Hoa	512 651	462 203	4 364	17 818	10 461	17 805	0
58	Ninh Thuan	272 003	249 685	1 470	9 902	4 548	6 397	0
60	Binh Thuan	546 369	502 966	3 271	18 186	9 776	12 170	0

Table 20 (Continued) *Unit: Person*

Code	Administration	Population aged 15 and over	Professional and technical qualifications					
			No qualifications	Completed short-term training	Completed vocational school	Graduated college	Bachelor and higher	Not stated
62	Kon Tum	206 078	193 130	1 849	5 540	2 135	3 424	0
64	Gia Lai	647 240	608 821	5 824	14 825	7 180	10 590	0
66	Dak Lak	992 432	897 502	9 499	41 153	16 868	27 265	145
67	Dak Nong	324 074	302 283	2 131	9 864	3 998	5 797	0
68	Lam Dong	543 337	498 208	4 958	16 867	10 149	13 154	0
70	Binh Phuoc	539 762	492 083	3 849	19 938	7 920	15 972	0
72	Tay Ninh	689 791	639 775	5 982	17 433	9 162	17 439	0
74	Binh Duong	297 875	266 230	4 184	13 159	5 889	8 413	0
75	Dong Nai	1 459 564	1 286 721	19 193	61 634	29 068	62 947	0
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	395 393	354 067	4 581	15 072	9 805	11 868	0
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 165 399	1 006 066	22 532	55 938	23 944	56 918	0
80	Long An	932 477	865 316	5 149	23 097	12 524	26 391	0
82	Tien Giang	1 125 779	1 037 865	8 971	37 104	15 706	26 133	0
83	Ben Tre	886 945	817 159	6 749	25 958	14 117	22 962	0
84	Tra Vinh	661 263	620 196	4 307	14 920	5 819	16 020	0
86	Vinh Long	680 722	628 003	6 196	18 984	9 207	18 332	0
87	Dong Thap	1 059 091	990 726	5 939	22 538	9 994	29 893	0
89	An Giang	1 113 259	1 049 400	6 699	23 162	8 228	25 769	0
91	Kien Giang	959 645	907 750	5 840	19 248	7 300	19 508	0
92	Can Tho	315 271	300 299	1 714	5 673	2 745	4 840	0
93	Hau Giang	456 662	432 555	2 518	7 852	3 440	10 298	0
94	Soc Trang	685 842	655 617	3 167	13 099	5 051	8 908	0
95	Bac Lieu	509 196	492 094	1 634	5 982	1 993	7 493	0
96	Ca Mau	715 157	681 825	3 276	13 369	3 366	13 321	0

Table 21

NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY OWNERSHIP OF HOUSE/FLAT
URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**24 248 129**	**22 014 667**	**2 113 934**	**110 262**	**9 223**	**43**
Socio-economic regions							
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2 947 713	2 839 104	101 783	5 180	1 623	24
R2	Red River Delta	5 885 904	5 427 334	422 944	34 593	1 033	
R3	North and South Central Coast	5 172 012	4 912 739	229 320	27 356	2 598	
R4	Central Highlands	1 362 243	1 287 992	70 019	3 789	443	
R5	Southeast	4 257 008	3 140 268	1 089 287	26 808	645	
R6	Mekong River Delta	4 623 248	4 407 229	200 581	12 537	2 882	19
Provinces/cities							
01	Ha Noi	1 870 986	1 651 559	202 524	16 680	224	
02	Ha Giang	175 550	167 622	7 819	60	49	
04	Cao Bang	131 179	123 927	6 668	454	129	
06	Bac Kan	79 330	75 915	3 274	99	42	
08	Tuyen Quang	197 943	194 069	3 424	248	201	
10	Lao Cai	157 864	152 636	4 684	449	94	
11	Dien Bien	119 371	113 170	6 099	63	39	
12	Lai Chau	88 131	84 778	3 273	20	60	
14	Son La	267 619	261 200	6 060	159	200	
15	Yen Bai	202 148	197 329	4 106	628	86	
17	Hoa Binh	206 155	201 682	4 277	179	17	
19	Thai Nguyen	331 748	305 686	25 265	488	310	
20	Lang Son	190 266	183 889	5 694	603	80	

Table 21 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
22	Quang Ninh	330 222	315 091	13 111	1 789	232	
24	Bac Giang	422 111	412 758	8 371	834	124	24
25	Phu Tho	378 298	364 443	12 769	896	190	
26	Vinh Phuc	275 021	257 243	16 653	1 125		
27	Bac Ninh	305 776	272 077	33 034	666		
30	Hai Duong	531 371	506 718	22 593	1 918	142	
31	Hai Phong	565 770	528 125	34 145	3 470	30	
33	Hung Yen	339 033	316 453	20 844	1 653	84	
34	Thai Binh	573 187	562 616	7 198	3 373		
35	Ha Nam	236 738	224 002	10 881	1 684	170	
36	Nam Dinh	579 612	540 063	38 138	1 259	151	
37	Ninh Binh	278 188	253 387	23 825	976		
38	Thanh Hoa	932 666	907 419	23 017	1 932	297	
40	Nghe An	766 212	735 982	26 451	3 327	452	
42	Ha Tinh	372 239	358 869	12 093	949	329	
44	Quang Binh	232 825	221 491	10 401	608	326	
45	Quang Tri	160 660	154 162	6 052	328	118	
46	Thua Thien Hue	293 795	266 084	24 736	2 818	157	
48	Da Nang	249 146	211 881	33 982	3 124	159	
49	Quang Nam	394 250	377 592	13 945	2 371	342	
51	Quang Ngai	341 561	325 896	14 003	1 604	58	
52	Binh Dinh	423 051	400 390	18 631	3 878	152	
54	Phu Yen	247 952	236 025	10 597	1 331		
56	Khanh Hoa	306 499	285 409	18 228	2 842	20	
58	Ninh Thuan	147 553	138 084	8 545	834	90	

Table 21 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
60	Binh Thuan	303 601	293 455	8 639	1 410	97	
62	Kon Tum	117 865	110 804	6 565	458	38	
64	Gia Lai	324 427	310 972	12 120	1 062	273	
66	Dak Lak	447 756	427 307	19 230	1 167	52	
67	Dak Nong	139 171	132 867	6 036	232	36	
68	Lam Dong	333 024	306 042	26 069	870	43	
70	Binh Phuoc	241 957	225 085	15 952	868	52	
72	Tay Ninh	299 932	286 561	12 376	879	115	
74	Binh Duong	610 142	286 383	322 795	964		
75	Dong Nai	742 961	616 487	123 426	2 734	314	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	284 410	244 739	38 385	1 253	33	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	2 077 606	1 481 013	576 353	20 110	131	
80	Long An	398 079	376 837	19 494	1 507	241	
82	Tien Giang	475 429	449 473	25 320	616	20	
83	Ben Tre	378 864	365 046	13 399	334	85	
84	Tra Vinh	279 425	265 015	13 237	1 064	108	
86	Vinh Long	295 005	278 743	15 600	661		
87	Dong Thap	441 076	422 818	17 002	656	599	
89	An Giang	557 645	533 917	19 611	3 113	1 004	
91	Kien Giang	439 216	421 859	16 024	1 136	178	19
92	Can Tho	320 622	289 022	30 181	1 229	190	
93	Hau Giang	196 150	192 955	3 089	67	40	
94	Soc Trang	328 564	316 943	10 292	1 168	162	
95	Bac Lieu	210 976	206 602	3 611	508	256	
96	Ca Mau	302 200	287 999	13 723	477		

Table 21 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
URBAN		**8 231 619**	**6 679 532**	**1 486 483**	**62 363**	**3 241**	
Socio-economic regions							
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	587 890	526 562	59 139	1 751	438	
R2	Red River Delta	1 976 080	1 706 404	252 190	17 115	371	
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 416 125	1 262 321	137 756	15 558	491	
R4	Central Highlands	430 239	387 158	41 552	1 390	139	
R5	Southeast	2 672 704	1 773 026	878 156	21 221	300	
R6	Mekong River Delta	1 148 582	1 024 061	117 689	5 328	1 503	
Provinces/cities							
01	Ha Noi	942 072	782 097	148 541	11 294	141	
02	Ha Giang	32 768	28 598	4 091	30	49	
04	Cao Bang	33 099	28 298	4 654	102	46	
06	Bac Kan	15 000	13 066	1 880	38	17	
08	Tuyen Quang	27 687	26 496	1 107	83		
10	Lao Cai	43 259	40 345	2 676	182	56	
11	Dien Bien	23 675	19 358	4 270	25	22	
12	Lai Chau	19 653	17 193	2 417	9	33	
14	Son La	45 322	42 631	2 606	30	55	
15	Yen Bai	48 058	45 407	2 536	93	23	
17	Hoa Binh	35 229	32 659	2 518	35	17	
19	Thai Nguyen	104 449	84 508	19 709	215	17	
20	Lang Son	40 727	36 897	3 378	407	44	
22	Quang Ninh	205 694	195 063	9 227	1 291	113	
24	Bac Giang	50 533	47 465	2 752	290	26	

Table 21 (Continued) *Unit: Household*

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
25	Phu Tho	68 432	63 641	4 546	211	33	
26	Vinh Phuc	70 913	57 762	12 790	361		
27	Bac Ninh	83 882	70 521	12 927	435		
30	Hai Duong	125 620	110 449	14 881	267	23	
31	Hai Phong	257 682	227 352	28 547	1 753	30	
33	Hung Yen	42 242	35 622	6 430	190		
34	Thai Binh	53 872	52 150	1 232	490		
35	Ha Nam	36 084	33 475	2 476	133		
36	Nam Dinh	103 115	92 230	10 146	675	64	
37	Ninh Binh	54 902	49 684	4 992	226		
38	Thanh Hoa	133 474	120 088	12 011	1 344	31	
40	Nghe An	131 326	112 621	17 029	1 632	44	
42	Ha Tinh	57 321	52 213	5 057	17	33	
44	Quang Binh	48 649	44 030	4 369	44	205	
45	Quang Tri	47 228	43 865	3 293	54	17	
46	Thua Thien Hue	144 335	123 426	18 782	2 128		
48	Da Nang	216 523	180 413	33 046	3 039	26	
49	Quang Nam	73 941	68 669	4 981	235	55	
51	Quang Ngai	53 184	49 531	3 174	479		
52	Binh Dinh	129 595	116 042	10 711	2 817	25	
54	Phu Yen	70 444	64 488	5 404	552		
56	Khanh Hoa	133 776	121 061	10 950	1 745	20	
58	Ninh Thuan	54 944	50 715	3 743	486		
60	Binh Thuan	121 386	115 160	5 207	984	34	

Table 21 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
62	Kon Tum	42 676	38 983	3 469	204	20	
64	Gia Lai	104 931	97 274	7 119	470	69	
66	Dak Lak	119 087	107 241	11 525	292	28	
67	Dak Nong	23 554	21 244	2 310			
68	Lam Dong	139 990	122 415	17 129	424	22	
70	Binh Phuoc	49 637	44 156	5 394	71	17	
72	Tay Ninh	56 185	54 006	2 005	139	34	
74	Binh Duong	486 966	188 058	298 192	715		
75	Dong Nai	239 195	192 828	45 067	1 182	119	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	145 104	116 643	27 741	720		
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 695 617	1 177 335	499 758	18 394	131	
80	Long An	73 449	65 435	7 300	635	79	
82	Tien Giang	73 011	63 320	9 544	147		
83	Ben Tre	39 433	34 485	4 814	109	26	
84	Tra Vinh	46 322	39 067	6 919	335		
86	Vinh Long	52 737	43 126	9 334	277		
87	Dong Thap	84 389	71 257	12 624	360	148	
89	An Giang	169 768	156 084	12 008	738	939	
91	Kien Giang	114 055	106 405	7 156	442	51	
92	Can Tho	216 715	187 836	27 636	1 154	90	
93	Hau Giang	47 768	46 121	1 559	67	22	
94	Soc Trang	103 670	96 077	6 961	551	81	
95	Bac Lieu	57 386	54 215	2 873	231	67	
96	Ca Mau	69 879	60 635	8 962	282		

Table 21 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
RURAL		**16 016 510**	**15 335 135**	**627 451**	**47 899**	**5 982**	
Socio-economic regions							
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2 359 823	2 312 542	42 644	3 428	1 185	
R2	Red River Delta	3 909 824	3 720 930	170 754	17 478	662	
R3	North and South Central Coast	3 755 887	3 650 419	91 564	11 798	2 107	
R4	Central Highlands	932 005	900 834	28 468	2 399	304	
R5	Southeast	1 584 305	1 367 242	211 131	5 587	345	
R6	Mekong River Delta	3 474 667	3 383 168	82 892	7 209	1 379	
Provinces/cities							
01	Ha Noi	928 914	869 462	53 983	5 387	83	
02	Ha Giang	142 783	139 024	3 728	31		
04	Cao Bang	98 080	95 630	2 014	352	83	
06	Bac Kan	64 330	62 849	1 395	62	24	
08	Tuyen Quang	170 256	167 573	2 317	165	201	
10	Lao Cai	114 605	112 292	2 008	267	38	
11	Dien Bien	95 696	93 811	1 830	38	18	
12	Lai Chau	68 479	67 584	856	11	27	
14	Son La	222 297	218 570	3 454	128	145	
15	Yen Bai	154 090	151 922	1 570	535	63	
17	Hoa Binh	170 926	169 023	1 759	144		
19	Thai Nguyen	227 299	221 177	5 556	273	293	
20	Lang Son	149 539	146 992	2 316	195	36	
22	Quang Ninh	124 528	120 028	3 883	498	119	
24	Bac Giang	371 578	365 293	5 619	544	98	

Table 21 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
25	Phu Tho	309 866	300 802	8 223	684	156	
26	Vinh Phuc	204 108	199 481	3 863	764		
27	Bac Ninh	221 894	201 556	20 106	231		
30	Hai Duong	405 750	396 270	7 712	1 650	119	
31	Hai Phong	308 087	300 773	5 597	1 717		
33	Hung Yen	296 791	280 830	14 414	1 463	84	
34	Thai Binh	519 315	510 466	5 966	2 883		
35	Ha Nam	200 653	190 528	8 405	1 551	170	
36	Nam Dinh	476 497	447 833	27 992	584	88	
37	Ninh Binh	223 286	203 703	18 833	750		
38	Thanh Hoa	799 192	787 332	11 007	587	266	
40	Nghe An	634 887	623 362	9 422	1 695	408	
42	Ha Tinh	314 919	306 656	7 035	932	296	
44	Quang Binh	184 177	177 461	6 032	564	120	
45	Quang Tri	113 432	110 297	2 759	274	102	
46	Thua Thien Hue	149 460	142 658	5 954	690	157	
48	Da Nang	32 622	31 467	937	85	133	
49	Quang Nam	320 309	308 923	8 963	2 135	287	
51	Quang Ngai	288 377	276 365	10 829	1 125	58	
52	Binh Dinh	293 456	284 348	7 921	1 061	127	
54	Phu Yen	177 508	171 538	5 193	778		
56	Khanh Hoa	172 724	164 347	7 279	1 098		
58	Ninh Thuan	92 609	87 370	4 801	348	90	
60	Binh Thuan	182 215	178 295	3 432	426	62	

Table 21 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	By ownership of the house/flat				
			Household owned	Rented/ Borrowed	Unclear ownership	No housing	Not stated
62	Kon Tum	75 189	71 821	3 096	254	19	
64	Gia Lai	219 496	213 699	5 000	592	204	
66	Dak Lak	328 668	320 065	7 704	875	24	
67	Dak Nong	115 617	111 623	3 726	232	36	
68	Lam Dong	193 034	183 626	8 941	446	21	
70	Binh Phuoc	192 320	180 930	10 559	797	35	
72	Tay Ninh	243 747	232 555	10 371	740	81	
74	Binh Duong	123 176	98 324	24 603	249		
75	Dong Nai	503 766	423 659	78 359	1 553	196	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	139 306	128 096	10 644	532	33	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	381 989	303 678	76 595	1 716		
80	Long An	324 630	311 402	12 194	873	162	
82	Tien Giang	402 418	386 153	15 776	469	20	
83	Ben Tre	339 431	330 561	8 585	226	59	
84	Tra Vinh	233 103	225 948	6 318	728	108	
86	Vinh Long	242 268	235 618	6 266	384		
87	Dong Thap	356 687	351 561	4 378	297	451	
89	An Giang	387 877	377 833	7 604	2 375	65	
91	Kien Giang	325 160	315 453	8 867	694	127	
92	Can Tho	103 907	101 186	2 545	75	101	
93	Hau Giang	148 382	146 835	1 530		18	
94	Soc Trang	224 894	220 866	3 331	617	80	
95	Bac Lieu	153 590	152 387	738	276	189	
96	Ca Mau	232 321	227 364	4 761	195		

Table 22

NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH A DWELLING BY TYPE,
URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total	Divided by type of housing			
			Apartment building	Single detached house	Villa	Not sated
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**24 238 906**	**338 393**	**23 874 485**	**25 278**	**750**
Socio-economic regions						
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2 946 091	8 027	2 937 270	744	50
R2	Red River Delta	5 884 871	181 839	5 695 061	7 841	129
R3	North and South Central Coast	5 169 414	16 671	5 150 781	1 761	201
R4	Central Highlands	1 361 801	1 555	1 359 402	844	
R5	Southeast	4 256 363	127 293	4 116 749	12 063	258
R6	Mekong River Delta	4 620 366	3 007	4 615 222	2 026	111
Provinces/cities						
01	Ha Noi	1 870 763	159 209	1 708 374	3 082	98
02	Ha Giang	175 502	67	175 434		
04	Cao Bang	131 050	461	130 589		
06	Bac Kan	79 288	110	79 171	7	
08	Tuyen Quang	197 741	28	197 703		10
10	Lao Cai	157 769		157 686	84	
11	Dien Bien	119 332		119 332		
12	Lai Chau	88 071		88 071		
14	Son La	267 419		267 380	23	16
15	Yen Bai	202 062	230	201 832		
17	Hoa Binh	206 138	1 996	204 142		
19	Thai Nguyen	331 438	1 825	329 272	341	
20	Lang Son	190 185	14	190 053	119	
22	Quang Ninh	329 990	2 748	325 525	1 718	
24	Bac Giang	421 987	1 718	420 116	128	24
25	Phu Tho	378 108	1 577	376 488	42	
26	Vinh Phuc	275 021	1 182	273 707	132	
27	Bac Ninh	305 776	1 996	303 722	58	
30	Hai Duong	531 229	2 339	528 549	341	
31	Hai Phong	565 740	12 596	551 973	1 171	
33	Hung Yen	338 950	104	338 518	328	
34	Thai Binh	573 187	964	571 817	406	
35	Ha Nam	236 567	54	236 032	482	
36	Nam Dinh	579 460	555	578 771	102	32
37	Ninh Binh	278 188	93	278 074	21	
38	Thanh Hoa	932 369	3 832	928 208	305	24
40	Nghe An	765 760	1 295	764 204	171	90

Table 22 (Continued) *Unit: Household*

Code	Administration	Total	Divided by type of housing			
			Apartment building	Single detached house	Villa	Not sated
42	Ha Tinh	371 910	214	371 619	59	19
44	Quang Binh	232 500	44	232 428	28	
45	Quang Tri	160 541	79	160 434		28
46	Thua Thien Hue	293 638	2 130	291 352	157	
48	Da Nang	248 987	6 988	241 638	361	
49	Quang Nam	393 908	38	393 695	154	21
51	Quang Ngai	341 503	109	341 293	82	19
52	Binh Dinh	422 899	33	422 841	25	
54	Phu Yen	247 952	61	247 827	64	
56	Khanh Hoa	306 479	1 503	304 784	191	
58	Ninh Thuan	147 463	245	147 202	17	
60	Binh Thuan	303 505	100	303 257	148	
62	Kon Tum	117 826		117 799	27	
64	Gia Lai	324 154	133	323 905	117	
66	Dak Lak	447 704		447 653	50	
67	Dak Nong	139 135	288	138 805	43	
68	Lam Dong	332 981	1 135	331 239	607	
70	Binh Phuoc	241 906	16	241 755	115	20
72	Tay Ninh	299 817	107	299 376	333	
74	Binh Duong	610 142	10 936	597 685	1 521	
75	Dong Nai	742 647	3 303	738 381	962	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	284 377	5 548	278 164	666	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	2 077 476	107 383	1 961 387	8 467	238
80	Long An	397 838	157	397 416	265	
82	Tien Giang	475 409	316	474 891	202	
83	Ben Tre	378 779	22	378 585	139	33
84	Tra Vinh	279 316	360	278 782	155	19
86	Vinh Long	295 005	40	294 915	49	
87	Dong Thap	440 477	83	440 242	152	
89	An Giang	556 641	103	556 309	194	35
91	Kien Giang	439 038	69	438 880	81	9
92	Can Tho	320 431	1 290	318 697	445	
93	Hau Giang	196 110		196 004	106	
94	Soc Trang	328 402	51	328 297	40	15
95	Bac Lieu	210 720	433	210 181	106	
96	Ca Mau	302 200	84	302 024	92	

Table 22 (Continued) *Unit: Household*

Code	Administration	Total	Divided by type of housing			
			Apartment building	Single detached house	Villa	Not sated
URBAN		**8 228 377**	**326 568**	**7 884 110**	**17 299**	**400**
Socio-economic regions						
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	587 453	7 128	580 015	310	
R2	Red River Delta	1 975 709	177 646	1 792 576	5 416	72
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 415 634	15 455	1 398 970	1 140	70
R4	Central Highlands	430 100	1 452	428 024	625	
R5	Southeast	2 672 403	122 835	2 540 605	8 706	258
R6	Mekong River Delta	1 147 078	2 054	1 143 921	1 103	
Provinces/cities						
01	Ha Noi	941 931	156 093	783 346	2 452	40
02	Ha Giang	32 719	41	32 678		
04	Cao Bang	33 054	365	32 689		
06	Bac Kan	14 983	50	14 933		
08	Tuyen Quang	27 687		27 687		
10	Lao Cai	43 203		43 138	65	
11	Dien Bien	23 653		23 653		
12	Lai Chau	19 620		19 620		
14	Son La	45 267		45 244	23	
15	Yen Bai	48 036	214	47 821		
17	Hoa Binh	35 212	1 952	33 260		
19	Thai Nguyen	104 432	1 419	102 882	130	
20	Lang Son	40 682		40 613	70	
22	Quang Ninh	205 581	2 727	201 306	1 548	
24	Bac Giang	50 507	1 644	48 841	22	
25	Phu Tho	68 398	1 443	66 955		
26	Vinh Phuc	70 913	1 040	69 873		
27	Bac Ninh	83 882	1 179	82 679	25	
30	Hai Duong	125 597	2 324	123 081	193	
31	Hai Phong	257 652	12 570	244 376	706	
33	Hung Yen	42 242	104	42 082	56	
34	Thai Binh	53 872	964	52 735	174	
35	Ha Nam	36 084	32	35 864	188	
36	Nam Dinh	103 051	555	102 390	74	32
37	Ninh Binh	54 902	58	54 844		
38	Thanh Hoa	133 443	3 357	130 004	82	
40	Nghe An	131 282	1 204	129 930	79	70
42	Ha Tinh	57 287	59	57 209	19	
44	Quang Binh	48 443		48 443		
45	Quang Tri	47 211		47 211		

Table 22 (Continued) *Unit: Household*

Code	Administration	Total	Divided by type of housing			
			Apartment building	Single detached house	Villa	Not sated
46	Thua Thien Hue	144 335	2 130	142 075	131	
48	Da Nang	216 498	6 966	209 191	340	
49	Quang Nam	73 886		73 808	78	
51	Quang Ngai	53 184	85	53 032	66	
52	Binh Dinh	129 570	24	129 520	25	
54	Phu Yen	70 444	61	70 383		
56	Khanh Hoa	133 755	1 316	132 267	172	
58	Ninh Thuan	54 944	152	54 776	17	
60	Binh Thuan	121 352	100	121 121	131	
62	Kon Tum	42 656		42 642	14	
64	Gia Lai	104 863	61	104 777	24	
66	Dak Lak	119 059		119 030	29	
67	Dak Nong	23 554	255	23 268	31	
68	Lam Dong	139 968	1 135	138 307	527	
70	Binh Phuoc	49 620		49 539	62	20
72	Tay Ninh	56 151	21	56 063	66	
74	Binh Duong	486 966	10 753	475 302	911	
75	Dong Nai	239 076	604	238 136	335	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	145 104	5 295	139 325	485	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 695 486	106 161	1 582 241	6 846	238
80	Long An	73 369	24	73 321	24	
82	Tien Giang	73 011	110	72 845	55	
83	Ben Tre	39 407		39 363	44	
84	Tra Vinh	46 322	313	45 941	68	
86	Vinh Long	52 737		52 737		
87	Dong Thap	84 241	27	84 118	96	
89	An Giang	168 829	89	168 563	177	
91	Kien Giang	114 004		113 987	17	
92	Can Tho	216 625	1 290	214 891	445	
93	Hau Giang	47 746		47 680	66	
94	Soc Trang	103 589	15	103 535	40	
95	Bac Lieu	57 319	143	57 129	48	
96	Ca Mau	69 879	44	69 812	22	

Table 22 (Continued) *Unit: Household*

Code	Administration	Total	Divided by type of housing			
			Apartment building	Single detached house	Villa	Not sated
RURAL		**16 010 528**	**11 824**	**15 990 375**	**7 979**	**350**
Socio-economic regions						
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2 358 638	900	2 357 254	434	50
R2	Red River Delta	3 909 162	4 194	3 902 486	2 425	57
R3	North and South Central Coast	3 753 780	1 215	3 751 811	621	132
R4	Central Highlands	931 701	103	931 378	219	
R5	Southeast	1 583 960	4 458	1 576 144	3 357	
R6	Mekong River Delta	3 473 288	953	3 471 301	923	111
Provinces/cities						
01	Ha Noi	928 831	3 116	925 028	630	57
02	Ha Giang	142 783	26	142 757		
04	Cao Bang	97 996	97	97 900		
06	Bac Kan	64 305	61	64 238	7	
08	Tuyen Quang	170 054	28	170 016		10
10	Lao Cai	114 566		114 548	19	
11	Dien Bien	95 679		95 679		
12	Lai Chau	68 452		68 452		
14	Son La	222 151		222 135		16
15	Yen Bai	154 027	16	154 011		
17	Hoa Binh	170 926	44	170 882		
19	Thai Nguyen	227 006	406	226 389	211	
20	Lang Son	149 503	14	149 440	49	
22	Quang Ninh	124 409	21	124 219	170	
24	Bac Giang	371 480	74	371 276	106	24
25	Phu Tho	309 709	135	309 533	42	
26	Vinh Phuc	204 108	142	203 834	132	
27	Bac Ninh	221 894	817	221 044	33	
30	Hai Duong	405 631	15	405 468	148	
31	Hai Phong	308 087	26	307 597	465	
33	Hung Yen	296 708		296 436	272	
34	Thai Binh	519 315		519 083	232	
35	Ha Nam	200 483	21	200 168	294	
36	Nam Dinh	476 409		476 381	28	
37	Ninh Binh	223 286	35	223 229	21	
38	Thanh Hoa	798 926	475	798 204	223	24
40	Nghe An	634 479	91	634 274	92	21
42	Ha Tinh	314 623	154	314 410	40	19
44	Quang Binh	184 056	44	183 984	28	
45	Quang Tri	113 330	79	113 223		28

Table 22 (Continued) *Unit: Household*

Code	Administration	Total	Divided by type of housing			
			Apartment building	Single detached house	Villa	Not sated
46	Thua Thien Hue	149 303		149 277	25	
48	Da Nang	32 489	21	32 447	21	
49	Quang Nam	320 022	38	319 887	76	21
51	Quang Ngai	288 319	23	288 261	15	19
52	Binh Dinh	293 329	9	293 321		
54	Phu Yen	177 508		177 444	64	
56	Khanh Hoa	172 724	187	172 517	19	
58	Ninh Thuan	92 519	93	92 426		
60	Binh Thuan	182 153		182 136	17	
62	Kon Tum	75 171		75 157	13	
64	Gia Lai	219 291	71	219 127	93	
66	Dak Lak	328 645		328 624	21	
67	Dak Nong	115 581	32	115 537	12	
68	Lam Dong	193 013		192 933	80	
70	Binh Phuoc	192 285	16	192 216	53	
72	Tay Ninh	243 666	85	243 313	267	
74	Binh Duong	123 176	183	122 384	610	
75	Dong Nai	503 571	2 699	500 245	626	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	139 273	252	138 839	181	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	381 989	1 222	379 147	1 620	
80	Long An	324 469	133	324 095	241	
82	Tien Giang	402 398	205	402 046	147	
83	Ben Tre	339 372	22	339 222	95	33
84	Tra Vinh	232 994	47	232 842	87	19
86	Vinh Long	242 268	40	242 178	49	
87	Dong Thap	356 236	56	356 124	56	
89	An Giang	387 812	14	387 745	17	35
91	Kien Giang	325 034	69	324 893	63	9
92	Can Tho	103 806		103 806		
93	Hau Giang	148 364		148 324	40	
94	Soc Trang	224 814	36	224 762		15
95	Bac Lieu	153 401	290	153 053	58	
96	Ca Mau	232 321	40	232 211	70	

Table 23

NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY MAIN TYPE OF FUEL (ENERGY) FOR LIGHTING
URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**24 247 233**	**23 907 505**	**130 284**	**166 772**	**8 598**	**32 371**	**1 702**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2 947 784	2 767 710	85 024	87 168	393	6 940	549
R2	Red River Delta	5 885 160	5 874 256	3 917	2 425	2 531	1 107	924
R3	North and South Central Coast	5 172 020	5 109 760	23 951	26 781	1 973	9 325	229
R4	Central Highlands	1 362 208	1 347 608	2 034	7 298	1 428	3 841	
R5	Southeast	4 257 099	4 239 991	2 886	7 405	1 376	5 441	
R6	Mekong River Delta	4 622 962	4 568 179	12 473	35 695	898	5 718	
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	1 870 847	1 868 230	1 149	405	789	125	150
02	Ha Giang	175 579	146 876	12 595	14 756	43	1 109	199
04	Cao Bang	131 191	108 025	11 551	11 061		477	77
06	Bac Kan	79 340	74 154	3 718	1 067	84	318	
08	Tuyen Quang	197 913	195 806	1 016	457		635	
10	Lao Cai	157 906	145 932	5 123	6 730	45	77	
11	Dien Bien	119 371	94 414	10 501	12 969	39	1 385	64
12	Lai Chau	88 132	69 774	9 377	8 524	30	426	
14	Son La	267 619	228 275	15 065	22 158	55	2 005	61
15	Yen Bai	202 124	193 999	7 337	647	97	44	
17	Hoa Binh	206 183	205 667	327	189			
19	Thai Nguyen	331 761	331 402	62	238		59	
20	Lang Son	190 266	178 840	4 588	6 416		337	85

Table 23 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
22	Quang Ninh	330 282	327 358	1 351	666	316	293	297
24	Bac Giang	422 177	421 908	140	62		68	
25	Phu Tho	378 221	372 638	3 625	1 895			62
26	Vinh Phuc	275 107	274 536	361	49	113	48	
27	Bac Ninh	305 738	305 463	110	54		110	
30	Hai Duong	531 218	529 837	82	667	487	63	82
31	Hai Phong	565 681	564 880	155	167	391	89	
33	Hung Yen	339 057	338 528		228	60	171	69
34	Thai Binh	572 584	572 270	76		80	84	73
35	Ha Nam	236 559	236 262	49	52	47	49	101
36	Nam Dinh	579 855	579 117	289	84	140	75	151
37	Ninh Binh	278 232	277 775	296	54	107		
38	Thanh Hoa	932 785	922 679	1 354	7 895	391	237	229
40	Nghe An	766 294	744 645	9 814	7 739	246	3 850	
42	Ha Tinh	371 949	368 839	2 577	224	118	192	
44	Quang Binh	232 771	232 187	347	236			
45	Quang Tri	160 718	158 323	117	2 156	80	42	
46	Thua Thien Hue	293 755	293 297	148	310			
48	Da Nang	249 146	248 845	133	115	53		
49	Quang Nam	394 172	385 197	3 977	2 038	313	2 647	
51	Quang Ngai	341 541	333 831	2 186	3 661	309	1 554	
52	Binh Dinh	423 154	420 164	2 522	331	137		
54	Phu Yen	247 967	247 113	290	510	53		
56	Khanh Hoa	306 519	305 774		307	64	374	
58	Ninh Thuan	147 533	146 368	373	441	156	195	

Table 23 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
60	Binh Thuan	303 717	302 498	113	817	54	235	
62	Kon Tum	117 838	115 626	386	1 371	115	340	
64	Gia Lai	324 461	321 744	705	1 053	421	538	
66	Dak Lak	447 756	444 498	64	2 292	259	642	
67	Dak Nong	139 172	135 433	202	1 248	217	2 071	
68	Lam Dong	332 982	330 306	677	1 335	415	249	
70	Binh Phuoc	241 976	233 633	1 689	3 272	46	3 337	
72	Tay Ninh	300 023	299 181		348	59	434	
74	Binh Duong	610 103	609 040	161	754		147	
75	Dong Nai	742 961	741 406	458	742	179	175	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	284 376	283 837		327	157	55	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	2 077 661	2 072 893	578	1 962	935	1 293	
80	Long An	398 084	395 430	425	1 338	284	607	
82	Tien Giang	475 249	474 763	66	268		153	
83	Ben Tre	378 872	376 992	125	1 572		184	
84	Tra Vinh	279 438	273 074	107	5 876	107	275	
86	Vinh Long	294 888	292 829		2 004		54	
87	Dong Thap	441 115	439 610		1 300		205	
89	An Giang	557 738	547 515	551	8 056	86	1 530	
91	Kien Giang	439 210	421 613	10 637	5 617	196	1 147	
92	Can Tho	320 603	319 637	54	760	116	37	
93	Hau Giang	196 177	195 228		756	48	145	
94	Soc Trang	328 461	321 023	405	6 092	61	878	
95	Bac Lieu	210 926	210 170	45	611		100	
96	Ca Mau	302 200	300 295	57	1 445		402	

Table 23 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
URBAN		**8 154 819**	**8 136 792**	**4 213**	**8 247**	**3 484**	**1 617**	**466**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	571 320	568 747	292	2 013	43	133	93
R2	Red River Delta	1 961 939	1 958 522	928	999	843	273	374
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 398 424	1 394 888	1 289	1 119	910	218	
R4	Central Highlands	427 749	426 232	579	279	484	174	
R5	Southeast	2 652 466	2 649 281	669	1 334	982	200	
R6	Mekong River Delta	1 142 920	1 139 121	457	2 502	222	618	
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	922 037	920 572	560	405	375	125	
02	Ha Giang	30 973	30 491		482			
04	Cao Bang	32 163	30 838	35	1 289			
06	Bac Kan	15 320	15 019	159	24		118	
08	Tuyen Quang	28 548	28 466		82			
10	Lao Cai	39 240	39 197	43				
11	Dien Bien	24 686	24 655					30
12	Lai Chau	19 912	19 760	55	82		15	
14	Son La	43 730	43 730					
15	Yen Bai	46 027	45 985			43		
17	Hoa Binh	34 441	34 441					
19	Thai Nguyen	99 078	99 025		53			
20	Lang Son	40 519	40 519					
22	Quang Ninh	210 245	209 724	52	58	114		297
24	Bac Giang	49 847	49 847					

Table 23 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
25	Phu Tho	66 837	66 775					62
26	Vinh Phuc	71 194	71 138			56		
27	Bac Ninh	83 793	83 680	54			59	
30	Hai Duong	121 590	120 932		448	210		
31	Hai Phong	258 227	257 888	73	89	89	89	
33	Hung Yen	43 431	43 431					
34	Thai Binh	53 329	53 253	76				
35	Ha Nam	37 868	37 819	49				
36	Nam Dinh	104 424	104 282	65				76
37	Ninh Binh	55 801	55 801					
38	Thanh Hoa	119 680	119 291	116	94	180		
40	Nghe An	125 362	125 202			160		
42	Ha Tinh	55 006	54 782	224				
44	Quang Binh	49 888	49 499	153	236			
45	Quang Tri	48 213	48 093	39		38	42	
46	Thua Thien Hue	148 589	148 245	148	196			
48	Da Nang	216 703	216 561	91	51			
49	Quang Nam	72 136	71 763	56	65	189	63	
51	Quang Ngai	52 305	51 966	114	141	84		
52	Binh Dinh	129 802	129 452	142	137	70		
54	Phu Yen	72 102	72 001	48		53		
56	Khanh Hoa	133 813	133 813					
58	Ninh Thuan	55 021	54 746	157	36	82		
60	Binh Thuan	119 804	119 475		163	54	113	

Table 23 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
62	Kon Tum	42 497	42 264	175	28	31		
64	Gia Lai	106 069	105 725	227	55		62	
66	Dak Lak	116 374	116 167		70	70	67	
67	Dak Nong	22 908	22 615		127	166		
68	Lam Dong	139 901	139 463	178		216	44	
70	Binh Phuoc	48 133	48 084	49				
72	Tay Ninh	56 754	56 754					
74	Binh Duong	496 389	495 791	89	450		60	
75	Dong Nai	239 418	239 130	109	93		85	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	140 644	140 543			47	55	
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 671 128	1 668 980	422	791	935		
80	Long An	72 085	71 850	61		174		
82	Tien Giang	74 006	73 939	66				
83	Ben Tre	39 453	39 453					
84	Tra Vinh	44 921	44 718		106		97	
86	Vinh Long	52 833	52 790		43			
87	Dong Thap	84 806	84 603		204			
89	An Giang	175 705	174 400	161	904		240	
91	Kien Giang	111 363	111 011		352			
92	Can Tho	216 520	216 286	54	131	48		
93	Hau Giang	46 580	46 334		201		45	
94	Soc Trang	100 308	99 623	114	446		124	
95	Bac Lieu	54 154	54 111				43	
96	Ca Mau	70 186	70 002		115		69	

Table 23 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
RURAL		**16 092 415**	**15 770 713**	**126 072**	**158 526**	**5 114**	**30 755**	**1 236**
Socio-economic regions								
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2 376 464	2 198 963	84 732	85 156	350	6 806	456
R2	Red River Delta	3 923 221	3 915 735	2 989	1 427	1 687	834	550
R3	North and South Central Coast	3 773 595	3 714 872	22 663	25 662	1 063	9 107	229
R4	Central Highlands	934 459	921 376	1 455	7 019	943	3 667	
R5	Southeast	1 604 633	1 590 710	2 217	6 071	394	5 242	
R6	Mekong River Delta	3 480 042	3 429 058	12 016	33 193	676	5 099	
Provinces/cities								
01	Ha Noi	948 810	947 657	589		414		150
02	Ha Giang	144 607	116 386	12 595	14 274	43	1 109	199
04	Cao Bang	99 028	77 188	11 515	9 771		477	77
06	Bac Kan	64 020	59 134	3 558	1 043	84	200	
08	Tuyen Quang	169 365	167 340	1 016	374		635	
10	Lao Cai	118 667	106 734	5 080	6 730	45	77	
11	Dien Bien	94 686	69 759	10 501	12 969	39	1 385	34
12	Lai Chau	68 220	50 015	9 322	8 442	30	411	
14	Son La	223 889	184 545	15 065	22 158	55	2 005	61
15	Yen Bai	156 097	148 014	7 337	647	54	44	
17	Hoa Binh	171 741	171 225	327	189			
19	Thai Nguyen	232 683	232 377	62	185		59	
20	Lang Son	149 746	138 320	4 588	6 416		337	85
22	Quang Ninh	120 037	117 634	1 299	609	202	293	
24	Bac Giang	372 330	372 061	140	62		68	

Table 23 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
25	Phu Tho	311 385	305 864	3 625	1 895			
26	Vinh Phuc	203 913	203 398	361	49	56	48	
27	Bac Ninh	221 945	221 783	57	54		51	
30	Hai Duong	409 628	408 904	82	219	277	63	82
31	Hai Phong	307 454	306 992	81	78	302		
33	Hung Yen	295 625	295 097		228	60	171	69
34	Thai Binh	519 254	519 017			80	84	73
35	Ha Nam	198 691	198 443		52	47	49	101
36	Nam Dinh	475 432	474 835	224	84	140	75	75
37	Ninh Binh	222 431	221 974	296	54	107		
38	Thanh Hoa	813 104	803 388	1 238	7 801	211	237	229
40	Nghe An	640 933	619 442	9 814	7 739	87	3 850	
42	Ha Tinh	316 943	314 058	2 352	224	118	192	
44	Quang Binh	182 882	182 688	194				
45	Quang Tri	112 505	110 229	78	2 156	42		
46	Thua Thien Hue	145 166	145 052		115			
48	Da Nang	32 443	32 284	42	64	53		
49	Quang Nam	322 035	313 434	3 921	1 973	124	2 584	
51	Quang Ngai	289 236	281 865	2 072	3 521	225	1 554	
52	Binh Dinh	293 352	290 712	2 380	194	66		
54	Phu Yen	175 865	175 113	242	510			
56	Khanh Hoa	172 706	171 962		307	64	374	
58	Ninh Thuan	92 511	91 622	215	405	74	195	
60	Binh Thuan	183 912	183 023	113	654		122	

Table 23 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	By main kind of fuel (energy) for lighting					
			Electricity	Electric Generator	Kerosene	Gas	Others	Not stated
62	Kon Tum	75 340	73 362	211	1 343	84	340	
64	Gia Lai	218 392	216 019	478	998	421	476	
66	Dak Lak	331 382	328 332	64	2 222	189	575	
67	Dak Nong	116 264	112 819	202	1 121	51	2 071	
68	Lam Dong	193 081	190 843	499	1 335	199	205	
70	Binh Phuoc	193 843	185 549	1 640	3 272	46	3 337	
72	Tay Ninh	243 269	242 428		348	59	434	
74	Binh Duong	113 713	113 250	72	304		88	
75	Dong Nai	503 543	502 276	349	649	179	90	
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	143 732	143 295		327	111		
79	Ho Chi Minh City	406 533	403 913	155	1 171		1 293	
80	Long An	325 999	323 580	364	1 338	110	607	
82	Tien Giang	401 244	400 824		268		153	
83	Ben Tre	339 419	337 539	125	1 572		184	
84	Tra Vinh	234 516	228 355	107	5 770	107	178	
86	Vinh Long	242 055	240 040		1 961		54	
87	Dong Thap	356 309	355 007		1 097		205	
89	An Giang	382 033	373 115	390	7 152	86	1 290	
91	Kien Giang	327 847	310 602	10 637	5 265	196	1 147	
92	Can Tho	104 084	103 350		628	68	37	
93	Hau Giang	149 597	148 894		555	48	100	
94	Soc Trang	228 153	221 400	291	5 646	61	754	
95	Bac Lieu	156 772	156 059	45	611		57	
96	Ca Mau	232 014	230 293	57	1 330		333	

Table 24

NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS USING APPLIANCES BY
URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SOCIO-ECONOMIC REGION AND PROVINCE/CITY, 1/4/2014

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
ENTIRE COUNTRY		**24 247 233**	**22 765 033**	**6 089 097**	**4 985 694**	**20 615 612**	**14 295 999**	**7 484 844**	**5 860 219**	**3 226 499**	**20 517 755**	**752 326**
Socio-economic regions												
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2 947 784	2 638 064	477 637	382 496	2 362 397	1 531 873	588 176	670 307	176 989	2 481 646	97 673
R2	Red River Delta	5 885 160	5 646 603	1 719 732	1 505 480	5 058 611	4 273 824	2 533 258	2 833 854	1 313 642	4 804 411	231 428
R3	North and South Central Coast	5 172 020	4 845 145	1 041 744	810 505	4 222 902	2 634 981	1 092 591	931 632	373 219	4 250 966	137 683
R4	Central Highlands	1 362 208	1 278 137	320 598	247 799	1 154 981	680 909	407 014	293 642	28 637	1 247 125	46 011
R5	Southeast	4 257 099	4 018 177	1 783 006	1 463 626	3 905 693	3 122 068	2 148 339	891 555	1 009 911	4 008 194	186 275
R6	Mekong River Delta	4 622 962	4 338 908	746 380	575 788	3 911 027	2 052 343	715 466	239 229	324 101	3 725 414	53 256
Provinces/cities												
01	Ha Noi	1 870 847	1 798 821	899 516	822 437	1 703 819	1 569 973	1 133 906	1 199 138	795 893	1 660 069	118 067
02	Ha Giang	175 579	132 218	23 967	17 854	124 035	46 871	21 230	19 324	6 743	133 471	3 166
04	Cao Bang	131 191	102 854	20 269	17 710	96 601	58 169	18 931	19 810	4 523	103 573	3 827
06	Bac Kan	79 340	72 163	12 767	9 838	66 554	34 855	11 902	12 767	3 530	69 594	3 290
08	Tuyen Quang	197 913	186 945	26 973	19 019	165 548	108 608	35 211	40 512	14 113	173 063	5 804
10	Lao Cai	157 906	138 858	26 397	24 028	111 210	63 201	32 343	31 102	9 289	133 403	5 424
11	Dien Bien	119 371	83 862	18 455	14 255	68 009	33 680	16 549	18 902	1 853	97 281	2 646
12	Lai Chau	88 132	62 796	10 044	7 916	55 367	19 401	11 550	12 395	997	66 634	1 675
14	Son La	267 619	223 641	32 160	25 157	201 041	95 210	34 867	41 148	3 785	228 162	7 254
15	Yen Bai	202 124	187 404	35 558	28 452	164 845	99 510	50 186	47 325	12 642	167 757	5 327
17	Hoa Binh	206 183	196 540	30 011	23 162	178 557	98 341	35 807	40 276	14 093	175 239	5 771
19	Thai Nguyen	331 761	307 485	81 331	67 554	291 171	223 217	97 653	102 098	32 439	278 782	15 890
20	Lang Son	190 266	174 421	27 185	23 235	151 286	93 435	23 934	28 839	8 656	167 550	7 529

Table 24 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
22	Quang Ninh	330 282	322 414	97 841	89 943	288 332	253 847	150 264	172 414	87 314	272 260	18 979
24	Bac Giang	422 177	410 966	71 957	55 611	370 349	294 100	100 886	128 689	25 613	372 319	16 656
25	Phu Tho	378 221	357 911	60 563	48 705	317 823	263 275	97 128	127 121	38 714	314 816	13 414
26	Vinh Phuc	275 107	261 137	53 641	43 939	240 459	195 767	83 493	106 580	27 964	232 794	12 084
27	Bac Ninh	305 738	287 612	84 575	70 230	274 609	225 647	144 338	148 634	50 374	256 262	12 470
30	Hai Duong	531 218	511 697	110 816	88 668	426 562	380 955	200 076	245 040	66 562	415 257	15 768
31	Hai Phong	565 681	543 229	179 764	162 068	497 040	426 637	283 699	253 502	123 765	455 110	14 204
33	Hung Yen	339 057	323 412	57 765	43 703	275 774	219 603	118 969	126 191	28 499	260 444	7 217
34	Thai Binh	572 584	555 970	79 349	49 921	473 659	344 994	159 410	210 203	40 686	418 411	8 932
35	Ha Nam	236 559	228 279	30 716	21 584	176 063	141 371	36 600	63 403	11 677	175 684	4 028
36	Nam Dinh	579 855	550 522	80 798	78 170	476 546	352 469	156 447	211 077	50 017	446 341	12 470
37	Ninh Binh	278 232	263 510	44 950	34 815	225 749	162 561	66 054	97 672	30 890	211 779	7 211
38	Thanh Hoa	932 785	886 404	111 885	87 605	702 788	415 244	132 868	196 437	47 087	737 060	19 656
40	Nghe An	766 294	712 921	142 731	105 804	643 145	333 680	149 485	208 835	68 319	621 242	26 803
42	Ha Tinh	371 949	338 971	64 510	48 514	321 335	154 667	71 867	89 719	28 193	277 765	14 305
44	Quang Binh	232 771	219 165	40 082	32 949	185 445	105 412	32 295	38 388	12 179	181 875	5 625
45	Quang Tri	160 718	149 755	37 298	30 034	133 031	75 022	34 233	27 961	9 065	131 534	5 651
46	Thua Thien Hue	293 755	270 757	89 783	74 124	251 886	157 179	77 646	62 697	20 849	242 177	8 091
48	Da Nang	249 146	232 148	130 111	109 414	233 018	204 992	144 124	98 410	69 093	234 265	15 332
49	Quang Nam	394 172	355 856	73 236	46 662	303 838	167 130	60 677	25 472	11 745	307 490	7 489
51	Quang Ngai	341 541	310 975	52 492	34 505	251 895	161 611	56 891	29 733	11 640	277 134	4 789
52	Binh Dinh	423 154	403 924	79 109	60 341	354 017	232 130	81 302	46 776	27 541	360 601	6 003
54	Phu Yen	247 967	234 693	43 890	36 411	206 431	131 411	39 452	19 123	8 858	209 786	3 965
56	Khanh Hoa	306 519	296 763	88 860	75 345	263 141	228 238	105 723	53 625	32 105	275 711	9 783
58	Ninh Thuan	147 533	141 828	24 855	20 188	116 959	74 824	31 165	13 477	8 409	127 715	2 363

Table 24 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
60	Binh Thuan	303 717	290 987	62 902	48 608	255 974	193 442	74 863	20 980	18 136	266 612	7 829
62	Kon Tum	117 838	103 715	23 707	17 021	80 589	47 838	21 848	19 842	2 255	101 979	2 700
64	Gia Lai	324 461	306 244	63 520	52 990	275 055	163 046	85 900	59 129	7 104	299 416	13 193
66	Dak Lak	447 756	422 114	107 447	80 449	390 165	224 600	121 155	73 394	10 498	407 774	13 891
67	Dak Nong	139 172	130 594	25 016	18 046	119 980	64 714	32 835	18 029	1 219	131 272	2 701
68	Lam Dong	332 982	315 469	100 907	79 293	289 193	180 712	145 276	123 248	7 562	306 686	13 525
70	Binh Phuoc	241 976	227 399	51 876	38 985	218 804	159 281	92 239	22 999	15 364	228 264	10 019
72	Tay Ninh	300 023	286 028	54 845	40 995	265 451	182 732	91 216	24 322	31 214	281 741	13 247
74	Binh Duong	610 103	537 267	141 133	91 707	567 435	319 696	191 575	55 409	61 878	555 094	27 609
75	Dong Nai	742 961	703 221	244 451	172 715	672 890	537 085	336 272	108 648	91 766	687 639	28 879
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	284 376	273 341	99 908	75 781	261 804	221 411	143 234	63 071	52 772	265 573	14 358
79	Ho Chi Minh City	2 077 661	1 990 921	1 190 792	1 043 442	1 919 309	1 701 863	1 293 804	617 106	756 918	1 989 882	92 163
80	Long An	398 084	385 211	73 062	42 424	328 760	235 129	75 529	17 861	26 344	353 638	7 314
82	Tien Giang	475 249	452 816	74 364	53 822	416 282	254 122	97 889	23 513	33 925	405 480	5 946
83	Ben Tre	378 872	354 669	59 706	59 326	336 355	179 459	65 285	15 853	19 080	306 672	3 776
84	Tra Vinh	279 438	250 876	34 180	25 976	217 775	81 745	30 600	9 193	12 164	222 805	3 036
86	Vinh Long	294 888	274 277	58 269	47 711	260 533	138 413	50 933	21 164	21 080	237 344	2 729
87	Dong Thap	441 115	421 840	72 115	55 129	378 090	181 267	68 346	16 999	25 693	381 107	3 130
89	An Giang	557 738	515 919	96 462	73 253	462 243	211 328	99 208	44 765	48 011	458 449	7 786
91	Kien Giang	439 210	404 945	63 267	42 741	388 453	186 517	55 046	22 874	33 576	324 969	3 862
92	Can Tho	320 603	298 965	85 859	72 573	285 615	166 740	76 558	39 325	41 278	277 614	6 407
93	Hau Giang	196 177	188 112	25 770	15 981	156 677	89 198	19 935	6 992	9 271	156 523	1 940
94	Soc Trang	328 461	301 727	42 143	36 038	251 422	94 937	28 560	9 541	17 539	241 576	3 323
95	Bac Lieu	210 926	204 397	18 260	18 635	152 270	85 324	20 102	5 021	13 383	172 609	1 186
96	Ca Mau	302 200	285 155	42 924	32 179	276 553	148 165	27 475	6 125	22 758	186 628	2 821

Table 24 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
URBAN		**8 154 819**	**7 720 960**	**3 842 578**	**3 401 534**	**7 561 351**	**6 267 103**	**4 480 030**	**3 289 900**	**2 475 365**	**7 349 811**	**462 566**
Socio-economic regions												
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	571 320	544 156	253 935	223 789	528 672	470 246	313 025	334 593	129 390	492 143	48 938
R2	Red River Delta	1 961 939	1 862 610	1 064 582	1 007 175	1 838 461	1 712 976	1 353 999	1 381 251	988 302	1 714 083	147 615
R3	North and South Central Coast	1 398 424	1 332 053	577 255	496 279	1 263 598	1 062 892	662 974	514 985	287 052	1 242 228	81 426
R4	Central Highlands	427 749	410 573	191 724	161 850	399 929	315 090	235 280	171 441	17 419	400 593	27 804
R5	Southeast	2 652 466	2 500 385	1 390 639	1 202 247	2 516 810	2 033 111	1 539 094	732 675	848 564	2 515 078	130 341
R6	Mekong River Delta	1 142 920	1 071 183	364 444	310 193	1 013 881	672 788	375 657	154 955	204 637	985 686	26 441
Provinces/cities												
01	Ha Noi	922 037	867 871	640 807	601 487	887 526	839 024	717 419	740 616	628 202	835 722	84 169
02	Ha Giang	30 973	28 070	12 780	10 534	26 653	21 640	14 874	14 473	6 206	25 840	2 490
04	Cao Bang	32 163	29 411	13 463	12 569	29 205	25 200	15 468	15 191	4 221	27 227	2 652
06	Bac Kan	15 320	14 513	6 562	5 770	14 152	11 772	8 054	8 115	3 046	12 938	1 756
08	Tuyen Quang	28 548	28 136	11 340	9 307	26 909	25 817	16 996	18 522	10 094	24 638	2 552
10	Lao Cai	39 240	38 705	19 522	19 487	37 516	33 187	26 036	25 639	8 799	34 542	4 011
11	Dien Bien	24 686	22 460	10 580	9 238	21 602	18 082	10 818	13 324	1 227	21 073	1 547
12	Lai Chau	19 912	19 139	7 884	6 449	18 201	13 254	9 763	9 840	804	17 632	1 458
14	Son La	43 730	43 052	17 775	15 686	40 474	34 217	22 494	25 617	3 034	38 706	2 485
15	Yen Bai	46 027	45 302	22 451	18 529	43 095	39 384	30 555	30 385	11 281	40 088	3 040
17	Hoa Binh	34 441	34 187	15 908	13 941	32 363	30 644	21 735	22 686	9 980	30 696	2 769
19	Thai Nguyen	99 078	86 059	50 453	44 518	92 707	76 950	49 349	55 282	24 402	77 921	8 953
20	Lang Son	40 519	40 237	16 987	16 159	36 259	35 854	17 669	20 933	7 364	37 181	4 565
22	Quang Ninh	210 245	207 832	85 453	79 832	192 234	188 046	131 801	144 738	81 440	178 896	16 495
24	Bac Giang	49 847	49 225	23 042	20 197	46 388	43 443	30 504	31 353	15 619	44 897	5 337

Table 24 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
25	Phu Tho	66 837	65 661	25 187	21 407	63 149	60 802	38 712	43 232	23 313	58 764	5 324
26	Vinh Phuc	71 194	62 133	26 098	23 375	65 730	52 955	33 611	36 487	16 946	57 574	5 671
27	Bac Ninh	83 793	76 662	38 273	33 925	79 389	71 030	53 347	52 847	30 985	73 000	6 713
30	Hai Duong	121 590	116 426	50 420	48 056	108 889	103 224	72 648	76 531	41 232	105 896	7 121
31	Hai Phong	258 227	247 942	121 657	118 239	242 340	224 092	183 029	156 227	100 428	220 215	10 168
33	Hung Yen	43 431	39 956	12 888	10 158	38 880	33 415	23 923	23 028	11 125	35 072	2 247
34	Thai Binh	53 329	52 880	19 345	15 306	49 594	46 611	34 291	36 295	18 329	46 241	2 731
35	Ha Nam	37 868	36 878	10 163	8 113	28 404	26 789	13 064	16 048	6 705	28 535	1 778
36	Nam Dinh	104 424	99 515	38 649	50 658	95 374	82 188	59 620	63 122	32 757	86 880	6 399
37	Ninh Binh	55 801	54 514	20 831	18 026	50 100	45 603	31 245	35 314	20 153	46 052	4 124
38	Thanh Hoa	119 680	116 196	48 959	46 160	109 091	94 784	63 154	68 711	31 888	102 233	8 773
40	Nghe An	125 362	117 355	58 993	50 193	117 206	97 271	65 660	78 915	44 723	105 984	13 835
42	Ha Tinh	55 006	52 052	23 293	20 161	52 185	39 186	30 001	33 226	18 613	46 757	7 588
44	Quang Binh	49 888	47 852	17 575	14 554	42 637	35 640	18 508	19 946	8 309	42 771	2 601
45	Quang Tri	48 213	46 542	20 398	17 766	45 044	35 919	23 018	19 624	7 634	43 797	4 156
46	Thua Thien Hue	148 589	135 799	66 864	58 516	136 488	98 948	61 884	51 281	18 474	129 065	6 121
48	Da Nang	216 703	201 731	121 988	104 329	204 220	184 017	134 736	95 564	67 761	206 104	14 893
49	Quang Nam	72 136	67 687	25 772	19 416	62 794	48 252	27 249	14 401	8 114	62 341	3 497
51	Quang Ngai	52 305	51 428	20 444	15 739	47 506	41 815	26 330	17 656	7 933	48 491	1 963
52	Binh Dinh	129 802	125 523	44 258	37 102	116 960	96 048	52 066	36 392	22 026	117 285	3 645
54	Phu Yen	72 102	68 680	24 112	20 791	60 894	51 855	25 201	13 810	7 170	63 490	2 322
56	Khanh Hoa	133 813	131 397	55 036	48 952	119 308	114 856	69 058	38 859	24 567	123 301	6 458
58	Ninh Thuan	55 021	53 667	14 661	12 746	46 086	36 954	20 577	9 994	6 411	47 993	1 625
60	Binh Thuan	119 804	116 143	34 899	29 852	103 179	87 347	45 533	16 608	13 428	102 616	3 950

Table 24 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
62	Kon Tum	42 497	41 514	18 093	13 682	38 430	30 089	16 871	14 637	1 911	40 322	1 770
64	Gia Lai	106 069	104 032	45 345	40 697	101 476	83 078	57 687	37 725	4 900	101 080	8 685
66	Dak Lak	116 374	110 591	53 385	43 260	109 954	88 807	59 556	36 473	6 961	110 202	7 588
67	Dak Nong	22 908	22 274	8 515	7 874	20 545	17 458	9 908	5 999	338	22 108	832
68	Lam Dong	139 901	132 163	66 386	56 337	129 524	95 658	91 258	76 607	3 309	126 881	8 928
70	Binh Phuoc	48 133	45 790	16 949	14 669	44 649	36 320	24 960	7 532	6 880	45 405	3 317
72	Tay Ninh	56 754	54 539	18 248	15 834	50 823	41 615	27 965	10 631	13 595	53 206	3 838
74	Binh Duong	496 389	432 796	119 315	80 716	463 491	239 545	142 673	43 076	52 619	450 678	19 688
75	Dong Nai	239 418	230 046	116 679	89 451	220 531	196 756	151 330	57 991	52 952	226 635	13 649
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	140 644	137 511	68 127	56 217	132 429	121 398	90 946	48 784	42 023	132 987	9 531
79	Ho Chi Minh City	1 671 128	1 599 703	1 051 320	945 359	1 604 886	1 397 477	1 101 219	564 661	680 497	1 606 166	80 317
80	Long An	72 085	70 319	27 291	19 675	65 490	57 426	31 555	8 524	13 540	66 712	2 525
82	Tien Giang	74 006	68 336	24 535	22 087	63 708	51 617	32 932	10 838	15 168	65 009	2 067
83	Ben Tre	39 453	37 298	14 723	12 900	36 951	26 795	16 820	6 360	7 038	34 164	994
84	Tra Vinh	44 921	41 030	14 734	12 300	36 408	22 593	14 324	5 784	6 636	38 819	1 287
86	Vinh Long	52 833	44 066	21 452	18 601	47 906	29 080	20 254	9 160	9 089	44 846	864
87	Dong Thap	84 806	79 073	28 633	24 548	74 052	47 844	30 904	8 301	14 410	74 309	1 562
89	An Giang	175 705	166 011	56 068	47 951	157 201	94 331	61 128	33 560	34 872	148 388	5 108
91	Kien Giang	111 363	106 006	31 436	25 341	104 556	70 292	35 575	16 938	22 660	94 755	1 380
92	Can Tho	216 520	200 699	76 734	66 598	195 802	129 519	70 347	37 309	38 653	194 433	5 832
93	Hau Giang	46 580	44 831	10 593	7 677	39 759	26 052	10 921	4 158	5 078	38 913	891
94	Soc Trang	100 308	94 088	22 832	22 370	79 933	39 611	18 462	6 160	13 012	80 013	1 998
95	Bac Lieu	54 154	53 012	11 492	10 551	45 951	32 280	14 091	3 921	9 003	46 298	622
96	Ca Mau	70 186	66 415	23 921	19 595	66 161	45 349	18 345	3 943	15 479	59 025	1 311

Table 24 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
RURAL		**16 092 415**	**15 044 074**	**2 246 518**	**1 584 160**	**13 054 261**	**8 028 896**	**3 004 814**	**2 570 319**	**751 135**	**13 167 945**	**289 760**
Socio-economic regions												
R1	Northern Midlands and Mountains	2 376 464	2 093 908	223 702	158 707	1 833 725	1 061 627	275 150	335 714	47 599	1 989 503	48 735
R2	Red River Delta	3 923 221	3 783 993	655 149	498 304	3 220 150	2 560 848	1 179 259	1 452 603	325 340	3 090 327	83 814
R3	North and South Central Coast	3 773 595	3 513 092	464 489	314 226	2 959 304	1 572 089	429 617	416 647	86 167	3 008 738	56 257
R4	Central Highlands	934 459	867 563	128 874	85 949	755 052	365 820	171 734	122 200	11 218	846 532	18 207
R5	Southeast	1 604 633	1 517 792	392 367	261 379	1 388 883	1 088 957	609 246	158 880	161 347	1 493 116	55 933
R6	Mekong River Delta	3 480 042	3 267 725	381 936	265 595	2 897 146	1 379 555	339 809	84 274	119 464	2 739 728	26 814
Provinces/cities												
01	Ha Noi	948 810	930 949	258 709	220 950	816 293	730 949	416 487	458 522	167 690	824 347	33 898
02	Ha Giang	144 607	104 149	11 187	7 319	97 382	25 230	6 356	4 851	537	107 631	676
04	Cao Bang	99 028	73 443	6 806	5 141	67 396	32 969	3 462	4 619	302	76 346	1 175
06	Bac Kan	64 020	57 650	6 205	4 068	52 403	23 083	3 849	4 652	484	56 657	1 533
08	Tuyen Quang	169 365	158 808	15 634	9 712	138 639	82 791	18 215	21 990	4 019	148 425	3 253
10	Lao Cai	118 667	100 154	6 875	4 541	73 694	30 014	6 307	5 463	491	98 861	1 413
11	Dien Bien	94 686	61 401	7 875	5 017	46 407	15 598	5 731	5 578	626	76 208	1 099
12	Lai Chau	68 220	43 657	2 160	1 467	37 167	6 147	1 787	2 554	192	49 003	218
14	Son La	223 889	180 589	14 385	9 471	160 567	60 993	12 373	15 531	750	189 456	4 770
15	Yen Bai	156 097	142 102	13 107	9 923	121 750	60 125	19 631	16 940	1 361	127 669	2 288
17	Hoa Binh	171 741	162 353	14 102	9 221	146 194	67 697	14 072	17 590	4 113	144 543	3 002
19	Thai Nguyen	232 683	221 426	30 878	23 036	198 465	146 267	48 304	46 816	8 037	200 861	6 936
20	Lang Son	149 746	134 184	10 198	7 076	115 027	57 581	6 264	7 906	1 292	130 369	2 963
22	Quang Ninh	120 037	114 582	12 388	10 111	96 098	65 801	18 463	27 676	5 874	93 364	2 484
24	Bac Giang	372 330	361 741	48 915	35 414	323 961	250 658	70 383	97 336	9 994	327 422	11 319

Table 24 (Continued)

Unit: Household

Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
25	Phu Tho	311 385	292 250	35 375	27 298	254 674	202 473	58 416	83 889	15 401	256 052	8 090
26	Vinh Phuc	203 913	199 004	27 543	20 565	174 728	142 811	49 882	70 094	11 018	175 220	6 413
27	Bac Ninh	221 945	210 950	46 302	36 305	195 221	154 617	90 991	95 786	19 389	183 262	5 757
30	Hai Duong	409 628	395 271	60 397	40 613	317 673	277 732	127 428	168 509	25 330	309 361	8 647
31	Hai Phong	307 454	295 288	58 107	43 829	254 700	202 545	100 669	97 275	23 337	234 894	4 036
33	Hung Yen	295 625	283 456	44 877	33 545	236 894	186 188	95 046	103 163	17 374	225 373	4 969
34	Thai Binh	519 254	503 090	60 005	34 614	424 064	298 383	125 119	173 909	22 357	372 170	6 201
35	Ha Nam	198 691	191 400	20 553	13 471	147 659	114 582	23 537	47 356	4 973	147 148	2 250
36	Nam Dinh	475 432	451 006	42 150	27 512	381 172	270 282	96 827	147 956	17 260	359 460	6 072
37	Ninh Binh	222 431	208 996	24 119	16 789	175 649	116 958	34 809	62 358	10 737	165 727	3 087
38	Thanh Hoa	813 104	770 208	62 926	41 445	593 697	320 460	69 715	127 726	15 199	634 827	10 884
40	Nghe An	640 933	595 565	83 738	55 611	525 939	236 409	83 825	129 920	23 596	515 258	12 968
42	Ha Tinh	316 943	286 919	41 217	28 353	269 150	115 480	41 866	56 492	9 580	231 008	6 717
44	Quang Binh	182 882	171 312	22 507	18 394	142 808	69 772	13 787	18 442	3 871	139 103	3 024
45	Quang Tri	112 505	103 213	16 900	12 269	87 987	39 102	11 214	8 337	1 431	87 736	1 495
46	Thua Thien Hue	145 166	134 958	22 918	15 608	115 398	58 231	15 762	11 416	2 375	113 112	1 971
48	Da Nang	32 443	30 417	8 123	5 085	28 799	20 974	9 388	2 846	1 331	28 161	438
49	Quang Nam	322 035	288 168	47 463	27 246	241 044	118 878	33 428	11 071	3 631	245 149	3 992
51	Quang Ngai	289 236	259 547	32 047	18 766	204 389	119 795	30 561	12 078	3 708	228 643	2 826
52	Binh Dinh	293 352	278 401	34 851	23 240	237 057	136 082	29 236	10 385	5 515	243 317	2 358
54	Phu Yen	175 865	166 013	19 777	15 620	145 537	79 556	14 251	5 314	1 687	146 296	1 643
56	Khanh Hoa	172 706	165 366	33 824	26 393	143 833	113 382	36 665	14 766	7 538	152 410	3 325
58	Ninh Thuan	92 511	88 161	10 194	7 442	70 872	37 870	10 588	3 483	1 998	79 722	738
60	Binh Thuan	183 912	174 843	28 003	18 756	152 795	106 096	29 330	4 372	4 708	163 996	3 879

Table 24 (Continued)

Unit: Household

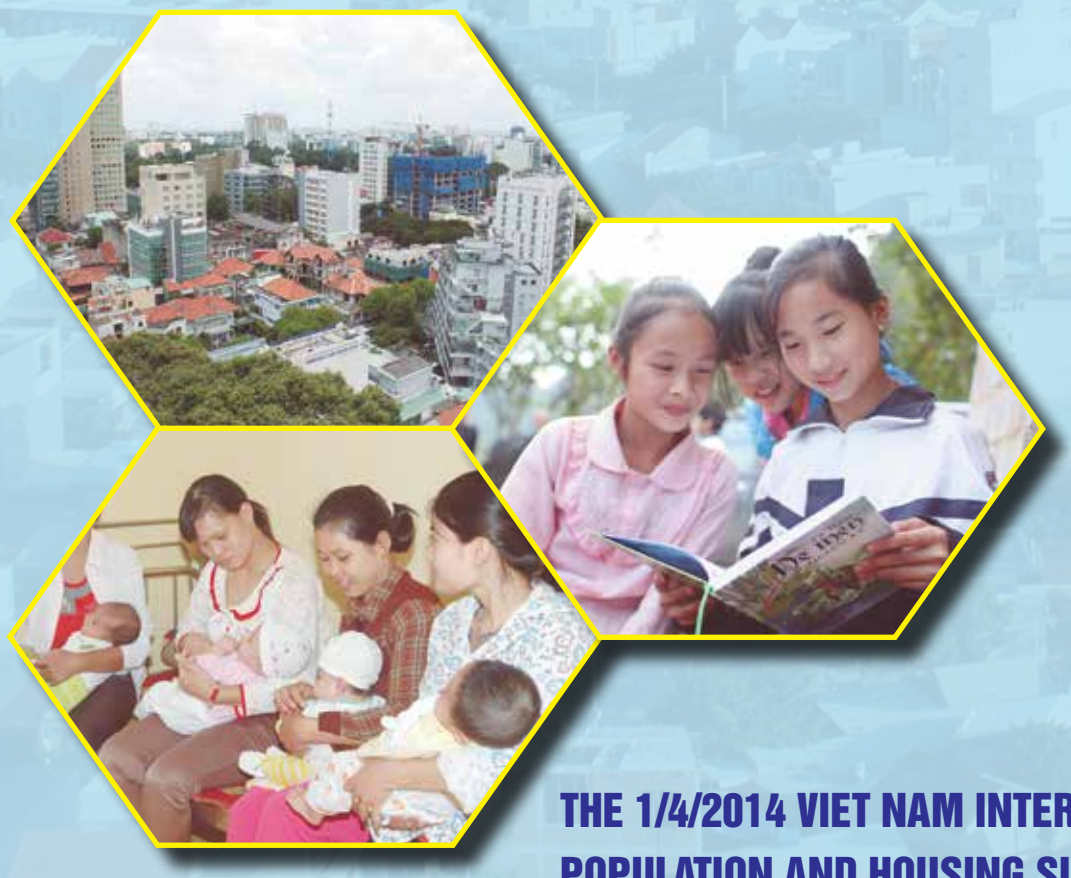
Code	Administration	Total of households	Using appliances as follows:									
			Television	Computer	Internet connection	Land-line telephone/ Mobile phone	Refrigerator	Washing machine	Water heater	Air condition	Motorcycle or Motorbike	Car
62	Kon Tum	75 340	62 201	5 614	3 339	42 159	17 749	4 977	5 205	344	61 657	930
64	Gia Lai	218 392	202 212	18 175	12 293	173 579	79 968	28 214	21 404	2 204	198 336	4 507
66	Dak Lak	331 382	311 524	54 062	37 189	280 211	135 793	61 599	36 920	3 537	297 572	6 303
67	Dak Nong	116 264	108 321	16 501	10 172	99 435	47 255	22 927	12 030	881	109 163	1 869
68	Lam Dong	193 081	183 306	34 521	22 956	159 669	85 055	54 018	46 641	4 253	179 805	4 597
70	Binh Phuoc	193 843	181 609	34 926	24 316	174 155	122 961	67 279	15 467	8 484	182 859	6 702
72	Tay Ninh	243 269	231 488	36 598	25 161	214 628	141 117	63 250	13 691	17 619	228 535	9 409
74	Binh Duong	113 713	104 471	21 818	10 991	103 944	80 152	48 902	12 333	9 259	104 416	7 921
75	Dong Nai	503 543	473 175	127 772	83 264	452 359	340 329	184 942	50 657	38 814	461 004	15 229
77	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	143 732	135 830	31 781	19 564	129 375	100 013	52 288	14 287	10 750	132 586	4 827
79	Ho Chi Minh City	406 533	391 219	139 472	98 083	314 423	304 385	192 585	52 446	76 421	383 717	11 846
80	Long An	325 999	314 892	45 770	22 749	263 269	177 703	43 974	9 337	12 804	286 926	4 789
82	Tien Giang	401 244	384 480	49 829	31 735	352 574	202 505	64 957	12 675	18 758	340 471	3 879
83	Ben Tre	339 419	317 372	44 983	46 427	299 404	152 664	48 465	9 493	12 042	272 508	2 782
84	Tra Vinh	234 516	209 846	19 446	13 676	181 367	59 151	16 275	3 410	5 528	183 986	1 749
86	Vinh Long	242 055	230 211	36 817	29 110	212 627	109 333	30 679	12 004	11 991	192 498	1 864
87	Dong Thap	356 309	342 767	43 482	30 581	304 038	133 423	37 442	8 699	11 283	306 798	1 568
89	An Giang	382 033	349 907	40 393	25 302	305 042	116 998	38 081	11 205	13 139	310 061	2 678
91	Kien Giang	327 847	298 939	31 832	17 399	283 896	116 225	19 471	5 937	10 917	230 213	2 482
92	Can Tho	104 084	98 266	9 125	5 975	89 812	37 221	6 211	2 017	2 625	83 181	575
93	Hau Giang	149 597	143 281	15 176	8 304	116 918	63 145	9 014	2 835	4 193	117 609	1 049
94	Soc Trang	228 153	207 639	19 311	13 668	171 488	55 326	10 098	3 381	4 526	161 563	1 324
95	Bac Lieu	156 772	151 384	6 768	8 084	106 319	53 044	6 012	1 101	4 381	126 311	564
96	Ca Mau	232 014	218 740	19 004	12 584	210 392	102 816	9 131	2 182	7 279	127 603	1 510

Responsible manuscript:
DEPARTMENT OF POPULATION AND LABOUR STATISTICS,
GENERAL STATISTICS OFFICE OF VIETNAM

Editor:
DEPARTMENT OF POPULATION AND LABOUR STATISTICS,
GENERAL STATISTICS OFFICE OF VIETNAM

Presented by:
TRỊNH THỊ DIỆP

Edit print:
DEPARTMENT OF POPULATION AND LABOUR STATISTICS,
GENERAL STATISTICS OFFICE OF VIETNAM



THE 1/4/2014 VIET NAM INTERCENSAL POPULATION AND HOUSING SURVEY:

MAJOR FINDINGS